



IBM Cloud 用戶實作研習營

IBM Cloud Kubernetes Service (IKS) 使用教學

2019/8/7



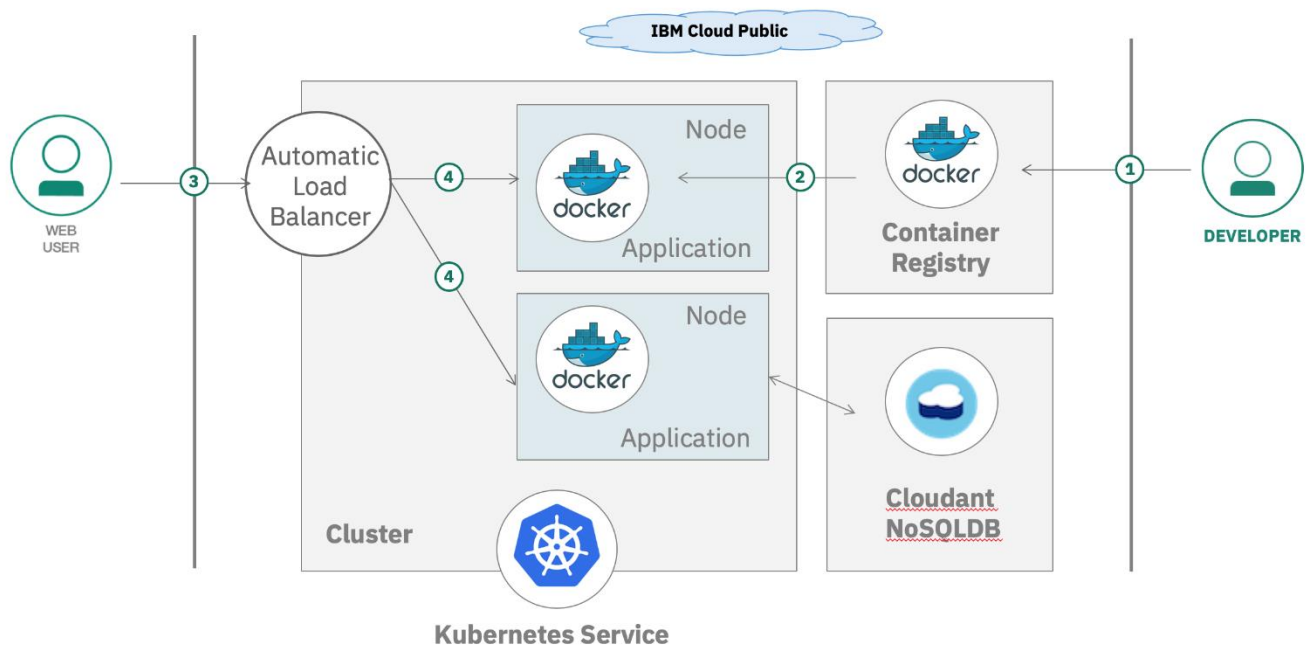
Introduction

- In this lab, you act as a developer. You configure a custom Kubernetes cluster that is used to deploy and test a web application for managing todos. The front end is written in Angular and the reminders are being stored in a Cloudant NoSQL database. All run on Node.js, in Docker container managed by Kubernetes.

Objectives

- Create a cluster with 1 worker pool that has 2 worker node.
- Install the CLIs for running Kubernetes commands and managing Docker images in IBM Cloud Container Registry.
- Create a private image repository in IBM Cloud Container Registry to store your images.
- Add the Cloudant NoSQL DB service to the cluster so that any app in the cluster can use that service.

Architecture



- A developer clone an existing web application from Github.
- Run the application locally and produce a Docker container image.
- The image is pushed to a namespace in the Container Registry Service.
- The application is deployed to a Kubernetes cluster.
- Users access the application.



Pre-Requisites

- Get a IBM Cloud account
- Install the IBM Cloud CLI(Reference Appendix)
- Install docker for Mac or Windows
- Install Kubectl
- Install a Git client
- Install Node.js

Verify the plugins installation

To verify that the plug-in has been installed properly, run the following command with administrator privilege.



ibmcloud plugin list

```
C:\windows\system32>ibmcloud plugin list
正在列出已安裝的外掛程式...
```

外掛程式名稱	版本	狀態
cloud-functions/wsk/functions/fn	1.0.32	
container-registry	0.1.395	有更新可用
container-service/kubernetes-service	0.3.58	有更新可用
dev	2.3.0	有更新可用
sdk-gen	0.1.12	
vpc-infrastructure/infrastructure-service	0.4.5	有更新可用



Create account and get cluster

In this section, you will create your own IBM Cloud account, and then get access to a IBM Cloud Lab account which contains pre-provisioned clusters. Each lab attendee will be granted access to one cluster.

Login to IBM Cloud

1. Create your own IBM Cloud account. Ex: **wk1201908000@dayrep.com**
2. After the email verification, confirm by logging in to <https://cloud.ibm.com>

Get a Kubernetes cluster

1. You can see the Kubernetes Clusters item in Resource summary on the Dashboard page. Click Kubernetes Clusters item and find your kubernetes cluster, ex: **wk1201908000**

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Dashboard. In the 'Resource summary' section, 'Kubernetes Clusters' is highlighted with a red box. The dashboard also shows other sections like 'Classic infrastructure', 'Planned maintenance', 'Location status', 'Apps', 'Support cases', and 'User access'.

