

# EDA PRESENTATION AND PROPOSED MODELLING TECHNIQUE

GROUP NAME: DATALEX

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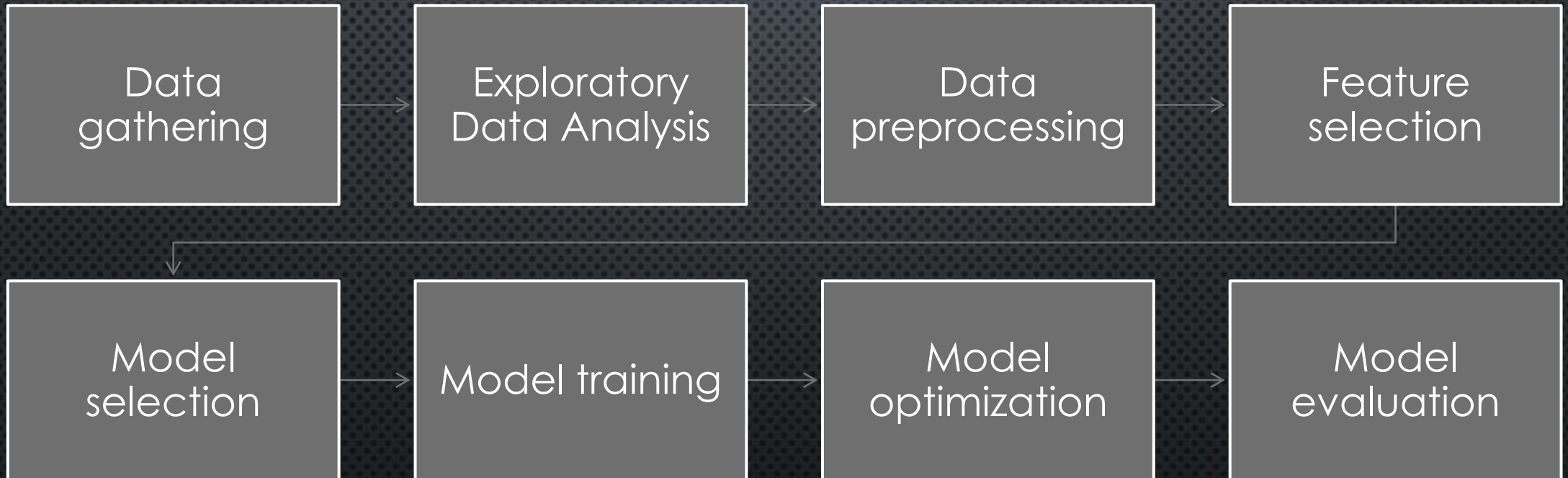
SPECIALIZATION: DATA SCIENCE

# PROBLEM DESCRIPTION

- ONE OF THE CHALLENGES FOR ALL PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANIES IS TO UNDERSTAND THE PERSISTENCY OF DRUG AS PER THE PHYSICIAN PRESCRIPTION. TO SOLVE THIS PROBLEM ABC PHARMA COMPANY APPROACHED AN ANALYTICS COMPANY TO AUTOMATE THIS PROCESS OF IDENTIFICATION.



# PROJECT LIFECYCLE



# EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

```
[5]: # Dimension of the dataset  
data.shape
```

```
[5]: (3424, 68)
```



THIS MODEL WAS BUILT WITH DATA  
CONTAINING 3428 OBSERVATIONS.

THERE IS NO MISSING VALUES



```
# Total number of missing values  
data.isnull().sum().sum()
```

```
0
```

Note: 1 = Persistent, 0 = Non-Persistent

```
data["Persistency_Flag"].unique()
```

```
array([1, 0])
```

## Balance Dataset

```
data["Persistency_Flag"].value_counts()
```

```
0    2070
```

```
1    1206
```

```
Name: Persistency_Flag, dtype: int64
```

Note: The Non-Persistent observations are almost double the Persistent observations.

Next step is to balance the data using either the Random-Undersampling or Random\_Oversampling method.

