

Interactive / complex / 10

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query	Interactive / complex / 10				
title	Friend recommendation				
pattern	<div><div><div><div>rootPerson: Person</div><div><code>id = \$id</code></div></div><div><div>person: Person</div><div><code>birthday cond's</code> <code>id</code> <code>firstName</code> <code>lastName</code> <code>gender</code></div></div><div><div>City</div><div><code>name</code></div></div><div>knows*2..2</div><div>isLocatedIn</div></div><div><div><div>common</div><div><div><div>rootPerson: Person</div><div><code>hasInterest</code></div><div>Tag</div></div><div><div><div>person: Person</div><div><code>hasCreator</code></div><div>Post</div></div><div><div>count</div></div><div><code>hasTag</code></div></div></div><div><div>uncommon</div><div><div><div>rootPerson: Person</div><div><code>hasInterest</code></div><div>Tag</div></div><div><div><div>person: Person</div><div><code>hasCreator</code></div><div>Post</div></div><div><div>count</div></div><div><code>hasTag</code></div></div></div></div></div><div><p>Given a start Person with id <code>personId</code>, find that Person’s friends of friends (person) – excluding the start Person and his/her immediate friends –, who were born on or after the 21st of a given month (in any year) and before the 22nd of the following month. Calculate the similarity between each person and the start Person, where <code>commonInterestScore</code> is defined as follows:</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">• <code>common</code> = number of Posts created by person, such that the Post has a Tag that the start Person, is interested in• <code>uncommon</code> = number of Posts created by person, such that the Post has no Tag that the start Person, is interested in• <code>commonInterestScore</code> = <code>common</code> - <code>uncommon</code></div></div></div>				
params	<div><div>1</div><div>Person.id</div><div>ID</div><div>personId</div></div> <div><div>2</div><div>month</div><div>32-bit Integer</div><div>month – Between 1 and 12. Implementations may also pass the next month as an additional <code>nextMonth</code> parameter</div></div>				
result	<div><div>1</div><div>Person.id</div><div>ID</div><div>R</div><div>personId</div></div> <div><div>2</div><div>Person.firstName</div><div>String</div><div>R</div><div>personFirstName</div></div> <div><div>3</div><div>Person.lastName</div><div>String</div><div>R</div><div>personLastName</div></div> <div><div>4</div><div>commonInterestScore</div><div>32-bit Integer</div><div>C</div><div>commonInterestScore</div></div> <div><div>5</div><div>Person.gender</div><div>String</div><div>R</div><div>personGender</div></div> <div><div>6</div><div>Person-isLocatedIn->City.name</div><div>String</div><div>R</div><div>personCityName</div></div>				
sort	<div><div>1</div><div>commonInterestScore</div><div>↓</div></div> <div><div>2</div><div>Person.id</div><div>↑</div></div>				
limit	10				
CPs	2.3, 3.3, 4.1, 4.2, 5.1, 5.2, 6.1, 7.1, 8.6				
relevance	<p>This query looks for paths of length two, starting from a Person and ending at the friends of their friends. It does widely scattered graph traversal, and one expects no locality of in friends of friends, as these have been acquired over a long time and have widely scattered identifiers. The join order is simple but one must see that the anti-join for “not in my friends” is better with hash. Also the last pattern in the scalar sub-queries joining or anti-joining the Tags of the candidate’s Posts to interests of self should be by hash.</p>				