Resource list				
Name ▲	Group	Location	Offering	Status
Q Filter by name or IP address...	Filter by group or org...	Filter...	Q Filter...	Q Filter...
> Devices (3)				
> VPC Infrastructure (0)				
▼ Kubernetes Clusters (1)				
🌐 wk1201908000	Default	Dallas	Kubernetes Cluster	● Normal
> Cloud Foundry Apps (0)				
> Cloud Foundry Services (0)				
> Services (0)				
> Storage (0)				
> Network (0)				



2. Click your kubernetes cluster, ex: **wk1201908000** to see the detail.

Clusters / wk1201908000



wk1201908000 ● Normal

Access Overview Worker Nodes Worker Pools Add-ons DevOps

Summary

Cluster ID	bl337s2d0lci8tve4cvg
Master status	Ready
Version	1.13.8_1529
Zones	dal13
Creator	scwu@tw.ibm.com
Ingress subdomain	wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud
Resource group	Default
Key protect (Beta)	Enable
Image pull secrets	Enabled
Public service endpoint URL	https://c2.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885 Disable
Private service endpoint URL	https://c2.private.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885

Clusters / wk1201908000



wk1201908000 ● Normal

[Web terminal \(beta\)](#) [Kubernetes dashboard](#) [Connect via CLI](#) ⋮

Access Overview Worker Nodes Worker Pools Add-ons DevOps

Worker Nodes

<input type="text" value="Search"/> Add worker pool							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Status	Worker Pool	Zone	Private IP	Public IP	Version
> <input type="checkbox"/>	000001a6	● Normal	default	dal13	10.209.253.130	169.61.30.102	1.13.8_1529
> <input type="checkbox"/>	0000025b	● Normal	default	dal13	10.209.253.134	169.61.30.98	1.13.8_1529
Items per page: 10 1-2 of 2 items 1 of 1 pages < 1 >							

Clusters / wk1201908000



wk1201908000 ● Normal

[Web terminal \(beta\)](#) [Kubernetes dashboard](#) [Connect via CLI](#) ⋮

Access Overview Worker Nodes Worker Pools Add-ons DevOps

Worker Pools

<input type="text" value="Search"/> Add worker pool				
Name	Zones	Workers Per Zone	Actual / Declared Workers	Flavor
default	dal13	2	2 / 2	u3c.2x4
Items per page: 10 1-1 of 1 items 1 of 1 pages < 1 >				



- Use below command to login IBM Cloud in the command prompt window.

ibmcloud login -a cloud.ibm.com -r us-south -g Default

```
已設定資源群組 Default 的目標
已設定地區 us-south 的目標

API 端點:      https://cloud.ibm.com
地區:         us-south
使用者:       scwu@tw.ibm.com
帳戶:         IBM PoC - WK1_201908 (85afb2e3d6c545c4b08e3901707cab07) <-> 1955198
資源群組:     Default
CF API 端點:
組織:
空間:
```

提示: 如果您正在管理 Cloud Foundry 應用程式及服務
 - 請使用 'ibmcloud target --cf' 以互動方式設定目標 Cloud Foundry 組織/空間, 或使用 'ibmcloud target --cf-api ENDPOINT -o
 ORG -s SPACE' 設定目標組織/空間。
 - 如果您想要執行 Cloud Foundry CLI 搭配現行 IBM Cloud CLI 環境定義, 請使用 'ibmcloud cf'。

- Use below command to check kubernetes cluster status in the command prompt window. You should see your cluster.

ibmcloud ks clusters

```
C:\windows\system32>ibmcloud ks clusters
OK
名稱          ID                  狀態    建立時間    工作程式  位置    版本          資源群組名稱  Provider
wk1201908000  bl337s2d0lci8tve4cvg  normal  6 hours ago  2         Dallas  1.13.8_1529   Default       classic
```

- Use below command to get the cluster config from IBM Cloud and set up the environment variable in the command prompt window.

ibmcloud ks cluster-config --cluster wk1201908000

```
C:\windows\system32>ibmcloud ks cluster-config --cluster wk1201908000
OK
已順利下載 wk1201908000 的配置。
匯出環境變數以開始使用 Kubernetes。

PowerShell
$env:KUBECONFIG = "C:\Users\JACKWU\bluemix\plugins\container-service\clusters\wk1201908000\kube-config-dal13-wk1201908000.yml"

Command Prompt
SET KUBECONFIG=C:\Users\JACKWU\bluemix\plugins\container-service\clusters\wk1201908000\kube-config-dal13-wk1201908000.yml
```

SET KUBECONFIG=C:\Users\JACKWU\bluemix\plugins\container-service\clusters\wk1201908000\kube-config-dal13-wk1201908000.yml

```
C:\windows\system32>SET KUBECONFIG=C:\Users\JACKWU\bluemix\plugins\container-service\clusters\wk1201908000\kube-config-dal13-wk1201908000.yml
C:\windows\system32>
```

- Use below command to test the client environment in the command prompt window.

kubectl get nodes



```
C:\windows\system32>kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE   VERSION
10.209.253.130      Ready    <none>   5h    v1.13.8+IKS
10.209.253.134      Ready    <none>   5h    v1.13.8+IKS
```

kubectl cluster-info

```
C:\windows\system32>kubectl cluster-info
Kubernetes master is running at https://c2.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885
CoreDNS is running at https://c2.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885/api/v1/namespaces/kube-system/services/kube-dns:proxy
kubernetes-dashboard is running at https://c2.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885/api/v1/namespaces/kube-system/services/https:kubernetes-dashboard:proxy
Metrics-server is running at https://c2.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885/api/v1/namespaces/kube-system/services/https:metrics-server:proxy

To further debug and diagnose cluster problems, use 'kubectl cluster-info dump'.
```



Get and build the application code

1. Change the working directory to **c:\iks**
2. Use below command to clone application from github

```
git clone https://github.com/lionelmace/mytodo
```

```
C:\IKS>git clone https://github.com/lionelmace/mytodo
Cloning into 'mytodo'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 32, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (32/32), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (28/28), done.
remote: Total 812 (delta 15), reused 9 (delta 4), pack-reused 780Receiving objects: 99% (804/812), 564.01 KiB | 266.00
Receiving objects: 100% (812/812), 661.23 KiB | 284.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (450/450), done.
```

3. Use below command to change directory and install npm

```
cd mytodo
npm install
```

```
C:\IKS\mytodo>npm install
npm WARN mytodo@2.0.0 No repository field.

added 151 packages from 172 contributors and audited 554 packages in 3.935s
found 3 high severity vulnerabilities
  run `npm audit fix` to fix them, or `npm audit` for details
```

