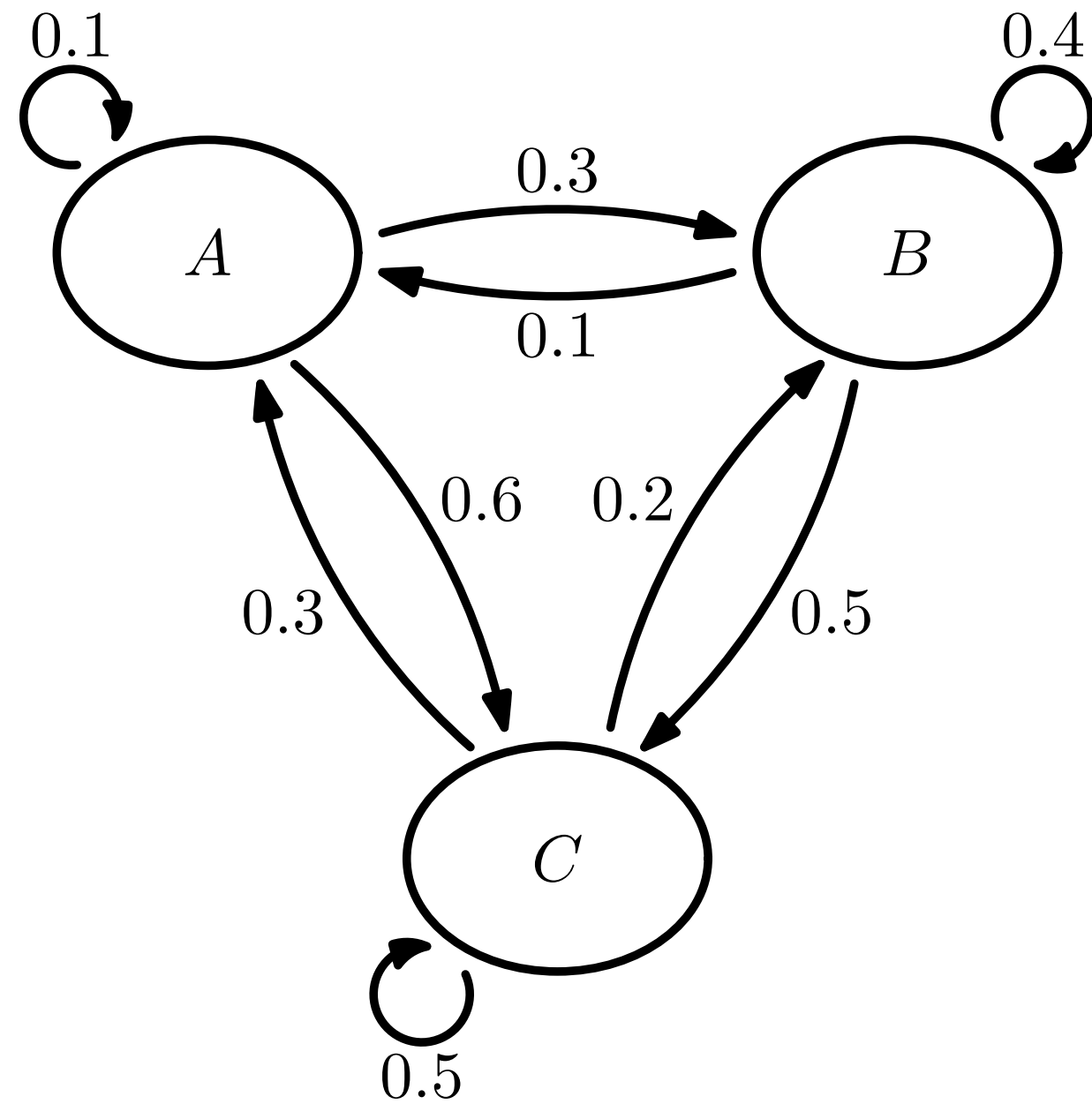


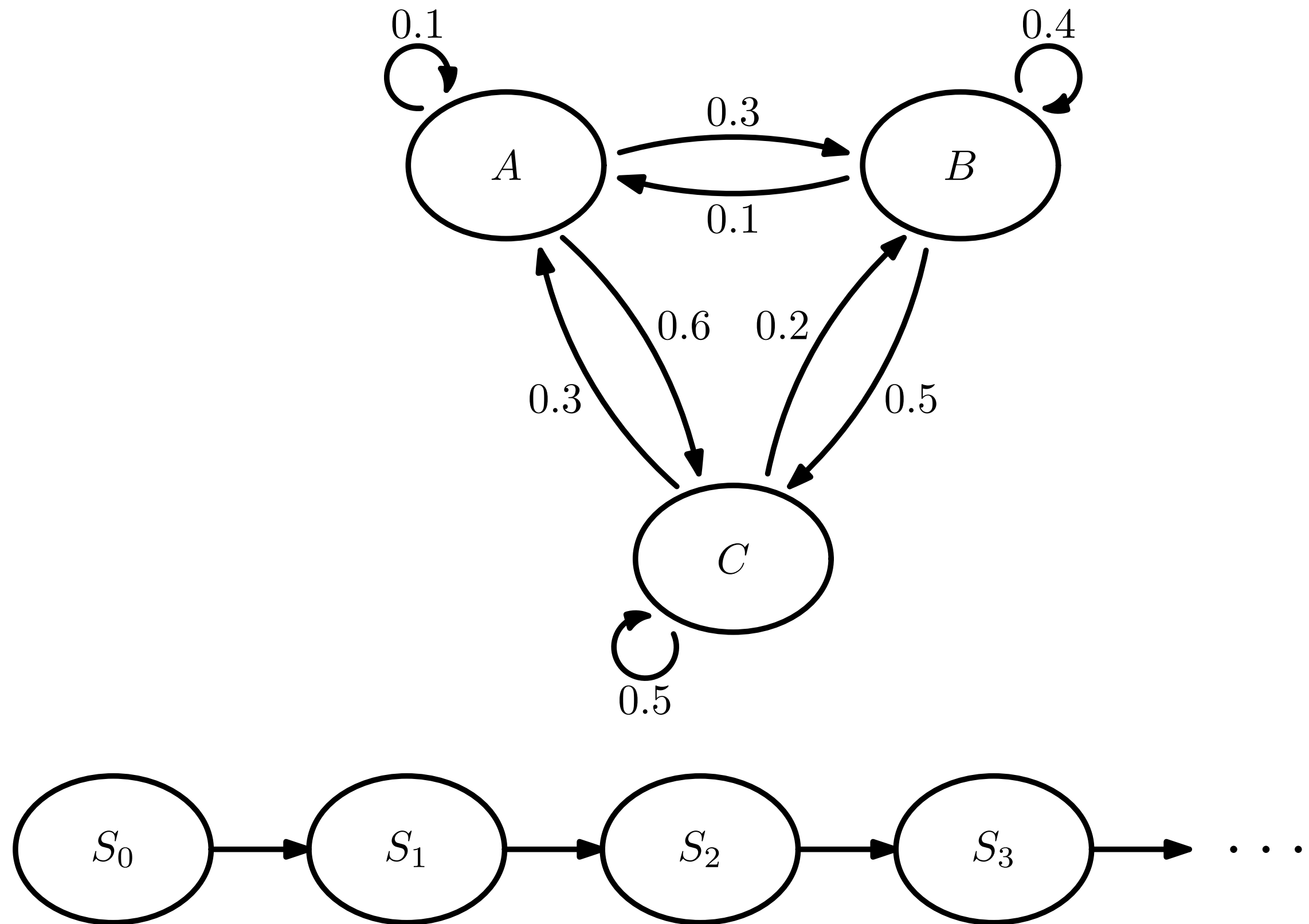
# Markov chains

$$S = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$$

$$P(S_t|S_{t-1})$$



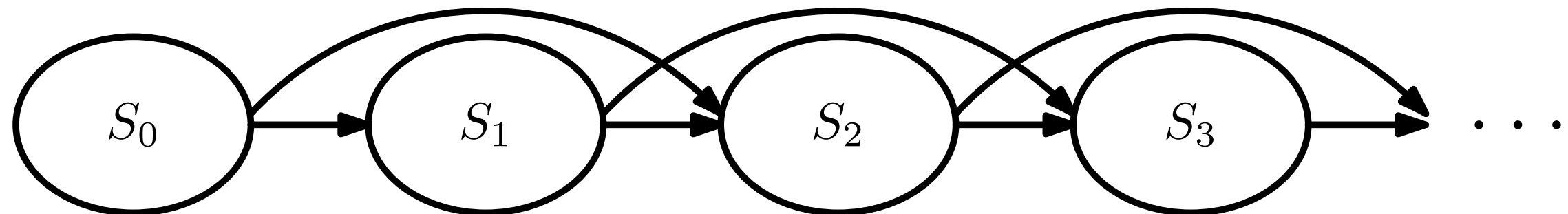


# Assignment 1

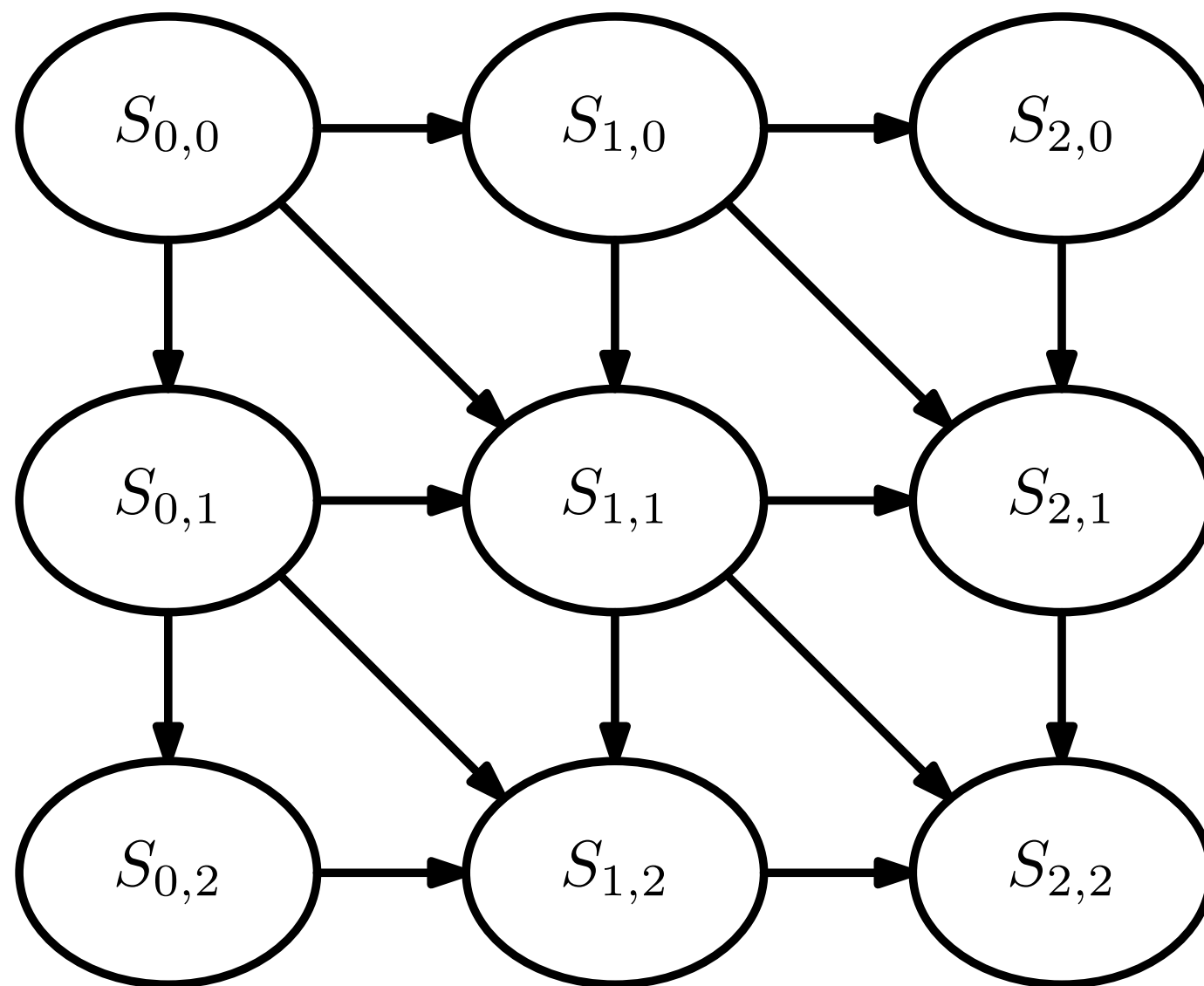
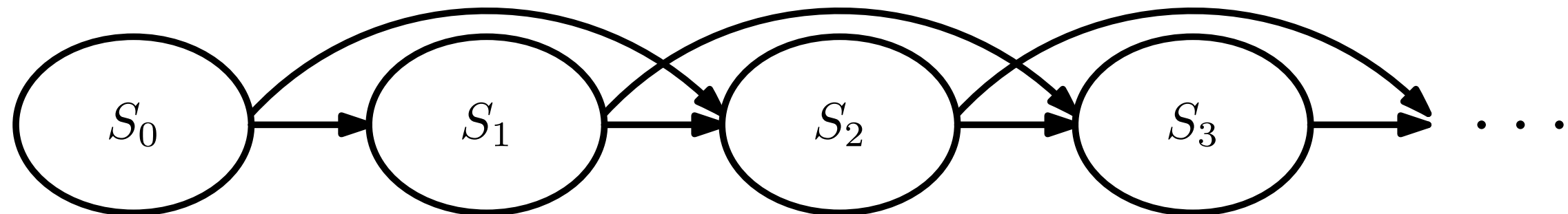
Name a (board) game that can be perfectly modelled by a Markov chain.

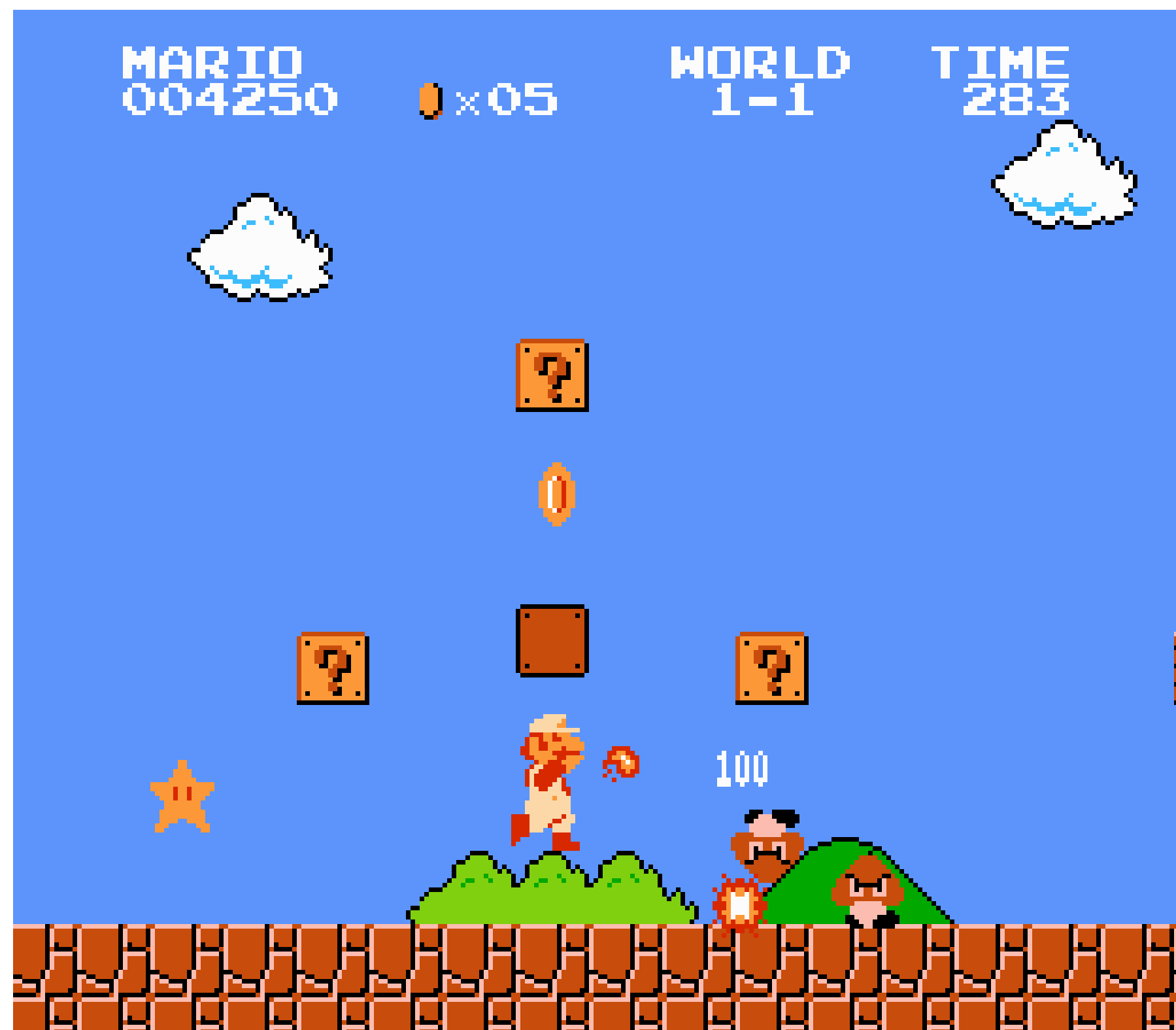
$$S = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$$

$$P(S_t | S_{t-1} \dots S_{t-k})$$









Super Mario Bros.

# **Generating Maps Using Markov Chains**

**Sam Snodgrass, Santiago Ontañón**

Drexel University, Department of Computer Science

Philadelphia, PA, USA

sps74@drexel.edu, santi@cs.drexel.edu

## **A Hierarchical Approach to Generating Maps Using Markov Chains**

**Sam Snodgrass and Santiago Ontañón**

Drexel University, Department of Computer Science

Philadelphia, PA, USA

sps74@drexel.edu, santi@cs.drexel.edu

## **A Hierarchical MdMC Approach to 2D Video Game Map Generation**

**Sam Snodgrass and Santiago Ontañón**

Drexel University, Department of Computer Science

Philadelphia, PA, USA

sps74@drexel.edu, santi@cs.drexel.edu

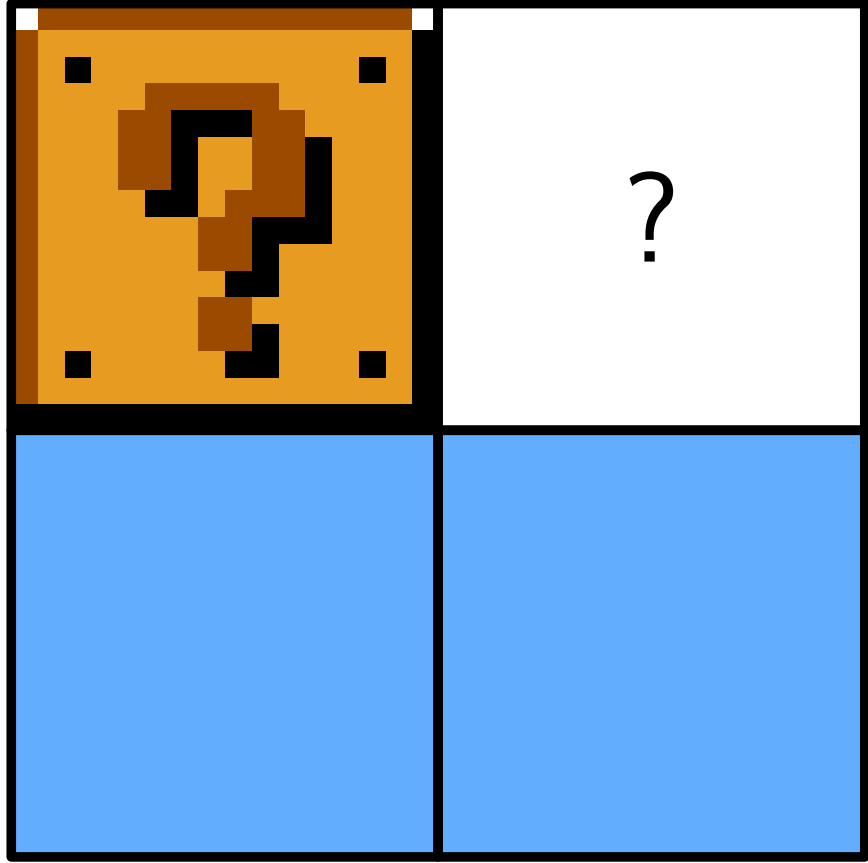
## **Controllable Procedural Content Generation via Constrained Multi-Dimensional Markov Chain Sampling**

