Note: No textbook or notes to be used during the exam.

Problem 1. Finite Automaton. [10 points] No explanation necessary.

Give a single finite automaton (DFA or NFA) that accepts the language consisting of all strings of the form  $(0101)^*(1010)^*$  or  $(1010)^*(0101)^*$ .

## Problem 2. Not Regular. [10 points]

Prove that the set of strings  $\{1^{n^2} \mid n \text{ is a positive integer}\}$  is not a regular language.

## Problem 3. Count Able. [10 points]

Prove that the set of finite python programs is countable.

Problem 4. True or False. [10 points] No explanation necessary.	
Indicate whether each of the following is True (T) or False (F).	
	Nondeterministic TMs are more powerful, i.e., can accept more languages, than Deterministic TMs.
	Nondeterministic Finite Automata are more powerful, i.e., can accept more languages, than Deterministic Finite Automata.
	For any set of strings $L$ , there is a TM that can correctly determine whether a given string $x$ belongs to $L$ .
	Every TM with the binary input alphabet will eventually halt on the input string consisting of a single zero.
	The Pumping Lemma can be used to show that a language is not decidable.