- THE DATA SET IS IMBALANCED, AS THERE IS UNEQUAL DISTRIBUTION OF CLASSES.
- PROBLEM RESOLVED WITH RANDOM OVERSAMPLING.

```
data["Persistency_Flag"].value_counts()
```

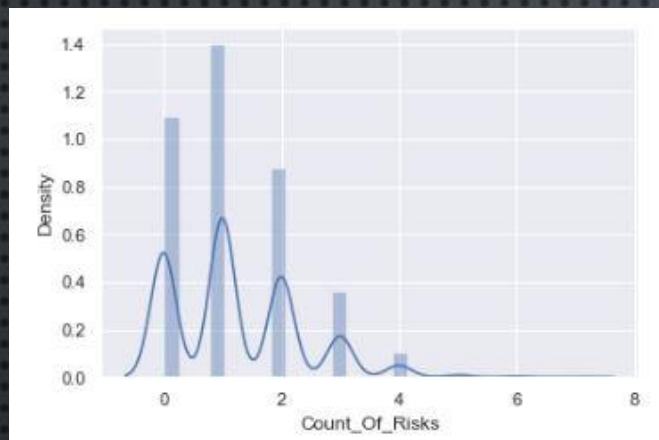
```
1    2070
```

```
0    2070
```

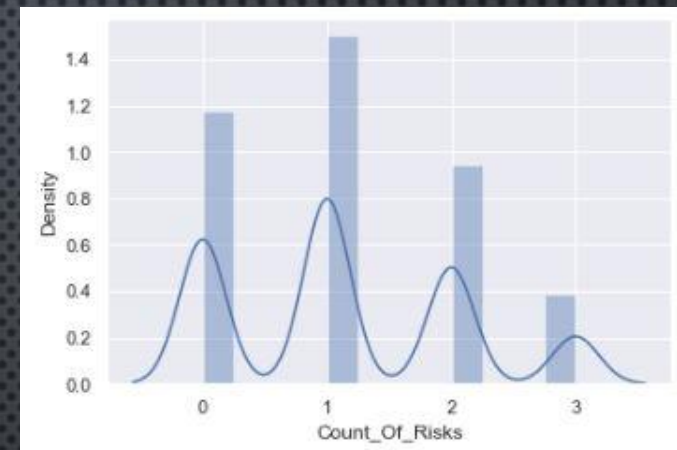
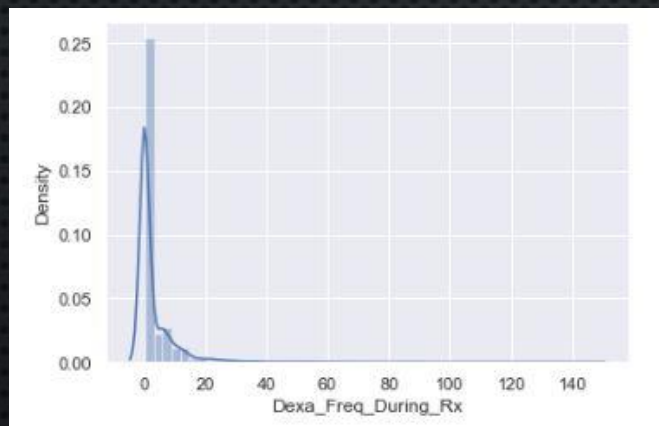
```
Name: Persistency_Flag, dtype: int64
```



