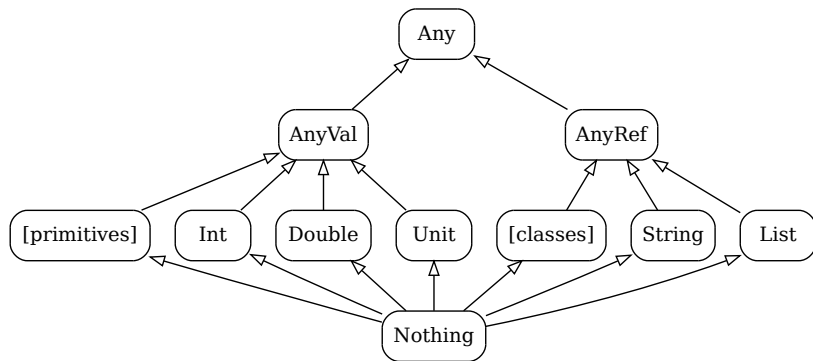


# Programmation Orientée objet

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# Hérarchie des types



# Déclaration

java

```
public class Car extends Vehicle implements Motor {  
    //...  
}
```

scala

```
class Car extends Vehicle with Motor {  
    //...  
}
```

# Constructeur (java)

```
public class Point {  
  
    private final double x;  
    private final double y;  
  
    public Point( double xx, double yy ) {  
        System.out.println( "Building point..." );  
        x = xx;  
        y = yy;  
    }  
  
    double distance( Point p ) {  
        double d2 = (p.x-x)*(p.x-x) + (p.y-y)*(p.y-y);  
        return Math.sqrt( d2 );  
    }  
}
```

# Constructeur (Scala)

```
class Point( xx: Double, yy: Double ) {  
  println( "Building point..." )  
  
  private val x = xx  
  private val y = yy  
  
  def distance( p: Point ) = {  
    val d2 = (p.x-x)*(p.x-x) + (p.y-y)*(p.y-y)  
    math.sqrt( d2 )  
  }  
}  
  
val p = new Point( 1, 0.5 )
```

# Accesseurs (java)

```
public class Point {  
  
    private final double x;  
    private final double y;  
  
    /* ... */  
  
    double getX() { return x; }  
    double getY() { return y; }  
}
```

# Accesseurs (scala)

```
class Point( xx: Double, yy: Double ) {  
  
  private val x = xx  
  private val y = yy  
  
  /* ... */  
  
  def getX() = x  
  def getY() = y  
}
```

# Accesseurs (scala)

```
class Point( xx: Double, yy: Double ) {  
  val x = xx  
  val y = yy  
  /* ... */  
}
```



# Accesseurs (scala)

```
class Point( val x: Double, val y: Double ) {  
  /* ... */  
}
```

# Accesseurs (scala)

```
class Rank( val position: Double, var player: Player ) {  
  /* ... */  
}
```

## *Uniform access principle*

- Si un champ `val` est public, le **getter** correspondant est généré
- Si un champ `var` est public, les **getter** et **setter** sont générés

# Evaluation paresseuse (java)

```
public class DataSample {  
    private double[] data = null;  
    private double avg = 0.0;  
    private boolean avgOK = false;  
    private double[] getData() {  
        if( data != null ) data = downloadData();  
        return data;  
    }  
    public double getAverage() {  
        if( ! avgOK ) {  
            avg = computeAvg( getData() );  
            avgOK = true;  
        }  
        return avg;  
    }  
}
```

# Evaluation paresseuse (scala)

```
public class DataSample {  
  
    private lazy val data = downloadData()  
  
    lazy val average = computeAvg( data )  
  
}
```

# Allègement de la syntaxe

```
val p = new Point( 1.5, -0.1 )
```

```
val q = new Point( 0.5, 0.25 )
```

```
val d1 = p.distance(q)
```

```
val d2 = p distance q
```

# Surcharge des opérateurs

```
class OrderItem( val item: Item, number: Int )

class Item( val name: String, val price: Double ) {
  def *( num: Int ) = new OrderItem( this, num )
}

val apple = new Item( "Apple" )

val order1 = apple.*(3)
val order2 = apple * 3
```

