# Cheatography

# Regular Expressions Cheat Sheet

by Dave Child (DaveChild) via <a href="mailto:cheatography.com/1/cs/5/">cheatography.com/1/cs/5/</a>

# **Regular Expressions Anchors**

Start of string, or start of line in multi-line pattern

\A Start of string

\$ End of string, or end of line in multi-line pattern

\Z End of string

\b Word boundary

\B Not word boundary

\< Start of word

\> End of word

# Regular Expressions Character Classes

С	Control	character
10	COLLEGE	Citaracter

\s White space

\S Not white space

\d Digit

\D Not digit

\w Word

\W Not word

\x Hexadecimal digit

\O Octal digit

# Regular Expressions POSIX

regular Exp	A COSTOTION TO STA
[:upper:]	Upper case letters
[:lower:]	Lower case letters
[:alpha:]	All letters
[:alnum:]	Digits and letters
[:digit:]	Digits
[:xdigit:]	Hexadecimal digits
[:punct:]	Punctuation
[:blank:]	Space and tab
[:space:]	Blank characters
[:cntrl:]	Control characters
[:graph:]	Printed characters
[:print:]	Printed characters and spaces

Digits, letters and underscore

Regular Expressions Assertions		
?=	Lookahead assertion	
?!	Negative lookahead	
?<=	Lookbehind assertion	
?!= or ? </th <th>Negative lookbehind</th>	Negative lookbehind	
?>	Once-only Subexpression	
?()	Condition [if then]	
?()	Condition [if then else]	
?#	Comment	

# Regular Expressions Quantifiers \* 0 or more + 1 or more ? 0 or 1 {3} Exactly 3 {3,} 3 or more {3,5} 3, 4 or 5 Add a ? to a quantifier to make it

## Regular Expressions Escape Sequences

\ Escape following character \Q Begin literal sequence

End literal sequence

"Escaping" is a way of treating characters which have a special meaning in regular expressions literally, rather than as special characters.

# Regular Expression Common

Wictachia	ucce.5		
^	[		
\$	{	*	
(	\	+	
)		?	
<	>		
The escape character is usually the backslash - \.			

Regular	Expressions Special Characters
\n	New line
\r	Carriage return
\t	Tab
\v	Vertical tab
\f	Form feed
\xxx	Octal character xxx
\xhh	Hex character hh

Regular	Expressions Groups and Ranges
	Any character except new line $(\n)$
(a b)	a or b
()	Group
(?:)	Passive (non-capturing) group
[abc]	Range (a or b or c)
[^abc]	Not a or b or c
[a-q]	Letter from a to q
[A-Q]	Upper case letter from A to Q
[0-7]	Digit from 0 to 7
\n	nth group/subpattern
Ranges are inclusive.	

g	Global match
i	Case-insensitive
m	Multiple lines
s	Treat string as single line
х	Allow comments and white space in pattern
е	Evaluate replacement
U	Ungreedy pattern

## Cheatographer

[word]

Dave Child (DaveChild)
<a href="mailto:cheatography.com/davechild">cheatography.com/davechild</a>
<a href="mailto:www.addedbytes.com">www.addedbytes.com</a>

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# Regular Expressions String Replacement

- \$n nth non-passive group
- \$2 "xyz" in /^(abc(xyz))\$/
- \$1 "xyz" in /^(?:abc)(xyz)\$/
- \$' Before matched string
- \$' After matched string
- \$+ Last matched string
- \$& Entire matched string

Some regex implementations use  $\$  instead of  $\$ .