

James Cross - Assignment 02 Task 2

Pre. Setting up

`cross_task2exercises.ipynb` shows the commands used to create `parsed_place` from the chapter.

1. Find the 95th percentile of earthquake magnitude in Japan using the mb magnitude type

Only used data that matches `parsed_place == Japan` and `magType == mb`. From that data, take the `mag` column and use the `quantile` option to find 0.95.

```
df[(df.parsed_place == 'Japan')
    & (df.magType == 'mb')].mag.quantile(0.95)

...mag.describe(percentiles=[0.95]) can also be used to find the same
data.
```

Output

4.9

2. Find the percentage of earthquakes in Indonesia that were coupled with tsunamis

Find the number of Indonesia + Tsunami earthquakes, divided by number of Indonesia earthquakes

```
per = (df[(df['parsed_place'] == 'Indonesia')
          & (df['tsunami'] == True)].shape[0]
       / df[df['parsed_place'] == 'Indonesia'].shape[0])
f"{per:.2%}"
```

Output

'23.13%'

3. Calculate summary statistics for earthquakes in Nevada

`describe` gives summary info of columns

```
df[df.parsed_place == 'Nevada'].describe(include='all')
```

Output

```
# Theres a lot of stuff here, its in the .ipynb
```

4. Add a column indicating whether the earthquake happened in a country or US state that is on the Ring of Fire

Use Alaska, Antarctica (look for Antarctic), Bolivia, California, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Fiji, Guatemala, Indonesia, Japan, Kermadec Islands, Mexico (be careful not to select New Mexico), New Zealand, Peru, Philippines, Russia, Taiwan, Tonga, and Washington

```
ring_of_fire = ['Alaska', 'Antarctic', 'Bolivia', 'California', 'Canada', 'Chile', 'Costa Rica', 'Ecuador', 'Fiji', 'Guatemala', 'Indonesia', 'Japan', 'Kermadec Islands', '(?!New\s)Mexico', 'New Zealand', 'Peru', 'Philippines', 'Russia', 'Taiwan', 'Tonga', 'Washington']

df['ring_of_fire'] = df.parsed_place.str.contains(r'|'.join(ring_of_fire), case=False, regex=True)

df.ring_of_fire.value_counts()
```

Output

```
True      7188
False     2144
Name: ring_of_fire, dtype: int64
```

5. Calculate the number of earthquakes in the Ring of Fire locations and the number outside of them

Booleans are 1 for True and 0 for False, so getting a sum works

```
print(f"inside of RoF: {df['ring_of_fire'].sum()}")
print(f"outside of RoF: {len(df) - df['ring_of_fire'].sum()}")
```

This is probably the smarter way :)

```
df.ring_of_fire.value_counts()
```

Output

```
inside of RoF: 7188
outside of RoF: 2144
```

```
True      7188
```

```
False      2144  
Name: ring_of_fire, dtype: int64
```

6. Find the tsunami count along the Ring of Fire

```
df[df['ring_of_fire'] & df['tsunami']].shape[0]
```

Output

```
45
```