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Markov
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\mathop{\rm cesses}_{\rm We}
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Markov
De-
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Pro-
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A (la-
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Markov
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\operatorname{sion}
pro-
cess
(MDP)
is
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_{M}^{\mathrm{ple}}
= (S, A, \mathcal{A}, P, s_{init}, AP, L), where S is
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\operatorname{set}
of
states,
A
is
a
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set
of
ac-
tions,
A: S \rightarrow 2^A
is
map-
ping
that
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 $\begin{array}{c} \text{maps} \\ \text{each} \\ \text{state} \end{array}$ 

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ity
such
that \sum_{1 \le s' \in S} P(s'|s, a) =
for
any
state
s \in S
\quad \text{and} \quad
any
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{\rm tion}
a \in \mathcal{A}(s), s_{init} \in S
is
the
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tial
state, AP
is
\mathbf{a}
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of
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tions,
and L: S \times A \times S \rightarrow 2^{AP}
is
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\begin{array}{l} \text{tion} \\ (s, a, s') \in \\ S \times \\ A \times \\ S. \end{array}
          In
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MDP
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nite path

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action-
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 tion
 Q^{\pi}(s,a)
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 lows.
 Q^{\pi}(s, a) = E^{\pi} \left[ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \gamma^{n} \mathcal{R}(S_{n}, A_{n}, S_{n+1}) | S_{0} = s, A_{0} = a \right].
              We
 have
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tion.  V^{\pi}(s) = \\ E^{\pi}[\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \gamma^{n} \mathcal{R}(S_{n}, A_{n}, S_{n+1}) | S_{0} = \\ s] = \\ \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \pi(s, a) \sum_{s' \in S} P(s'|s, a) E^{\pi}[\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \gamma^{n} \mathcal{R}(S_{n}, A_{n}, S_{n+1}) | S_{0} = \\ s, A_{0} = \\ a, S_{1} = \\ s'] = \\ \sum_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} \pi(s, a) \sum_{s' \in S} P(s'|s, a) \{\mathcal{R}(s, a, s') + \\ \gamma E^{\pi}[\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \gamma^{n} \mathcal{R}(S_{n}, A_{n}, S_{n+1}) | S_{1} = \\ s'] \} = \\ = 
 \sum_{\substack{a \in \mathcal{A}(s) \\ \gamma V^{\pi}(s')}}^{=} \pi(s, a) \sum_{s' \in S} P(s'|s, a) \{ \mathcal{R}(s, a, s') + \gamma V^{\pi}(s') \},
              by
 the
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 of
 the
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  value
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 tion,
 it
 holds
  that
 Q^{\pi}(s, a) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}(s)} V^{\pi}(s)
  \sum_{s' \in S}^{\infty} P(s'|s,a) \{ \mathcal{R}(s,a,s') + 1 \}
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a-tive frequency of occurrence of each event doesnot depend on the con- $\operatorname{trol}$ pattern.

 ${\rm We}$ de- $\quad \text{fine} \quad$  $\mathbf{a}$ reward func- $\begin{array}{l} \text{tion} \\ \mathcal{R}: \\ S \times \\ 2^E \times \\ E \times \\ S \to \\ R \end{array}$ and the reward  $\mathcal{R}$  can be decomposed into  $\mathcal{R}_1$  and  $\mathcal{R}_2$ . The  $\operatorname{first}$ reward  $\mathcal{R}_1: S \times 2^E \to R$ 

pattern
selected
by
the
supervisor,
which

is determined by the control