4. Use below command to fix npm warnings

```
npm audit fix
```

```
C:\IKS\mytodo>npm audit fix
npm WARN mytodo@2.0.0 No repository field.

updated 2 packages in 2.626s
fixed 3 of 3 vulnerabilities in 554 scanned packages
```

5. Use below command to start npm

```
npm start
```

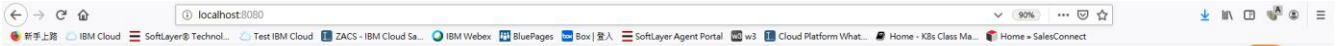
```
C:\IKS\mytodo>npm start

> mytodo@2.0.0 start C:\IKS\mytodo
> node server.js

Cannot find module ./vcap-local.json
Cannot find credentials.env
Using In Memory
server starting on http://localhost:8080
```

6. Use browser to navigate <http://localhost:8080>
7. You can use **Ctrl + C** to stop npm process

IBM Cloud



Type a new todo

```
server starting on http://localhost:8080
要終止批次工作嗎 (Y/N)? y
C:\IKS\mytodo>_
```



Build the docker image with your application code

1. Use below command to create IBM Cloud Container Registry namespace, ex: **wk1201908000ns**

```
ibmcloud cr namespace-add wk1201908000ns
```

```
C:\IKS\mytodo>ibmcloud cr namespace-add wk1201908000ns
外掛程式 'container-registry 0.1.404' 現在可供使用 (您有 0.1.395) 。
使用 'ibmcloud plugin update container-registry' 以升級外掛程式。
使用 'ibmcloud config --check-version=false' 以停用更新檢查。
正在新增名稱空間 'wk1201908000ns' ...
已順利新增名稱空間 'wk1201908000ns'
```

2. Use below command to create image, ex: **wk1201908000img**, with tag: latest in the IBM Cloud Container Registry namespace

```
ibmcloud cr build -t us.icr.io/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img:latest .
```

```
C:\IKS\mytodo>ibmcloud cr build -t us.icr.io/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img:latest .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 1.293MB
Step 1/8 : FROM node:11.13.0-alpine
11.13.0-alpine: Pulling from library/node
[1B201b3a05: Pulling fs layer
[1B04895ca9: Pulling fs layer
[1BDigest: sha256:72aef1f7a5088ee3b162b1f9eafb48e8b76a9fc9df70169cb6cce75cff7fefce34MB/1.334MBB
Status: Downloaded newer image for node:11.13.0-alpine
----> f34bcc2815ed
Step 2/8 : RUN mkdir -p /usr/src/app
----> Running in 4ebd1d077bb8
Removing intermediate container 4ebd1d077bb8
----> 28bdd451e505
Step 3/8 : WORKDIR /usr/src/app
----> Running in a30ccd056d59
Removing intermediate container a30ccd056d59
----> 71bd185002d3
Step 4/8 : COPY package.json /usr/src/app/
----> 6d6dc8ce29ac
Step 5/8 : RUN npm install
----> Running in 2021cc7d949f
[91m npm notice created a lockfile as package-lock.json. You should commit this file.
[0m [91m npm WARN mytodo@2.0.0 No repository field.
[0m [91m
[0m added 161 packages from 171 contributors and audited 571 packages in 2.433s
found 0 vulnerabilities

Removing intermediate container 2021cc7d949f
----> 4d2a2624146d
Step 6/8 : COPY . /usr/src/app
----> e10f88f76913
Step 7/8 : EXPOSE 8080
----> Running in 77096d957946
Removing intermediate container 77096d957946
----> 5666f16d4d7f
Step 8/8 : CMD [ "npm", "start" ]
----> Running in 738cfda08684
Removing intermediate container 738cfda08684
----> 70b6d2847d61
Successfully built 70b6d2847d61
Successfully tagged us.icr.io/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img:latest
The push refers to repository [us.icr.io/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img]

[1B822bd99c: Preparing
[1Bbf26b704: Preparing
[1B45abe542: Preparing
[1Bb2b1604f: Preparing
[1B064aa902: Preparing
[1B49e341bb: Preparing
[2Blatest: digest: sha256:31fd33df6c0c576ae374b232872f9b7f7c62b1805d75cf940da488a90fdacf30 size: 1786
SECURITY WARNING: You are building a Docker image from Windows against a non-Windows Docker host. All files and direc
tories added to build context will have '-rwxr-xr-x' permissions. It is recommended to double check and reset permis
sions for sensitive files and directories.
OK
```



3. You can see the IBM Cloud Container Registry namespace, Repository and Image on the IBM Cloud page

Registry Quick Start

Welcome!

Let's get started by installing the needed CLIs, setting up your first private registry namespace, and pushing your first image.

Install, Set Up, and Log In

1. [Install the IBM Cloud CLI.](#)
2. [Install the Docker CLI.](#)
3. Install the Container Registry plug-in.

Registry

LOCATION: Dallas

Welcome to the new Container Registry experience. You can access public IBM images by using the CLI. For more information, see the [docs](#).

Quick Start

Contents

Namespaces: 1

Repositories: 1

Images: 1

Settings

Images

URL: us.icr.io

An image is the basis for creating a deployed container.

Create image

Search

Repository	Tags	Digest	Created	Size	Security Status
/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img	latest	31fd33df6c0c	15 minutes ago	35 MB	No Issues

Items per page: 10 | 1-1 of 1 items

1 of 1 pages

4. Use below command to list image in the IBM Cloud Container Registry namespace

ibmcloud cr images

```
C:\VKS\mytodo>ibmcloud cr images
正在列出映像檔...
```

```
儲存庫          標籤    摘要    名稱空間    建立時間    大小    安全狀態
us.icr.io/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img  latest  31fd33df6c0c  wk1201908000ns  17 minutes ago  35 MB  沒有問題
OK
```

5. Use below command to change directory to kubernetes and use notepad to edit **ingress-tls-deploy.yaml** file
6. You should replace <registry-region>.icr.io to **us.icr.io**, <registry-namespace> to **wk1201908000ns**, todo-<lastname>:1.0 to **wk1201908000img:latest**
7. You can check the info. on the IBM Cloud page

Namespaces

Create namespace

A namespace is a collection of related repositories (which in turn are made up of individual images).

