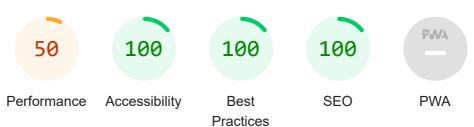


http://localhost:3000/employee-list



### There were issues affecting this run of Lighthouse:

• Chrome extensions negatively affected this page's load performance. Try auditing the page in incognito mode or from a Chrome profile without extensions.



# Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>



0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.4 s

Total Blocking Time

1,380 ms

Speed Index

1.8 s



 $7.7 \, s$ 

**Cumulative Layout Shift** 

0





Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

### **OPPORTUNITIES**

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Reduce unused JavaScript

1.35s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. LCP

| URL   | Transfer<br>Size | Potential<br>Savings |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| js/bundle.js (localhost)  | 1,048.7 KiB      | 275.7 KiB            |
| <pre>C:/Users/AYOUB/Desktop/Cloud/hrnet-app/node_modules/react-dom/cjs/react- dom.development.js</pre>        | 165.7 KiB        | 67.8 KiB             |
| <pre>C:/Users/AYOUB/Desktop/Cloud/hrnet- app/node_modules/primereact/datatable/datatable.esm.js</pre>         | 35.6 KiB         | 21.5 KiB             |
| <pre>C:/Users/AYOUB/Desktop/Cloud/hrnet-app/node_modules/react-datepicker/dist/react- datepicker.min.js</pre> | 20.7 KiB         | 18.5 KiB             |
| C:/Users/AYOUB/Desktop/Cloud/hrnet-app/node_modules/@remix-run/router/router.ts                               | 14.3 KiB         | 13.9 KiB             |
| C:/Users/AYOUB/Desktop/Cloud/hrnet-app/node_modules/primereact/utils/utils.esm.js                             | 11.5 KiB         | 8.8 KiB              |

 $\blacktriangle$ 

Minify JavaScript

1.05s ^

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP

| URL  | Transfer<br>Size | Potential<br>Savings |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| js/bundle.js (localhost)   | 1,048.7 KiB      | 220.0 KiB            |
| chrome-extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build/renderer.js            | 126.0 KiB        | 54.8 KiB             |
| chrome-extension://cfhdojbkjhnklbpkdaibdccddilifddb/vendor/webext-sdk/content.js | 37.8 KiB         | 20.3 KiB             |

about:blank 2/25

| URL  | Transfer<br>Size | Potential<br>Savings |  |
|--|------------------|----------------------|--|
| <pre>chrome-extension://cfhdojbkjhnklbpkdaibdccddilifddb/polyfill.js</pre>               | 13.6 KiB         | 8.6 KiB              |  |
| <pre>chrome-extension://bmnlcjabgnpnenekpadlanbbkooimhnj/browser-polyfill.js</pre>       | 12.4 KiB         | 8.0 KiB              |  |
| <pre>chrome-extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build/installHook.js</pre>      | 7.0 KiB          | 3.6 KiB              |  |
| <pre>chrome-extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build/prepareInjection.js</pre> | 6.4 KiB          | 2.5 KiB              |  |

### Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.58s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

| URL   | Transfer<br>Size | Potential<br>Savings |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| /css?family=Nunito:200,600 (fonts.googleapis.com) | 0.7 KiB          | 840 ms               |

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

## DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Error!

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. <a href="Learn how to use modern JavaScript">Learn how to use modern JavaScript</a> (TBT)

Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason

Failure type

Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache.

