

anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_0b276d34e8 (cnf_v1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

example (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)
p4 is false.
p2 is true.
p3 is false or p1 is true.
p3 is false or p4 is true.
p2 is false or p1 is true.

think-high (n=185)



think-high (n=465)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_0b276d34e8 (cnfexample)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

p4 is false.
p2 is true.
p3 is false or p1 is true.
p3 is false or p4 is true.
p2 is false or p1 is true.

think-high (n=185)



think-high (n=465)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_0b276d34e8 (Example)horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

p4 is false.
p2 is true.
p3 is false or p1 is true.
p3 is false or p4 is true.
p2 is false or p1 is true.

think-high (n=185)



think-high (n=465)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_21889a86a3 (cnf_v1) Example (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_21889a86a3 (cnf)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

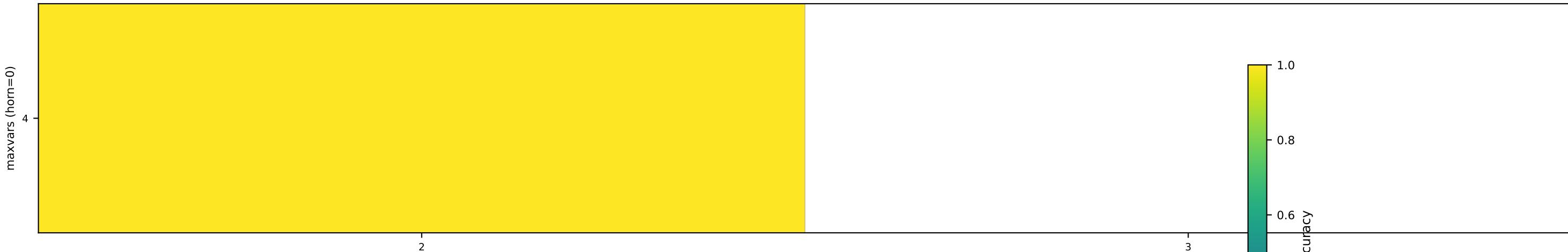
Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

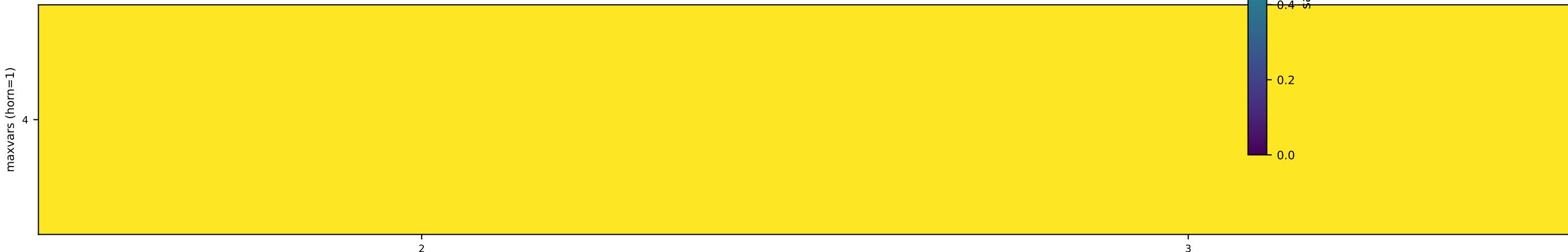
...

example (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)
p4 is false.
p2 is true.
p3 is false or p1 is true.
p3 is false or p4 is true.
p2 is false or p1 is true.

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=29)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_21889a86a3 (Example) (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

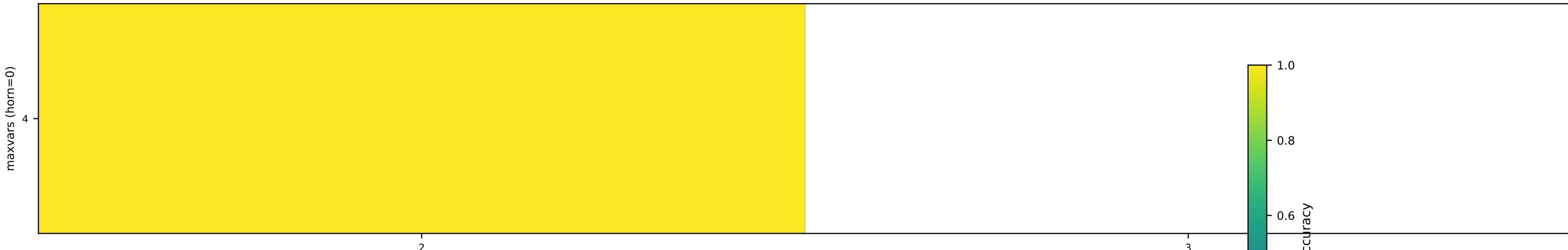
Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

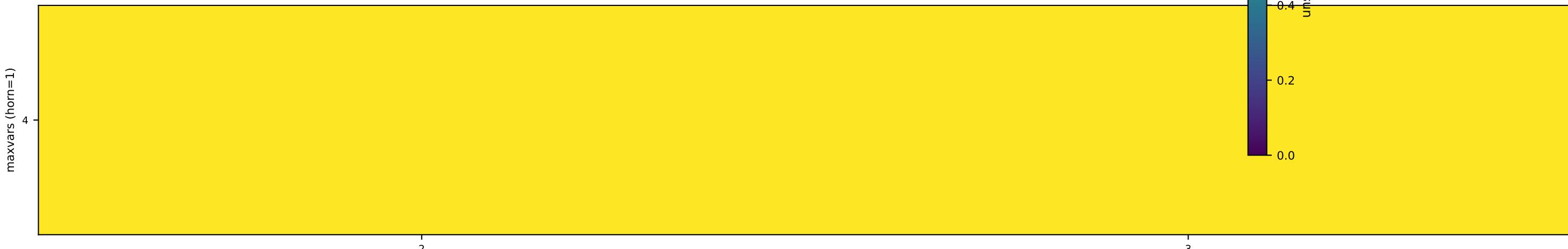
...

p4 is false.
p2 is true.
p3 is false or p1 is true.
p3 is false or p4 is true.
p2 is false or p1 is true.

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=29)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_2376d1fca7 (horn_if_then)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Unified answer rule (mixed cases)

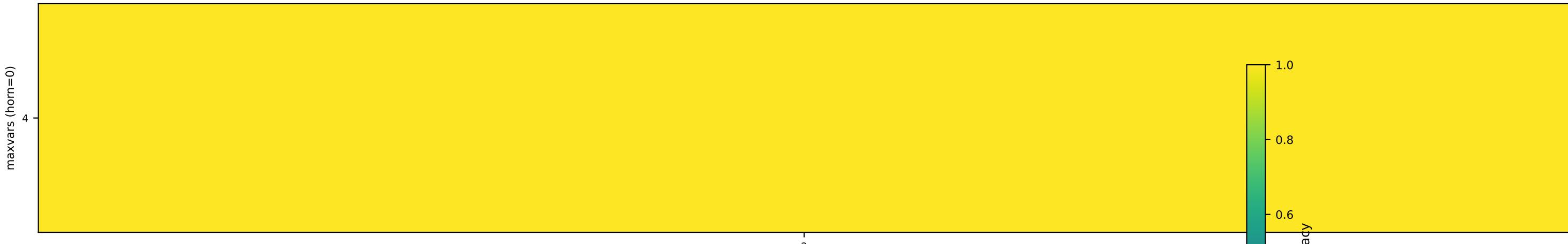
- Regardless of how the statements are rendered, output only a final single word: "yes" if p0 is derivable OR the set is a contradiction; otherwise "no".

