# 18.102 Assignment 8

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# Problem 1

(a)

*Proof.* ( $\Rightarrow$ ) Suppose  $w \in \overline{W}$ . Then since  $w \in H$  and since  $\{e_n\}_n \subset H$  is a countably infinite orthonormal subset, we have

$$w = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n. \tag{1}$$

Computing the norm gives

$$||w||^2 = \left\langle \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n, \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_k \rangle e_k \right\rangle$$
 (2)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle \overline{\langle u, e_k \rangle} \langle e_n, e_k \rangle$$
 (3)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle \overline{\langle u, e_k \rangle} \delta_{nk}$$
 (4)

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle \overline{\langle u, e_n \rangle} \tag{5}$$

$$=\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\langle u, e_n \rangle|^2. \tag{6}$$

Thus,

$$||w|| = \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\langle u, e_n \rangle|^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} < \infty, \tag{7}$$

so defining  $c_n := \langle u, e_n \rangle$  yields a sequence  $\{c_n\}_n \in \ell^2(\mathbb{N})$ , as desired.

 $(\Leftarrow)$  Let  $\{c_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty} \in \ell^2$  such that  $w = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e_n$ .

Define  $w_N := \sum_{n=1}^N c_n e_n$ . Then  $w = \lim_{N \to \infty} w_N$ , and for each  $N \in N$ ,  $w_N \in W$  since it is a finite linear combination of elements in  $\{e_n\}_n$ .

Thus, since  $\overline{W}$  contains all the limit points of W, then  $w \in \overline{W}$ , as desired.  $\square$ 

### (b)

*Proof.* Let  $w \in \overline{W}$  and  $u \in H$ . Then by (a), we may write  $w = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e_n$  for  $\{c_n\}_n \in \ell^2(\mathbb{N})$ . Suppose  $c_n = \langle u, e_n \rangle$ . Then

$$||u - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n|| = ||u - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e_n||$$
 (8)

$$=||u-v||. (9)$$

Now suppose  $c_n \neq \langle u, e_n \rangle$ . Then we compute

$$||u - w||^2 = \left\| u - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e_n \right\|^2$$
 (10)

$$= \left\| u - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e_n \right\|^2$$
 (11)

$$= \left\| u - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\langle u, e_n \rangle - c_n) e_n \right\|^2$$
 (12)

$$\geq \left\| u - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n \right\|^2. \tag{13}$$

Therefore,  $||u - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n|| \le ||u - w||$ , with equality only if  $w = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \langle u, e_n \rangle e_n$ , and we are done.

# Problem 2

#### (a)

*Proof.* Let  $\{u_k\}_k \subset W^{\perp}$  be a sequence such that  $u_k \to u$  as  $k \to \infty$ . Then  $\forall k \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $\forall w \in W$ , we have  $\langle u_k, w \rangle = 0$ .

By continuity of the inner product,

$$0 = \lim_{k \to \infty} \langle u_k, w \rangle \tag{14}$$

$$= \left\langle \lim_{k \to \infty} u_k, w \right\rangle \tag{15}$$

$$= \langle u, w \rangle. \tag{16}$$

Thus,  $u \in W^{\perp}$ , so  $W^{\perp} \subset H$  is closed.

(b)

*Proof.* We note that

$$(W^{\perp})^{\perp} := \{ v \in H \mid \langle v, u \rangle = 0 \,\forall u \in W^{\perp} \}. \tag{17}$$

Let  $w \in W$ . Then  $\forall u \in W^{\perp}$ ,

$$\langle w, u \rangle = 0 \tag{18}$$

$$\implies w \in \left(W^{\perp}\right)^{\perp} \tag{19}$$

$$\implies W \subseteq \left(W^{\perp}\right)^{\perp}. \tag{20}$$

Since  $(W^{\perp})^{\perp}$  is an orthogonal complement, then by (a) it is a closed linear subspace of H. So,  $(W^{\perp})^{\perp}$  must also be complete.

Let  $\{v_n\}_n \subset W$  be a Cauchy sequence. Since  $W \subseteq (W^{\perp})^{\perp}$ , then  $\{v_n\}_n \subset (W^{\perp})^{\perp}$ , so  $\{v_n\}_n$  converges in  $(W^{\perp})^{\perp}$ , i.e.

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} v_n = v \in \left(W^{\perp}\right)^{\perp}. \tag{21}$$

Thus the Cauchy sequence  $\{v_n\}_n$  converges to v in  $(W^{\perp})^{\perp}$ .

We conclude that the closure  $\overline{W} = (W^{\perp})^{\perp}$ .