Pending browser support

/employee-list (localhost)

about:blank 3/25

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 2 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.

| URL   | Cache<br>TTL | Transfer<br>Size |
|---|--------------|------------------|
| js/bundle.js (localhost)                      | None         | 1,049 KiB        |
| media/backroud-circles.76f84bbsvg (localhost) | None         | 1 KiB            |

Reduce JavaScript execution time - 2.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. (TBT)

| URL   | Total CPU<br>Time | Script<br>Evaluation | Script<br>Parse |  |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|
| js/bundle.js (localhost)  | 1,527 ms          | 1,074 ms             | 367 ms          |  |
| <pre>chrome-extension://bmnlcjabgnpnenekpadlanbbkooimhnj/h1- check.js</pre> | 542 ms            | 296 ms               | 243 ms          |  |
| /employee-list (localhost)  | 452 ms            | 101 ms               | 102 ms          |  |
| Unattributable  | 239 ms            | 17 ms                | 0 ms            |  |

Minimize main-thread work — 2.8 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)

| Category                     | Time Spent |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Script Evaluation            | 1,506 ms   |
| Script Parsing & Compilation | 716 ms     |
| Other                        | 337 ms     |
| Style & Layout               | 145 ms     |
| Parse HTML & CSS             | 70 ms      |

about:blank

4/25

| Category           | Time Spent |
|--------------------|------------|
| Garbage Collection | 52 ms      |
| Rendering          | 6 ms       |

Avoid chaining critical requests — 1 chain found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. (FCP) (LCP)

Maximum critical path latency: 111.91 ms

Initial Navigation

/employee-list (localhost)

/css?family=Nunito:200,600 (fonts.googleapis.com) - 94.159 ms, 0.66 KiB

User Timing marks and measures — 1 user timing

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

| Name | Туре | Start Time | Duration |
|------|------|------------|----------|
| v3   | Mark | 79.50 ms   |          |

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 6 requests • 1,058 KiB

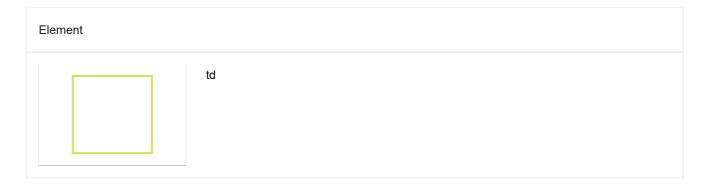
To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

| Resource Type | Requests | Transfer Size |
|---------------|----------|---------------|
| Total         | 6.0      | 1,058.0 KiB   |
| Script        | 1.0      | 1,048.7 KiB   |
| Other         | 2.0      | 6.5 KiB       |
| Document      | 1.0      | 1.3 KiB       |
| Image         | 1.0      | 0.7 KiB       |
| Stylesheet    | 1.0      | 0.7 KiB       |

| Resource Type | Requests | Transfer Size |
|---------------|----------|---------------|
| Media         | 0.0      | 0.0 KiB       |
| Font          | 0.0      | 0.0 KiB       |
| Third-party   | 1.0      | 0.7 KiB       |

O Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>LCP</u>



O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 6 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

| URL   | Start<br>Time | Duration |
|---|---------------|----------|
| js/bundle.js (localhost)  | 6,455 ms      | 1,274 ms |
| chrome-extension://bmnlcjabgnpnenekpadlanbbkooimhnj/browser-polyfill.js | 862 ms        | 579 ms   |
| /employee-list (localhost)  | 602 ms        | 256 ms   |
| js/bundle.js (localhost)  | 7,729 ms      | 180 ms   |
| js/bundle.js (localhost)  | 7,909 ms      | 74 ms    |
| /employee-list (localhost)  | 1,441 ms      | 61 ms    |

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

about:blank 6/25

PASSED AUDITS (27)

### Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.

### Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>.

