Description:

Job Tracker is an innovative solution built to help people track their job applications
efficiently and have real time analytics about their job hunting journey.

Functionalities:

Job applications:

- The user can save their job applications to keep track of them.
- The user can specify for each job application the company, the position, the location, the salary, the job description (or job description link) and the status (where the user is in the job application process)(interview, applied, saved only, offer, rejected).
- The user can filter through their applications by status.
- The user can look for their application by position or company name.

Interviews:

- The user can save their scheduled interviews.
- The user can specify for each interview the company, the position, the date, the time, the interview type (phone, on-site, online) and some details about it.
- The user can access to all their scheduled interview and filter them by date or type.

Profile:

- The user can create their own profile.
- The user can specify their full name, email, phone number, location, position and skills.
- The user can upload their resume.
- The user can add links to their social media.
- The user's profile is accessible by all the other users of the app.
- The user can look for other users using their name.
- The user can have a list of profiles they are interested in.

Contacts:

- The use can save multiple contacts with their information.
- The user can specify for each one the name, the position, the company they are working at and the contact information (phone number, email, social media).

- The contacts are not necessarily users of the application but if one of them is, a link is automatically added to access their profile.
- The user can search in their contacts by name, company or position.

Analytics:

- The user can have metrics concerning their applications.
- The user can see the number of applications submitted per month.
- The user can see the status of all the applications (how many are applied, how many are rejected, etc.).
- The user can see the distribution of applications in terms of positions (frontend, DevOps, etc.).
- The user can see the distribution of applications in terms of location.

Dashboard:

- The user can access a dashboard with an overview of their job applications.
- The user can see the total number of applications that are in progress.
- The user can see the upcoming interviews.
- The user can see the recent applications.

Classes:

- User
- Interviews
- Applications
- Contacts
- Analytics
- Notifications

Architecture:

For this project, we will implement a microservices' architecture.

Services:

Service	Responsibilities
User Service	Manages user accounts, profiles.
Application	Handles job applications CRUD operations and filtering.

Service	Responsibilities
Service	
Interview Service	Manages interviews and filtering by type or date.
Contact Service	Manages personal contacts related to job hunting.
Analytics Service	Aggregates data from other services and provides statistics/insights.
Dashboard Service	Composes and aggregates data from multiple services for the dashboard view.
Notification Service	Sends reminders for interviews or updates about applications.
Search Service	Provides search functionalities for users, applications, and contacts.
File Upload Service	Handles resume uploads and media storage.
API Gateway	Entry point for client requests; routes them to the appropriate services.
Auth Service	Handles login, registration, and token issuance.

Services and Details:

1. User Service

• **Responsibilities**: Profile management.

Communicates with:

File Upload Service (for uploading resumes).

• Contact Service (to cross-reference if a contact is a user).

• Framework: Node.js

Database: PostgreSQL (Amazon RDS)Storage: Links resume uploads to S3

• Dependencies: File Upload, Search, Contact

2. Application Service

• Responsibilities: Add/edit job applications, filter/search by status, company, etc.

Communicates with:

Analytics Service (via events).

Dashboard Service (REST/gRPC).

• Interview Service (REST/gRPC).

• Framework: Spring Boot

• Database: PostgreSQL (RDS) or MongoDB Atlas

• Event Source: Publishes to Kafka: application_created, status_updated

3. Interview Service

Responsibilities: Save and filter interviews.

- Communicates with:
 - Notification Service (for scheduling reminders).
 - Dashboard Service (for upcoming interviews).
 - Application Service (REST/gRPC).

Framework: NodeJS

Database: PostgreSQL

Relations: Talks to Notification Service (via Kafka), Dashboard Service

4. Contact Service

Responsibilities: Manage user's professional contacts.

Cross-link: Detect if a contact is a registered user (calls User Service).

Framework: NodeJS

Database: MongoDB Atlas

• Function: Associates job-related contacts, links with User if possible

6. Dashboard Service

Responsibilities: Compose and aggregate data from other services.

