

# KARATINA UNIVERSITY

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2024/2025 ACADEMIC YEAR

# FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATION

# FOR THE DEGREE OF

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE WITH EDUCATION (P106)** 

**COURSE CODE: MAT 122** 

**COURSE TITLE: ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY 1** 

**DATE:** 23<sup>RD</sup> JANUARY 2025 **TIME:** 3:00PM- 5:00PM

## **INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

SEE INSIDE

**INSTRUCTIONS:** Answer <u>ALL</u> questions in section A and any other <u>TWO</u> questions in section **B.** 

#### **SECTION A (30 marks)**

#### **QUESTION ONE (30 marks)**

- a) A point moves such that its distance from the point (4,0) is half that of its distance from the line x = 16. Find the locus of the point. (4 marks)
- b) Find the equation of the line passing through the intersection of the lines 3x + y = 2 and x 3y = 4 and is perpendicular to the line 3x + 4y = 0. (6 marks)
- c) The parametric equations of a circle are  $x = 3 + \sqrt{2} \cos\theta$  and  $y = -5 + \sqrt{2} \sin\theta$ . Find the Cartesian equation of the circle. (4 marks)
- d) Classify the graph of the following equation as a circle, a parabola, an ellipse or a hyperbola  $4y^2 2x^2 4y 8x 15 = 0$ . (3 marks)
- e) The polar coordinates of a point are (-5,0.23). Determine the Cartesian coordinates for the point. (3 marks)
- f) Determine the equation of the tangent line to the parabola  $y^2 2y 12x 23$  at the point  $(-\frac{7}{4}, 10)$ . (5 marks)
- g) Find the length of the latus rectum of an ellipse  $4x^2 + 9y^2 24x + 36y 72 = 0$ . (5 marks)

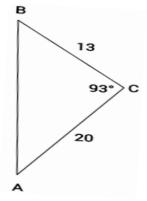
#### **SECTION B (40 marks)**

### **QUESTION TWO (20 marks)**

- a) Find the angle between the lines whose equations are: y = 2x 3 and y = 5x + 2. (3 marks)
- b) Determine the centre and the radius of a circle whose equation is  $x^2 10x + y^2 12y 39 = 0$  (3 marks)
- c) Find the distance from point P(-2, -3) to the line 8x + 15y 24 = 0. (3 marks)
- d) For a given hyperbola  $\frac{(x-3)^2}{9} \frac{(y+2)^2}{16} = 1$ . Find the following:
  - (i) Length of the axes. (3 marks)
  - (ii) coordinates of vertices and foci. (4 marks)
  - (iii) the eccentricity. (2 marks)
  - (iv) length of the latus rectum. (2 marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE (20 marks)**

- a) Find the equation of a point's locus so that the sum of its distances from (0, -1) and (0,1) is 3. What curve does the equation represent? (6 marks)
- b) Determine the equation of a hyperbola, whose eccentricity is 3/2 and focus are F'(-2,0) and F(2,0). (3 marks)
- c) A parabolic antenna has a cross-section of width 12m and a depth of 2m.
  - (i) Determine the point the receiver should be placed for best reception. (3 marks)
  - (ii) Find the equation of the parabolic antenna. (2 marks)
- d) Discuss the triangle. (6 marks)



#### **QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)**

- a) The slope of the line joining the points (3 + 2t, 5t) and (1,2t 1) is -3. Find the value of t.
- b) Determine the point of intersection of the circles  $x^2 + y^2 4x 6y 12 = 0$  and  $x^2 + y^2 8x 2y 19 = 0$ . (8 marks)
- c) Given an ellipse whose foci are at  $(\pm 4,0)$  and the eccentricity is  $\frac{1}{3}$ . Find the equation of the ellipse. (4 marks)
- d) Discuss the applications of analytical geometry in Machine Learning, Artificial Intelligence and robotic systems. (5 marks)

### **QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)**

- a) Determine whether the point (4,5) lies inside, outside or within the circle  $x^2 + y^2 12x 10y + 36 = 0$  (3 marks)
- b) Write a set of parametric equations for  $y^2 = 4x 4$  (4 marks)
- c) The equation of a parabola is given by:  $(y + 1)^2 = -4(x 8)$ . Find;
  - (i) The focus and the vertex of this parabola. (3 marks)
  - (ii) The axis of symmetry and the directrix. (3 marks)
  - (iii) The endpoints of the focal diameter. (3 marks)
  - (iv) Sketch the parabola. (4 marks)