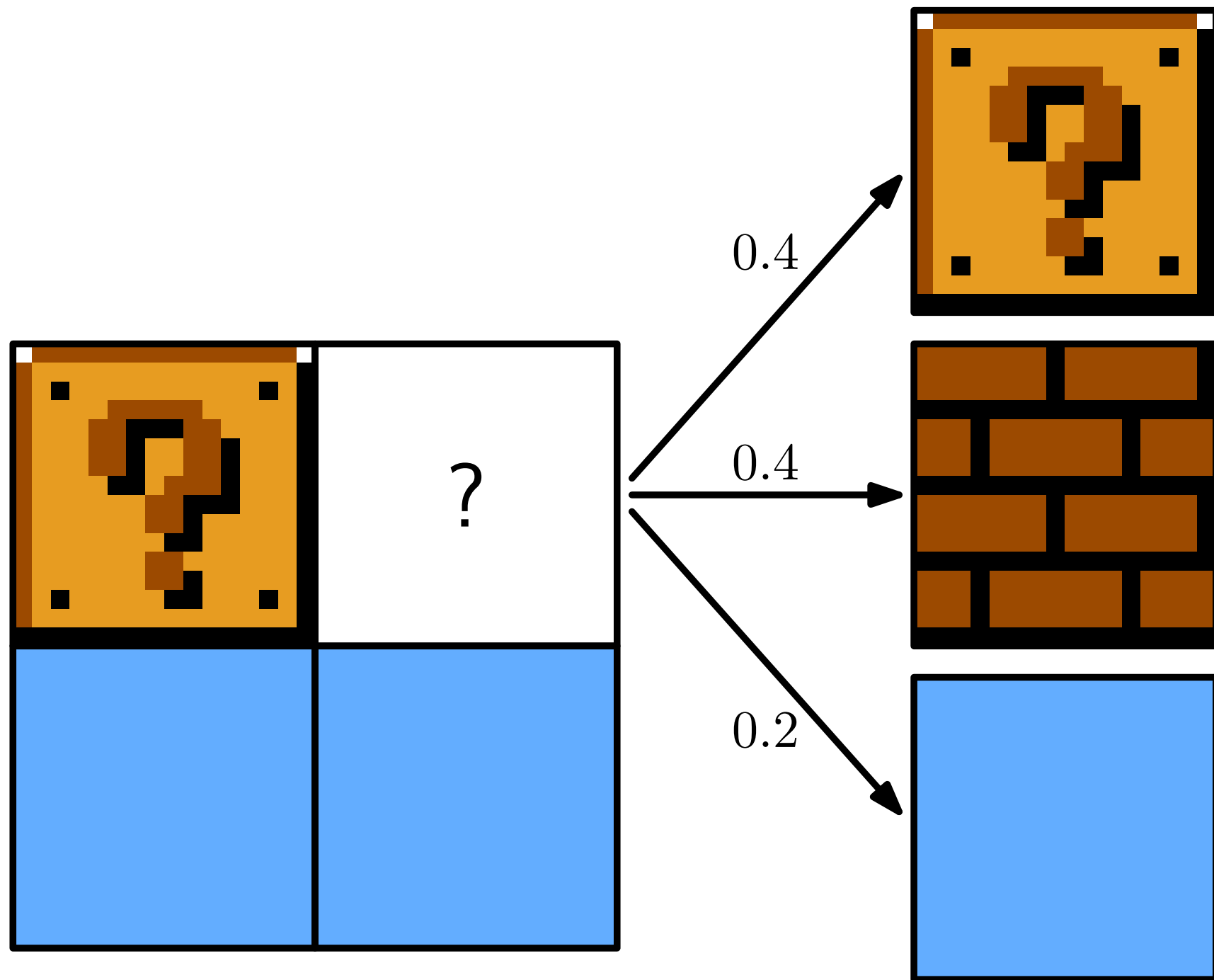
**Sam Snodgrass, Santiago Ontañón**

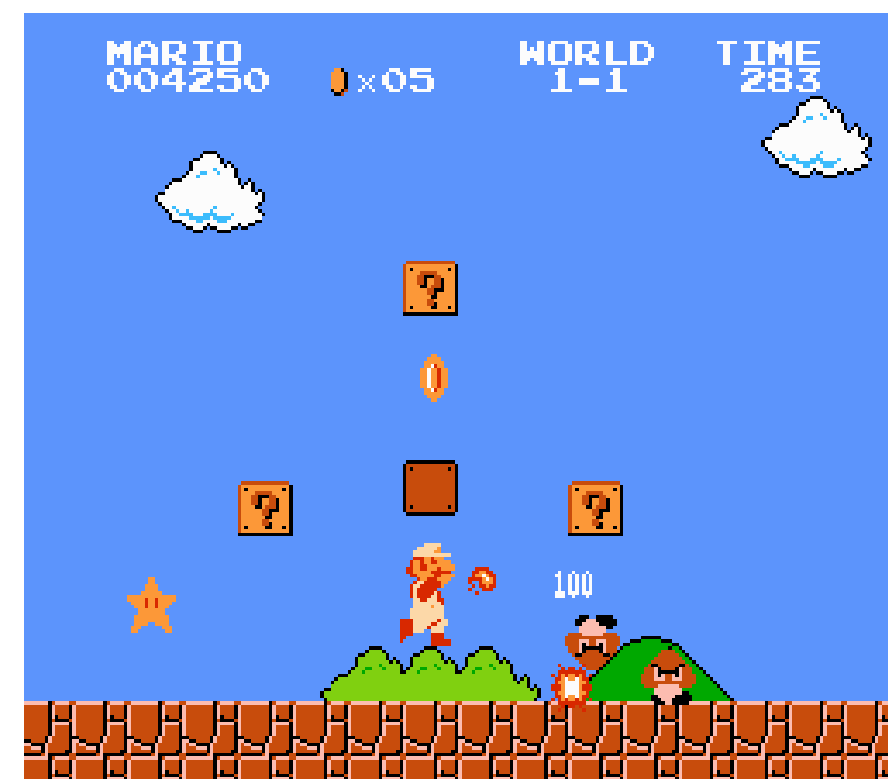
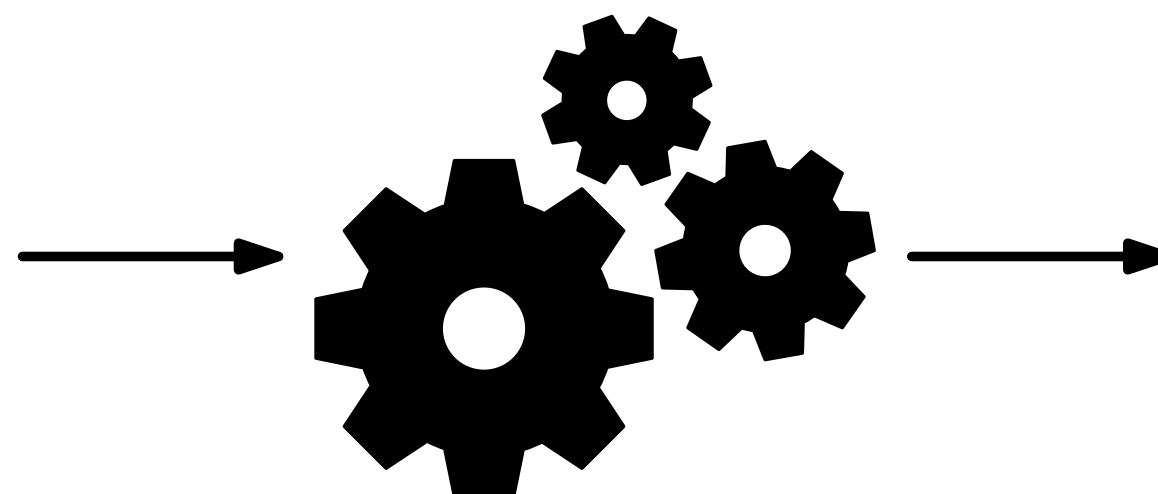
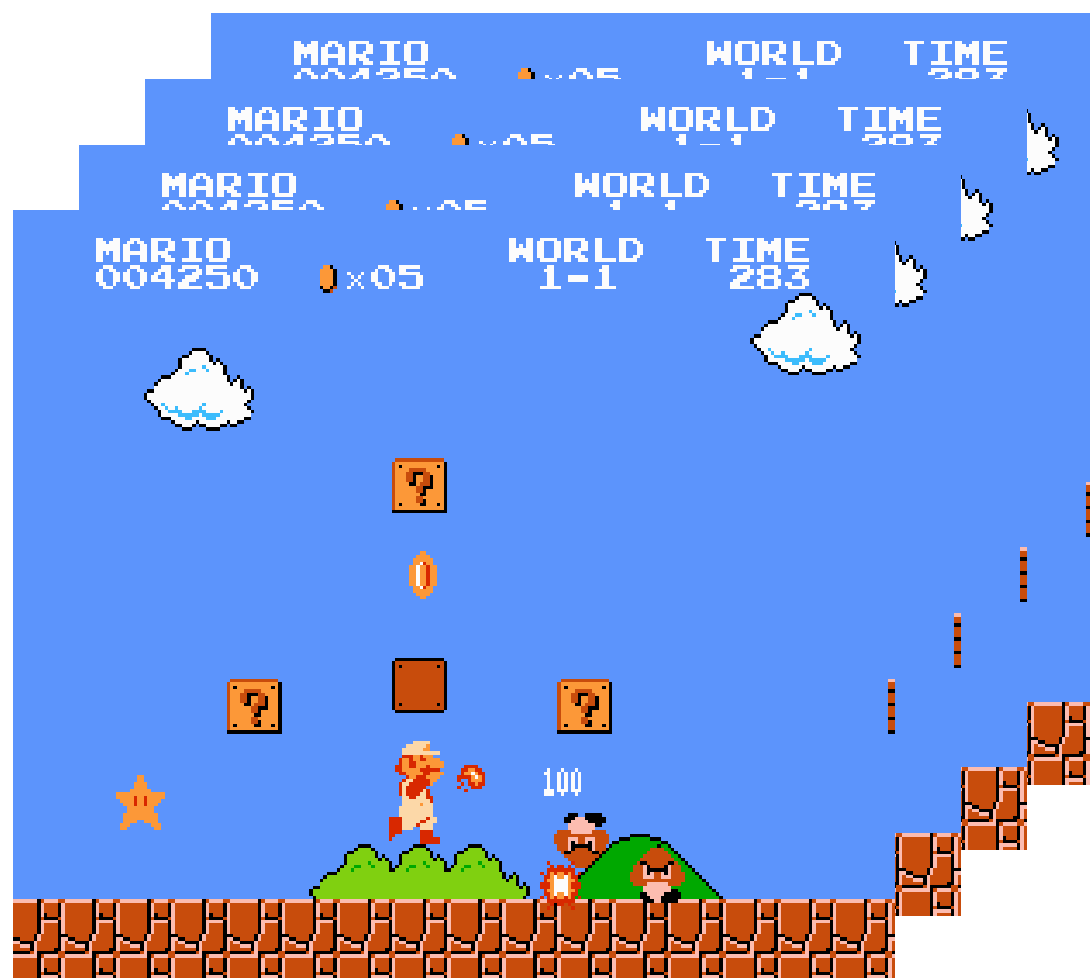
Drexel University

Philadelphia, PA USA

sps74@drexel.edu, santi@cs.drexel.edu

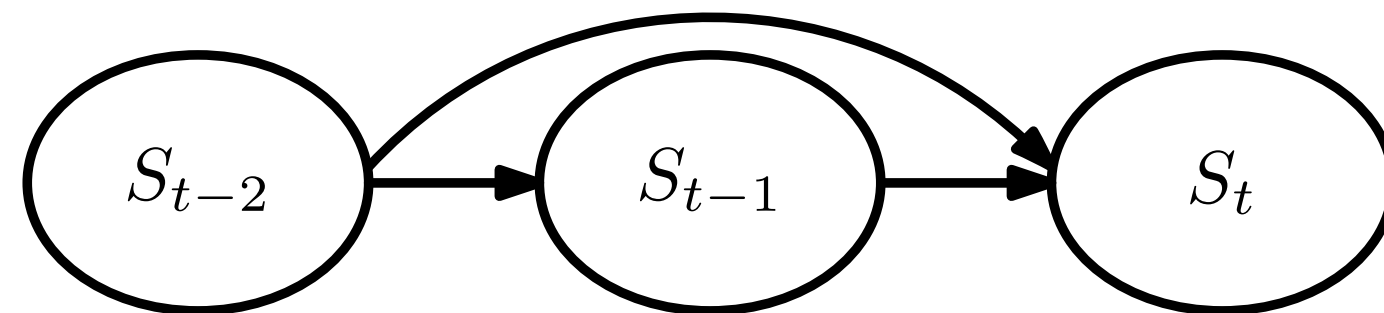




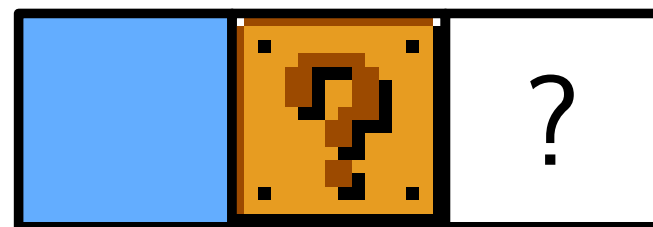
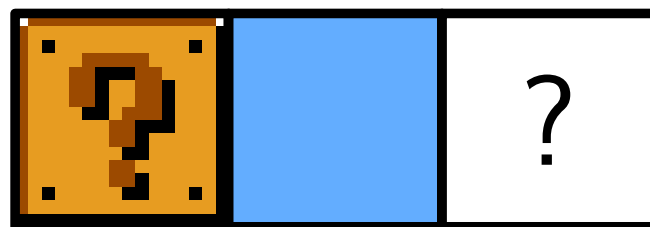
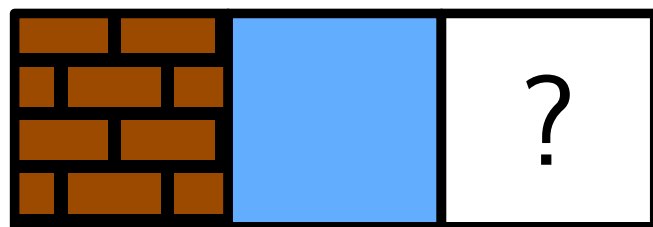
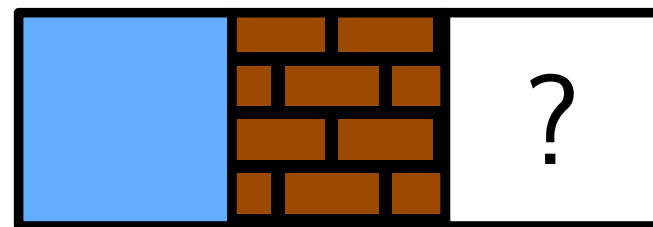
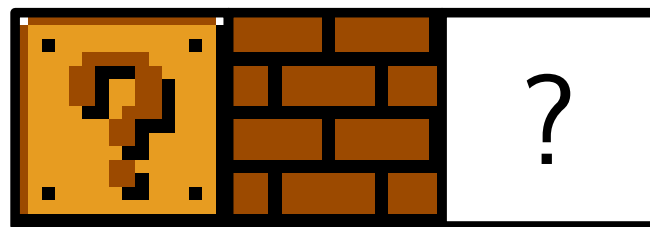
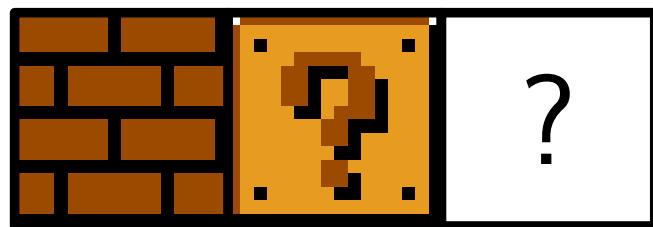
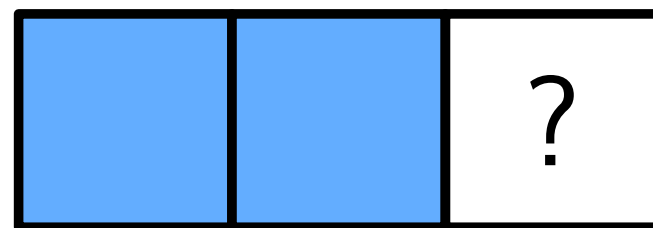
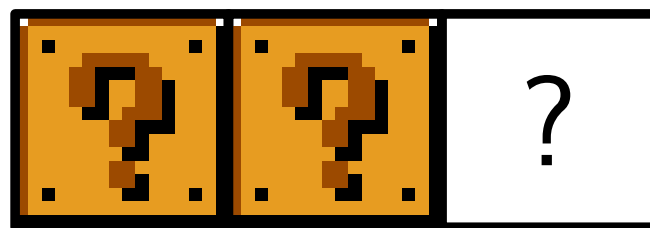
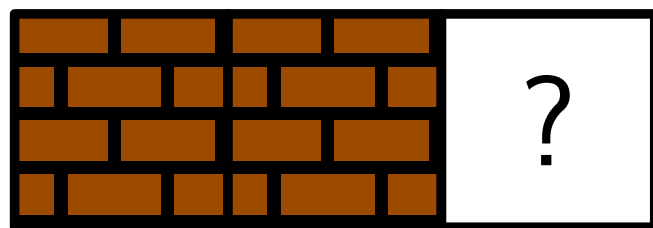
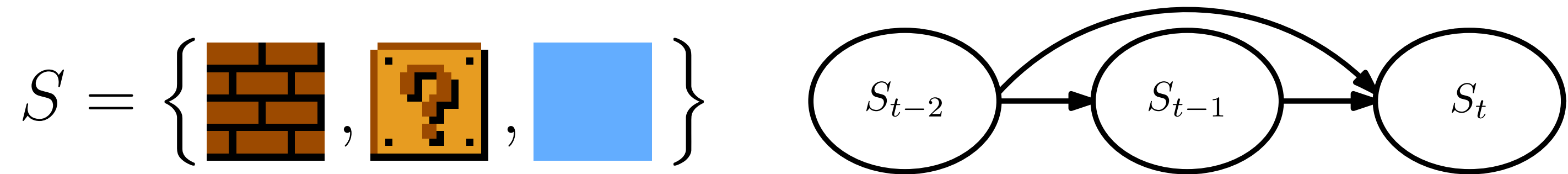


$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Brick} \\ \text{Question Mark} \\ \text{Blue} \end{array} \right\}$$

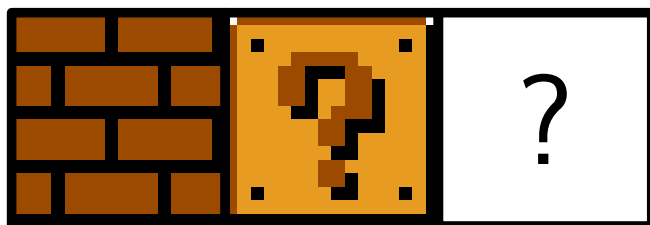
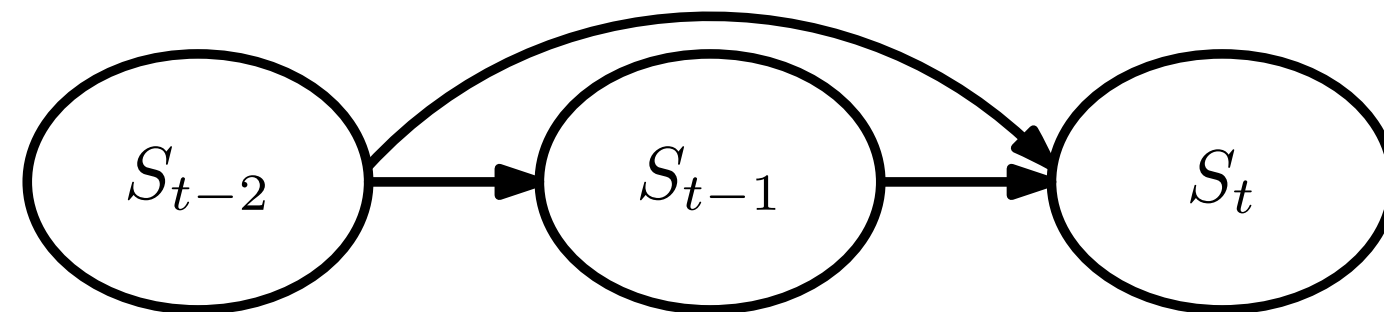
$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Brick} \\ \text{Question Mark} \\ \text{Blue Block} \end{array} \right\}$$



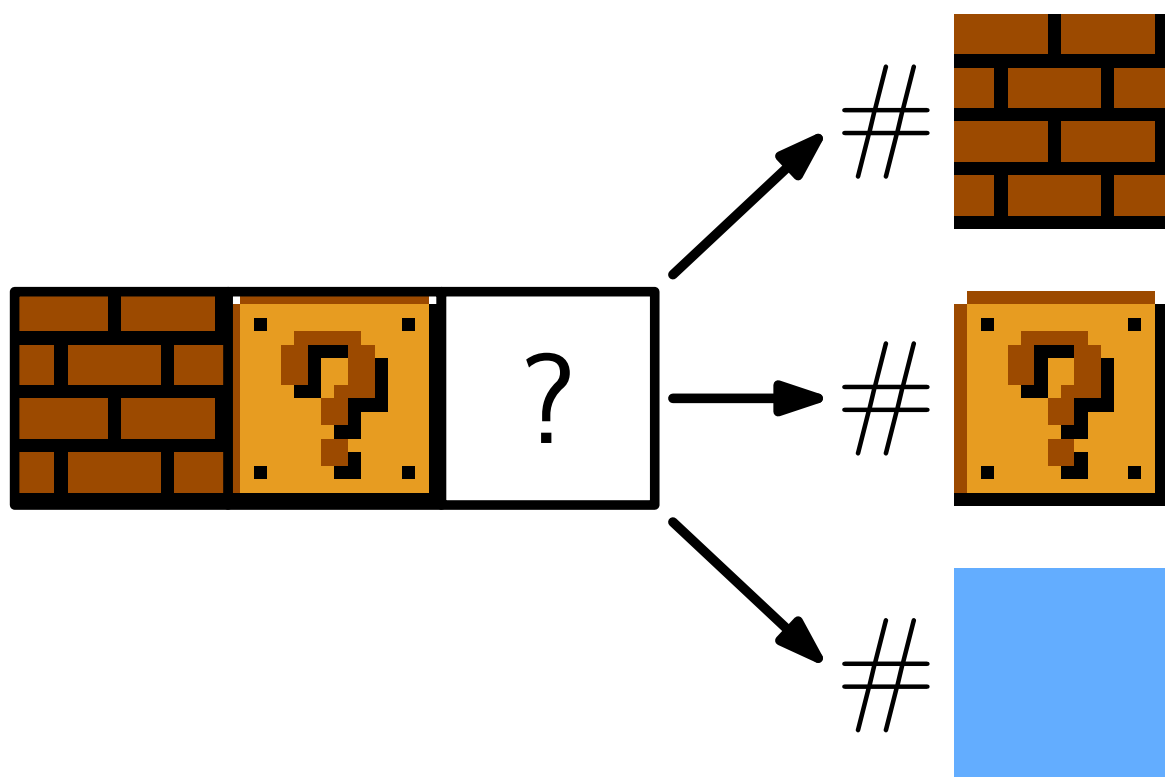
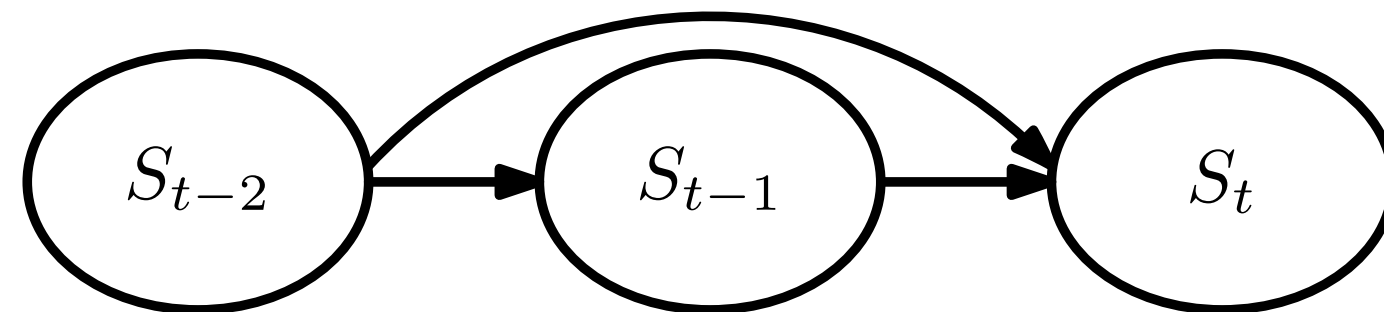