Do not output any other words.

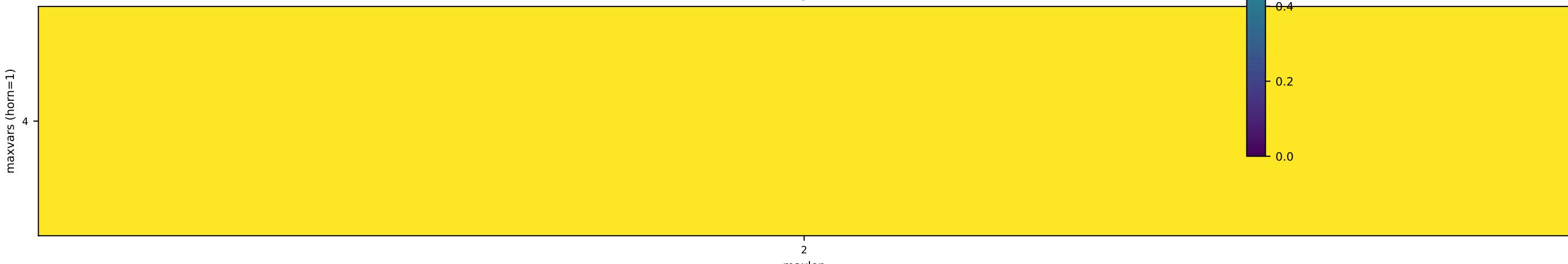
...

Example (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)
If p4 then p0.
p2.
if p3 then p1.
if p3 then p4.
if p2 then p1.

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=4)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_2376d1fca7 (horn=n=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

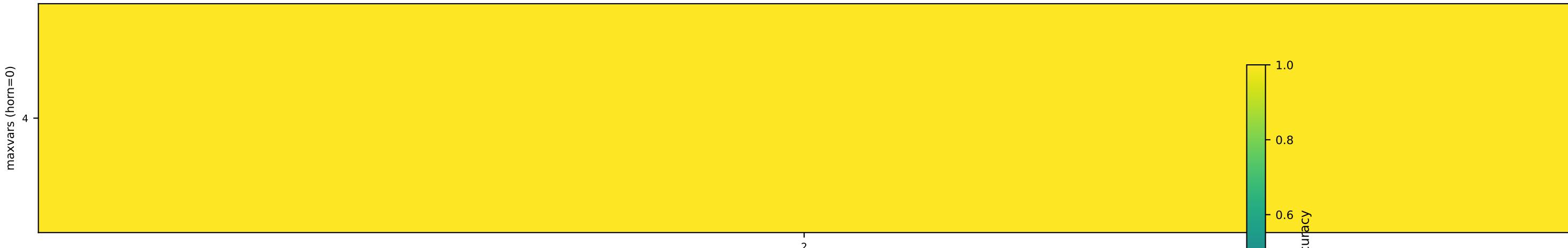
Unified answer rule (mixed cases)

- Regardless of how the statements are rendered, output only a final single word: "yes" if p0 is derivable OR the set is a contradiction; otherwise "no".
- Do not output any other words.

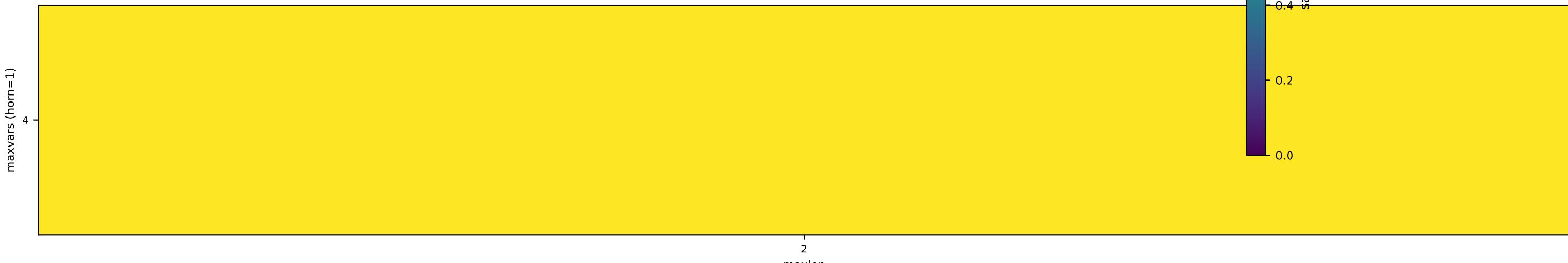
...

```
maxvars(horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)
if p4 then p0.
p2.
if p3 then p1.
if p3 then p4.
if p2 then p1.
```

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=4)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_2376d1fca7 (Form if (then), low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

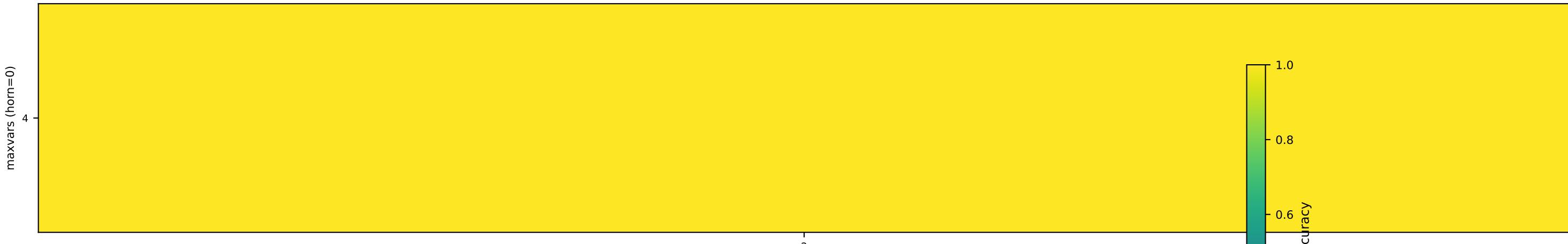
Unified answer rule (mixed cases)

- Regardless of how the statements are rendered, output only a final single word: "yes" if p0 is derivable OR the set is a contradiction; otherwise "no".
- Do not output any other words.