# Minify CSS — Potential savings of 496 KiB

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP [LCP]

| URL   | Transfer<br>Size | Potential<br>Savings |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| <pre>@charset "UTF-8"; /*! * Bootstrap v5.3.0-alpha3 (https://getbootstrap.com/) * Copyright 2011-2023</pre>  | 229.4 KiB        | 185.1 KiB            |
| .grid { display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap; margin-right: -0.5rem; margin-left: -0.5rem; }                        | 244.0 KiB        | 174.2 KiB            |
| <pre>:root {surface-a:#ffffff;surface-b:#f8f9fa;surface-c:#e9ecef;surface- d:#dee2e6;</pre>                   | 106.0 KiB        | 71.8 KiB             |
| <pre>.p-component, .p-component * { box-sizing: border-box; }</pre>   | 68.1 KiB         | 49.5 KiB             |
| <pre>@charset "UTF-8"; .react-datepickeryear-read-viewdown-arrow, .react- datepickermonth-read-view</pre>     | 12.7 KiB         | 8.4 KiB              |
| <pre>@font-face { font-family: 'primeicons'; font-display: block; src:<br/>url(http://localhost:3000/st</pre> | 8.6 KiB          | 6.5 KiB              |

## Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 657 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused CSS</u>. FCP [LCP]

| URL  | Transfer<br>Size | Potential<br>Savings |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| .grid { display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap; margin-right: -0.5rem; margin-left: -0.5rem; } | 244.0 KiB        | 243.9 KiB            |

about:blank 7/25

| URL  | Transfer<br>Size | Potential<br>Savings |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| <pre>@charset "UTF-8"; /*! * Bootstrap v5.3.0-alpha3 (https://getbootstrap.com/) * Copyright 2011-2023</pre> | 229.4 KiB        | 227.6 KiB            |
| <pre>:root {surface-a:#ffffff;surface-b:#f8f9fa;surface-c:#e9ecef;surface- d:#dee2e6;</pre>                  | 106.0 KiB        | 104.6 KiB            |
| <pre>.p-component, .p-component * { box-sizing: border-box; }</pre>  | 68.1 KiB         | 67.8 KiB             |
| <pre>@charset "UTF-8"; .react-datepickeryear-read-viewdown-arrow, .react- datepickermonth-read-view</pre>    | 12.7 KiB         | 12.7 KiB             |
|  |                  |                      |

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images.

Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn more about text compression</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. (FCP) (LCP)

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP) (LCP)

URL Time Spent
/employee-list (localhost) 0 ms

Avoid multiple page redirects

about:blank 8/25

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. [FCP] [LCP]

Consider using <link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn how to preload key requests. FCP LCP

Use HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2.

Use video formats for animated content

Preload key requests

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more about efficient video formats</u> [LCP]

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. [TBT]

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. (LCP)

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 1,062 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

| URL   | Transfer<br>Size |
|---|------------------|
| js/bundle.js (localhost)                      | 1,048.7 KiB      |
| /logo192.png (localhost)                      | 5.6 KiB          |
| /favicon.ico (localhost)                      | 3.8 KiB          |
| /employee-list (localhost)                    | 1.3 KiB          |
| /manifest.json (localhost)                    | 0.9 KiB          |
| media/backroud-circles.76f84bbsvg (localhost) | 0.7 KiB          |

about:blank 9/25

| URL   | Transfer<br>Size |
|---|------------------|
| /css?family=Nunito:200,600 (fonts.googleapis.com) | 0.7 KiB          |
|   |                  |
| Avoids an excessive DOM size — 74 elements        | ^                |

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

| Statistic              | Element             | Value |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| Total DOM Elements     |                     | 74    |
| Maximum DOM Depth      | span.p-column-title | 12    |
| Maximum Child Elements | tr                  | 9     |

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>. FCP (LCP)

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

| Third-Party  | Transfer Size | Main-Thread Blocking Time |
|--------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Google Fonts | 1 KiB         | 0 ms                      |

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

about:blank 10/25

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading.</u> [LCP]

Avoid large layout shifts

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. Learn how to improve CLS CLS

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animations</u> [CLS]

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> (CLS)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. <u>TBT</u>