- Composition Pattern (Composite): Makes synchronous REST or gRPC calls to:
 - Application Service
 - Interview Service

• Framework: Spring Boot

Calls: Interview, Application, (User if needed)

7. Notification Service

Responsibilities: Notify users about upcoming interviews.

Framework: Node.js

Input: Kafka events

Output: Emails via AWS SES, SMS via AWS SNS, Push/In-app

• Fat Events: Carries user email/name to avoid fetching from User Service

8. Search Service

- Responsibilities: Full-text search for applications, users, and contacts.
- Framework: Node.js / Spring Boot
- Database: Amazon Open Search or Meilisearch (on EC2) (Maybe Elasticsearch)
- Input: Kafka (User, App, Contact)
- Output: REST API for search

9. File Upload Service

- Responsibilities: Handle resume uploads.
- Communicates with:
 - User Service (to attach uploaded file to profile).
- Framework: Node.jsIntegration: AWS S3
- Function: Handles pre-signed uploads, serves resumes

10. API Gateway

- Responsibilities: Routes external requests, handles auth, rate limiting, and maybe GraphQL.
- Service: Amazon API Gateway or Kong Gateway on ECS
- Purpose: Expose endpoints to frontend, route to services
- Security: JWT token validation (public key from Auth)

11. Authentication Service

- Handles:
 - OAuth2 / JWT Token issuing
 - Login/logout
- Service Location: ECS or EKS
- Function: Issues JWT / OAuth2 tokens
- Optional: Use Amazon Cognito for user pool management if external auth needed

Tech Stack:

- Backend: Node.js, Spring Boot and Django.
- Message Queue: Kafka / RabbitMQ.
- API Gateway: Kong / Express Gateway / GraphQL.
- Database: PostgreSQL / MongoDB.
- Search: Elasticsearch / Meilisearch.
- Storage: AWS S3 for resumes.

• Auth: JWT or OAuth2.

• CI/CD: GitHub Actions / GitLab CI / Docker/ Jenkins.

12. Databases

Service	DB Type	AWS Option
User, Application	Relational	Amazon RDS (PostgreSQL)
Contacts, Files	Document-based	MongoDB Atlas or DynamoDB
Search	Inverted Index	OpenSearch (AWS)

13. Messaging

Component	Technology	AWS Option
Event Broker	Kafka / RabbitMQ	Amazon MSK / MQ
Queue Consumers	Search, Notification	ECS/EKS services
Dead Letter Handling	SQS (optional)	For retries/failures

14. Storage

Purpose	AWS Service
Resume Files	AWS S3
Backups	S3 Glacier
Static Hosting	S3 + CloudFront (if needed)

15. CI/CD

Stage	Tool
Build/Test	GitHub Actions / Jenkins
Image Registry	Amazon ECR
Deployment	ECS Blue/Green Deploy or GitLab CI/CD
laC	Terraform (for infra)

16. Monitoring / Observability

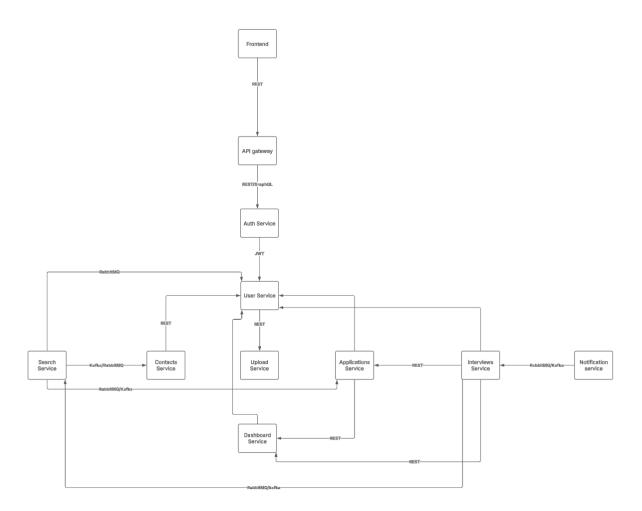
Concern	Tool
Logs	CloudWatch Logs
Metrics	CloudWatch Metrics + Alarms
Tracing	AWS X-Ray + OpenTelemetry
Dashboards	CloudWatch Dashboards / Grafana
Alerting	SNS / Slack / Email alerts