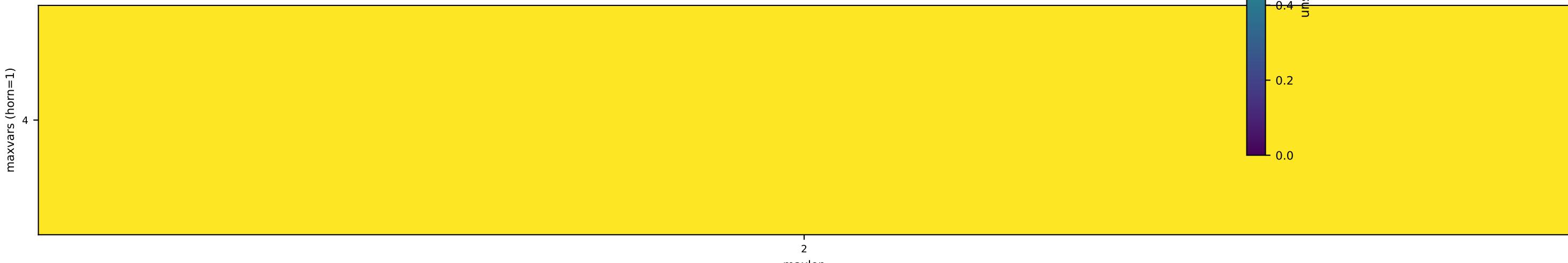
...

```
if p4 then p0.  
p2.  
if p3 then p1.  
if p3 then p4.  
if p2 then p1.
```

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=4)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_2e9c5ccddf (cnf_v2) Example (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

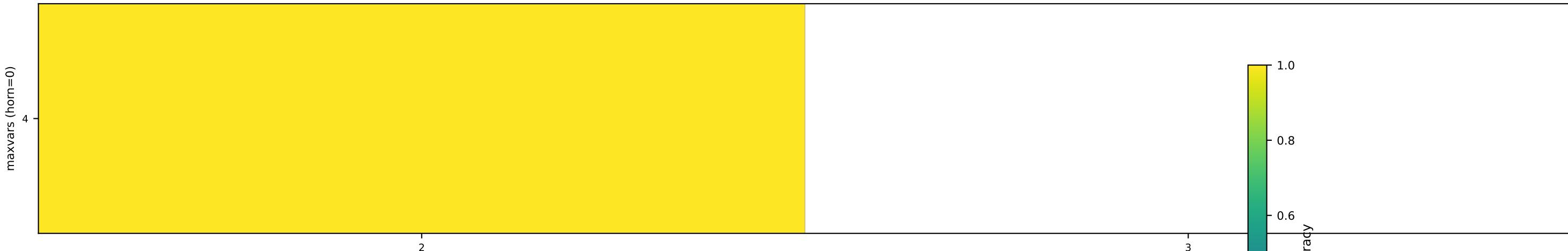
Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

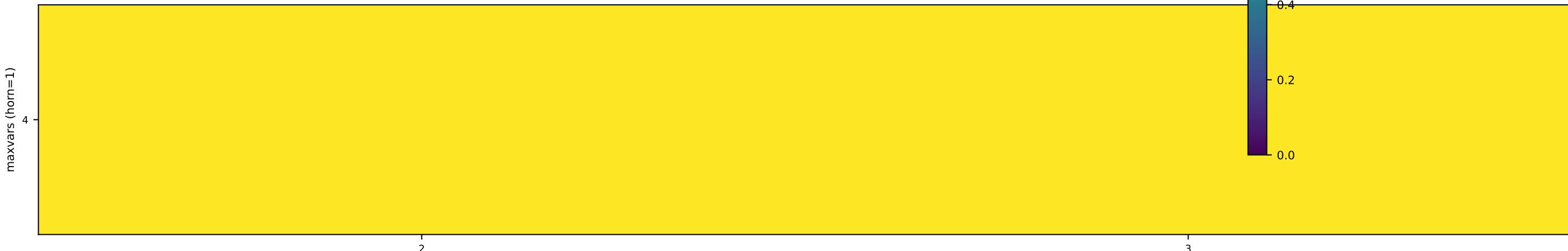
...

not(p4).
p2.
not(p3) or p1.
not(p3) or p4.
not(p2) or p1.

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=24)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_2e9c5ccddf (cnf)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

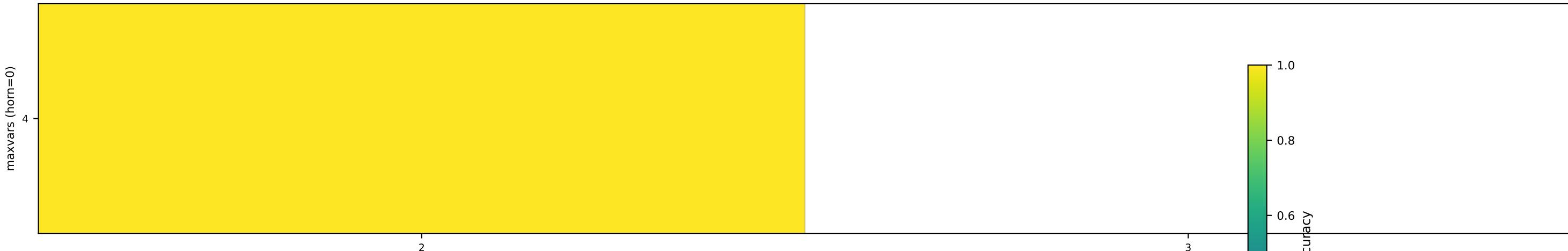
- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

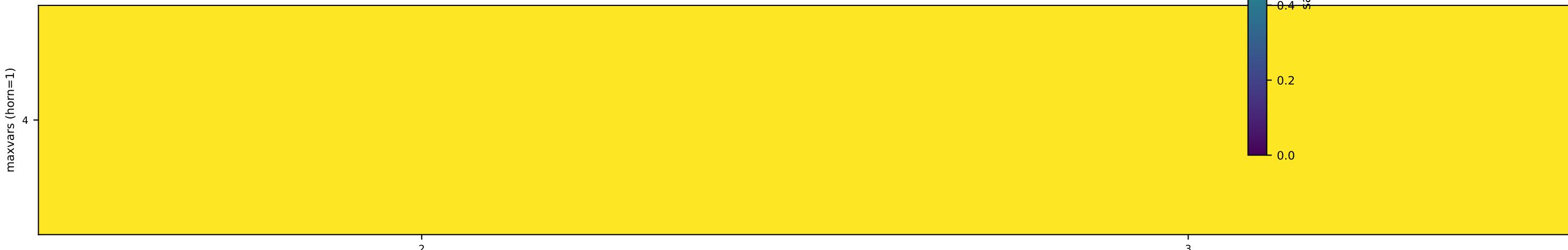
Example (horn=1, low, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

not(p4).
p2.
not(p3) or p1.
not(p3) or p4.
not(p2) or p1.

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=24)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_2e9c5ccddf (example) (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

Example

(horn=1)

not(p4).