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Repository Count	Image Count	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<div> <div></div> <div>wk1201908000ns</div> </div>	1	1	...

Repository ▾

Image Count

Last Updated

us.icr.io/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img

1

5 hours ago


...


Items per page: 10 ▾ | 1-1 of 1 items

1 of 1 pages < 1 ▾ >

Items per page: 10 ▾ | 1-1 of 1 items

1 of 1 pages < 1 ▾ >

- 



IBM Cloud

12



cd kubernetes

notepad ingress-tls-deploy.yaml

```

ingress-tls-deploy.yaml - 記事本
檔案(F) 編輯(E) 格式(O) 檢視(V) 說明(H)

---
# Application to deploy
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: mytodos
spec:
  replicas: 2 # tells deployment to run 2 pods
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: mytodos
  template: # create pods using pod definition in this template
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: mytodos
        tier: frontend
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: mytodos
        image: us.icr.io/wk1201908000ns/wk1201908000img:latest
        imagePullPolicy: Always
        resources:
          requests:
            cpu: 250m # 250 millicores = 1/4 core
            memory: 128Mi # 128 MB
          limits:
            cpu: 500m
            memory: 384Mi
        # envFrom:
        # - secretRef:
        #   name: database-credentials
        #   optional: true
---
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: mytodos-ingress
  annotations:
    # Force the use of https if the request is http
    ingress.bluemix.net/redirect-to-https: "True"
spec:
  tls:
  - hosts:
    - todo.wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud
      secretName: wk1201908000
  rules:
  - host: todo.wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud
    http:
      paths:
      - path: /
        backend:
          serviceName: mytodos
          servicePort: 8080
---
# Service to expose frontend
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service

```

11. After modify the yaml file, you can use below command to deploy the app into your Kubernetes cluster

12. If you get the error msg., you should use curl command to download proper version kubect.exe

kubectl apply -f ingress-tls-deploy.yaml



```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubectl apply -f ingress-tls-deploy.yaml
error: SchemaError(io.k8s.apimachinery.pkg.apis.meta.v1.APIGroup): invalid object doesn't have additional properties
```

curl -LO https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/v1.13.8/bin/windows/amd64/kubect.exe

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>curl -LO https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/v1.13.8/bin/windows/amd64/kubect.exe
% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Time Current
100 37.8M 100 37.8M 0 0 945k 0 0:00:41 0:00:41 --:--:-- 582k
```

13. Use below command to check kubect.exe version. The client version and server version should be the same

kubect version

```
C:\IKS>kubect version
Client Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"13", GitVersion:"v1.13.8", GitCommit:"0c6d31a99f81476dfc9871ba3cf3f597bec29b58", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2019-07-08T08:46:01Z", GoVersion:"go1.11.5", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"windows/amd64"}
Server Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"13", GitVersion:"v1.13.8+IKS", GitCommit:"fe3e332c2b0f47d4572433c3b0a1687a27fb88c6", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2019-07-11T13:45:03Z", GoVersion:"go1.11.5", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}
```

14. After modify the yaml file, you can use below command to deploy the app into your Kubernetes cluster

kubect apply -f ingress-tls-deploy.yaml

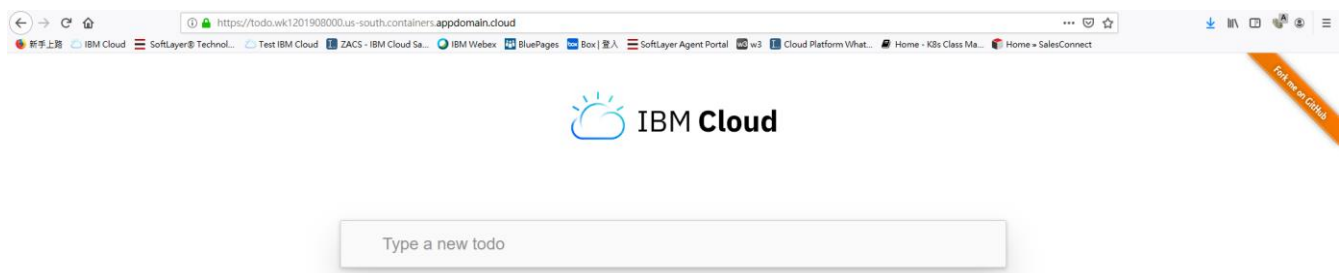
```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubect apply -f ingress-tls-deploy.yaml
deployment.apps/mytodos created
ingress.extensions/mytodos-ingress created
service/mytodos created
```

15. Use below command to check Kubernetes pods status

kubect get pods

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubect get pods
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
mytodos-5cf8d58f74-2f9pb 1/1 Running 0 41s
mytodos-5cf8d58f74-gctfh 1/1 Running 0 41s
```

16. Use browser to navigate **https://todo.wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud**





Scale the application using the replica

1. Use below command to scale up to 3 replicas and check Kubernetes pods status

```
kubectl scale --replicas=3 deployment/mytodos
```