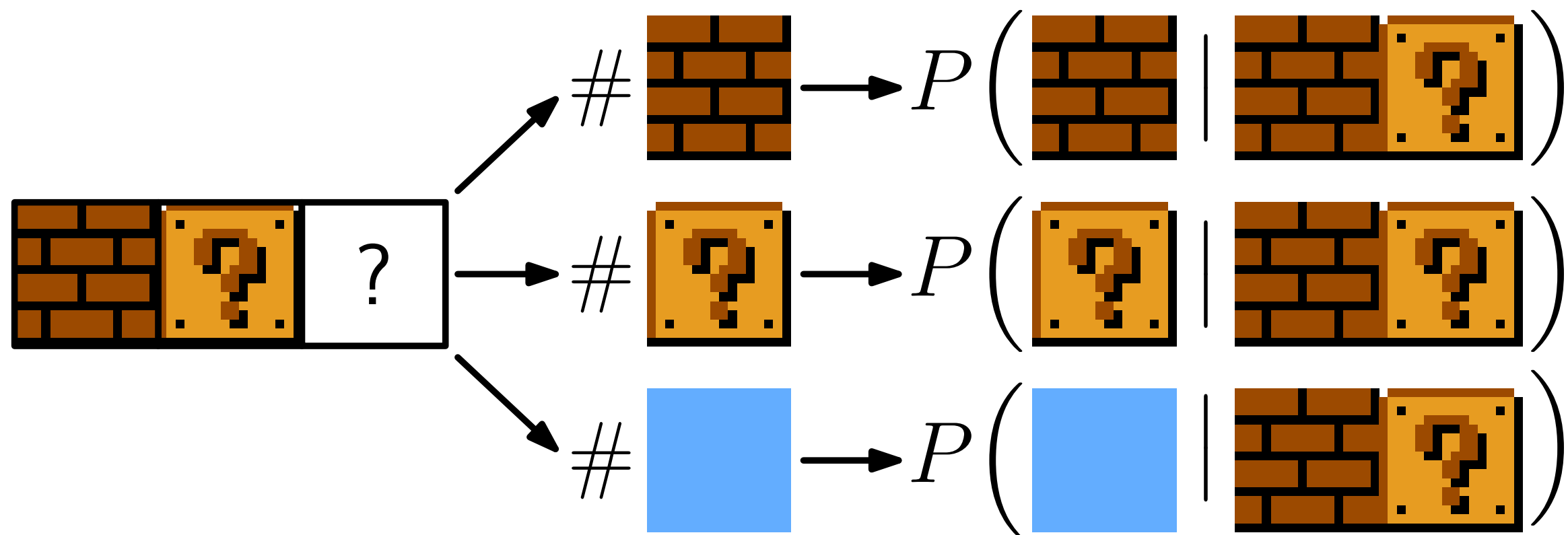
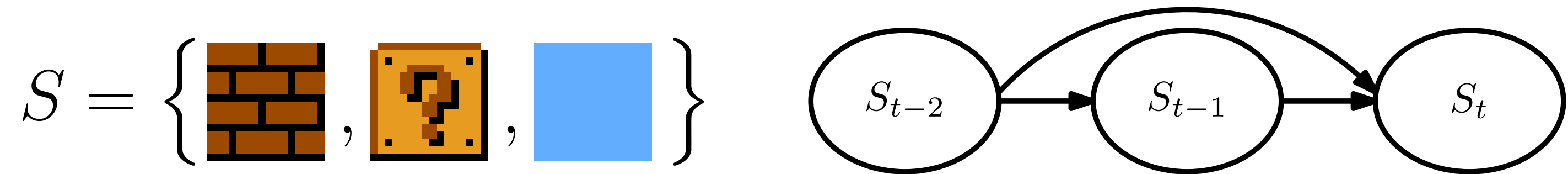


$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Brick} \\ \text{Question Mark} \\ \text{Blue} \end{array} \right\}$$



$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Brick} \\ \text{Question Mark} \\ \text{Blue} \end{array} \right\}$$



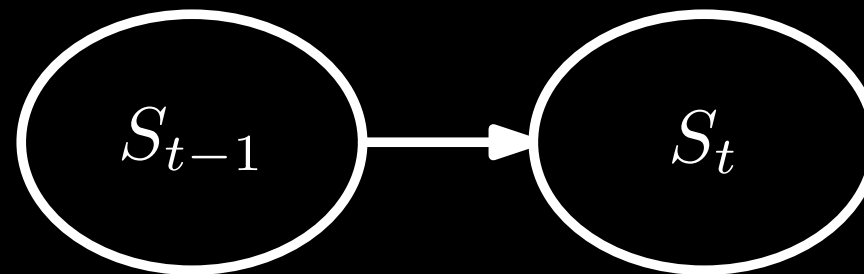


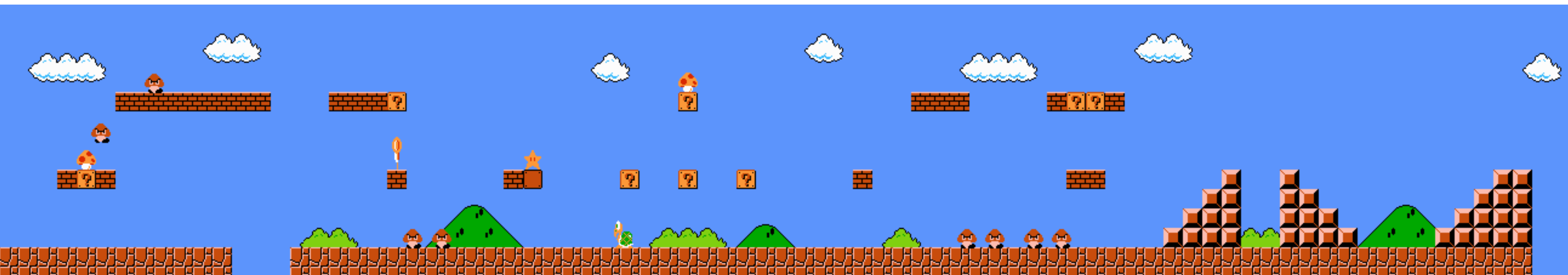
## Assignment 2

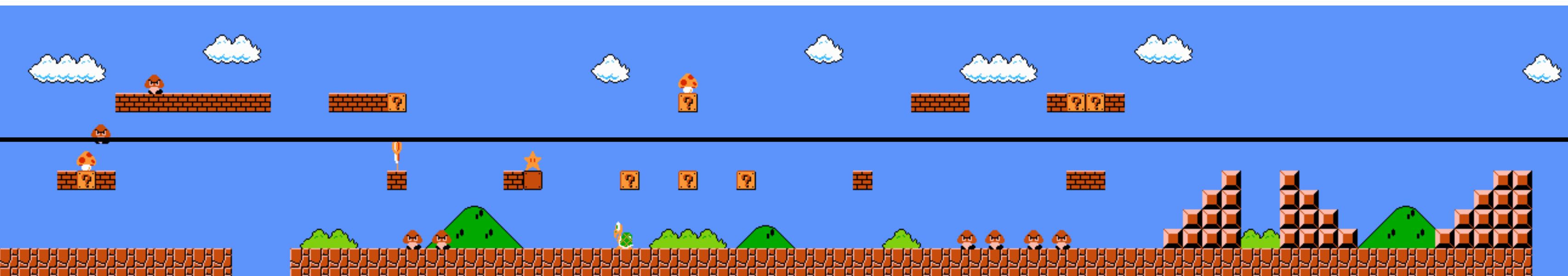
What important property can a level generated by a Markov chain not guarantee?

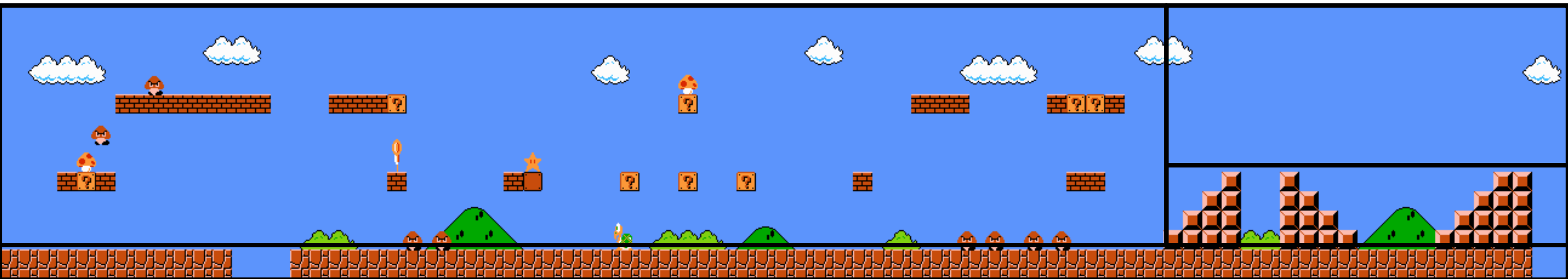
## Assignment 3

Given  $S = \{a, b, c\}$ , calculate the probability distribution  $P(S_t | S_{t-1})$  when training a Markov chain on the example sequence *abbccbaabcba*.

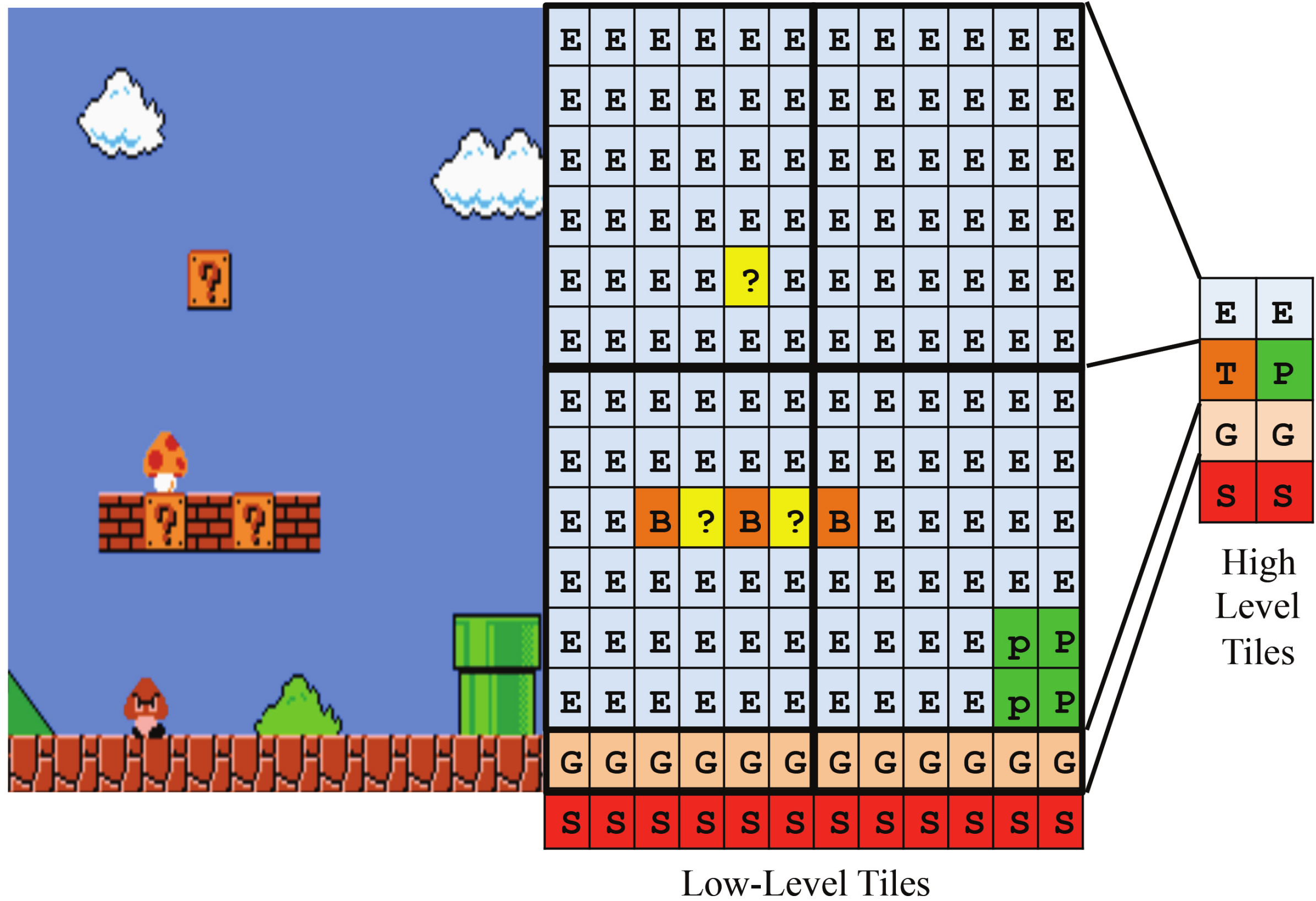


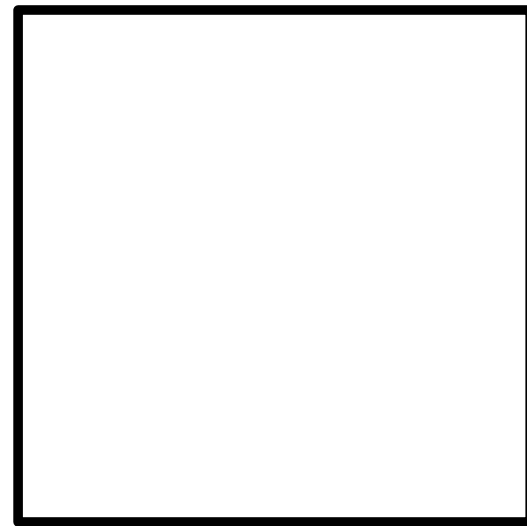
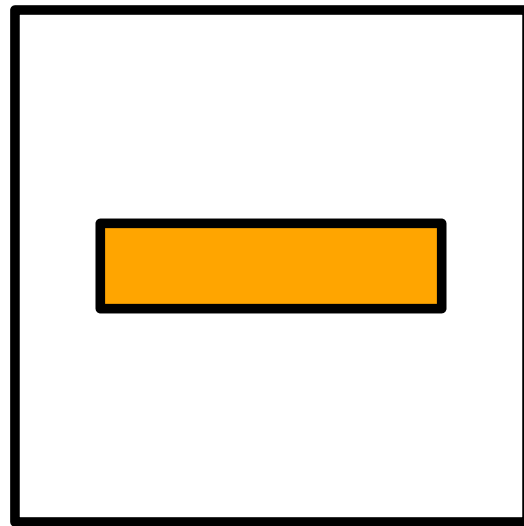
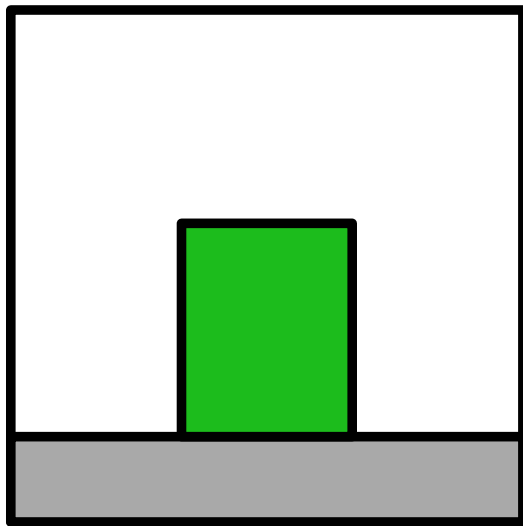
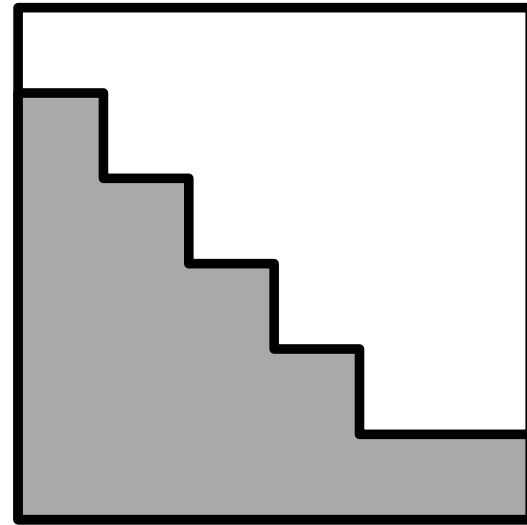
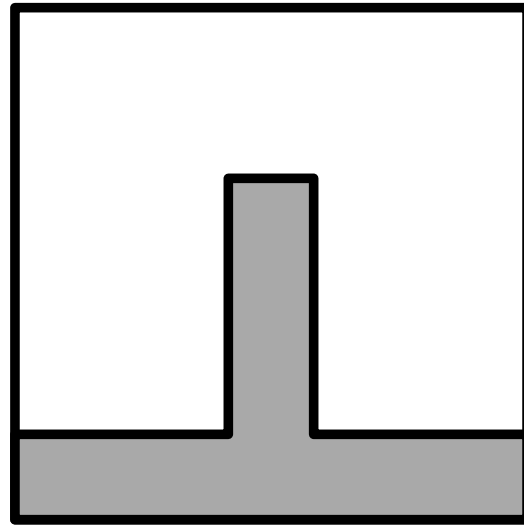
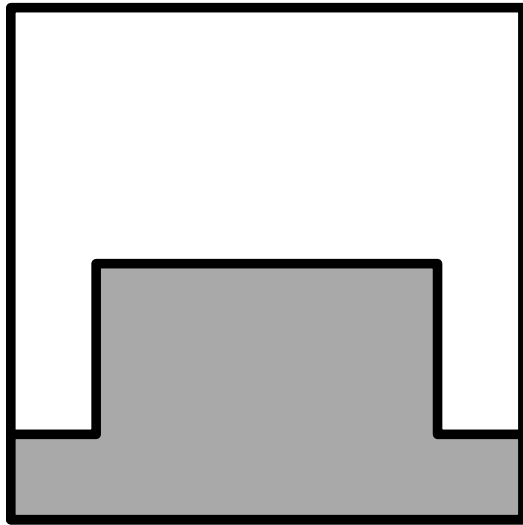
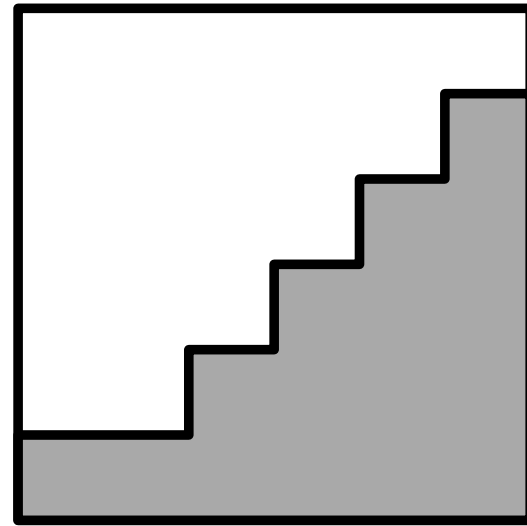
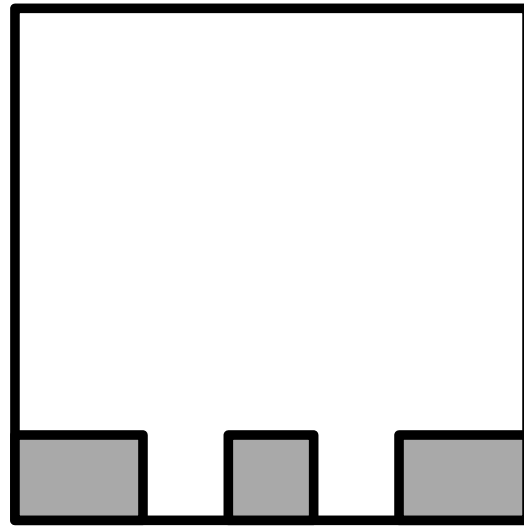
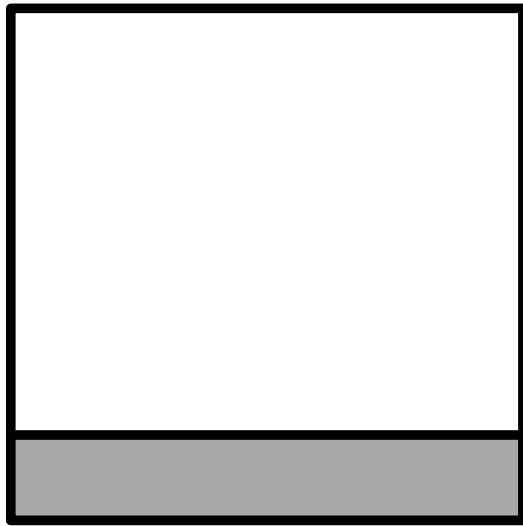