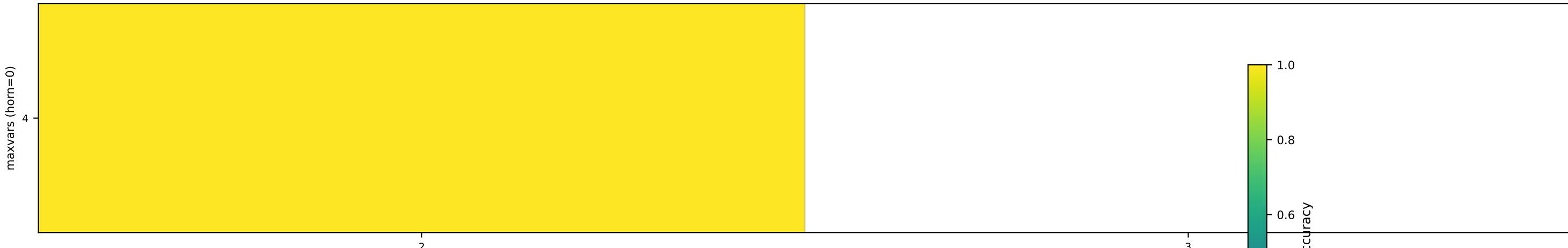
p2.

not(p3) or p1.

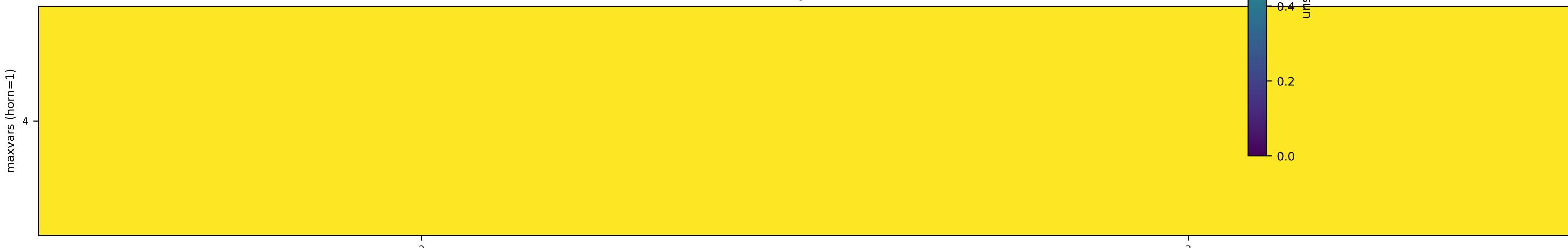
not(p3) or p4.

not(p2) or p1.

think-high (n=4)



think-high (n=24)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_62ba908560 (horn_if_explain)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

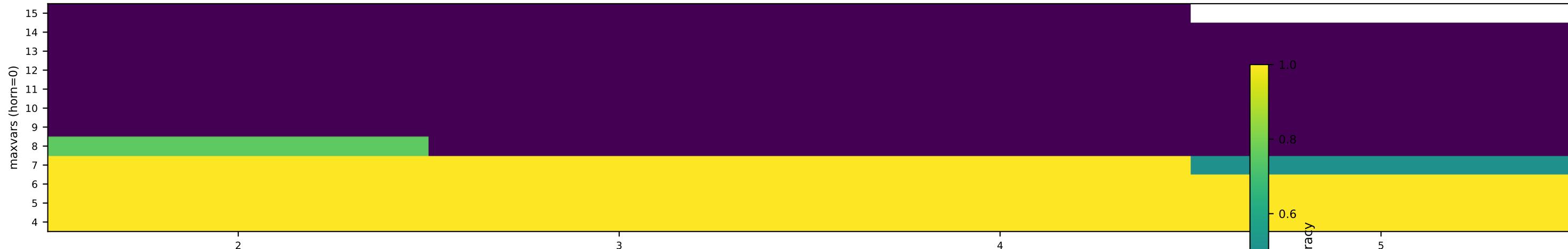
Unified answer rule (mixed cases)

- Regardless of how the statements are rendered, output only a final single word: "yes" if p0 is derivable OR the set is a contradiction; otherwise "no".
- Do not output any other words.

...

```
if p4 then p0.  
p2.  
if p3 then p1.  
if p3 then p4.  
if p2 then p1.
```

think-high (n=189)



think-high (n=194)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_62ba908560 (horn=0)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Unified answer rule (mixed cases)

- Regardless of how the statements are rendered, output only a final single word: "yes" if p0 is derivable OR the set is a contradiction; otherwise "no".
- Do not output any other words.

...

Example (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)
if p4 then p0.
p2.
if p3 then p1.
if p3 then p4.
if p2 then p1.

think-high (n=189)



think-high (n=194)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_62ba908560 (horn if then) low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Unified answer rule (mixed cases)

- Regardless of how the statements are rendered, output only a final single word: "yes" if p0 is derivable OR the set is a contradiction; otherwise "no".
- Do not output any other words.

...

```
if p4 then p0.  
p2.  
if p3 then p1.  
if p3 then p4.  
if p2 then p1.
```

think-high (n=189)



think-high (n=194)

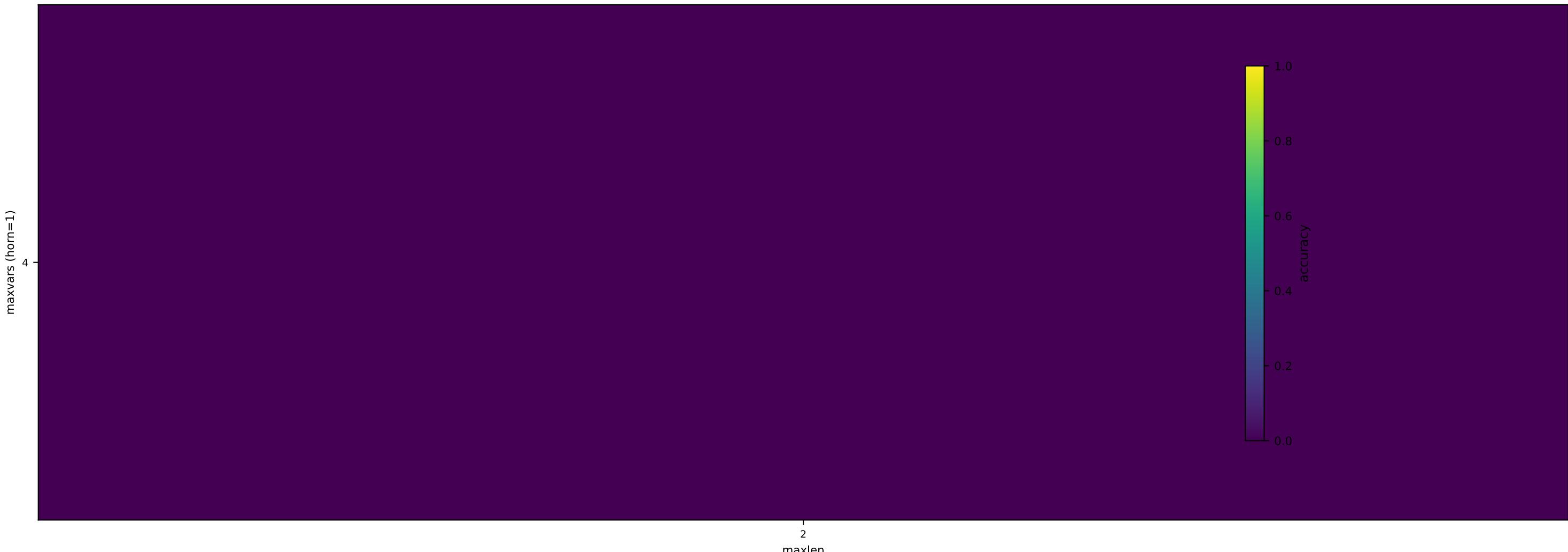


anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_73ecab0579 (horn_if_true) statements:
(no example statements found)

prompt_template= | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:
(no instruction text found)

think-high (n=3)