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes> kubectl scale --replicas=3 deployment/mytodos  
deployment.extensions/mytodos scaled
```



Use a Kubernetes Secret to connect to a managed Database service

1. Click **Cloudant** with Database filter on the Catalog page

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Catalog interface. On the left, the 'Databases' category is selected under 'All Categories'. The main area displays a grid of database services. The 'Cloudant' service, described as a 'scalable JSON document database for web, mobile, IoT, and serverless applications', is highlighted with a red border. Other visible services include Blockchain Platform, PostgreSQL, Redis, Elasticsearch, MongoDB, RabbitMQ, etcd, Blockchain, and Compose Enterprise.

2. Create Cloudant service with name(ex: **Cloudant-wk1201908000**), Location: **Dallas**, Resource group: **Default**, Authentication methods: **Use both legacy credentials and IAM**, Pricing Plan: **Standard**

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Cloudant service creation page. The 'Service name' is 'Cloudant-wk1201908', 'Location' is 'Dallas', 'Resource group' is 'Default', 'Authentication methods' is 'Use both legacy credentials and IAM', and 'Pricing Plan' is 'Standard'. The page includes a description of the service, a 'View Docs' link, and a table of pricing plans.

Service name: Cloudant-wk1201908

Choose a region/location to deploy in: Dallas

Select a resource group: Default

Tags: Examples: env:dev, version:1

Available authentication methods: Legacy credentials enable login to Cloudant using HTTP Basic authentication. **Use both legacy credentials and IAM**

Select Environment: Select an environment to provision the account. **Multi-Tenant**

Pricing Plans Monthly prices shown are for country or region: United States

PLAN	FEATURES	PRICING
Lite	Limited throughput & storage Capped at 1GB of data storage Provisioned throughput capacity fixed at 20 reads/sec, 10 writes/sec, 5 global queries/sec Max JSON document size of 1MB	Free
Standard	Serverless scaling of throughput & storage Includes 20 GB of free data storage; additional storage metered Users can adjust provisioned throughput capacity in blocks of 100 reads/sec, 50 writes/sec, 5 global queries/sec Max JSON document size of 1MB	\$1.00 USD/GB of data storage \$0.25 USD/Read capacity \$0.60 USD/Write capacity \$6.00 USD/Global Query capacity

Need Help?
[Contact IBM Cloud Support](#)

Add to estimate **Create**

3. After the status of Cloudant service changed to Provisioned, click the item to see the detail
4. Switch to Service Credentials and add new credential



Resource list

Create resource

Collapse all | Expand all

Name	Group	Location	Offering	Status	Tags
Filter by name or IP address...	Filter by group or org...	Filter...	Filter...	Filter...	Filter...
Devices (3)					
kube-bl337e2d0ci8tve4cvg-wk120190800-default-000001...	Classic Infrastructure	Dallas 13	Virtual Server	View status	ibm...
kube-bl337e2d0ci8tve4cvg-wk120190800-default-000002...	Classic Infrastructure	Dallas 13	Virtual Server	View status	ibm...
virtualserver01.IBM-PoC-WK1-201908.cloud	Classic Infrastructure	Hong Kong 02	Virtual Server	View status	--
VPC Infrastructure (0)					
Kubernetes Clusters (1)					
wk1201908000	Default	Dallas	Kubernetes Cluster	Normal	--
Cloud Foundry Apps (0)					
Cloud Foundry Services (0)					
Services (1)					
Cloudant-wk1201908	Default	Dallas	Cloudant	Provisioned	--
Storage (0)					

Manage
Service credentials
Plan
Connections

Resource list /
Cloudant-wk1201908
Resource group: Default Location: Dallas Add Tags

Service credentials

Credentials are provided in JSON format. The JSON snippet lists credentials, such as the API key and secret, as well as connection information for the service.

Learn more

Service credentials

New credential

Click New credentials to create a set of credentials for this instance

5. After The role should be Manager in the new credential window

Add new credential

Name: Service credentials-1

Role: **Manager**

Select Service ID (Optional) Select Service ID...

Add Inline Configuration Parameters (Optional):

Cancel

Add



6. After new credential created, you can view detail.
7. Get the **apikey** and **username** in the credential

The screenshot shows the 'Service credentials' page in the IBM Cloud console. A table lists the credentials, and the details for 'Service credentials-1' are expanded. The details include an API key and a username, both highlighted with red boxes.

```

{
  "apikey": "CDCP2gkjB8LGB4fDZXHEzoGwz47rZffGrwf3sRKf1xj",
  "host": "b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix.cloudantnosqldb.appdomain.cloud",
  "iam_apikey_description": "Auto-generated for key b2fc71ef-43c7-4834-8dd5-2d68983e3fff",
  "iam_apikey_name": "Service credentials-1",
  "iam_role_crn": "crn:v1:bluemix:public:iam::::serviceRole:Manager",
  "iam_serviceid_crn": "crn:v1:bluemix:public:iam-identity::a/85af2e3d6c545c4b08e3901707cab07::serviceid:ServiceId-d7408acc-9c00-4ceb-94c3-74c50e9e084c",
  "password": "b4e5384a4f814f3b60599a7779127650e118521dda134a63358d6319b44661cf",
  "port": 443,
  "url": "https://b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix:b4e5384a4f814f3b60599a7779127650e118521dda134a63358d6319b44661cf@b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix.cloudantnosqldb.appdomain.cloud",
  "username": "b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix"
}

```

8. Change the directory to `c:\iks\mytodo`, then use below command to copy file and edit file
9. Input the apikey and username from credential in the `credentials.env`

`cd c:\iks\mytodo`

`copy credentials.template.env credentials.env`

`notepad credentials.env`

The screenshot shows a Notepad window titled 'credentials.env - 記事本'. The file contains environment variables for Cloudant and MongoDB. The Cloudant variables are highlighted with a red box.