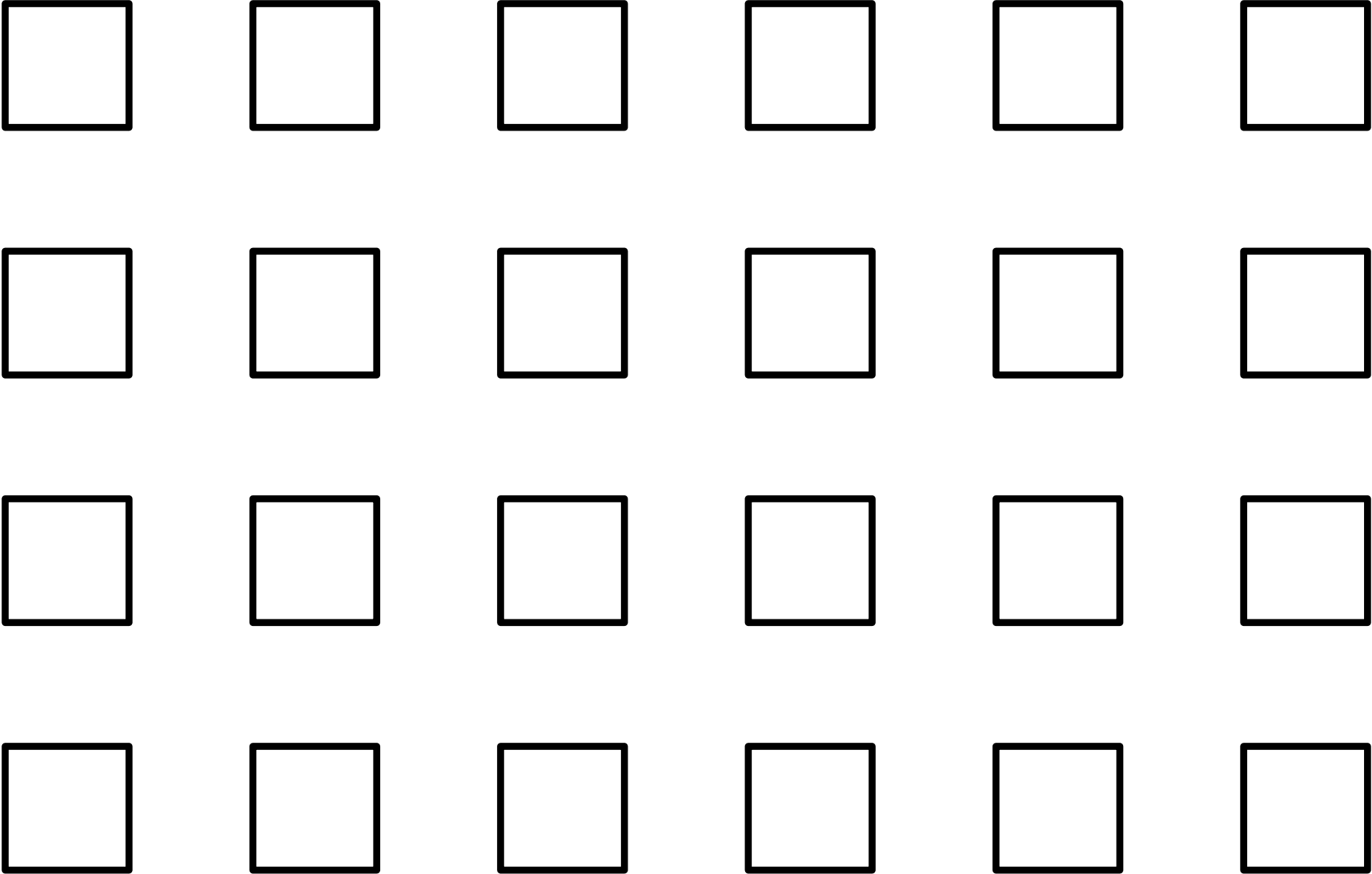


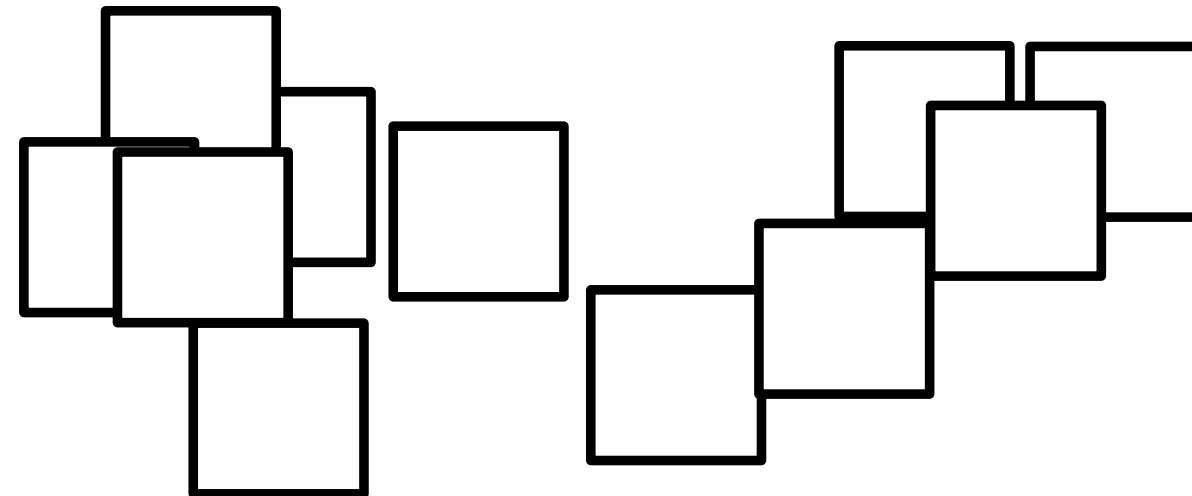
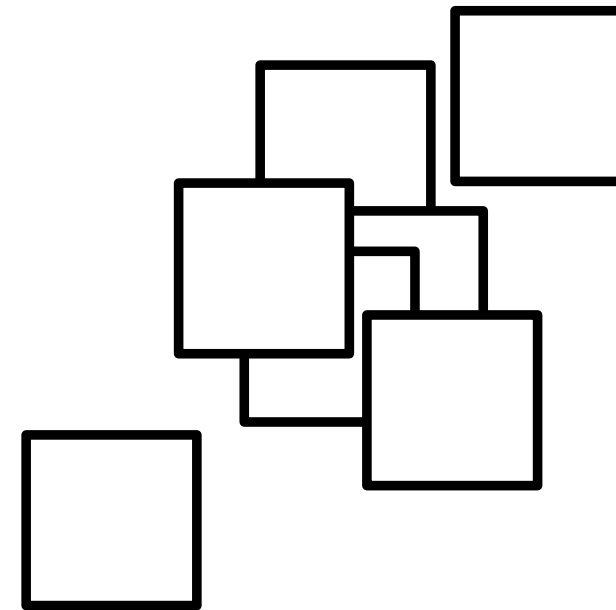
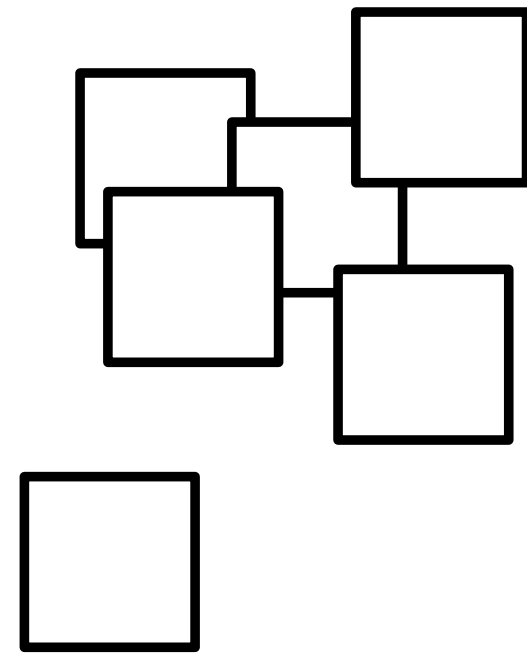


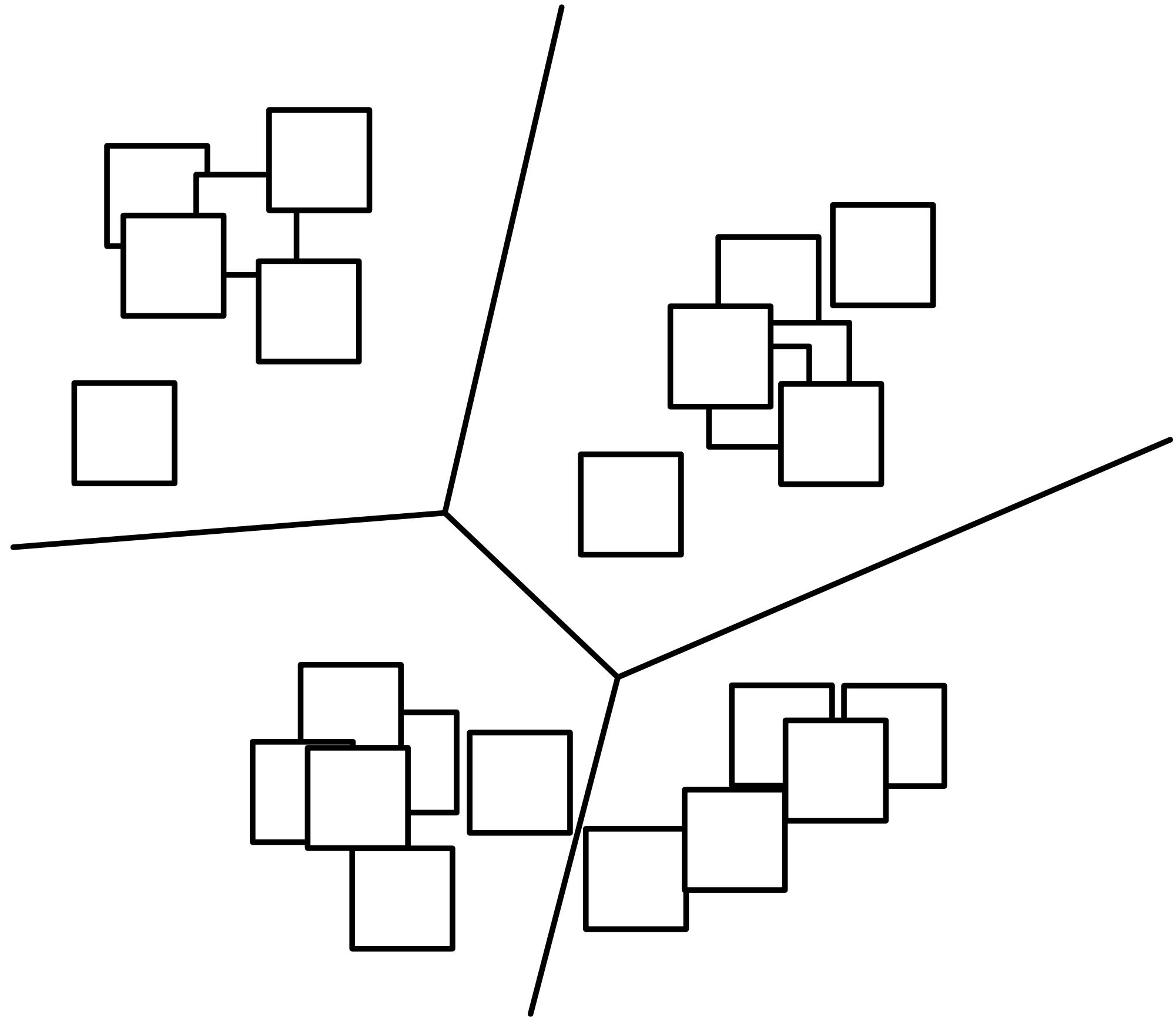


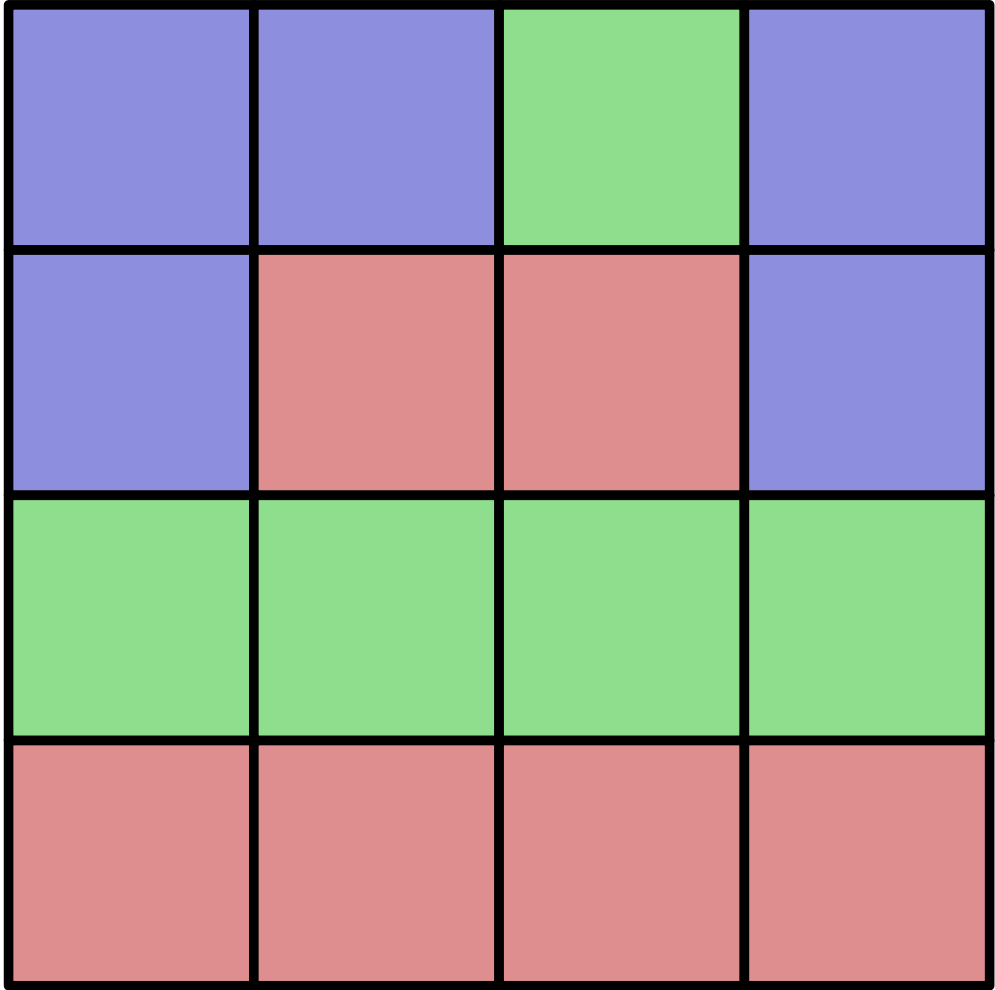
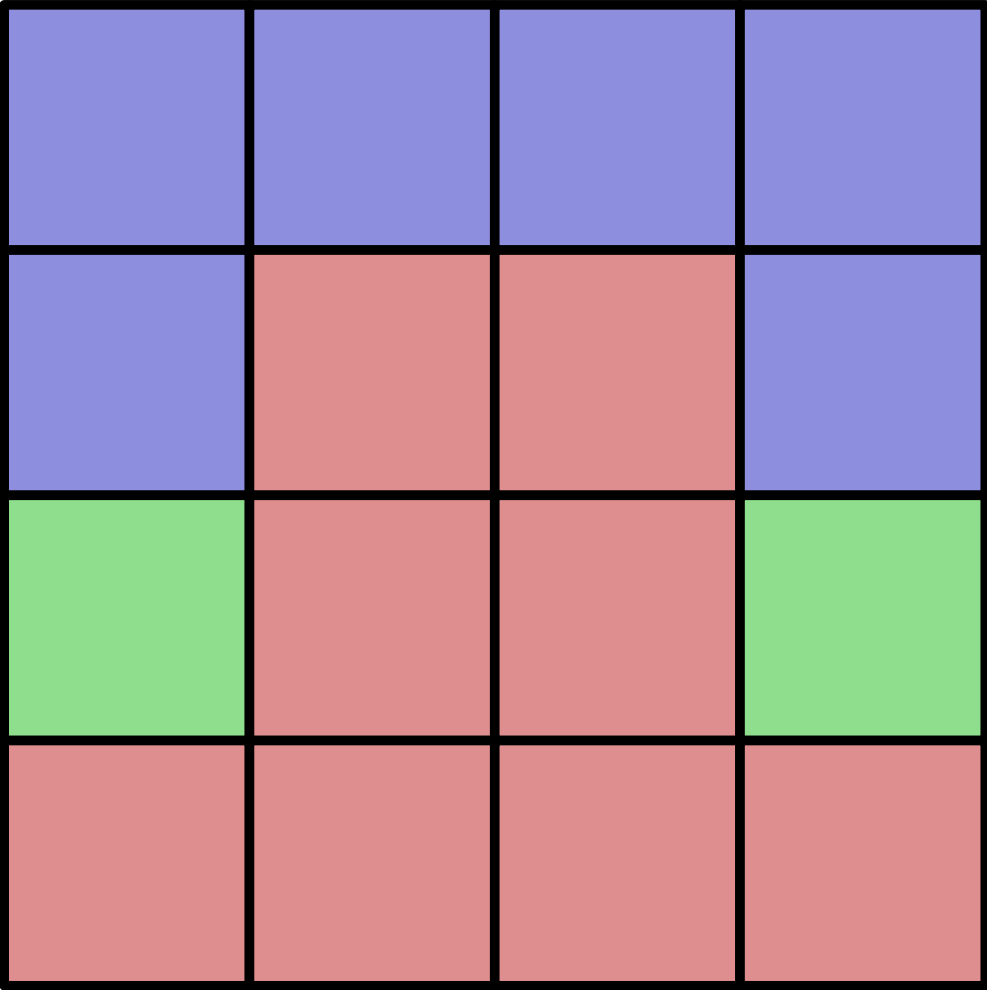


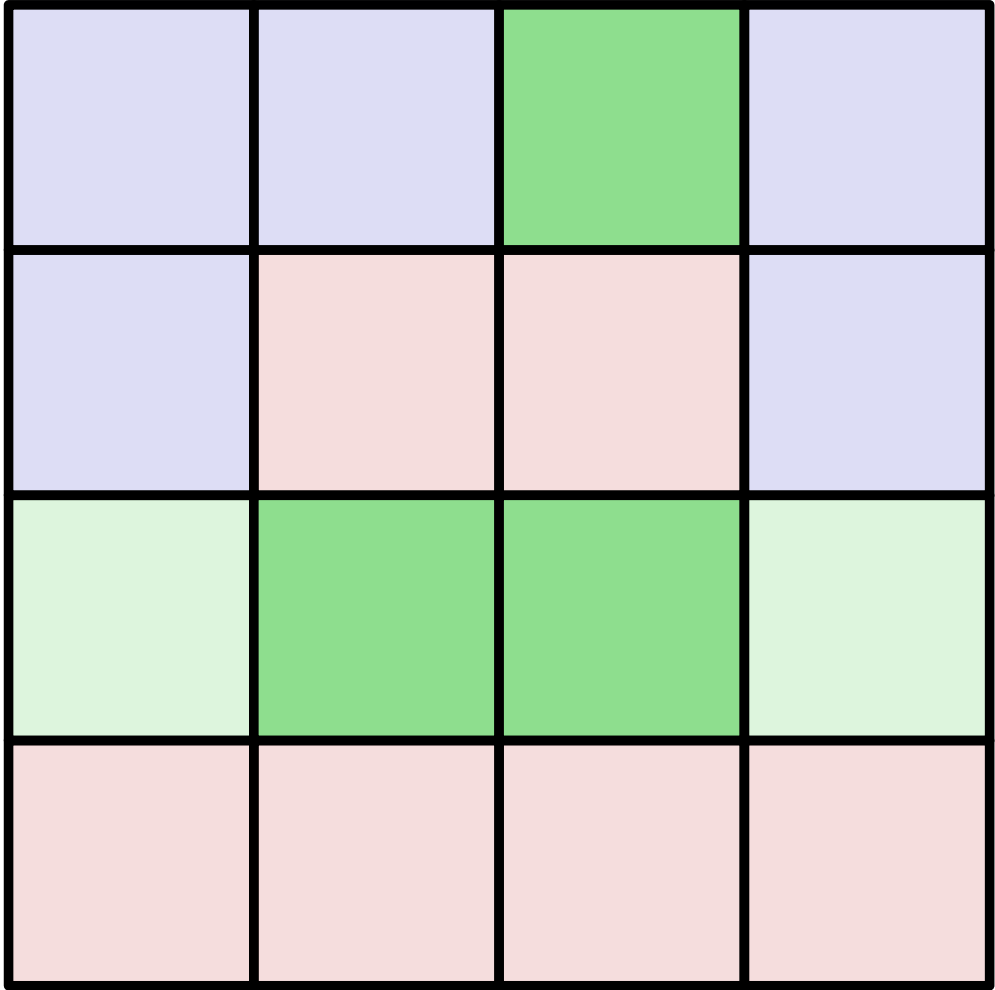
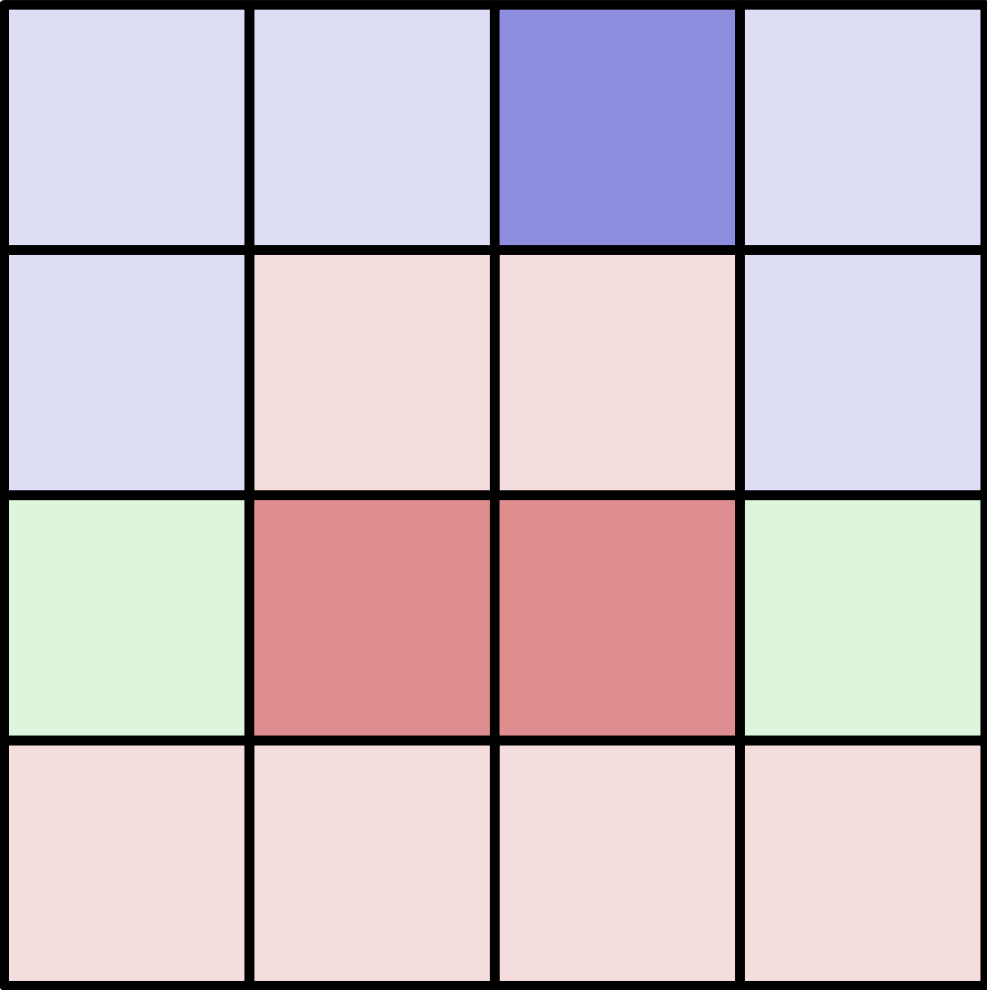