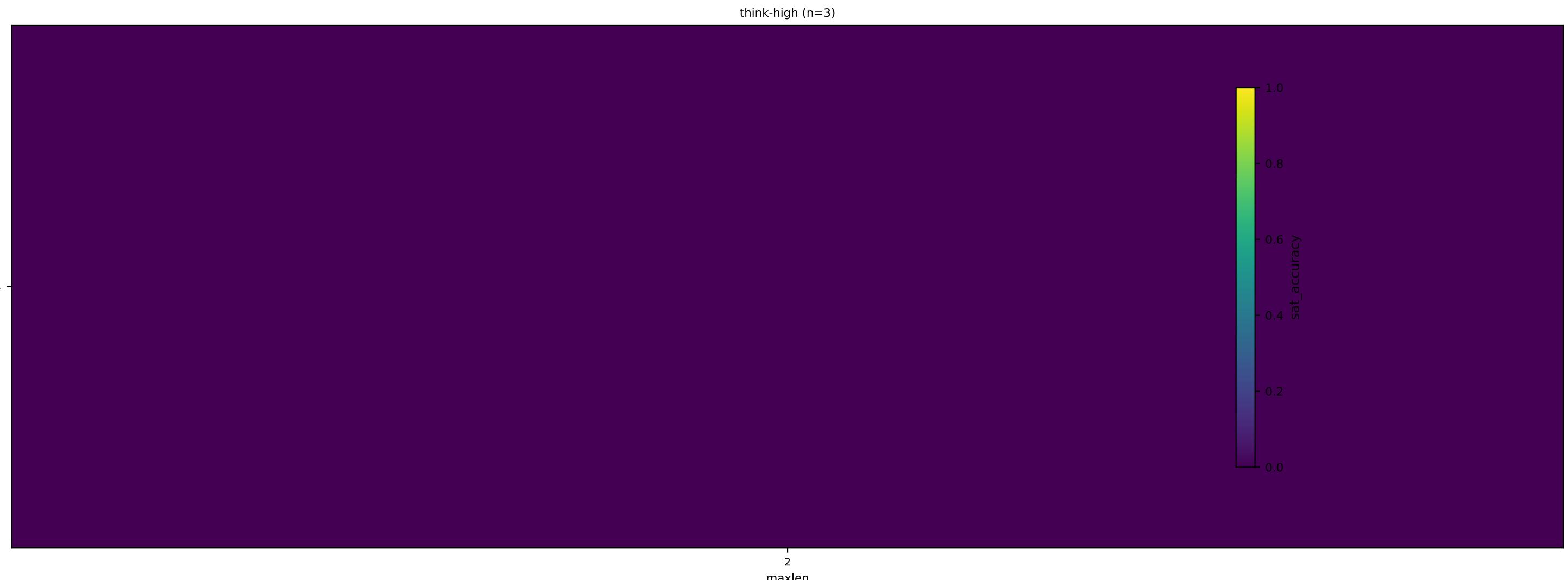


anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_73ecab0579 (horn=1)

Example statements:
(no example statements found)

prompt_template= | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:
(no instruction text found)



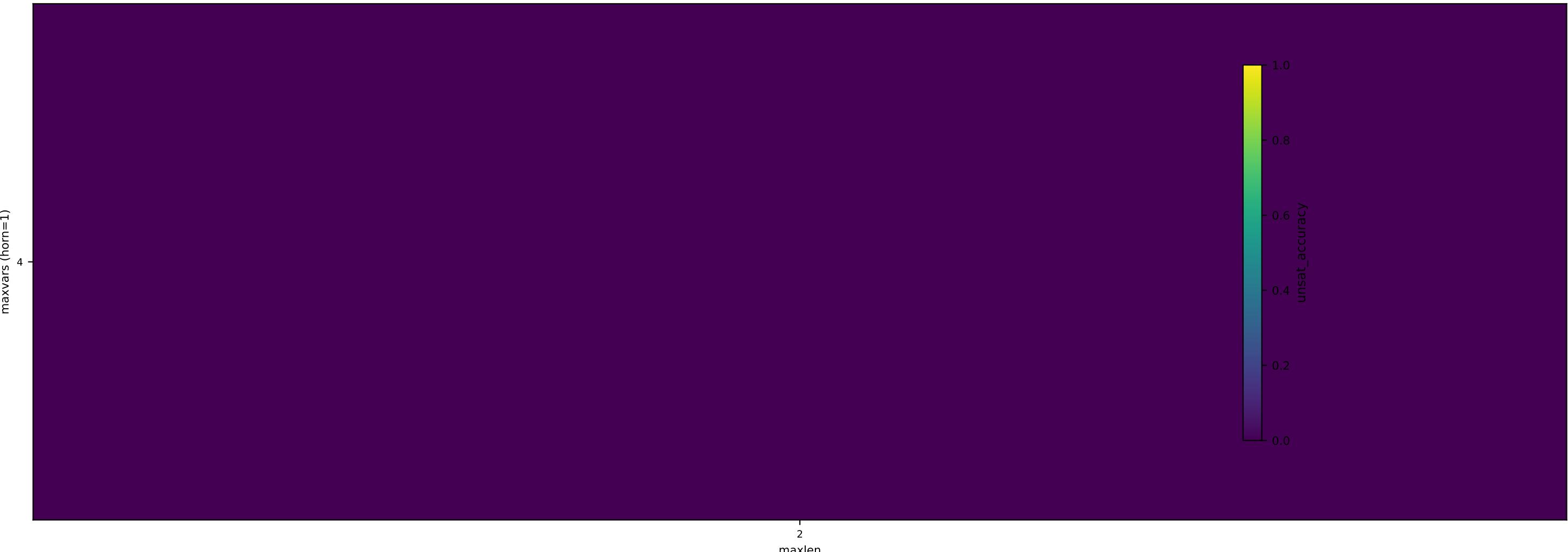
anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_73ecab0579 (horn_if_then)

(no example statements found)

prompt_template= | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:
(no instruction text found)

think-high (n=3)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_7b28aa32dc (horn_if_then) (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Horn answer rule