```

# Cloudant Credentials
CLOUDANT_USERNAME=b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix
CLOUDANT_APIKEY=CDCP2gkjB8LGB4fDZXHEzoGwz47rZffGrwf3sRKf1xj
CLOUDANT_DATABASE=todos

# Databases for MongoDB Credentials
#MONGO_USERNAME=
#MONGO_PASSWORD=
#MONGO_HOSTS=
#MONGO_CERTIFICATE_BASE64=

```



10. Use below command to get the Kubernetes namespaces list

kubectl get namespaces

```
C:\IKS\mytodo> kubectl get namespaces
NAME          STATUS    AGE
default       Active    8h
ibm-cert-store Active    8h
ibm-system    Active    8h
kube-public   Active    8h
kube-system   Active    8h
```

11. Use below command to create secret(ex: **wk1201908000db-secret**) from credentials.env file

kubectl create secret generic wk1201908000db-secret --from-env-file=credentials.env

```
C:\IKS\mytodo>kubectl create secret generic wk1201908000db-secret --from-env-file=credentials.env
secret "wk1201908000db-secret" created
```

12. Use below command to check secret, you should see the secret you just created

Kubectl get secrets

```
C:\IKS\mytodo>kubectl get secrets
NAME                                TYPE                                DATA    AGE
default-au-icr-io                  kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson     1         8h
default-de-icr-io                  kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson     1         8h
default-icr-io                     kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson     1         8h
default-jp-icr-io                  kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson     1         8h
default-token-wx6ft                kubernetes.io/service-account-token 3         8h
default-uk-icr-io                  kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson     1         8h
default-us-icr-io                  kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson     1         8h
wk1201908000                      Opaque                              2         8h
wk1201908000db-secret             Opaque                              3         2m
```

13. You can check the secret detail from Kubernetes dashboard on the IBM Cloud page

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Kubernetes dashboard for cluster **wk1201908000**. The cluster status is **Normal**. The dashboard includes a summary section with the following details:

- Cluster ID: bi337e2d0ici8tve4cvg
- Master status: Ready
- Version: 1.13.8_1529
- Zones: dal13
- Creator: scwu@tw.ibm.com
- Ingress subdomain: wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud
- Resource group: Default
- Key protect (Beta): [Enable](#)
- Image pull secrets: Enabled
- Public service endpoint URL: <https://c2.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885> [Disable](#)
- Private service endpoint URL: <https://c2.private.us-south.containers.cloud.ibm.com:25885>

The dashboard also features a 'Worker Nodes' section showing a 100% health status and a 'Summary' section with a progress bar indicating the cluster's overall health.



14. You switch to Secret page and click your secret name. You should see the content you input in the credential.env file

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Kubernetes console. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with sections: Namespace (default), Overview, Workloads (Cron Jobs, Daemon Sets, Deployments, Jobs, Pods, Replica Sets, Replication Controllers, Stateful Sets), Discovery and Load Balancing (Ingresses, Services), Config and Storage (Config Maps, Persistent Volume Claims, **Secrets**), and Settings (About). The main area displays a table of secrets in the 'default' namespace. The first row, 'wk1201908000db-secret', is highlighted with a red box. The table columns are Name, Type, and Age.

Name	Type	Age
wk1201908000db-secret	Opaque	3 minutes
wk1201908000	Opaque	8 hours
default-jp-icr-io	kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson	8 hours
default-au-icr-io	kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson	8 hours
default-de-icr-io	kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson	8 hours
default-uk-icr-io	kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson	8 hours
default-us-icr-io	kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson	8 hours
default-icr-io	kubernetes.io/dockerconfigjson	8 hours
default-token-wx6ft	kubernetes.io/service-account-token	8 hours

The screenshot shows the details page for the 'wk1201908000db-secret' in the 'default' namespace. The breadcrumb navigation at the top is 'Config and storage > Secrets > wk1201908000db-secret'. The left sidebar is the same as the previous screenshot. The main area is divided into 'Details' and 'Data' sections. The 'Details' section shows the Name, Namespace, Creation Time, and Type. The 'Data' section shows the secret's content, which is a JSON object with three keys: CLOUDANT_APIKEY, CLOUDANT_DATABASE, and CLOUDANT_USERNAME. The 'Data' section is highlighted with a red box.

Details

Name: wk1201908000db-secret
 Namespace: default
 Creation Time: 2019-08-04T10:20 UTC
 Type: Opaque

Data

```
{
  "CLOUDANT_APIKEY": "CDCP2gkj b8LGB4fDZHXEzoGWzw47rZffGrwf3sRKf1xj",
  "CLOUDANT_DATABASE": "wk1201908000db",
  "CLOUDANT_USERNAME": "b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix"
}
```

15. Change the directory to c:\iks\mytodo\kubernetes

16. Use notepad to edit **ingress-tls-deploy.yaml** file

17. Remove the remark from **envFrom** section

cd kubernetes



```
ingress-tls-deploy.yaml - 記事本
檔案(F) 編輯(E) 格式(O) 檢視(V) 說明(H)

resources:
  requests:
    cpu: 250m # 250 millicores = 1/4 core
    memory: 128Mi # 128 MB
  limits:
    cpu: 500m
    memory: 384Mi
  envFrom:
    - secretRef:
        name: wk1201908000db-secret
        optional: true
---
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: mytodos-ingress
  annotations:
    # Force the use of https if the request is http
    ingress.bluemix.net/redirect-to-https: "True"
spec:
  tls:
    - hosts:
        - todo.wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud
      secretName: wk1201908000
  rules:
    - host: todo.wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud
      http:
        paths:
          - path: /
```

18. Use below command to apply new config to existed pods

kubectl apply -f ingress-tls-deploy.yaml

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes> kubectl apply -f ingress-tls-deploy.yaml
deployment.apps/mytodos configured
ingress.extensions/mytodos-ingress unchanged
service/mytodos unchanged
```