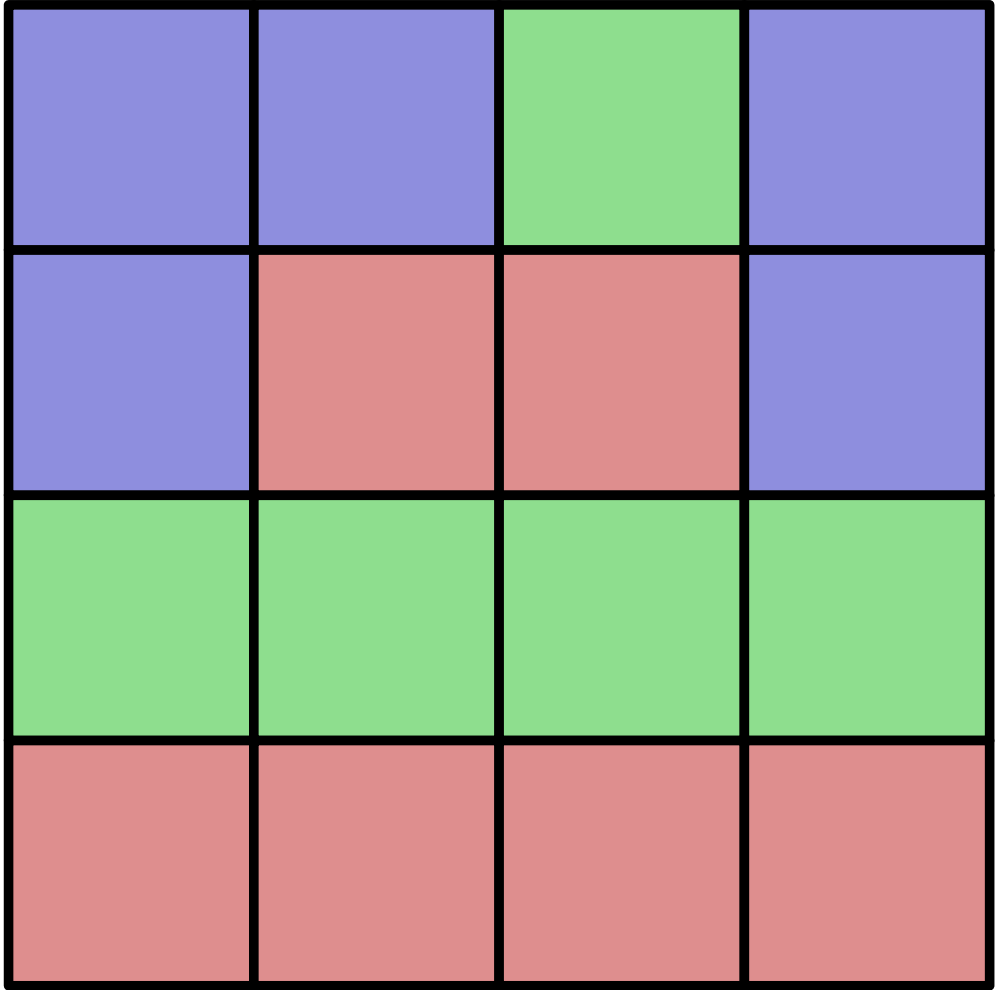
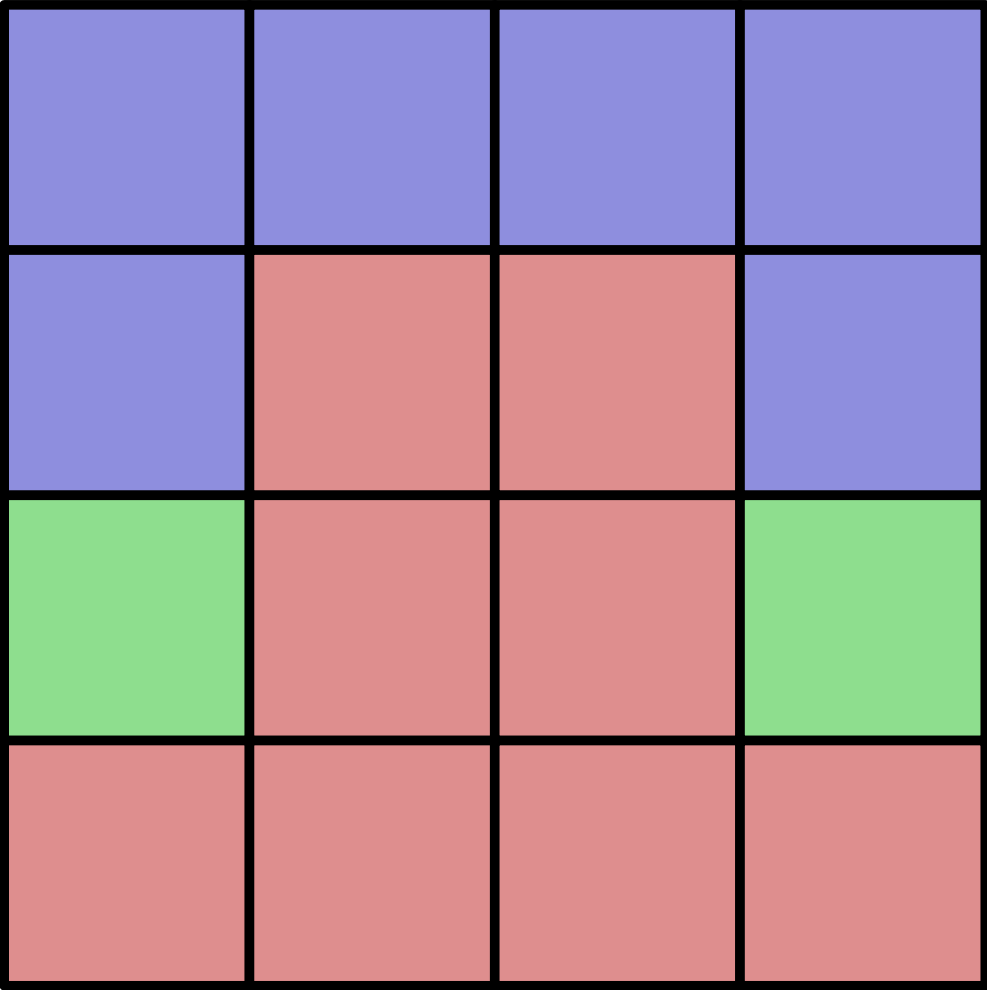






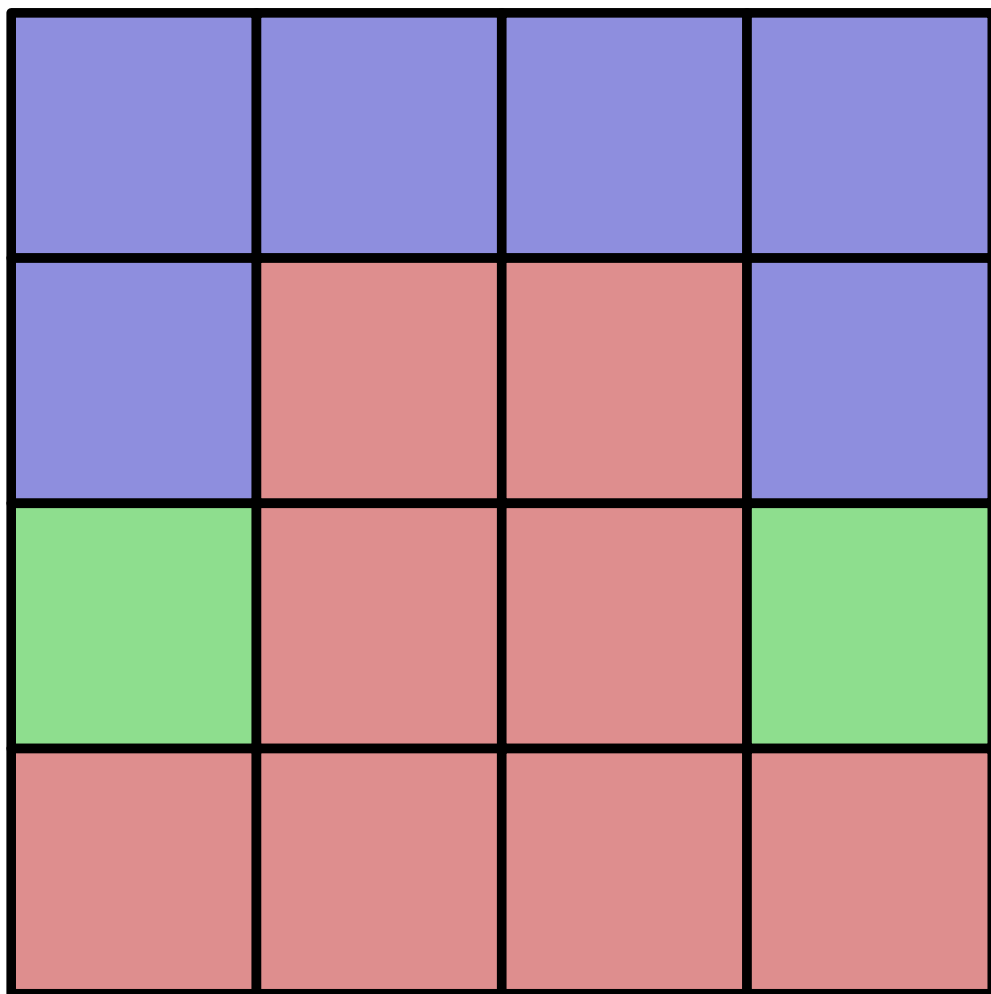




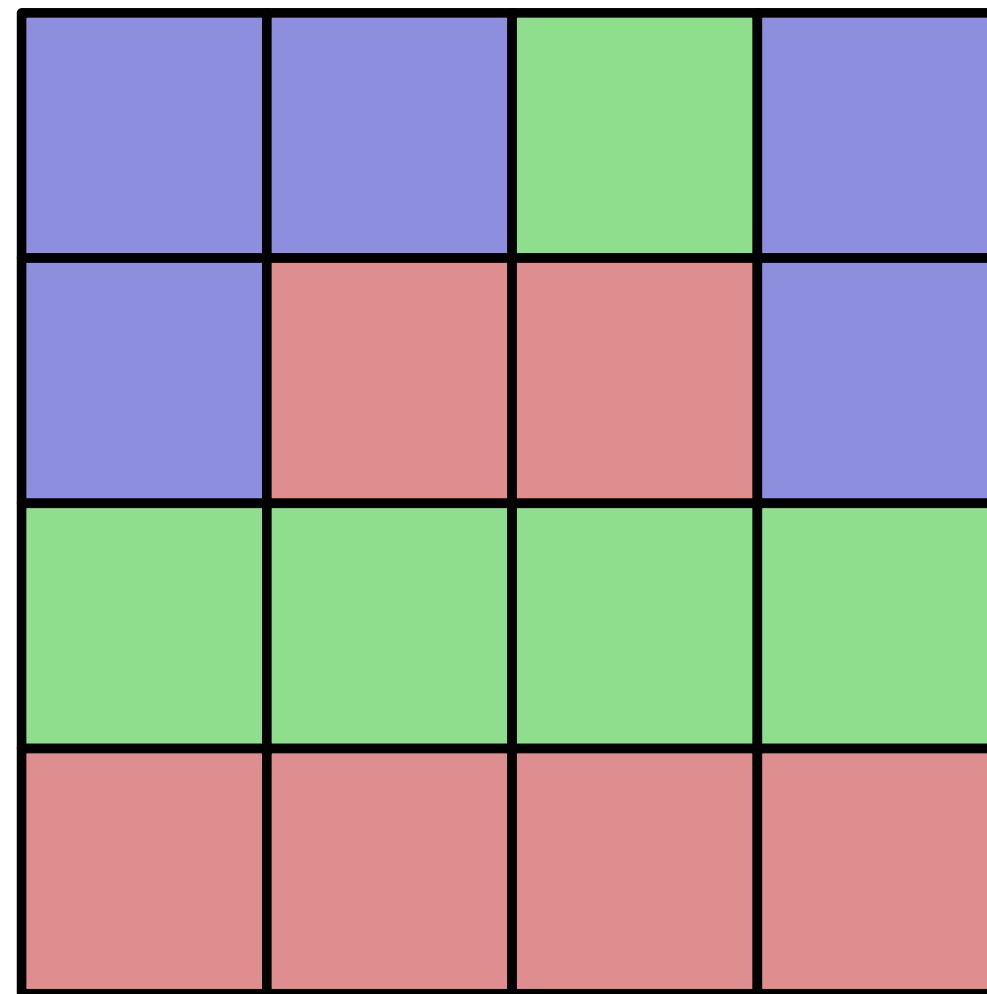




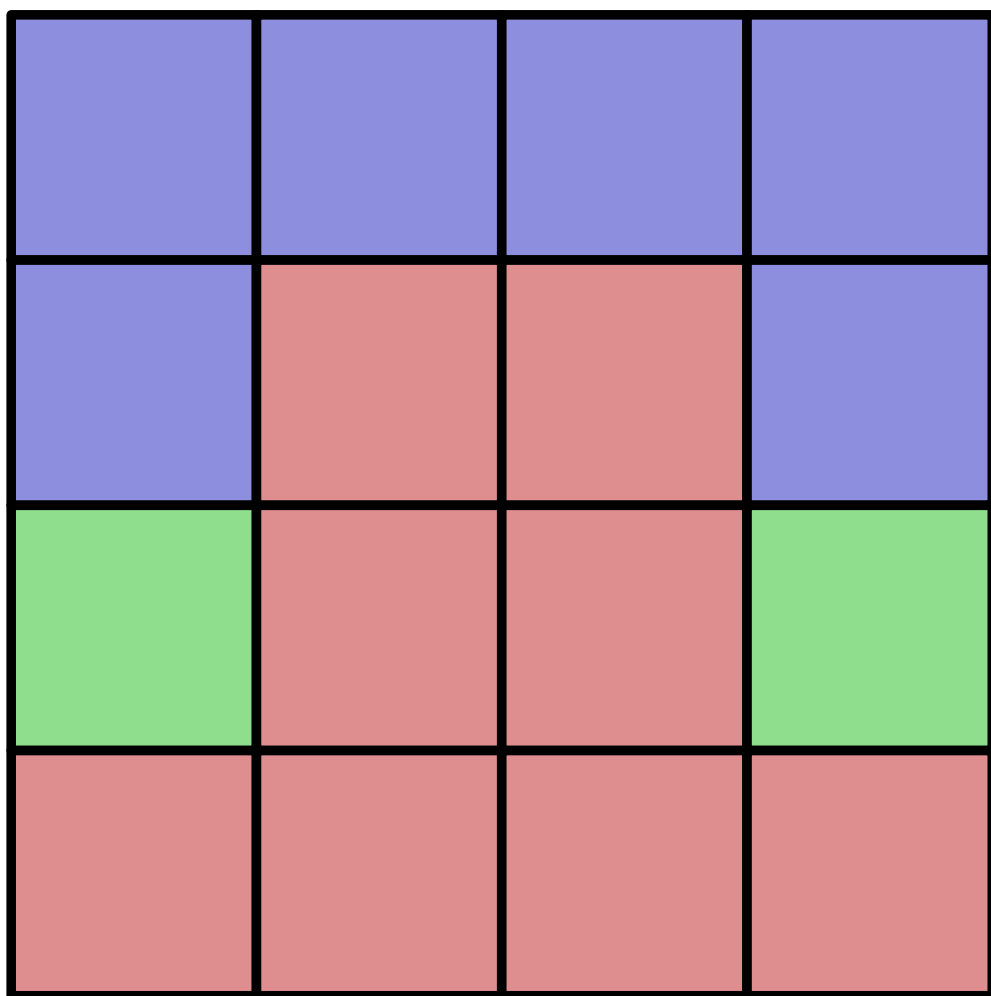
$$P(S_t|S_{t-1})$$



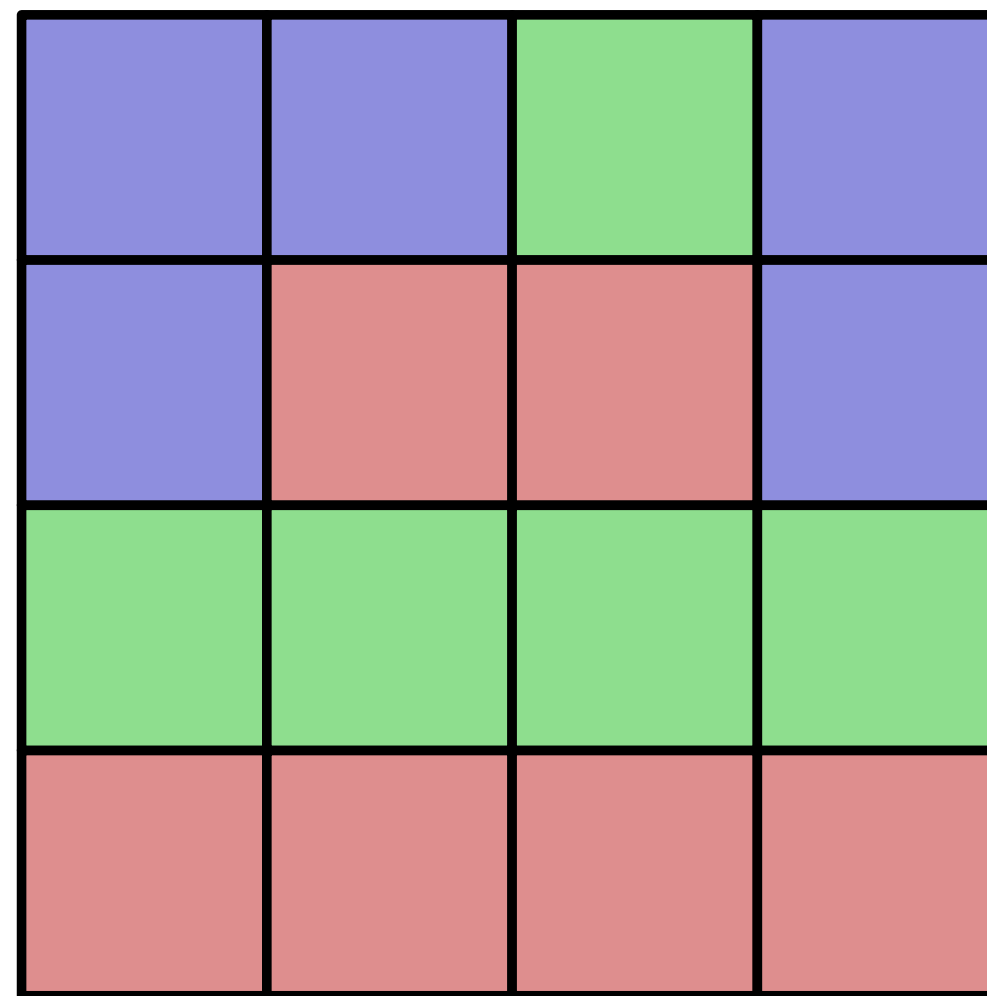
$$P(S'_t|S'_{t-1})$$



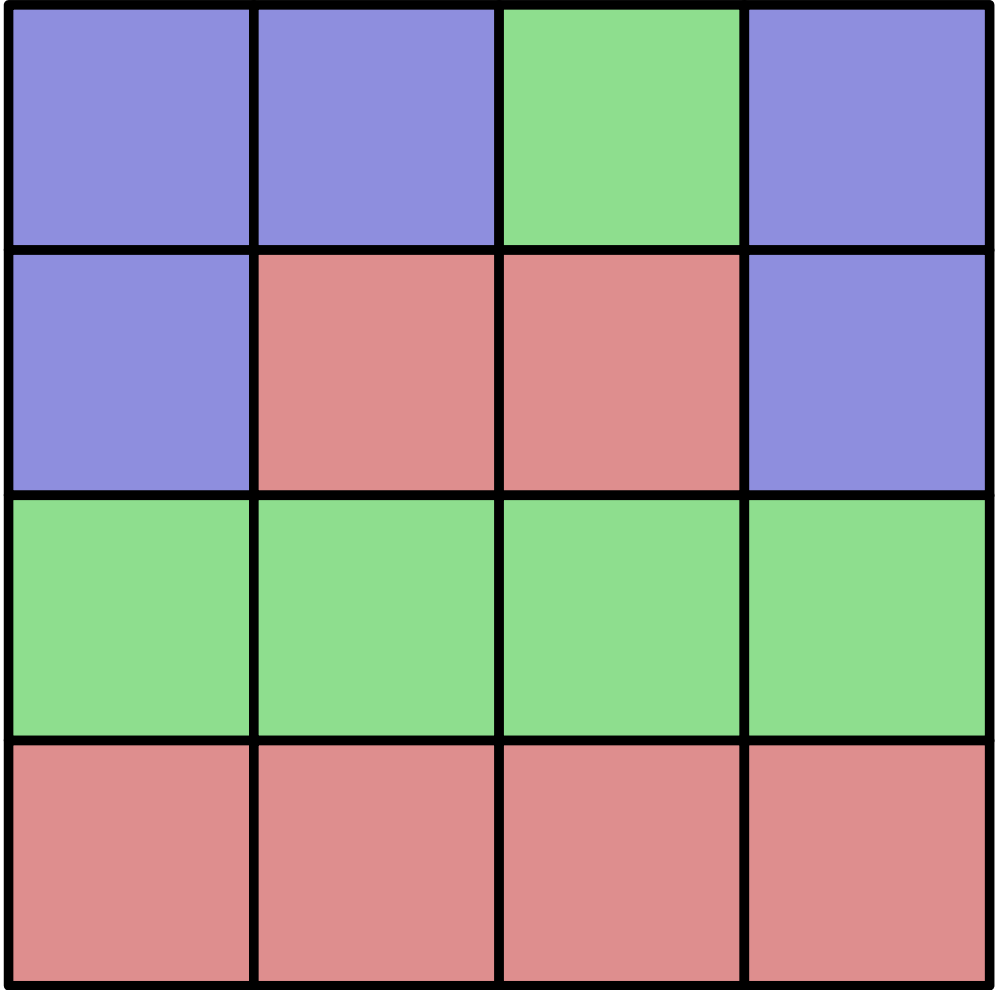
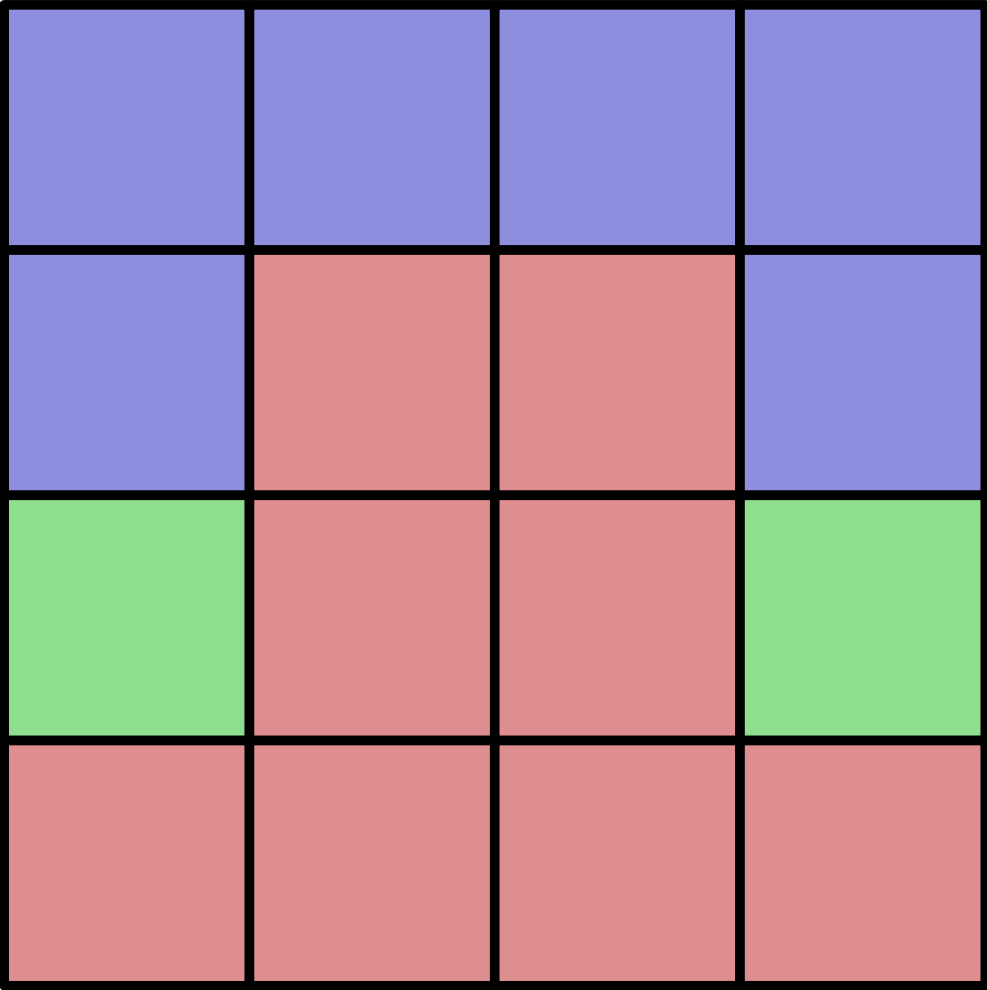
$$P(S_t|S_{t-1})$$