100

Accessibility

about:blank 11/25

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

| ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)  | Hide              |
|--|-------------------|
| O The page has a logical tab order   | ^                 |
| Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more abological tab ordering</u> .  | <u>ut</u>         |
| Interactive controls are keyboard focusable  | ^                 |
| Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom control</u> <u>focusable</u> .   | <u>ls</u>         |
| Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state  | ^                 |
| Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints</u> . | /e                |
| The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page  | ^                 |
| If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to recontent.  | new               |
| User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region   | ^                 |
| A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focu  | <u>ıs traps</u> . |
| O Custom controls have associated labels   | ^                 |
| Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about customates</u> controls and labels.   | <u>om</u>         |
| O Custom controls have ARIA roles  | ^                 |
| Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .  |                   |
| Visual order on the page follows DOM order   | ^                 |
| DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visuordering.</u>   | <u>ıal</u>        |
| Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology  | ^                 |
|  |                   |

about:blank 12/25

Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content. HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements. These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review. PASSED AUDITS (18) Hide [aria-\*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-\* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-\* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. [role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about

roles and required children elements.

[role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.

[role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles.

[aria-\*] attributes have valid values

about:blank 13/25

| Assistive technologies, | like screen readers, | can't interpret ARIA | attributes with in | ıvalid values. | Learn more | about v | /alid \ | <u>/alues</u> |
|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| for ARIA attributes.    |                      |                      |                    |                |            |         |         |               |

[aria-\*] attributes are valid and not misspelled

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more about valid ARIA</u> attributes.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make buttons more accessible</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about form element labels</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</u>

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u>.

Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

<a href="html"><a href="html">html</a>> element has a [lang] attribute

about:blank 14/25

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

| <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</html>   | ^             |
|--|---------------|
| Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attri  | <u>bute</u> . |
| Cells in a  element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.   | ^             |
| Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring  cells using the [headers] attribute refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the hattribute. | -             |
| NOT APPLICABLE (26)  | Hide          |
| O [accesskey] values are unique  | ^             |
| Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Leabout access keys.  | earn more     |
| ARIA input fields have accessible names  | ^             |
| When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .  | unusable      |
| ARIA meter elements have accessible names  | ^             |
| When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, makin unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .                                     | g it          |
| ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names  | ^             |
| When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .                            | , making      |
| ARIA toggle fields have accessible names   | ^             |
| When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .   | unusable      |
| ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names  | ^             |
|  |               |

about:blank 15/25

When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u>.

| ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names  | ^          |
|---|------------|
| When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .   | it it      |
| The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region  | ^          |
| Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about byp</u> <u>blocks</u> .  | <u>ass</u> |
| <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn hostructure definition lists correctly.</u></td><td><u>w to</u></td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can prop announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>erly</td></tr><tr><td>[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ids.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Les how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</td><td><u>earn</u></td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><frame> Or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl> |            |

about:blank 16/25

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order</u>.

| Image elements have [alt] attributes  | ^     |
|---|-------|
| Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.  | alt   |
| <pre>cinput type="image"&gt; elements have [alt] text</pre>   | ^     |
| When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.  | d the |
| Links have a discernible name   | ^     |
| Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn how to make links accessible</u> .  |       |
| <ul> <li>Lists contain only <li>elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</li> </ul></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more about proper list structure</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><ul>     <li>List items (<1i>) are contained within <ul>     <ul>         <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                  <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul>                   <li><ul><ul><ul>                   <</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers require list items (<li>) to be contained within a parent <ul>, <ol> or <menu> to be announced properly <a href="Learn more about proper list structure">Learn more about proper list structure</a>.</td><td>y.</td></tr><tr><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u>.</td><td>,</td></tr><tr><td>O <object> elements have alternate text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers conmeaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</td><td>nvey</td></tr><tr><td>No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></li></li></ul> |       |

about:blank 17/25

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u>.

O [lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> how to use the lang attribute.

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.