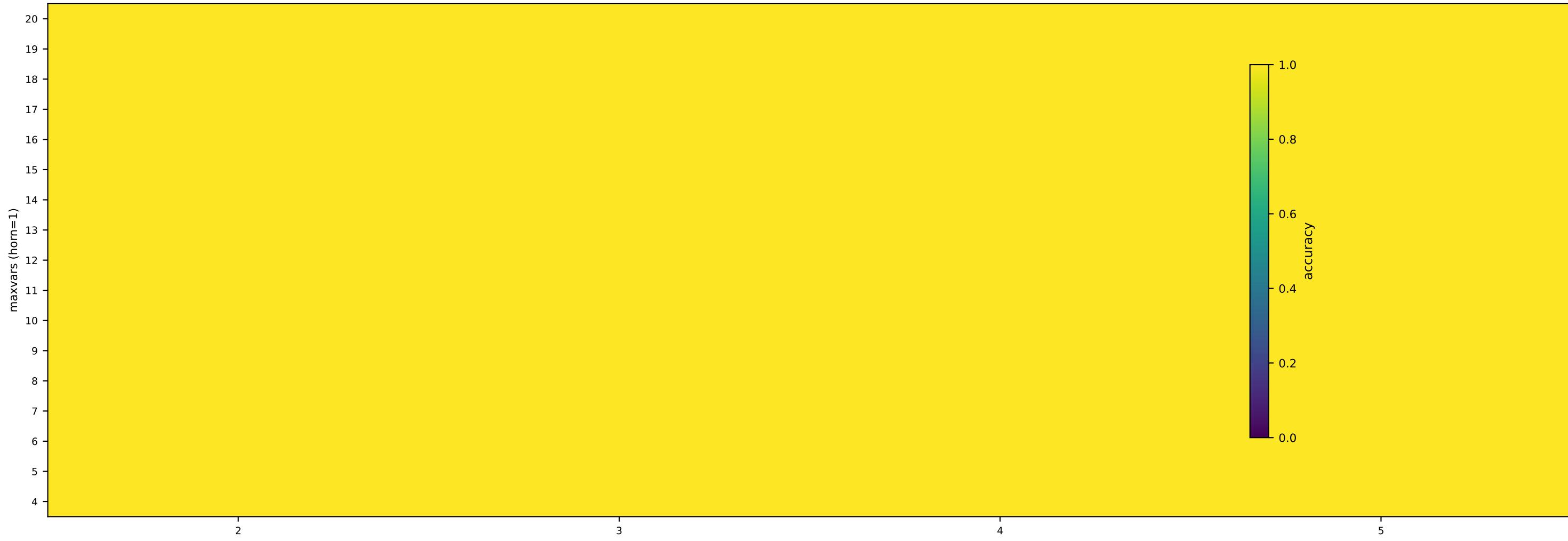
- Output ONLY a single final word: "yes" if p0 is derivable, otherwise "no".

Do not output any other words.

...

```
if p4 then p0.  
p2.  
if p3 then p1.  
if p3 then p4.  
if p2 then p1.
```

think-high (n=277)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_7b28aa32dc (horn=high)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

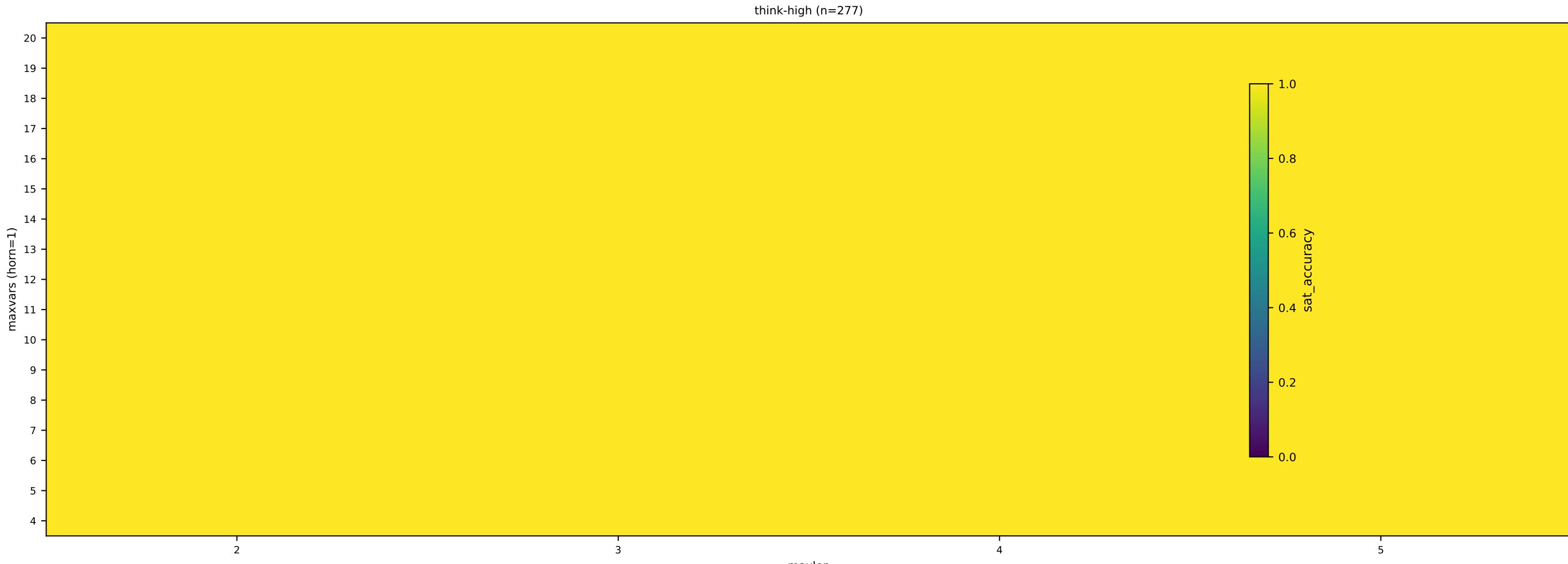
Horn answer rule

- Output ONLY a single final word: "yes" if p0 is derivable, otherwise "no".

Do not output any other words.

...

```
if p4 then p0.  
p2.  
if p3 then p1.  
if p3 then p4.  
if p2 then p1.
```



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_7b28aa32dc (horn_if_then), low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Horn answer rule