19. Use below command to check Kubernetes pods status

kubectl get pods

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubectl get pods
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
mytodos-6f8694b8bd-6hph5           1/1     Running   0           12s
mytodos-6f8694b8bd-b9556           1/1     Running   0           10s
```

20. Use browser to navigate <https://todo.wk1201908000.us-south.containers.appdomain.cloud> and input a test string.



☐ test



21. Go to IBM Cloud first page and click Cloudant service item to see detail

IBM Cloud

Search resources and offerings...

Catalog Docs

Dashboard [Customize](#)

Resource summary [View resources](#)

Devices 3

Kubernetes Clusters 1

Services 1

Add more resources

Classic infrastructure

Device list

Support cases

User list

Subnets

Network monitoring

Block Storage

Compliance reports

Learn about classic infrastructure

Location status [View status](#)

Asia Pacific

Europe

North America

South America

Apps

You can view your apps here after you create them. [Learn more about how to get started.](#)

Create an app

Support cases [View support](#)

1 Unresolved cases

0 Resolved cases

Recent cases

CS0490533 Convert account to VRF for VPC Classic Access

Resource list

Name ▲	Group	Location
<input type="text"/> Filter by name or IP address...	<input type="text"/> Filter by group or org...	<input type="text"/> Filter...
> Devices (3)		
> VPC Infrastructure (0)		
> Kubernetes Clusters (1)		
> Cloud Foundry Apps (0)		
> Cloud Foundry Services (0)		
✓ Services (1)		
Cloudant-wk1201908	Default	Dallas
> Storage (0)		
> Network (0)		
> Cloud Foundry Enterprise Environments (0)		



22. Launch Cloudbant Dashboard

Resource list / Cloudbant-wk1201908

Resource group: Default Location: Dallas [Add Tags](#)

Overview Dashboard Capacity Docs

Launch Cloudbant Dashboard

Deployment details

CRN	crn:v1:bluemix:public:cloudantnosqldb:us-south:a/85afb2e3d6c545c4b08e3901707cab07:f8e37e43-e1fa-43ba-812e-61d16bdfb77:
Location	Dallas
External Endpoint	https://b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix.cloudant.com
External Endpoint (preferred)	https://b1987405-45b2-4943-a61b-136cb43e633c-bluemix.cloudantnosqldb.appdomain.cloud
Authentication methods	IBM Cloud IAM and Cloudbant credentials
Disk encryption	Yes

23. Switch to Databases page, you can see a new database: mytodo and one Docs

Databases

Database name

Create Database {} JSON

Your Databases

Name	Size	# of Docs	Partitioned	Actions
todos	2.6 KB	1	No	View Add Delete

24. Click the database: mytodo and switch the format to **{JSON}**, you see the record you just created on the web page

todos

All Documents +

Query

Permissions

Changes

Design Documents +

Table Metadata **{JSON}**

id "7bfde0f3882869914263e345ade96f7a"

```
{
  "id": "7bfde0f3882869914263e345ade96f7a",
  "key": "7bfde0f3882869914263e345ade96f7a",
  "value": {
    "rev": "1-a2ba8db5b136bbaf12f8f8298d15386c"
  },
  "doc": {
    "_id": "7bfde0f3882869914263e345ade96f7a",
    "rev": "1-a2ba8db5b136bbaf12f8f8298d15386c",
    "text": "test",
    "completed": false
  }
}
```



Test Resiliency

1. Use below command to get Kubernetes nodes status

kubectl get nodes

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE   VERSION
10.209.253.130      Ready     <none>    10h   v1.13.8+IKS
10.209.253.134      Ready     <none>    10h   v1.13.8+IKS
```

2. Use below command to get Kubernetes pods detail status

kubectl get pods -o wide -w

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubectl get po -o wide -w
NAME                READY    STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE    IP             NODE                NOMINATED NODE    READINESS GATES
mytodos-6f8694b8bd-bx1sk  1/1      Running   0           6m33s  172.30.218.15  10.209.253.134      <none>             <none>
mytodos-6f8694b8bd-ggcr2  1/1      Running   0           11m    172.30.218.14  10.209.253.134      <none>             <none>
```

3. Use below command to drain one node

kubectl drain 10.209.253.130 --ignore-daemonsets --delete-local-data

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubectl drain 10.209.253.130 --ignore-daemonsets --delete-local-data
node/10.209.253.130 cordoned
WARNING: Ignoring DaemonSet-managed pods: calico-node-ts688, ibm-keepalived-watcher-7v7mt, ibm-kube-fluentd-8rlxd
pod/ibm-cloud-provider-ip-169-61-1-54-67b5dcc796-n2jhg evicted
pod/public-crbl337s2d0lci8tve4cvy-albl-5d88d685bc-dmg4g evicted
pod/mytodos-6f8694b8bd-hxc75 evicted
node/10.209.253.130 evicted
```

4. Use below command to get Kubernetes nodes status and see one node's status is changed

kubectl get nodes

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS              ROLES    AGE   VERSION
10.209.253.130      Ready,SchedulingDisabled <none>    10h   v1.13.8+IKS
10.209.253.134      Ready               <none>    10h   v1.13.8+IKS
```

5. Use below command to get Kubernetes pods detail status and see the pods still are running

kubectl get pods -o wide -w



```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubect1 get po -o wide -w
NAME                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE    IP             NODE                NOMINATED NODE   READINESS GATES
mytodos-6f8694b8bd-bx1sk  1/1     Running   0           6m33s  172.30.218.15  10.209.253.134      <none>            <none>
mytodos-6f8694b8bd-ggcr2  1/1     Running   0           11m    172.30.218.14  10.209.253.134      <none>            <none>
```

6. Use below command to resume scheduling new pods onto the node

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubect1 uncordon 10.209.253.130
node/10.209.253.130 uncordoned
```

7. Use below command to get Kubernetes nodes status

kubect1 get nodes

```
C:\IKS\mytodo\kubernetes>kubect1 get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE    VERSION
10.209.253.130      Ready     <none>    11h    v1.13.8+IKS
10.209.253.134      Ready     <none>    11h    v1.13.8+IKS
```



Clean up the environment

1. Delete the deployment and the services

```
kubectl delete -f ingress-tls-deploy.yaml
```



Appendix

Installing the stand-alone IBM Cloud CLI

Installing with an installer

Reference URL: <https://cloud.ibm.com/docs/cli?topic=cloud-cli-install-ibmcloud-cli>

Use the following steps to install the latest stand-alone IBM Cloud CLI:

1. Use a browser to access the official [ibm-cloud-cli-releases](https://github.com/ibm-cloud/cli-releases) GitHub repository, and **select** the installer of your OS to begin the download. The following operating systems are supported: macOS X 64-bit, Windows™ 64-bit, Linux™ x86 64-bit, and Linux™ LE 64-bit (ppc64le).
2. Run the installer:
 - For Mac and Windows™, run the installer.
 - For Linux™, extract the package and run the install script.
3. Log in to IBM Cloud:

`ibmcloud login`

Now, you're ready to manage IBM Cloud resources. Enter `ibmcloud help` to view the command descriptions.