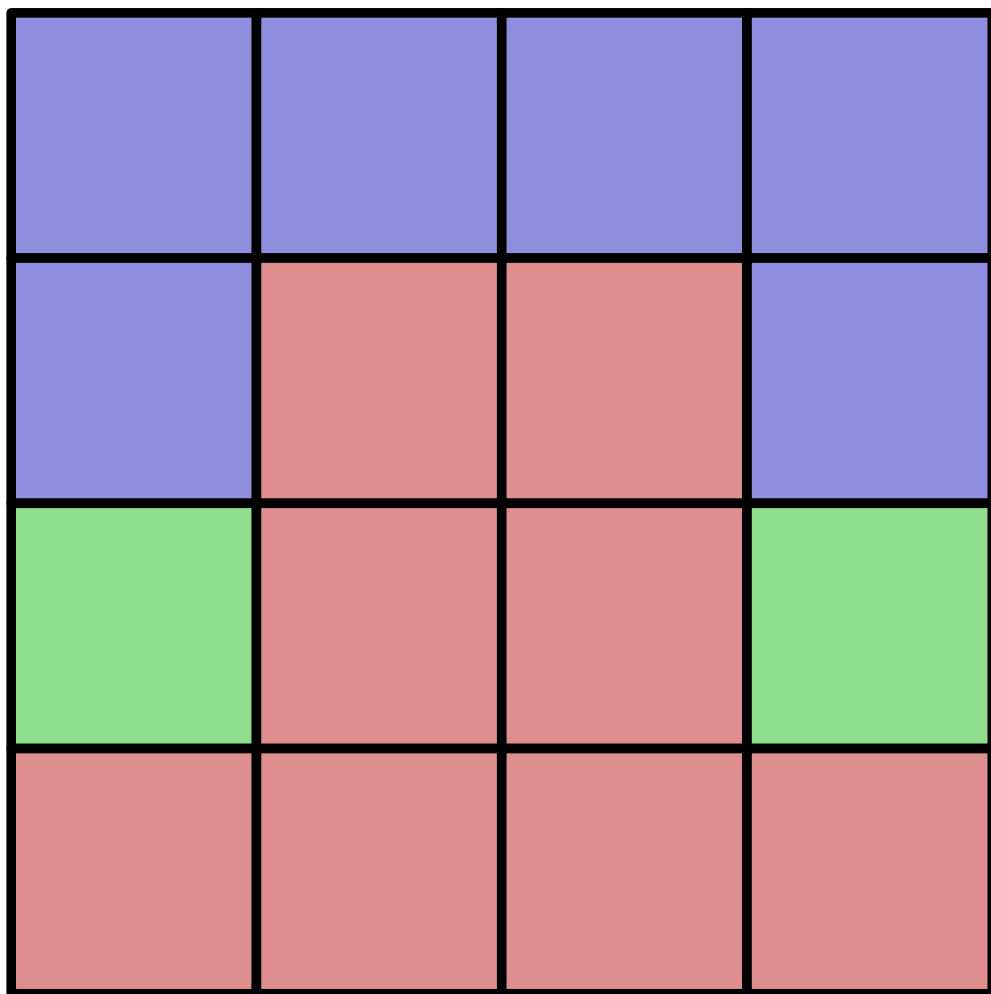
$$P(S'_t|S'_{t-1})$$



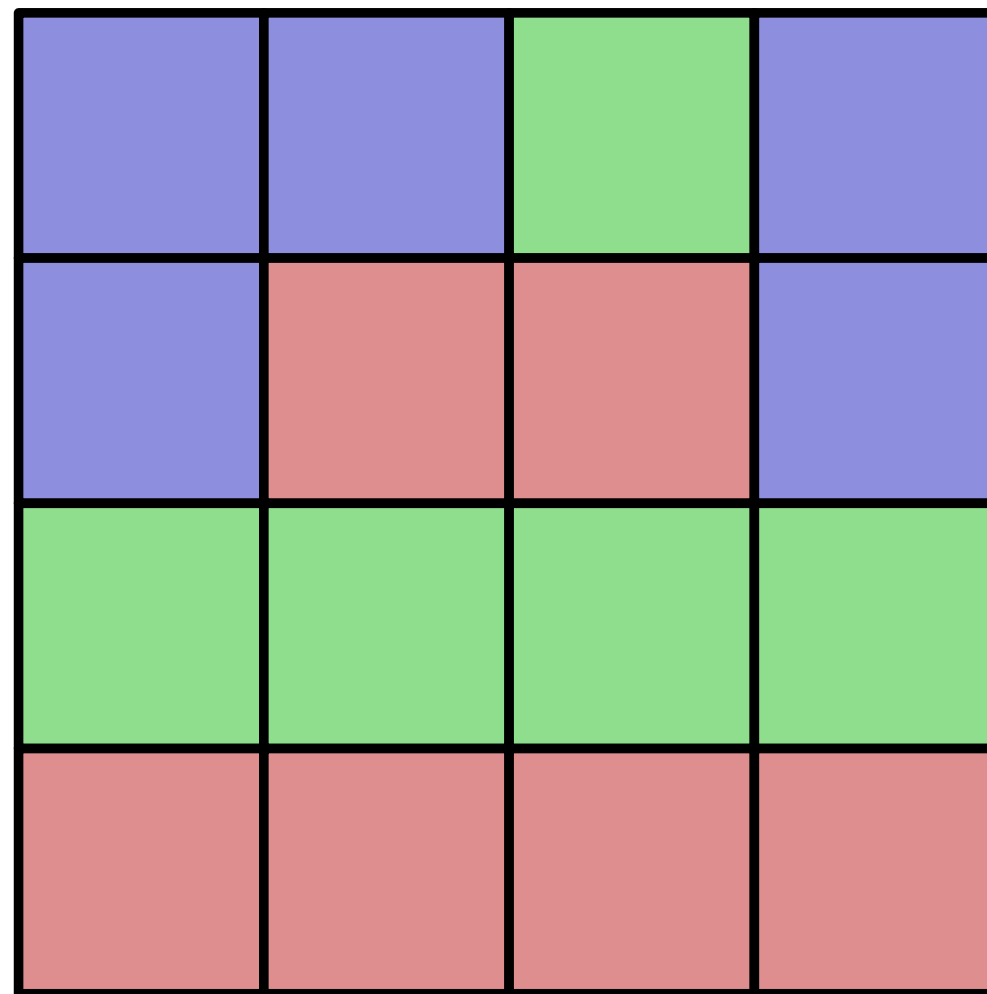
$$d(P(S_t|S_{t-1}), P(S'_t|S'_{t-1}))$$



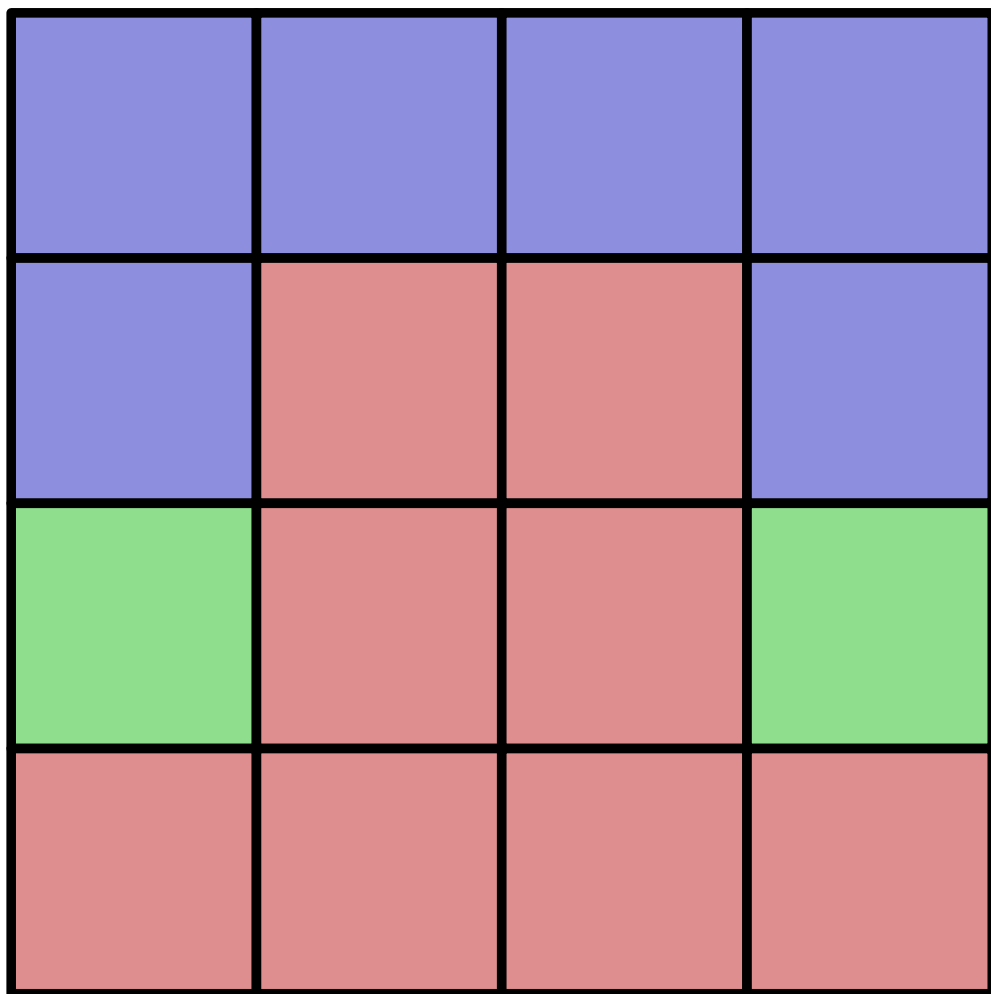
$\langle 6 \blacksquare, 2 \blacksquare, 8 \blacksquare \rangle$



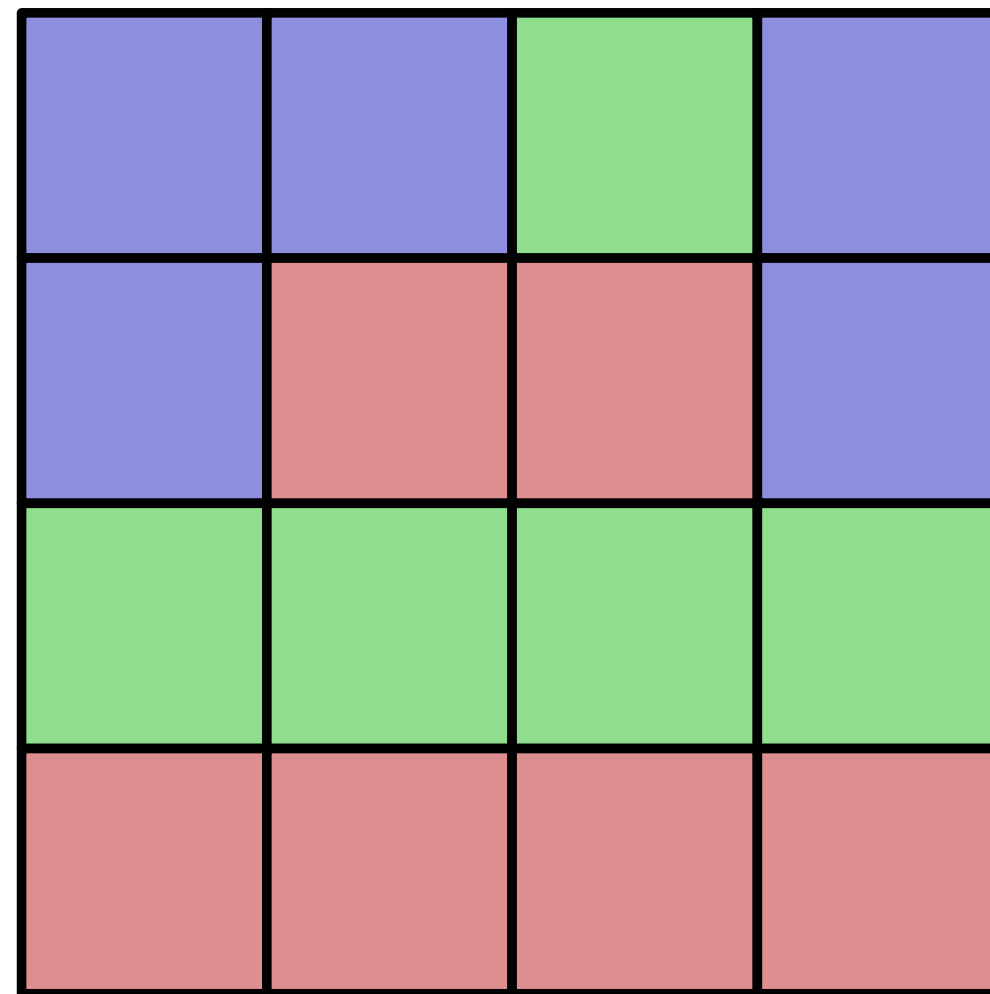
$\langle 5 \blacksquare, 5 \blacksquare, 6 \blacksquare \rangle$



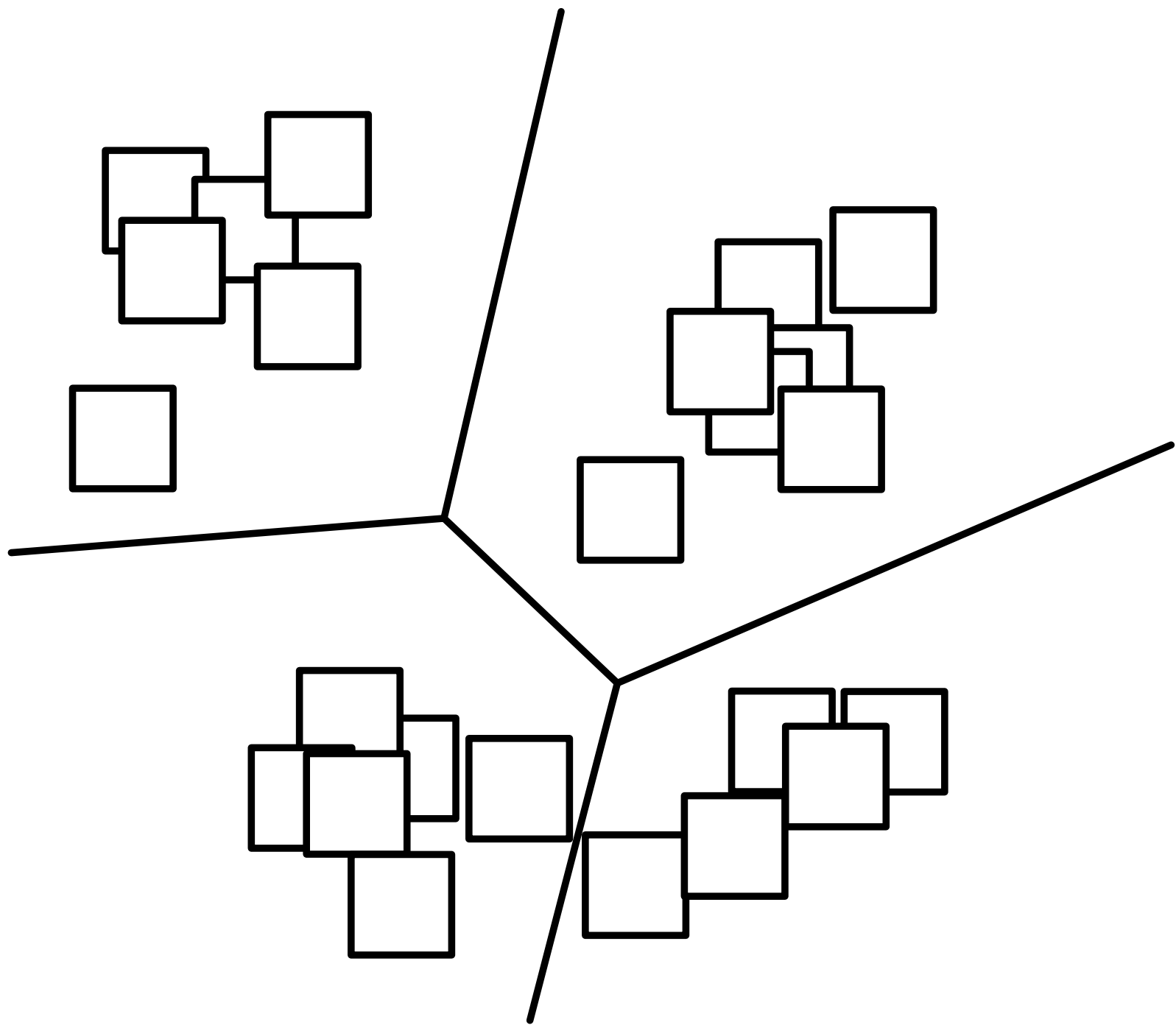
$\langle 6 \blacksquare, 2 \blacksquare, 8 \blacksquare \rangle$

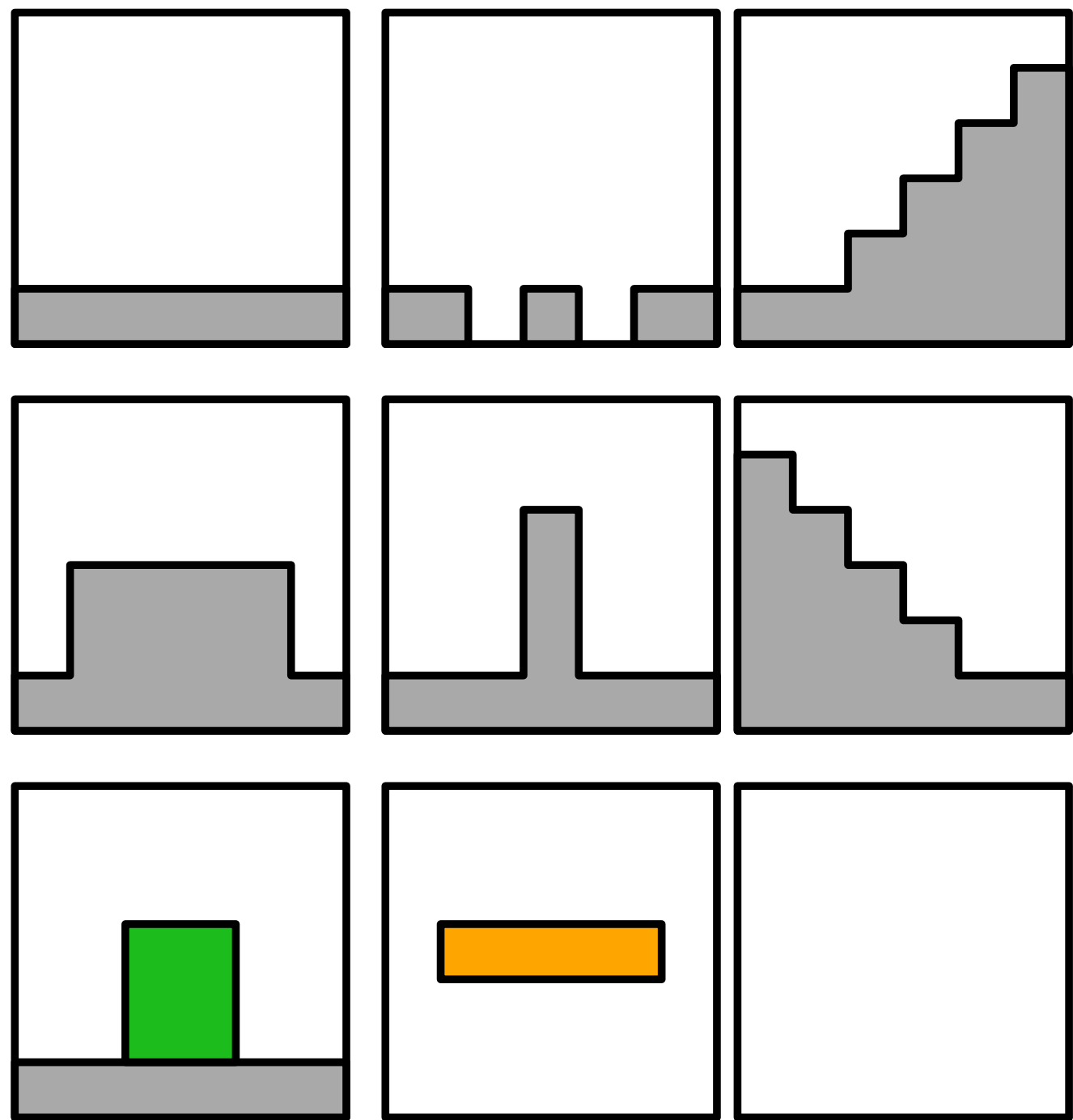
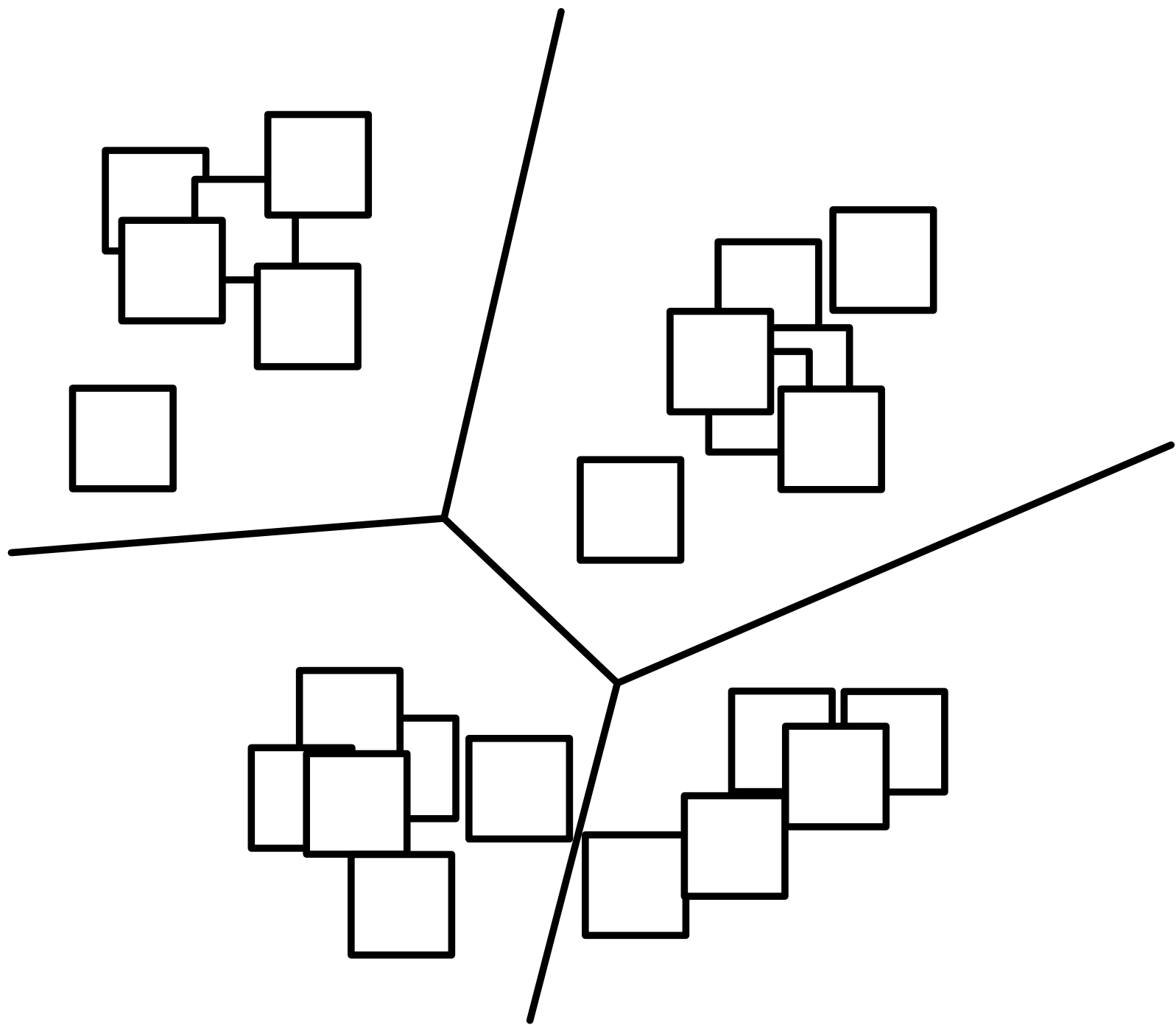


