

Let \mathcal{SV}^* be the set of optimal supervisors. Let $M_{SV^*}^\otimes$ denote the product DES M^\otimes controlled by the optimal supervisor SV^* .

For a Markov chain MC_{SV}^\otimes induced by a product MDP M^\otimes with a positional policy π , let $S_{SV}^\otimes = T_{SV}^\otimes \sqcup R_{SV}^{\otimes 1} \sqcup \dots \sqcup R_{SV}^{\otimes h}$ be the set of states in MC_{SV}^\otimes , where T_{SV}^\otimes is the set of transient states and $R_{SV}^{\otimes i}$ is the recurrent class for each $i \in \{1, \dots, h\}$, and let $R(MC_{SV}^\otimes)$ be the set of all recurrent classes in MC_{SV}^\otimes . Let $\delta_{SV,i}^\otimes$ be the set of transitions in a recurrent class $R_{SV}^{\otimes i}$, namely $\delta_{SV,i}^\otimes = \{(s^\otimes, \pi, s^{\otimes'}) \in \delta^\otimes; s^\otimes \in R_{SV}^{\otimes i}, P^\otimes(s^{\otimes'}|s^\otimes, \pi) > 0\}$, and let $P_{SV}^\otimes : S_{SV}^\otimes \times S_{SV}^\otimes \rightarrow [0, 1]$ be the transition probability under SV .

Theorem 1