17. Secrets & Config

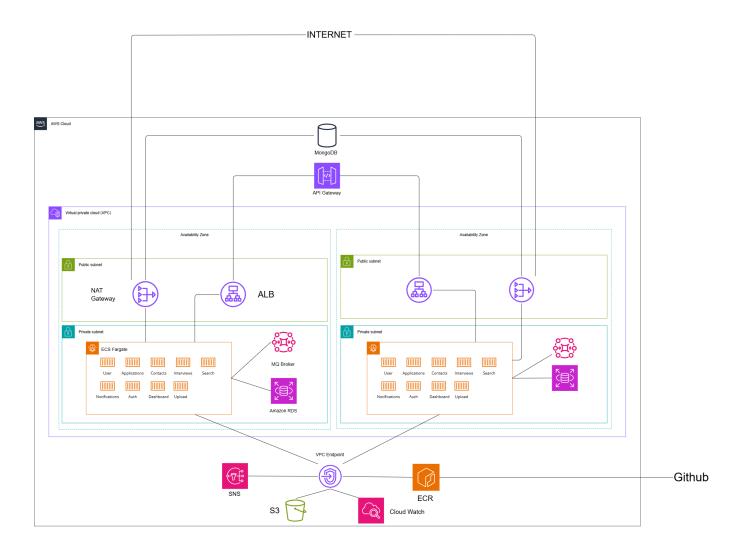
Purpose	AWS Service
DB creds, API	AWS Secrets Manager
Env variables	AWS SSM Parameter Store

Service Communication Modes

Туре	Use Case	Protocol
REST/gRPC	Sync data access	HTTPS / gRPC
Event-driven	Async updates, notifications	Kafka/RabbitMQ
File Access	Resume upload & retrieval	S3 Pre-signed URLs
Search	Full-text lookup	



AWS Deployment:



1. VPC:

We need 1 VPC for the entire application.

2. Subnets: 6 (at least)

We should use multiple subnets across 2+ Availability Zones for high availability.

Subnet Type	Count	Purpose
Public Subnet	2	For Load Balancer, NAT Gateway, and optional Kong Gateway
Private Subnet	2	For ECS services (Auth, User, App, etc.)
DB Subnet	2	For RDS/MongoDB (with subnet group)

Each pair is spread across 2 Availability Zones (e.g., us-east-1a, us-east-1b) for resilience.

3. Security Groups: ~5-6 recommended

SG Name	Applied To	Inbound Rules
alb-sg	Application Load Balancer	Allow HTTP/HTTPS from anywhere (0.0.0.0/0)
ecs-sg	ECS Services	Allow traffic from alb-sg
db-sg	RDS / MongoDB	Allow from ecs-sg only
bastion-sg (optional)	Bastion Host (for DB SSH)	Allow SSH from your IP
search-sg	OpenSearch / Meilisearch	Allow from ecs-sg or specific services
ci-cd-sg	GitHub Actions runners (optional EC2)	Allow outbound to Docker repos, ECS APIs

4. Route Tables and NAT Gateways

Component	Notes
Route Tables	One for public subnets, one for private.
NAT Gateway	Required to let ECS in private subnet pull images & updates from the internet (DockerHub, GitHub). Place in a public subnet.

NOTES:

- Make sure that the events published by the interview service have all the necessary
 information so that the notification service can contact the user, otherwise we must connect
 directly the user service to the notification one.
- For notification we could use Amazon SES and SNS.

- For Rabbit MQ we could use the AWS Broker.
- We can either self host the mongoDB using a container or use MongoDB atlas.

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