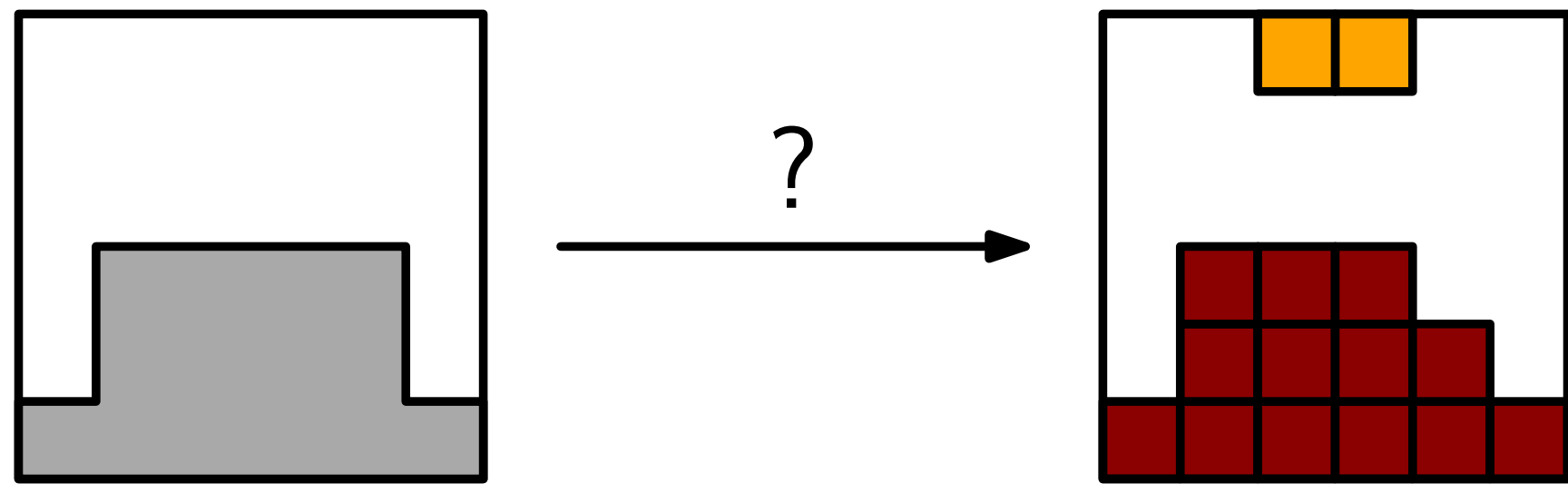
$\langle 5 \blacksquare, 5 \blacksquare, 6 \blacksquare \rangle$



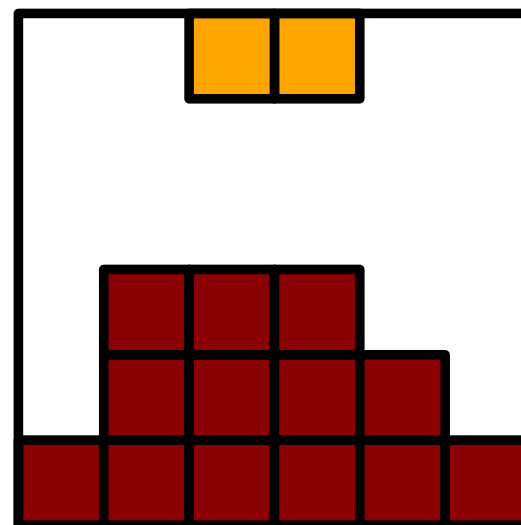
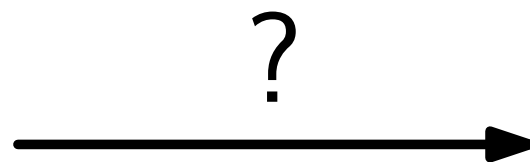
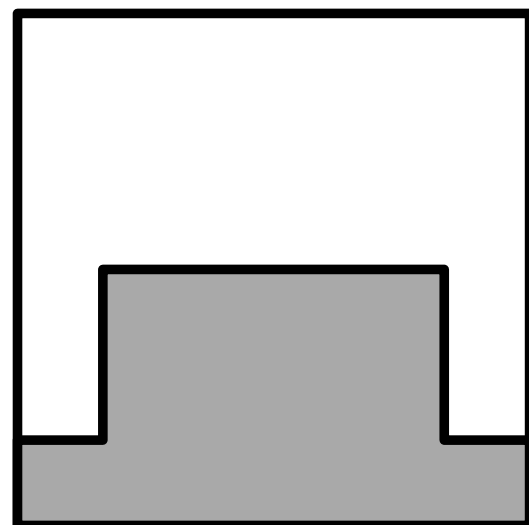
$d(\langle 6, 2, 8 \rangle, \langle 5, 5, 6 \rangle)$



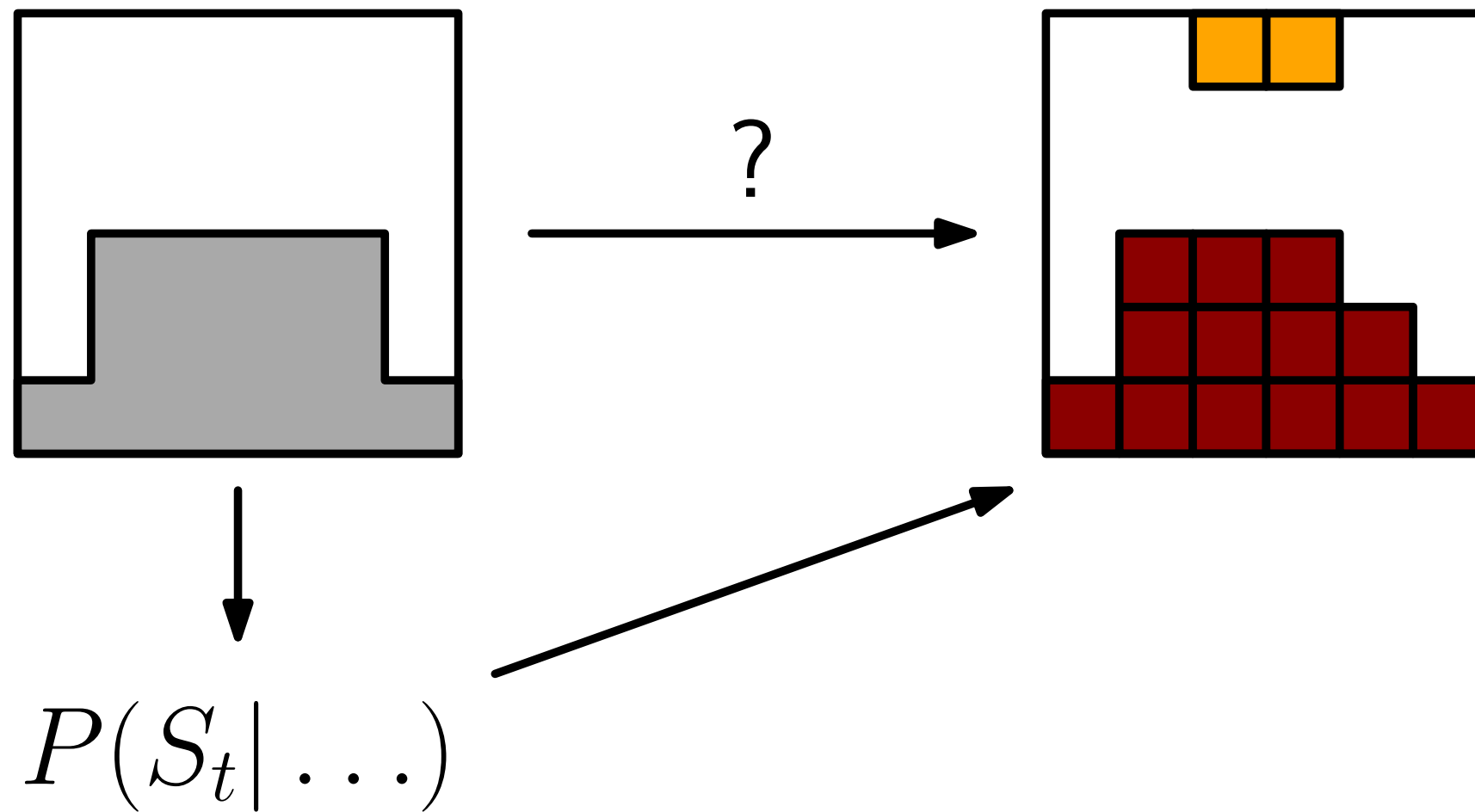


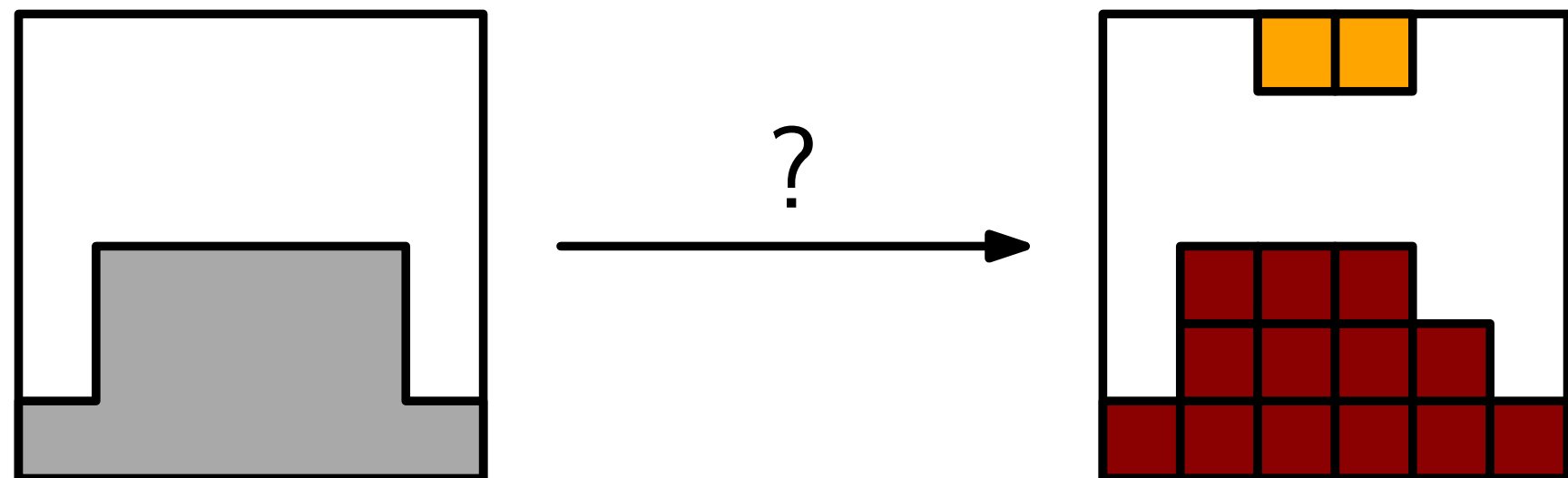






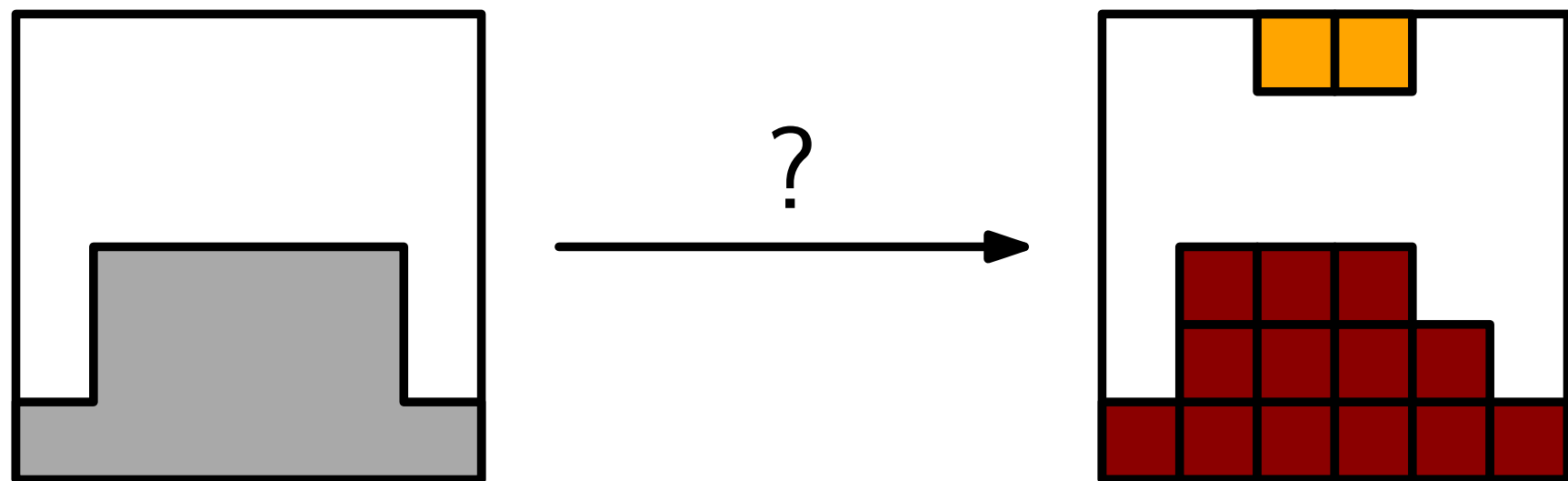
$P(S_t | \dots)$





$$P(S_t | \dots)$$

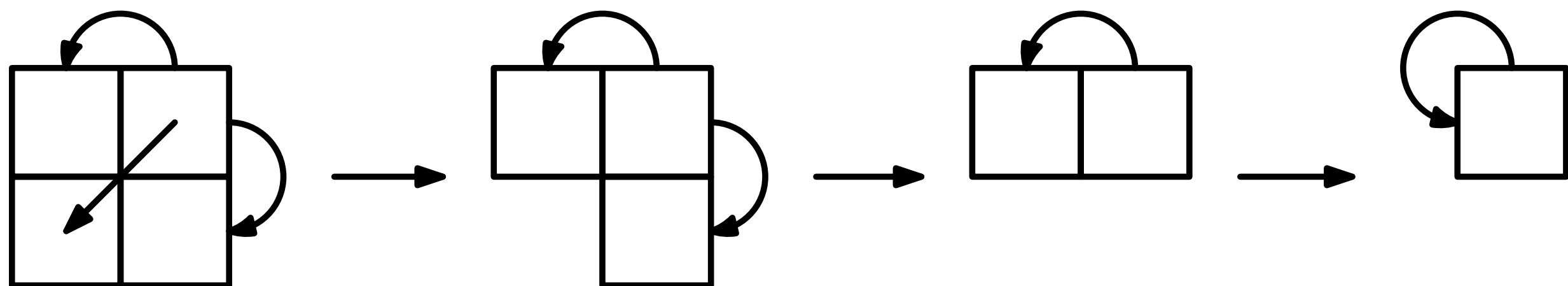
$$\forall s_i : P(s_i | \dots) = 0$$



$P(S_t | \dots)$

$\vdots$

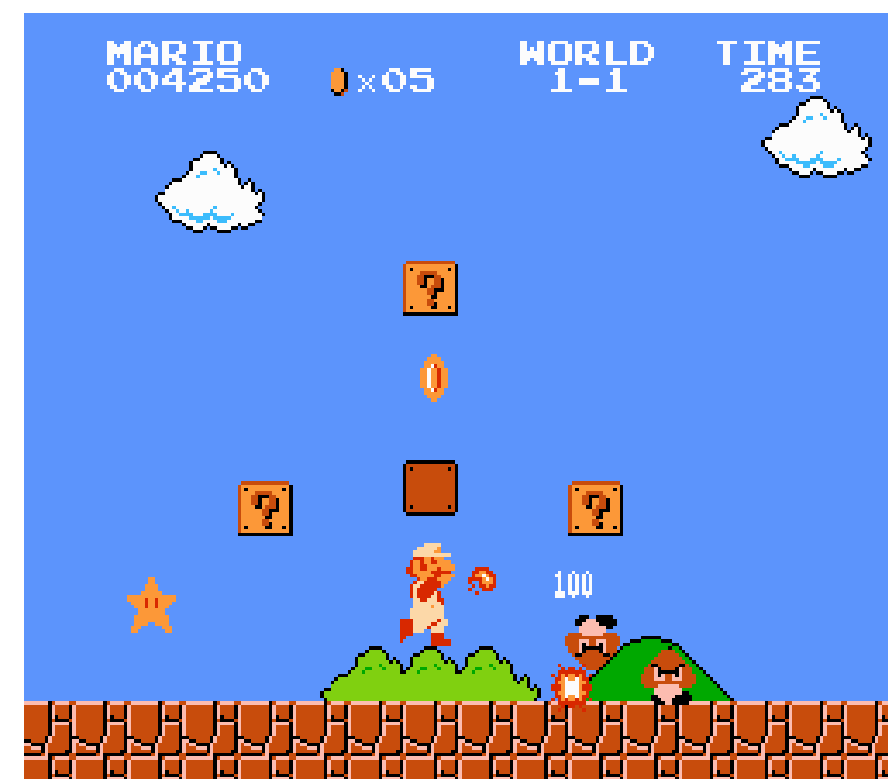
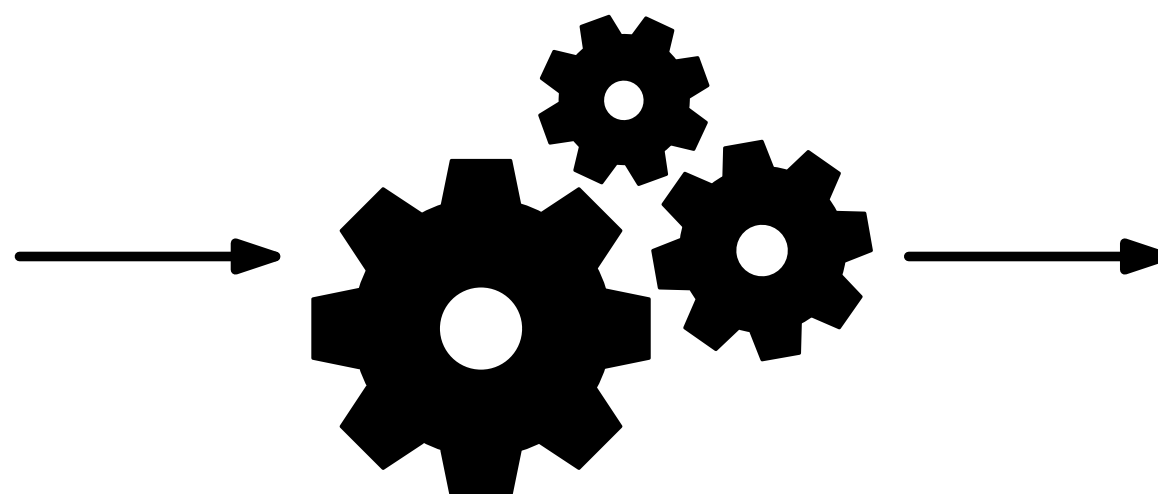
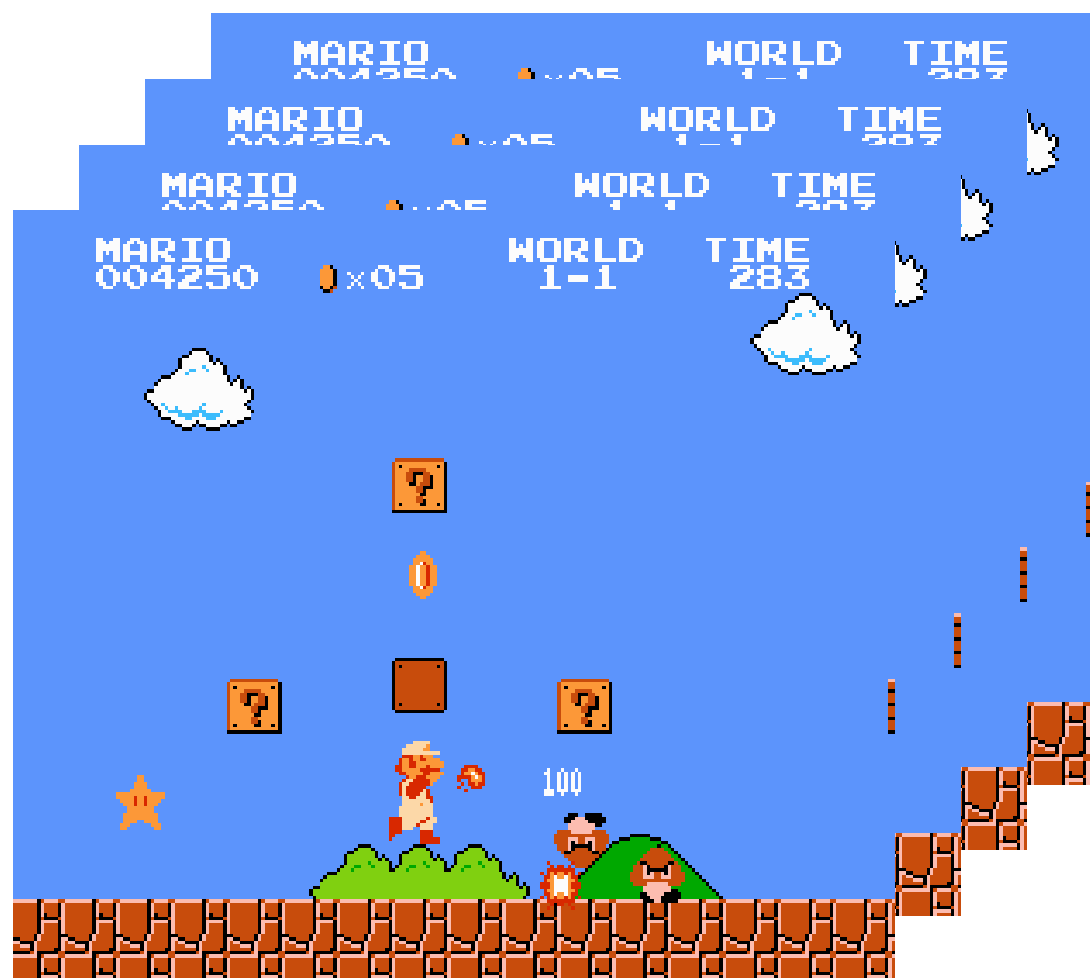
$\forall s_i : P(s_i | \dots) = 0$