Installing from the shell

To install the latest CLI for your OS from the shell manually, use the following command for your OS:

- For **Mac**, copy and paste the following command to a terminal and run it:

`curl -fsSL https://clis.cloud.ibm.com/install/osx | sh`

- For **Linux™**, copy and paste the following command to a terminal and run it:

`curl -fsSL https://clis.cloud.ibm.com/install/linux | sh`

- For **Windows™**, copy and paste the following command to a Windows™ PowerShell terminal console and run it:

`iex(New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://clis.cloud.ibm.com/install/powershell')`



Installing the IBM Cloud developer tools CLI plug-in manually

Reference URL: <https://cloud.ibm.com/docs/cli?topic=cloud-cli-install-devtools-manually>

You can manually install the IBM Cloud™ developer tools command line interface (CLI) plug-in if you prefer more granular control for installing the components. Otherwise, all prerequisites are automatically installed for most users by using the [platform installers](#).

Before you begin

- Install the stand-alone [IBM Cloud CLI](#) to get support for installing command line plug-ins for IBM Cloud.
- Install the [curl](#) command for downloading packages through the command line.

Installing the IBM Cloud developer tools CLI plug-in

You can use the IBM Cloud developer tools CLI commands to create an application, manage, deploy, debug, and test it.

To install the IBM Cloud developer tools plug-in, run the following command:

```
ibmcloud plugin install dev
```

Installing Docker

For running and debugging apps locally, install [Docker](#) .

Installing the Kubernetes command line tool

To view a local version of the Kubernetes dashboard, and to deploy apps into your clusters, install the [Kubernetes command line tool](#) for your platform:

- Mac:

```
curl --progress-bar -LO https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/$(curl -s https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/stable.txt)/bin/darwin/amd64/kubectl
```



- Linux™:

```
curl --progress-bar -LO https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/$(curl -s https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl
```

- Windows™:

```
curl -LO https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/v1.7.0/bin/windows/amd64/kubectl.exe
```

The prefix for running commands by using the Kubernetes command line tool is kubectl. For more information, see [Setting up the CLI and API](#).

Installing IBM Cloud Object Storage CLI plug-in

The IBM Cloud Object Storage plug-in extends the IBM Cloud command line interface (CLI) with an API wrapper for working with Object Storage resources.

- To install the IBM Cloud Object Storage plug-in, run the following command:

```
ibmcloud plugin install cloud-object-storage
```

For more information, see the [IBM Cloud Object Storage command reference](#).

Installing IBM Cloud Container Registry CLI plug-in

You can use the container-registry CLI plug-in to set up your own image namespace in an IBM-hosted, and managed, private registry. Where you can store and share Docker images with all users in your IBM Cloud account.

- To install the IBM® Cloud Container Registry plug-in, run the following command:

```
ibmcloud plugin install container-registry
```

For more information, see the [IBM® Cloud Container Registry command reference](#).

Installing IBM Cloud Kubernetes Service CLI plug-in

To create and manage Kubernetes clusters in IBM® Cloud Kubernetes Service:



- To install the IBM Cloud Container Registry plug-in, run the following command:

```
ibmcloud plugin install container-service
```

For more information, see the [IBM Cloud Container Registry command reference](#).

Installing Helm

Install [Helm](#), which is a Kubernetes-based package manager.

- Mac and Linux™ users, run the following commands:

```
export DESIRED_VERSION=v2.7.2  
curl -sL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/helm/master/scripts/get | bash
```

- Windows™ users can download and install the Helm [binary](#) .

Installing the Cloud Functions CLI plug-in

You can use the IBM® Cloud Functions CLI plug-in to manage your code snippets in actions, bundle actions into packages, and create triggers and rules to enable your actions to respond to events.

To install the Cloud Functions CLI plug-in, run the following command:

```
ibmcloud plugin install cloud-functions
```

For more information, see [Installing the Cloud Functions CLI plug-in](#).



Uninstalling the stand-alone IBM Cloud CLI

Reference URL: <https://cloud.ibm.com/docs/cli?topic=cloud-cli-uninstall-ibmcloud-cli>

Use the following steps to uninstall the stand-alone IBM Cloud CLI on specific platforms.

Uninstalling on Windows

1. Click the **Start** button, and then select **Control Panel**.
2. In the pop-up window, click **Uninstall a program**.
3. In the pop-up application list, locate **IBM Cloud Command Line Interface**.
4. Right click **IBM Cloud Command Line Interface**, and select **Uninstall**.
5. The uninstaller is started. Follow the instructions to finish the uninstallation.

Uninstalling on Linux and macOS

The uninstallation steps are different depending on the version of the CLI that is installed.

To determine your IBM Cloud CLI version, run:

```
ibmcloud -v
```

To uninstall versions earlier than 0.9.0, run the following commands:

```
rm -rf /usr/local/ibmcloud  
rm -f /usr/local/bin/ibmcloud  
rm -f /usr/local/bin/bluemix  
rm -f /usr/local/bin/bx  
rm -f /usr/local/bin/ibmcloud-analytics
```

Clean up the autocompletion scripts, if you configured them. For more details, see [Enabling shell autocompletion for IBM Cloud CLI \(Linux and Mac only\)](#).

To uninstall versions 0.9.0 and later, run the following command:

```
/usr/local/ibmcloud/uninstall
```

Clean up any custom autocompletion scripts. For more details, see [Enabling shell autocompletion for IBM Cloud CLI \(Linux and Mac only\)](#).