# **Best Practices**

#### TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

| Description                      | Directive | Severity |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| No CSP found in enforcement mode |           | High     |

#### **GENERAL**

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

| Name    | Version             |
|---------|---------------------|
| core-js | core-js-pure@3.30.2 |

about:blank 18/25

| N            | Jame Version   |            |
|--------------|--|------------|
| C            | Create React App   |            |
| PASSE        | D AUDITS (13)  | Hide       |
| U            | lses HTTPS   | ^          |
| whe<br>intro | sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed conterer some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents uders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a requisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more about HTTPS. | <u>1t,</u> |
| А            | voids requesting the geolocation permission on page load   | ^          |
|              | ers are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a use<br>on instead. <u>Learn more about the geolocation permission</u> .   | ∍r         |
| А            | voids requesting the notification permission on page load  | ^          |
|              | ers are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.   | to         |
| А            | llows users to paste into input fields   | ^          |
|              | venting input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more</u> <u>ut user-friendly input fields</u> .   |            |
| D            | pisplays images with correct aspect ratio  | ^          |
| lma          | ge display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more about image aspect ratio</u> .  |            |
| S            | erves images with appropriate resolution   | ^          |
|              | ge natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn ho</u>  | <u>WC</u>  |
| Р            | age has the HTML doctype   | ^          |
| Spe          | ecifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.   |            |
| Р            | roperly defines charset  | ^          |
|              |  |            |

about:blank 19/25

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.

Avoids unload event listeners

The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL

...js/bundle.js (localhost)

Warning: missing 2 items in `.sourcesContent`

chromeextension://bmnlcjabgnpnenekpadlanbbkooimhnj/browserpolyfill.js

Error: Failed fetching source map (null)

Map URL

...js/bundle.js.map (localhost)

chromeextension://bmnlcjabgnpnenekpadlanbbkooimhnj/browserpolyfill.js.map

NOT APPLICABLE (1)
Hide

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

about:blank 20/25

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts



# **SEO**

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <a href="Core Web Vitals">Core Web Vitals</a>. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

| ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)   | Hide        |
|--|-------------|
| O Structured data is valid   | ^           |
| Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u> .   |             |
| Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.   |             |
| PASSED AUDITS (12)   | Hide        |
| Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale  | ^           |
| A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millised</u> delay to user input. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u> . (TBT)  | <u>cond</u> |
| Document has a <title> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine page is relevant to their search. &lt;u&gt;Learn more about document titles&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ne if a&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document has a meta description&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. &lt;u&gt;Learn more about the description&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;u&gt;meta&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page has successful HTTP status code&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title> |             |

about:blank 21/25

Links have descriptive text

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.

Links are crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn how to make links crawlable</u>

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more about crawler directives</u>.

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u>.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.

Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.

| Source       | Selector | % of Page Text | Font Size |
|--------------|----------|----------------|-----------|
| Legible text |          | 100.00%        | ≥ 12px    |

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more about tap targets</u>.

about:blank 22/25

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.



# **PWA**

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what makes a good Progressive Web App.</u>

#### **INSTALLABLE**

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <a href="Learn more about manifest">Learn more about manifest</a> installability requirements.

#### Failure reason

No matching service worker detected. You may need to reload the page, or check that the scope of the service worker for the current page encloses the scope and start URL from the manifest.

#### PWA OPTIMIZED

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more about Service Workers</u>.

Configured for a custom splash screen

about:blank 23/25

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more about splash screens.

Sets a theme color for the address bar.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more about theming the address bar.

▲ Content is not sized correctly for the viewport The viewport size of 948px does not match the window size of 412px.

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn about maskable manifest icons.

# ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)

Hide

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn about cross-browser compatibility.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more about page transitions</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more about providing deep links</u>.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at May 24, 2023, 12:40 AM GMT+2

Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 10.0.1 Single page load

Initial page load

Slow 4G throttling

<u>Using Chromium 113.0.0.0 with</u> devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 10.0.1 | File an issue

about:blank 25/25