Exercise Session 2

Theory

- ROS package structure
- Integration and programming with Eclipse
- ROS C++ client library (roscpp)
- ROS subscribers and publishers
- ROS parameter server
- RViz visualization

Exercise

In this exercise, you will create your first ROS package. The package should in the end be able to subscribe to a laser scan message from the Husky robot and process the incoming data. This node will be the basis for the next exercises. Use Eclipse to edit your package (Lecture 2 Slides 9-13).

Make sure to look at the ROS template for reference https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ros_best_practices. It will help you a lot for the implementation, as it has a similar node to what you have to do in this exercise!

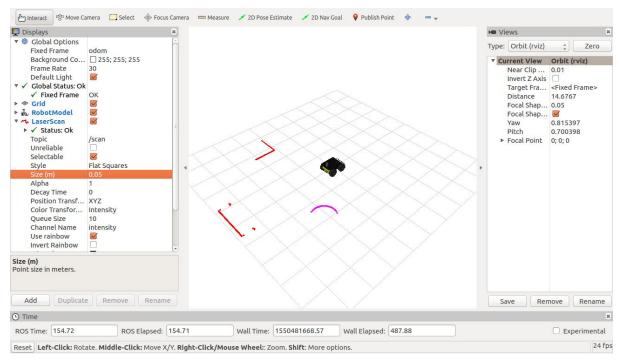
- 1. **OPTIONAL** (more difficult): Create the package husky_highlevel_controller from scratch. Use the command catkin_create_pkg to create a new package with the dependencies roscpp and sensor_msgs.
- OR (easy): Download the Zip archive containing prepared files of the package husky_highlevel_controller from the course website.
- 3. Inspect the CMakelists.txt and package.xml files. (Lecture 2 Slides 5-7)
- 4. Create a subscriber to the /scan topic. (Lecture 2 Slides 17/19)
- 5. Add a parameter file with topic name and queue size for the subscriber of the topic /scan. (Lecture 2 Slides 20/21)
- Create a callback method for that subscriber which outputs the smallest distance measurement from the vector ranges in the message of the laser scanner to the terminal. Inspect the message type here http://docs.ros.org/melodic/api/sensor_msgs/html/msg/LaserScan.html.

1

- 7. Add your launch file from Exercise 1 to this package and modify it to:
 - o run the husky highlevel controller node.
 - o load the parameter file.



- 8. Pass the argument laser_enabled from your launch file to the husky empty world.launch file with value true.
- 9. Show the laser scan in RViz and add RViz to your launch file. Make sure to set *odom* as the *Fixed Frame* (under *Global Options*) and adapt the size of the laser scan points. You can save your current RViz configuration as the default configuration by pressing ctrl+s. (Lecture 2 Slides 22-24)



RViz visualization of a single laser scan. Multiple obstacles are placed around the robot. Note the changed "Fixed Frame" as well as "Size (m)".

Evaluation

tart the launch file and drive around with Husky. There should be changing output	
from the laser scanner in the terminal.	[40%]
Check if the node is implemented as the template suggests.	[30%]
Is a parameter file used?	[15%]
Is the laser scan visualized in RViz as shown in the image?	[15%]



2 Exercise 2