# Surcharge des opérateurs

## Haute lisibilité

```
val order = apple*2 + orange*3 + banana  
order >> customer
```



# Surcharge des opérateurs

## Haute lisibilité

```
val order = apple*2 + orange*3 + banana  
order >> customer
```

## Attention aux abus

```
val x = ( data1 /+ data2 ) !# filter  
x ||| "Error during processing"
```

# Surcharger de méthode (java)

```
public class Point {  
  
    private final double x;  
    private final double y;  
  
    @Override  
    public boolean equals( object that ) { /*...*/ }  
  
}
```

# Surcharger de méthode (scala)

```
class Point( val x: Double, val y: Double ) {  
  
  override def equals( that: Any ) = { /*...*/ }  
  
}
```

# Egalité

```
java
```

```
// Comparaison de reference
```

```
p == q
```

```
// Comparaison de valeur
```

```
p.equals(q)
```

# Egalité

java

```
// Comparaison de reference  
p == q  
// Comparaison de valeur  
p.equals(q)
```

scala

```
// Comparaison de reference  
p.eq(q)  
p eq q  
// Comparaison de valeur  
p.equals(q)  
p equals q  
p == q
```

# Case class

```
case class Point( x: Double, y: Double )
```

## Code généré

- *Getters*
- *equals, hashCode, toString*
- *copy*
- Methode *factory*
- Extracteur

# Extracteur

```
def whereis( p: Point ) = p match {  
  case Point(0,0) => "Origin"  
  case Point(0,y) if y > 0 => "North"  
  case Point(x,y) =>  
    "Somewhere: " + x + ";" + y  
}
```

# Méthode copy

```
val p = Point( 1.5, 0.5 )
```

```
val q = p.copy( x=0 )
```

```
val r = q.copy( y=0 )
```



# Interface (java)

```
public interface Motor {  
    public void start();  
    public boolean isStarted();  
}
```

```
public class Car implements Motor {  
    private boolean started = false;  
    public void start() {  
        /* Start */  
        started = true;  
    }  
    public boolean isStarted() { return started; }  
}
```

# Trait (scala)

```
trait Motor {  
  def start(): Unit  
  def isStarted: Boolean  
}  
  
class Car extends Motor {  
  private var started = false  
  def start() {  
    /*Start*/  
    started = true  
  }  
  def isStarted = started  
}
```

# Mixin (scala)

```
trait Motor {  
  private var started = false  
  protected doStart(): Unit  
  def start() {  
    doStart()  
    started = true  
  }  
  def isStarted = started  
}  
  
class Car extends Motor {  
  def doStart = /* Start */  
}
```

# Classe “statique” (java)

```
public class Water {  
  
    public final static double g = 9.81;  
    public final static double density = 1000;  
  
    public static double pressure( double h ) {  
        return waterDensity * g * h;  
    }  
  
}
```

# Objet (scala)

```
object Water {  
  
  val g = 9.81  
  val density = 1000.0  
  
  def pressure( h: Double ) = density * g * h  
  
}
```

# Singleton (java)

```
public class ItemPriceComparator
implements Comparator<Item> {
    public int compareTo( Item i1, Item i2 ) {
        if( i1.getPrice() < i2.getPrice() ){
            return -1;
        }
        if( i1.getPrice() > i2.getPrice() ) {
            return 1;
        }
        return 0;
    }
}
```

# Singleton (scala)

```
object ItemPriceComparator extends Comparator[Item] {  
  def compareTo( i1: Item, i2: Item ) =  
    if( i1.price < i2.price ) -1  
    else if( i1.price > i2.price ) 1  
    else 0  
}
```

# Static factory (java)

```
public class Username {  
    private String uname;  
    private Username( String u ) {  
        uname = u;  
    }  
    public static Username make( String u ) {  
        check(u);  
        new Username( u );  
    }  
    private static void check( u ) { /* ... */ }  
}
```



# Companion object (scala)

```
case class Username private( username: String )

object Username {
  def make( u: String ) = {
    check(u)
    Username(u)
  }
  private def check( u: String ) { /* ... */ }
}
```