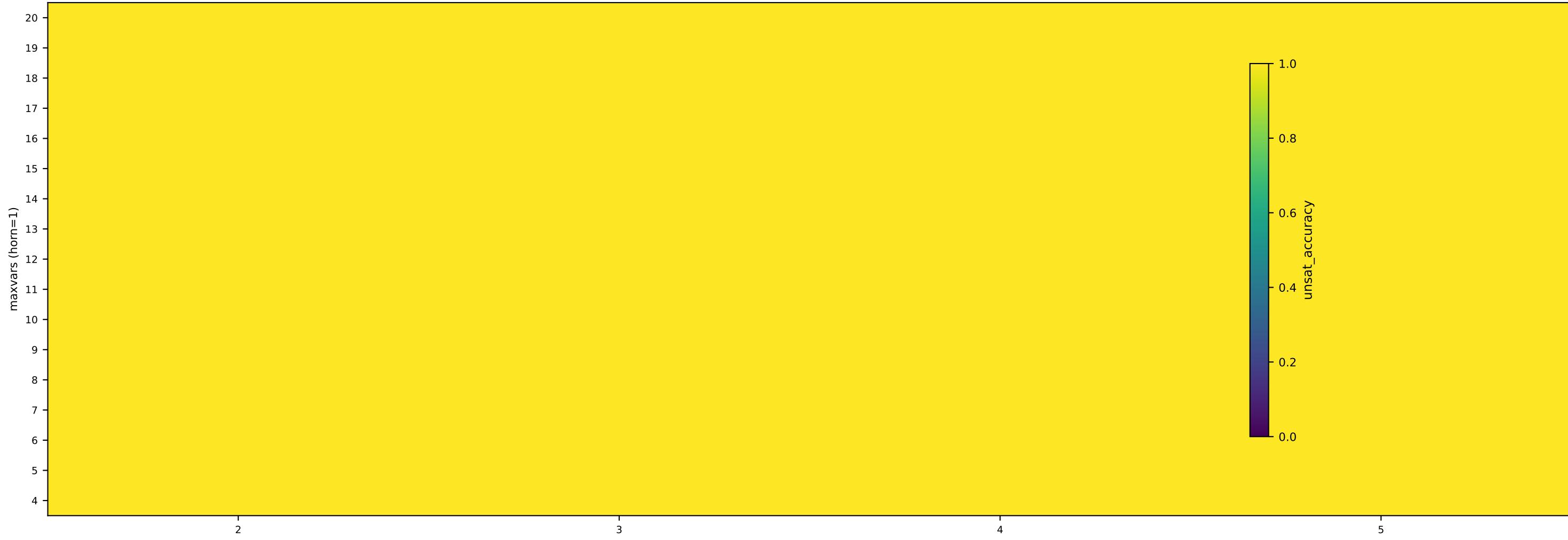
- Output ONLY a single final word: "yes" if p0 is derivable, otherwise "no".

Do not output any other words.

...

```
if p4 then p0.  
p2.  
if p3 then p1.  
if p3 then p4.  
if p2 then p1.
```

think-high (n=277)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_83b02d3a05 (cnf_v1)

prompt_template=prompts/exp1_cnf_v1_contradiction.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a problem in propositional logic.

You will get a list of statements and have to determine whether the statements form a logical contradiction or not.

If the statements form a contradiction, the last word of your answer should be 'contradiction', otherwise the last word should be either 'satisfiable' or 'unknown'.

Propositional variables are represented as 'pN' where N is a number. They are either true or false.

'X or Y' means that X is true or Y is true or both X and Y are true.

All the given statements are implicitly connected with 'and': they are all claimed to be true.

...

Example (horn=1, low, maxvars=10, maxlen=3, satflag=1)

p1 is true. p1 is false or p2 is true. p2 is false. Answer: contradiction.

Example 2. Statements: p1 is true. p1 is true or p2 is true. p2 is false.

Answer: satisfiable.

Statements:

p2 is true.

p4 is true.

p10 is false or p2 is true.

p10 is false or p4 is true.

p9 is false or p1 is false.

p9 is false or p1 is true.

p8 is false or p2 is true.

p8 is false or p4 is true.

...

no_thinking_tag (n=5)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_83b02d3a05 (cnfexample (horn=1, low, maxvars=10, maxlen=3, satflag=1))

prompt_template=prompts/exp1_cnf_v1_contradiction.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a problem in propositional logic.

You will get a list of statements and have to determine whether the statements form a logical contradiction or not.

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...

p1 is true. p1 is false or p2 is true. p2 is false. Answer: contradiction.

Example 2. Statements: p1 is true. p1 is true or p2 is true. p2 is false. Answer: satisfiable.

Statements:

p2 is true.

p4 is true.

p10 is false or p2 is true.

p10 is false or p4 is true.

p9 is false or p1 is false.

p9 is false or p1 is true.

p8 is false or p2 is true.

p8 is false or p4 is true.

...

no_thinking_tag (n=5)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_83b02d3a05 (Example)horn=1, low, maxvars=10, maxlen=3, satflag=1

prompt_template=prompts/exp1_cnf_v1_contradiction.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a problem in propositional logic.
You will get a list of statements and have to determine whether the statements form a logical contradiction or not.
If the statements form a contradiction, the last word of your answer should be 'contradiction', otherwise the last word should be either 'satisfiable' or 'unknown'.

Propositional variables are represented as 'pN' where N is a number. They are either true or false.

'X or Y' means that X is true or Y is true or both X and Y are true.

All the given statements are implicitly connected with 'and': they are all claimed to be true.

...

Example 1. Statements:
p1 is true. p1 is false or p2 is true. p2 is false. Answer: contradiction.
Example 2. Statements: p1 is true. p1 is true or p2 is true. p2 is false. Answer: satisfiable.

Statements:

p2 is true.
p4 is true.
p10 is false or p2 is true.
p10 is false or p4 is true.
p9 is false or p1 is false.
p9 is false or p1 is true.
p8 is false or p2 is true.
p8 is false or p4 is true.
...

no_thinking_tag (n=5)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_c012d6f2e6 (cnf_v2) Example (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

not(p4).

p2.

not(p3) or p1.

not(p3) or p4.

not(p2) or p1.

think-high (n=193)



think-high (n=473)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_c012d6f2e6 (cnfExample (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1))

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
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Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

not(p4).
p2.
not(p3) or p1.
not(p3) or p4.
not(p2) or p1.

think-high (n=193)



think-high (n=473)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_c012d6f2e6 (Example)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=contradiction

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

Example

(horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

not(p4).

p2.

not(p3) or p1.

not(p3) or p4.

not(p2) or p1.

think-high (n=193)



think-high (n=473)



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — accuracy — prompt_c1b2be97aa (horn_ifExtreme) (horn=1, low, maxvars=4, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

