

TUNKU ABDUL RAHMAN UC

Name :

Class :

Matric No :

OBJECTIVES

To provide students with understanding of normalization process and see the effect on database design

PLEASE ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
QUESTION 1

Dream Sdn Bhd is a tour agency is using traditional file-based system to manage and maintain all records of their customers' bookings. TourPackages Table shown below is an example of data file stored in their system.

TourPackages Table

Package Code	Package Desc	Price (RM)	Tour Guide	T_Guide Contact	Cust No	Cust Name	Cust Phone	Depart Date
C123	8 days Shanghai	3800	Andy	011124563	M54	Mary W	016112312	05-07-15
					S11	Su Si	012456567	05-07-15
					G05	Gary Lim	012456678	05-07-15
					Y02	Yumiko	011225436	05-07-15
T007	10 days Turkey	6200	Sally	012569563	B12	Braham	011235645	15-08-15
E236	10 days UK, France	12000	Brian	012870900	M54	Mary W	016112312	08-04-15
					S11	Su Si	012456567	08-04-15
					S54	Susan	017235646	08-04-15
					N37	Natalie	012456465	08-04-15
J560	6 days Tokyo, Osaka	4300	Yuki	016258836	B77	Kate S	016458965	08-04-15
					Y02	Yumiko	011225436	02-05-15
					A39	Andrew	013455667	02-05-15

- (a) Based on the sample data given in the table, discuss each of the following data anomalies with a specific example:
- Insertion anomaly
 - Modification anomaly
 - Deletion anomaly
- (b) Normalize the table given below to a set of third normal form (3NF) relations using DBDL format.

Question 2

Lovely Pet Clinic stores health history records of its customers' pets as shown in the table below:

VisitNo	petID	petName	owner	visitDate	treatID	treatDesc	dosage	fee
A101	520	Max	Niny	13-1-2016	V01	Rabies Vaccination	0.5 ml	140
A102	725	Ginger	Coco	21-2-2016	G20	LeptoVaccination	2 ml	150
					T12	Eye Treatment	100 mg	90
A103	211	Fatfat	Niny	13-3-2016	V01	Rabies Vaccination	1 ml	180
					T10	Treat wound	500mg	50
					T05	Heart worm medicine	110mg	120
A104	913	Circle	Coco	21-1-2016	V08	Tetanus Vaccination	1 ml	100

- (a) Based on the sample data above, explain the meaning of functional dependency.
- (b) Based on the sample data given in the table, discuss each of the following data anomalies with a specific example:
- Insertion anomaly
 - Modification anomaly
 - Deletion anomaly
- (c) Normalize the table given below to a set of third normal form (3NF) relations using DBDL format.

Question 3

The table shown below contains facts about patients, health care providers, patients' visits to a clinic, and diagnoses made by health care providers.

VisitNo	VisitDate	PatNo	PatAge	PatCity	PatZip	ProvNo	ProvSpecialty	Diagnosis
V20030	13/1/2005	P1	35	Lahat	31600	D1	Internist	Ear Infection
V20030	13/1/2005	P1	35	Lahat	31600	D2	Nurse Practioner	Influenza
V82020	20/1/2005	P3	20	Tronoh	32200	D2	Nurse Practioner	Pregnancy
V73220	18/1/2005	P2	62	Taiping	34500	D3	Cardiologist	Murmur

Repeating Group

Normalize the table into a set of 3NF relations using DBDL format. Hint: The zip code of the patient can be used to determine the city.

Question 4

Consider the following Co-curriculum Registration table for a high school. The table contains repeating groups, which can lead to data inconsistency. To resolve this problem, you are required to normalize the table to a set of 3NF relations. Your answer should show all the three (1NF, 2NF, and 3NF) steps of the normalization process by using DBDL.

Co-curriculum Registration Table

CoCu Code	Desc	Advisor No	Advisor Name	StuID ID	Stu Name	Stu Contact	Day	Time
BA11	Basketball	A911	Alan Tan	P213	May	245578	Monday	5:00pm
				P234	June	656588	Monday	5:00pm
				P786	Wynn	623918	Friday	6:30pm
TA20	Taekwondo	Y012	Yumiko	P213	May	245578	Sunday	9:00am
				P669	Hatta	398897	Sunday	9:00am
KA07	Karate	N023	Naruto	P008	Wong	258789	Tuesday	7:00pm
NE11	Netball	S56	Susan Ong	P318	Sammy	389965	Monday	6:00pm
				P234	June	656588	Saturday	8:00am