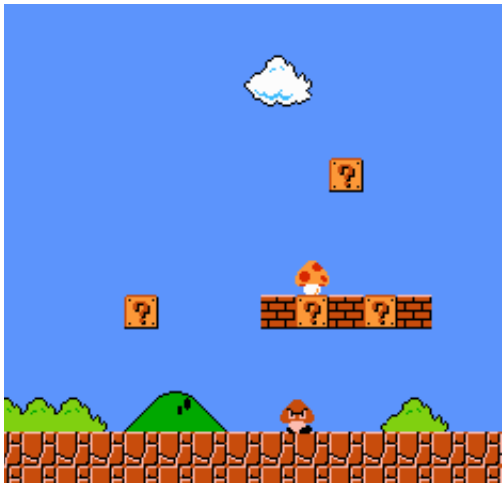




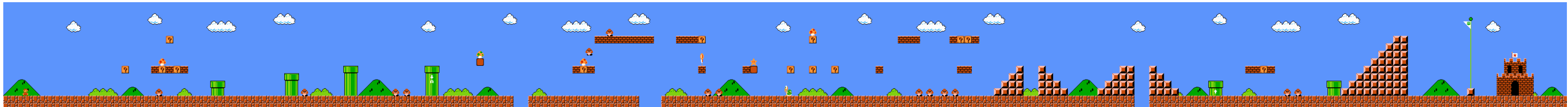
# Assignment 4

Name three benefits of using a hierarchical Markov chain model over using only a single layer of Markov chains to generate levels.



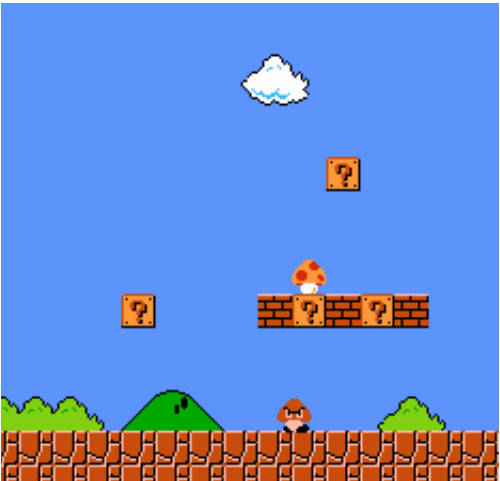
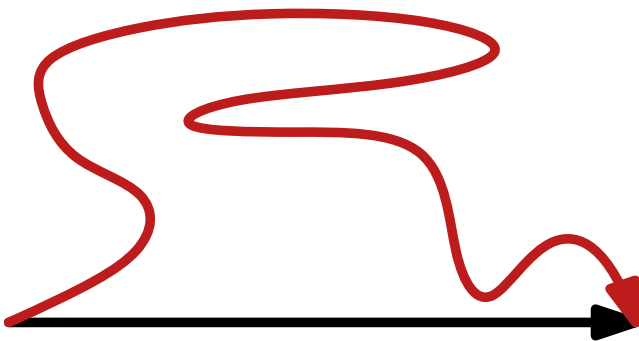


$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$





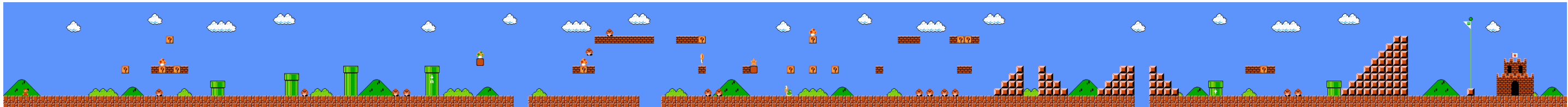
$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



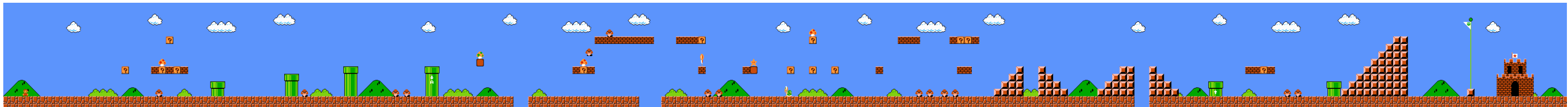
$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



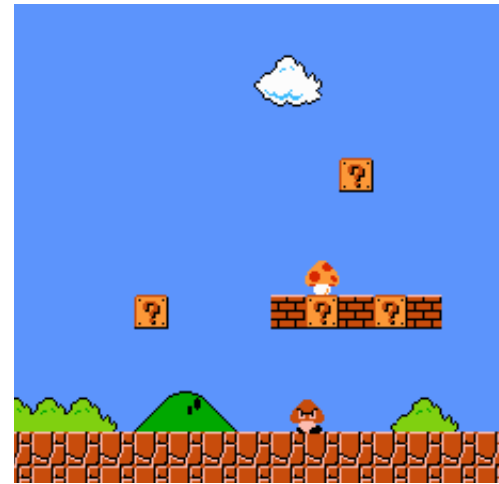
$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



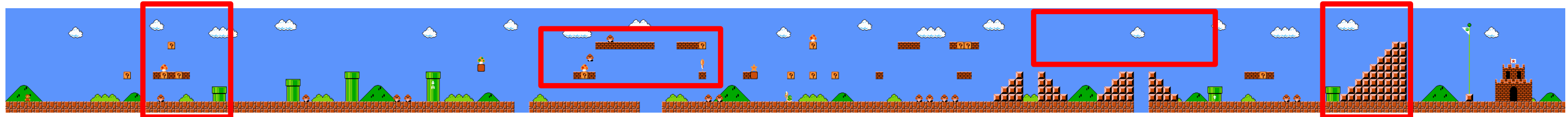
$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



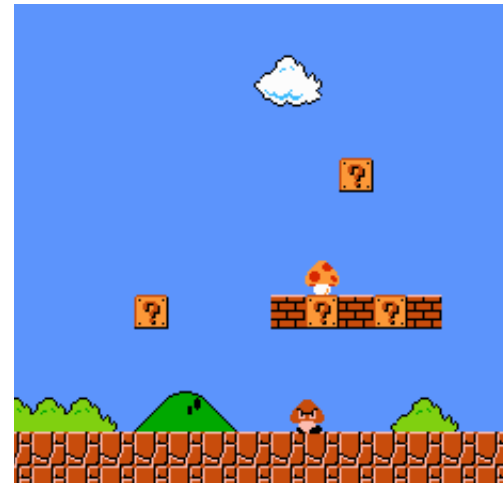
$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



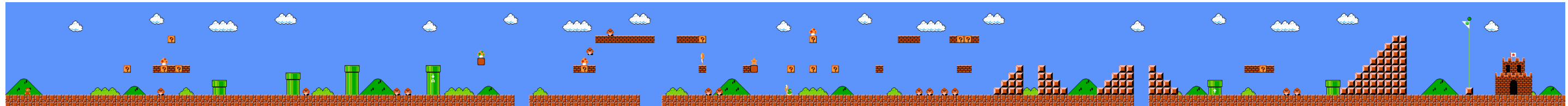
$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



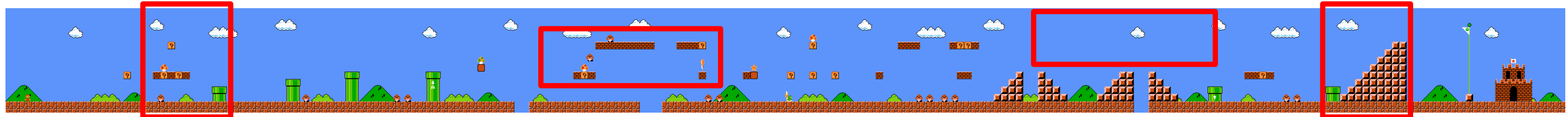
$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$



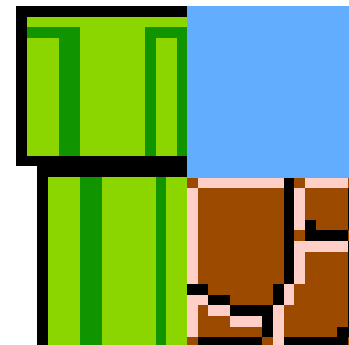
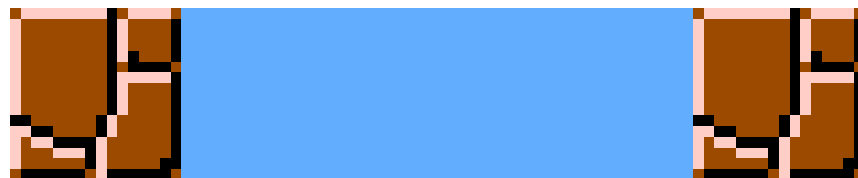
$$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$$

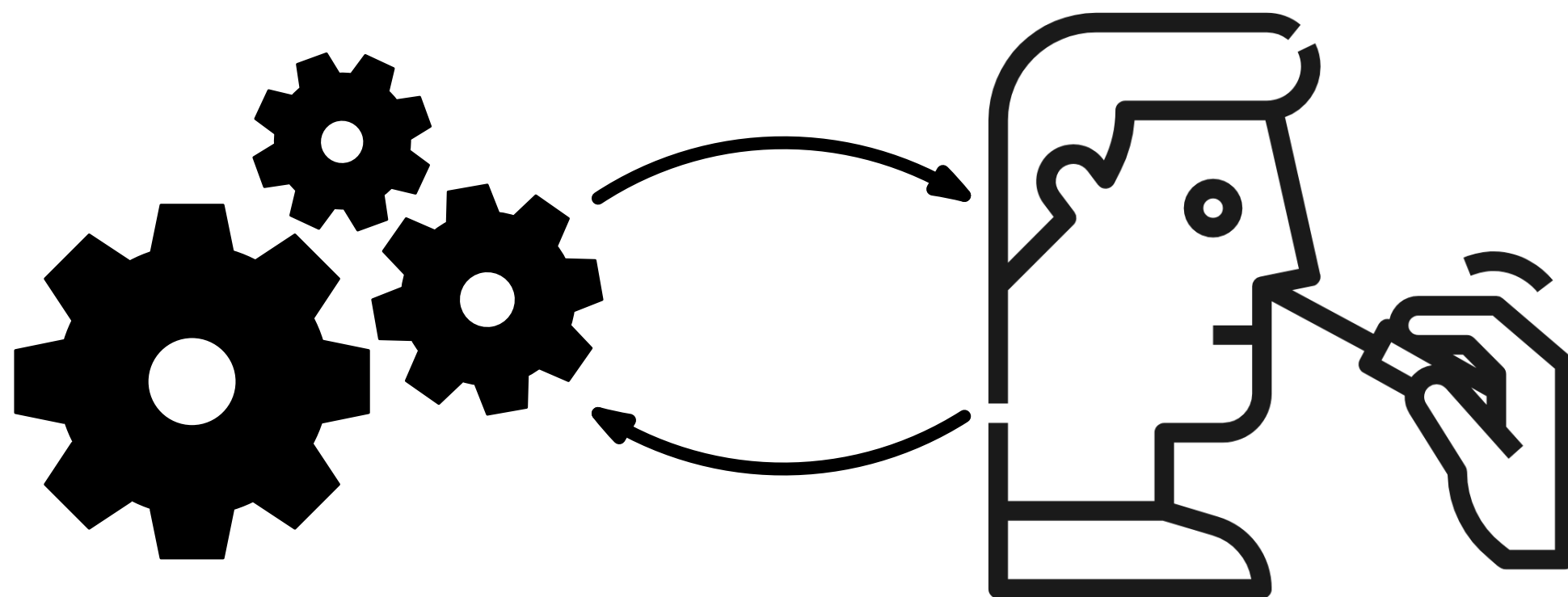


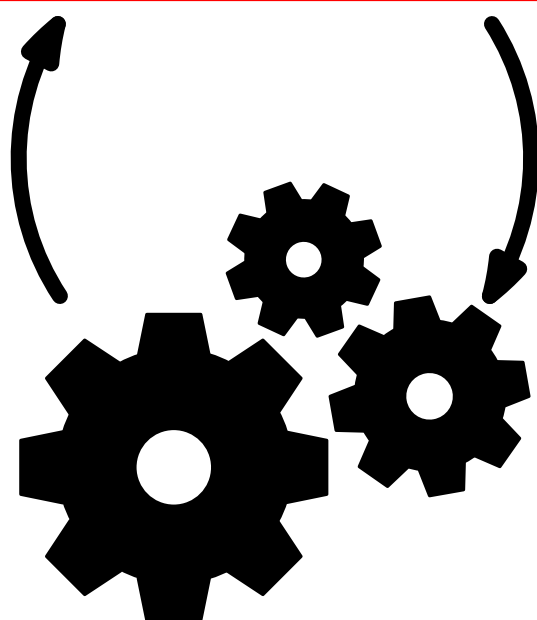
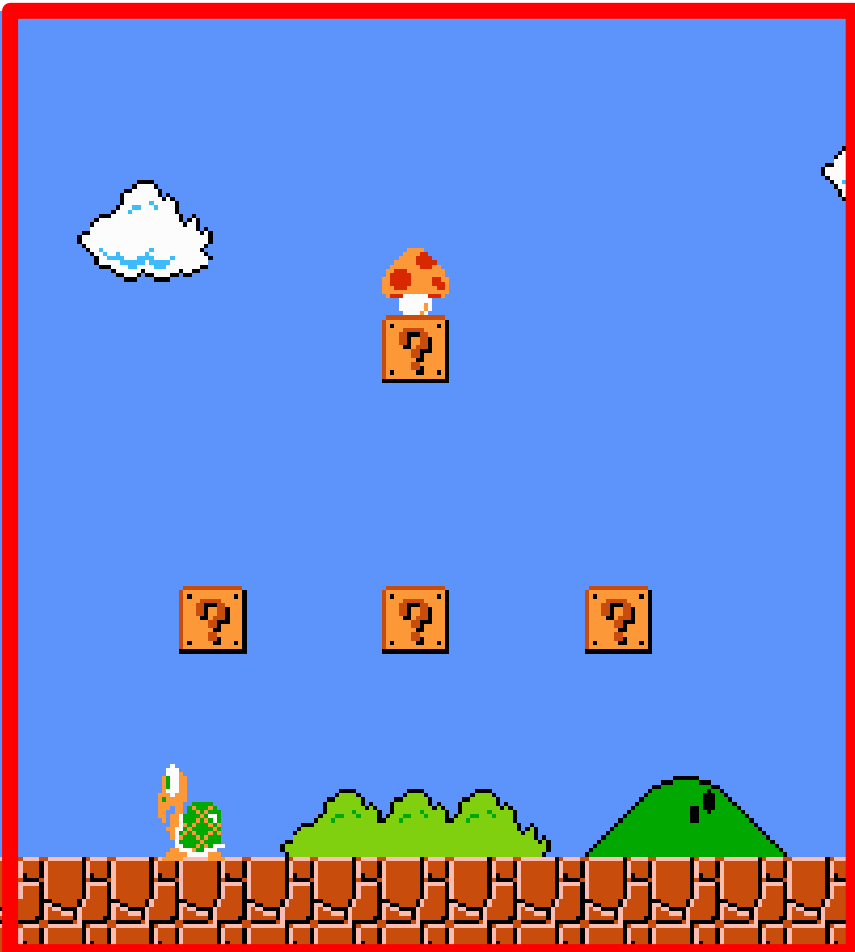
$$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$$

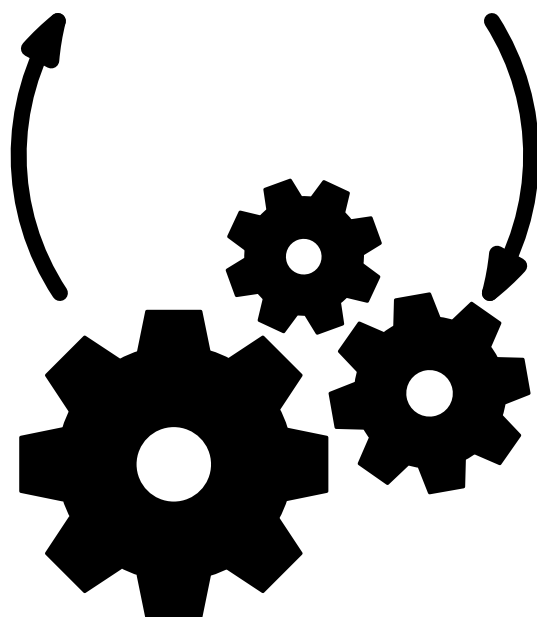
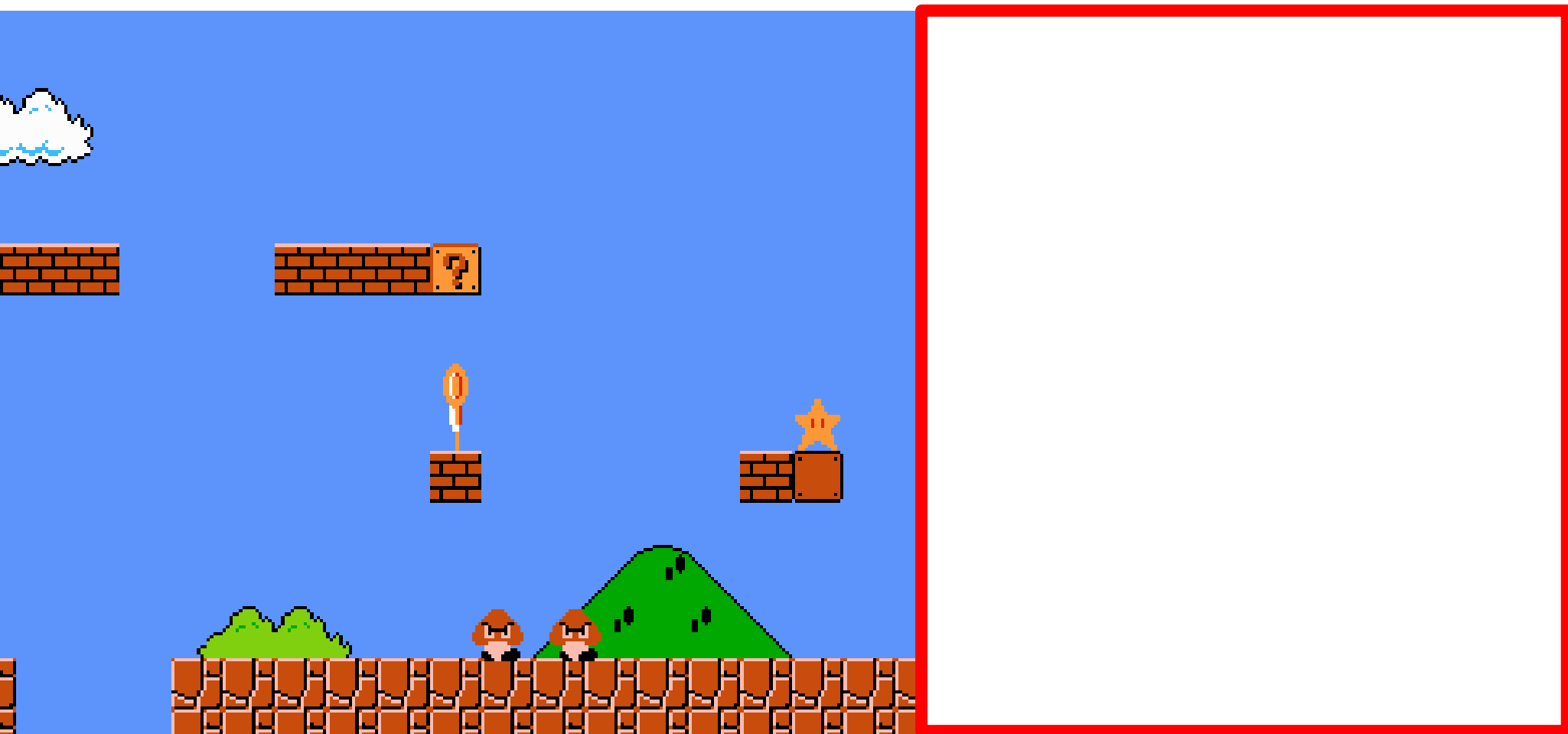


$$\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$$









# Assignment 5

Name two local and two global constraints that we might want to enforce for Mario levels.