



**KARATINA UNIVERSITY**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**2024/2025 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER REGULAR  
EXAMINATION**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF**

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE WITH EDUCATION,  
BACHELOR OF EDUCATION SCIENCE, BACHELOR  
OF EDUCATION ARTS and BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

**COURSE CODE: MAT 417**

**COURSE TITLE: FLUID MECHANICS II**

**DATE: 17<sup>th</sup> Dec 2024**

**TIME: 12.00noon-2.00pm**

**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

SEE INSIDE

**ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS FROM SECTION B**

**SECTION A**

**QUESTION ONE (30 marks)**

- a) Define the meaning of the following terms
- i. Irrotational flow (2marks)
  - ii. Equipotential lines (2marks)
- b) Given the velocity complex potential  $w(z)$  explain how the velocity components  $(u,v)$  in the  $(x,y)$  directions are obtained. (1mark)
- c) Write down the continuity equation for an incompressible steady flow in three dimensions. (2marks)
- d) State the three main assumptions in the derivation of the D'Alembert's paradox . (3marks)
- e) The stream function for a flow is given by  $\psi = xy$  . Determine
- i. Velocity components in the x and y directions (2marks)
  - ii. The condition for which the flow is irrotational (3marks)
- f) From the continuity equation for an incompressible steady flow show that the stream function satisfies the Laplace equation. (4marks)
- g) Explain the fluid flow dynamics through a Tee- Junction. Make a sketch to support your explanation. (4marks)
- h) Consider a line source of strength  $m$  at  $z = z_1$  where  $\text{Re } z \geq 0$  and the plane  $x = 0$  is a rigid boundary. Show that the image of a line source in a rigid infinite plane is a line source of equal strength. (7marks)

**SECTION B**

**QUESTION TWO (20 marks)**

- a) For a two dimensional irrotational flow, show that the stream function  $\psi$  is harmonic. (5marks)
- b) The velocity distribution for the flow of an incompressible fluid is given by  $u = 3 - x, v = 4 + 2y, w = 2 - z$  . Show that this satisfy the requirements of the continuity equation. (3marks)

- c) The velocity distribution for the flow of a fluid given by  $u = 5x + \frac{x^3}{3}$ ,  $v = -xy - \frac{3y^2}{2}$ . Show that this represents a possible case of rotational flow at the point (-1,2). (4marks)
- d) Given that  $u = x^2 - y^2$  and  $v = -xy$ , determine the stream function. (3marks)
- e) Proof that the curl of velocity is zero for irrotational flow  $\nabla \times \vec{v} = 0$  (5marks)

### **QUESTION THREE (20marks)**

- a) A stream function is given by  $\psi = 5x - 6y$ . determine the following
- Velocity components (2marks)
  - Velocity magnitude (2marks)
  - Direction of the resultant velocity any point (3marks)
- b) Consider the flow whose velocity complex potential is  $w = z^2$ . Determine
- Equipotential and stream functions (2marks)
  - Streamline and equipotential lines (2marks)
  - Velocity components (2marks)
- c) A stream function for a two-dimensional flow is given by  $\psi = x + 2x^2 - 2y^2$ . Determine
- Whether the flow is rotational (4marks)
  - Velocity potential of the flow (3marks)

### **QUESTION FOUR (20marks)**

- a) Derive the complex velocity potential function for a uniform flow whose velocity is  $-ui$ . (6marks)
- b) The velocity potential function is given by an expression  $\phi = \frac{-xy^3}{3} - x^2 + \frac{x^3y}{3} + y^2$
- Find the velocity components in x and y directions (4marks)
  - Show that  $\phi$  represents a possible case of flow (4marks)
- c) show that in a potential flow the circulation around any closed curve is zero. (6marks)

**QUESTION FIVE** (20marks)

- a) Determine the complex velocity potential of a uniform flow that is inclined at an angle  $\alpha$  to the positive x-axis. (10marks)
- b) Discuss the flow whose complex velocity potential is given by  $w = uze^{-i\alpha}$  (10marks)