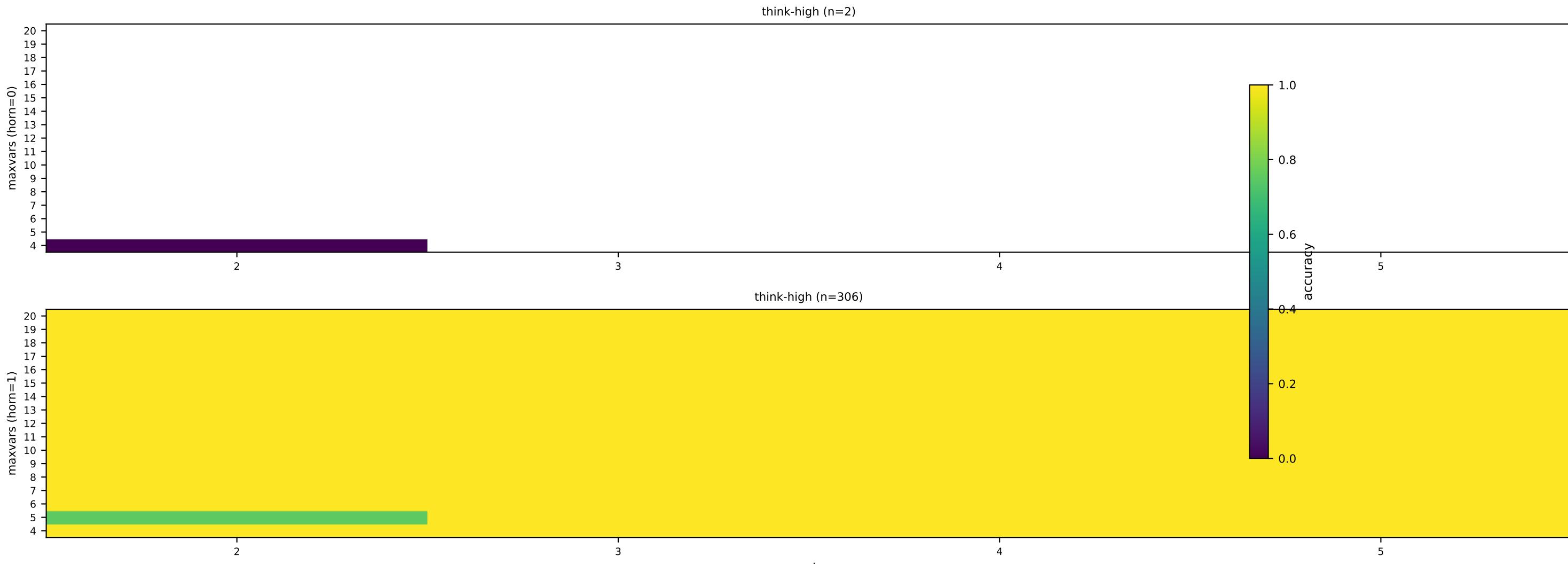
Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — sat_accuracy — prompt_c1b2be97aa (horn=0)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

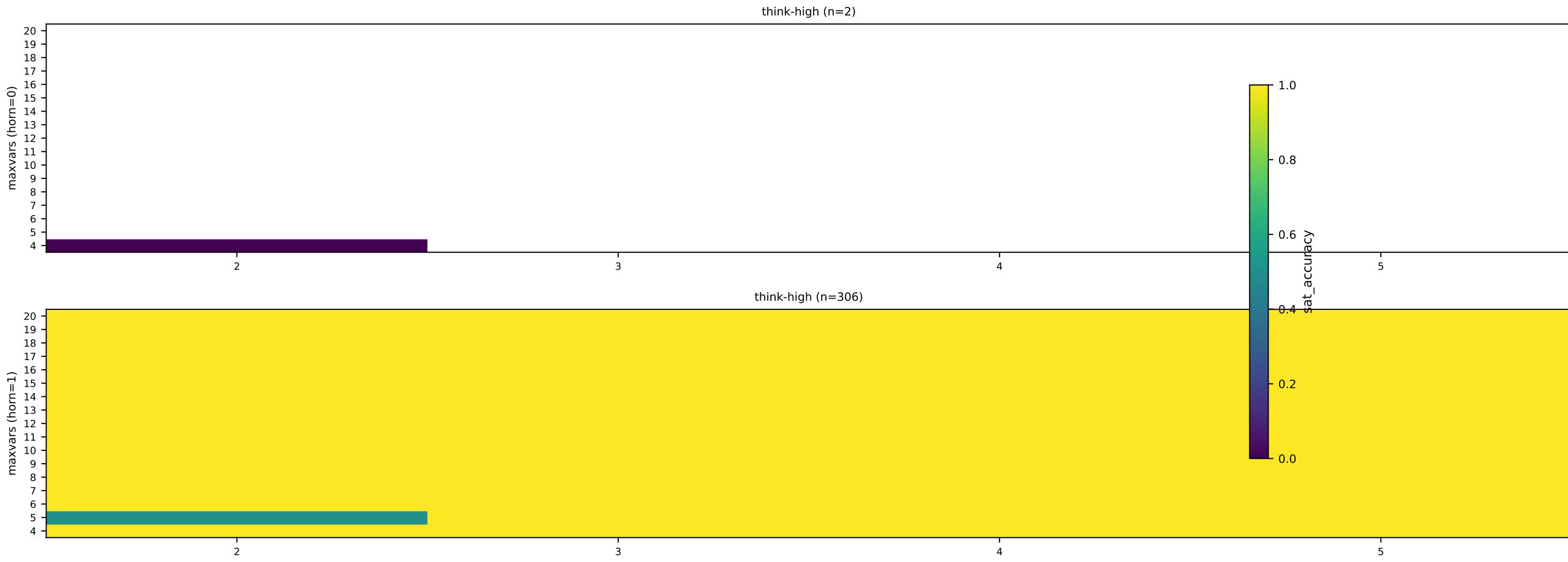
- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

```
if p1 then p0.  
if p4 then p0.  
p2.  
if p3 then p1.  
if p3 then p4.  
if p2 then p1.
```



anthropic/clause-sonnet-4-5-20250929 — unsat_accuracy — prompt_c1b2be97aa (horn=0, maxlen=2, maxlen=2, satflag=1)

prompt_template=prompts/_template_unified.j2 | parse_family=yes_no

Instruction excerpt:

Your task is to solve a propositional logic problem.

Choose the appropriate interpretation based on how the statements are rendered below.

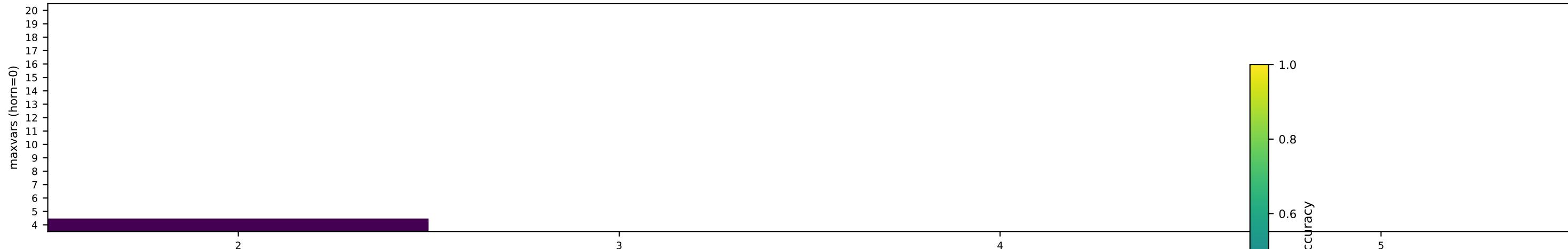
- If you see facts like "p1." and rules like "if p2 and p3 then p4.", treat them as Horn facts and implications, and determine whether p0 can be derived.
- If you see disjunctions like "p1 is true or p2 is false." or compact forms like "p1 or not(p2).", treat them as CNF clauses, and determine whether the set is a contradiction (unsatisfiable) or satisfiable.

Conventions

- Propositional variables are written as pN, where N is a number.
- All statements are jointly assumed true (conjoined).

...

think-high (n=2)



think-high (n=306)

