James Cross - Assignment 03 Task 02

Refer to cross-chap03-task02.ipynb

Exercise 1

```
import pandas as pd

# Name of each file containing ticker information
files = ['aapl.csv', 'amzn.csv', 'fb.csv', 'goog.csv', 'nflx.csv']

faang = pd.DataFrame()

for file in files:
    # to create the ticker symbol, split filename at the '.' and uppercase it
    ticker = file.split('.')[0].upper()
    # path is relative to ch_03
    df = pd.read_csv(f'./exercises/{file}')
    # create ticker column in each csv/df
    df['ticker'] = ticker
    faang = faang.append(df)

faang.to_csv('faang.csv', index=False)
```

Exercise 2

```
# change datatype of date to datetime
faang['date'] = pd.to_datetime(faang['date'])
# change datatype of volume to int
faang['volume'] = faang['volume'].astype(int)
# sort by date first, then by ticker
faang = faang.sort_values(by=['date', 'ticker'])
```

Running faang.dtypes before and after these changes shows the updates. date goes from 'object' to 'datatime64' and volume goes from 'float64' to 'int32'.

Exercise 3

```
faang.nsmallest(7, 'volume')
output:
```

```
date
                high
                                                     close
                                                                  volume
                                                                              ticker
                            low
                                         open
126 2018-07-03
                1135.819946 1100.020020 1135.819946 1102.890015 679000.0
                                                                              GOOG
226 2018-11-23
                1037.589966 1022.398987 1030.000000 1023.880005 691500.0
                                                                              GOOG
   2018-05-24
                1080.469971 1066.150024 1079.000000 1079.239990 766800.0
                                                                              GOOG
130 2018-07-10
                1159.589966 1149.589966 1156.979980 1152.839966 798400.0
                                                                              GOOG
                1255.541992 1246.010010 1249.900024 1249.099976 848600.0
152 2018-08-09
                                                                              GOOG
                1211.000000 1194.625977 1205.020020 1207.770020 870800.0
159 2018-08-20
                                                                              GOOG
                1211.839966 1199.000000 1200.000000 1207.329956 887400.0
161 2018-08-22
                                                                              GOOG
```

Exercise 4

```
faang_melted = faang.melt(id_vars=['date', 'ticker'],
                           value_vars=['open', 'high', 'low', 'close', 'volume'],
                           var name='stock')
faang_melted.head(3)
    date
                ticker
                         stock
                                 value
0
    2018-01-02
                AAPL
                         open
                                  42.540001
    2018-01-02
                AMZN
                                  1172.000000
1
                         open
    2018-01-02
                         open
                                 177.679993
# the other points in the 'melted' data can be view like this:
faang_melted[faang_melted['stock'] == 'high'].head(3)
                     ticker
                             stock
                                      value
        date
1255
        2018-01-02
                     AAPL
                                      43.075001
                             high
1256
        2018-01-02
                                      1190.000000
                     AMZN
                             high
1257
        2018-01-02
                    FΒ
                             high
                                      181.580002
```

Exercise 5

We can try to confirm if there was a glitch by finding a different source of the data to see if it correlates with what we have. If we know that July 26th was the only day that the glitch occured on, we could possibly modify the data to be the average of the surrounding dates, so that it eliminates possible outliers.

```
faang[faang['date'] == '2018-07-25']
faang[faang['date'] == '2018-07-26']
faang[faang['date'] == '2018-07-27']
```

The data shows that Facebook stock price crashed on that day and stuck there for at least the next day. Finding a matching reason for that crash (earnings report, etc) would be a helpful note to make.

Exercise 6

```
# read covid19 case.csv
covid = pd.read_csv('./exercises/covid19_cases.csv')
# create date column
covid['date'] = pd.to_datetime(covid['dateRep'])
# set index to date and sort by index
covid = covid.set_index('date')
covid = covid.sort_index()
# replace United States with USA and United Kingdom with UK
covid = covid.replace({"United_States_of_America": "USA", "United_Kingdom": "UK"})
# make a new df with list of countries (below)
country_list = ['Argentina', 'Brazil', 'China', 'Colombia', 'India', 'Italy', 'Mexico', 'Per
covid_short = covid[covid['countriesAndTerritories'].isin(country_list)]
 In [54]: covid = covid.replace({"United_States_of_America": "USA", "United_Kingdom": "UK"})
country_list = ['Argentina', 'Brazil', 'China', 'Colombia', 'India', 'Italy', 'Mexico', 'Peru', 'Russia', 'Spain', 'Turkey', 'UK'
covid_short = covid[covid['countriesAndTerritories'].isin(country_list)]
covid_short.head(s)
 Out[54]:
             dateRep day month year cases deaths countriesAndTerritories geold countryterritoryCode popData2019 continentExp Cumulative_number_for_f1
        date
        2020-
01-01 01/01/2020 1
                                                                 RUS 145872260.0
        2020-
01-01 01/01/2020 1
                        1 2020
                               0 0
                                                                 GBR 66647112.0
        2020-
01.01 01/01/2020 1 1 2020 0 0
```

Figure 1: part 4 and 5

pivot data around the list of countries

-1.	countries And Territories	Argentina	Brazil	China	Colombia	India	Italy	Mexico	Peru	Russia	Spain	Turkey	UK	USA
	date													
	2020-01-01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2020-01-02	0.0	0.0	2095.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	1.0
	2020-01-03	0.0	1.0	574.0	0.0	0.0	240.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	0.0	12.0	3.0

Figure 2: part 6

Exercise 7

the hint about passing in index_col='cases' was wrong (i think?). cases failed but 'index
total_cases = pd.read_csv('./exercises/covid19_total_cases.csv', index_col='index')

"T" will transpose the data and then it gets sorted by cases total_cases.T.sort_values(by='cases', ascending=False).head(20)