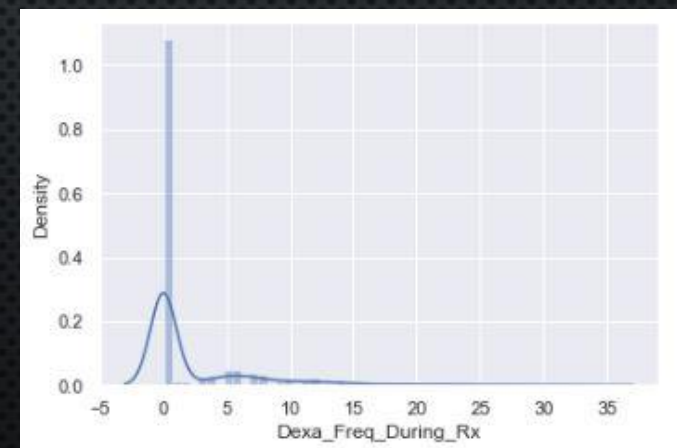
# EDA – HANDLING OUTLIERS



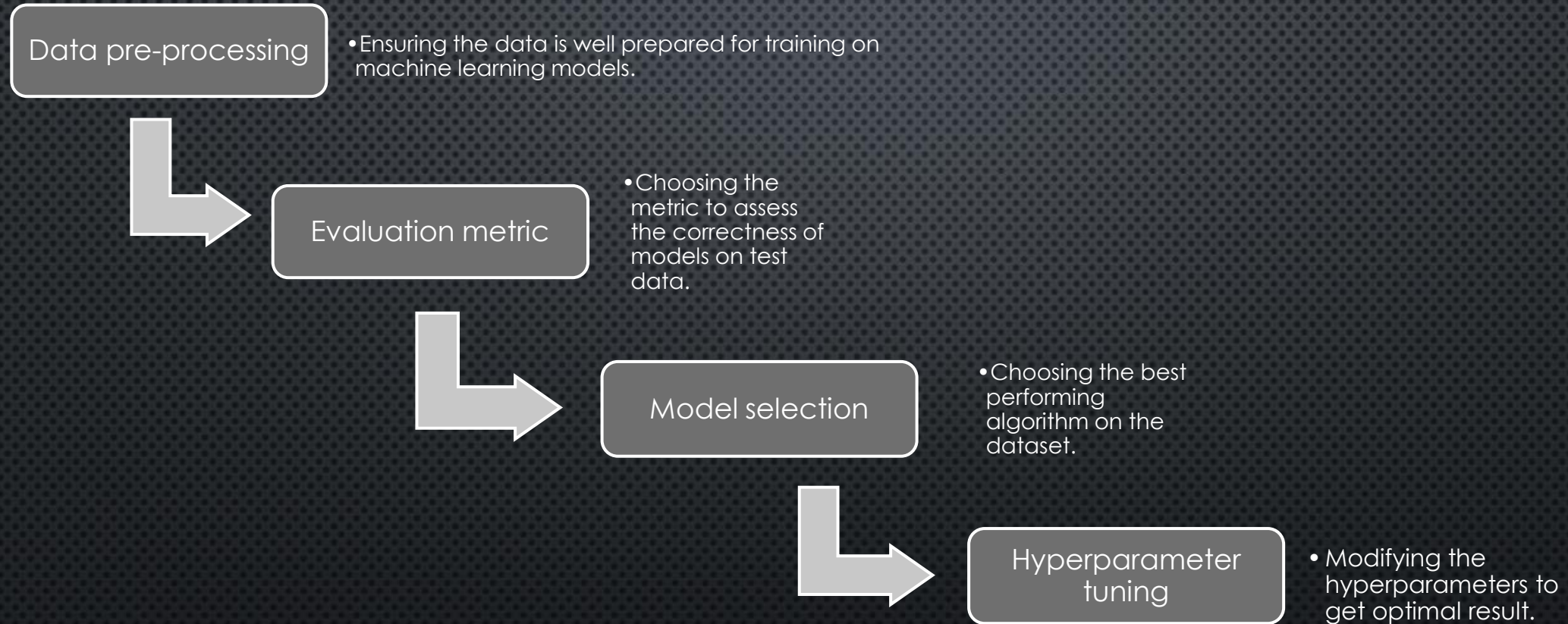
**BEFORE**



**AFTER**



# MODELLING TECHNIQUE





## GITHUB REPOSITORY LINK:

- [HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/OVATED/PERSISTENCY-OF-A-DRUG-PREDICTION](https://github.com/OVATED/PERSISTENCY-OF-A-DRUG-PREDICTION)