```
function [ doa meters, doa samples, reliability ] = tdoa2(signal1 complex,
signal2 complex, rx distance diff, rx distance, ...
                                                      smoothing factor,
corr_type, report_level, signal_bandwidth_khz, ...
                                                      ref bandwidth_khz,
smoothing_factor_ref, interpol)
   % tdoa2 calculates the TDOA of two signals captured by two RXs
       output:
   %
       doa meters:
                             delay in meters (how much signal1 is later than
signal 2)
                             delay in samples
   %
       doa samples:
   %
       reliability:
                             reliab. of the correlation, 0(bad)..1(good)
   %
   %
      input:
   %
      signal1:
                                     signal with length 3.6e6 from RX 1
   %
                                     signal with length 3.6e6 from RX 2
       signal2:
       rx distance diff: difference in distance in meters between two RX to
Ref (sign matters)
       rx distance: distance between RX1 and RX2 in meters (always
   %
positive)
   %
       smooting_factor: for wideband signals
       corr_type:
                                     switch between abs and delta phase (abs:
0, delta phase: 1);
       report_level: no reports: 0, show figures >0
       signal bandwidth khz bandwidth of FIR filter for signal filtering applied
to meas signal (400, 200, 40, 12, 0)
   %
       interpol
                          interpolation factor (0 or 1 = no interpolation)
   %
   %
       requirement: signal capture with 2 Msps:
       still open: correct valid signal generation for interpolation
                 (currently: native valid signal is used, which gives an
approximation, which should be ok)
   % integrity checks
   if (length(signal1 complex) ~= 3.6e6)
       error ('Length of Signal 1 is unequal 3.6e6');
   end;
   if (length(signal2_complex) ~= 3.6e6)
       error ('Length of Signal 2 is unequal 3.6e6');
   end;
   % slice signal into three parts
   % |-num_samples_per_slice-|
   % |-num_samples_per_freq+guard_interval-|-num_samples_per_slice-|
   % |----2*num samples per freq + % guard interval------|..
```

```
num samples per freq = 1.2e6;
    num samples per slice = 1e6;
    guard_interval = 200e3; % time to switch to a new frequency, fixed,
empirically determined
    sample_rate = 2e6; % in Hz
    num_samples_total = num_samples_per_freq*3;
    signal11 complex = signal1 complex(1
num samples per slice);
    signal12 complex = signal1 complex(num samples per freq + guard interval :
num samples per freq + guard interval + num samples per slice - 1);
    signal13_complex = signal1_complex(2*num_samples_per_freq + guard_interval :
2*num samples per freq + guard interval + num samples per slice - 1);
    signal21_complex = signal2_complex(1
num samples per slice);
    signal22 complex = signal2 complex(num samples per freq
                                                              + guard interval :
num_samples_per_freq + guard_interval + num_samples_per_slice - 1);
    signal23 complex = signal2 complex(2*num samples per freq + guard interval :
2*num_samples_per_freq + guard_interval + num_samples_per_slice - 1);
    %% Filter measurement to signal bandwidth
    disp('Filter measurement signal to actual bandwidth');
    signal12 complex unfiltered = signal12 complex; % copy unfiltered signals for
display
    signal22 complex unfiltered = signal22 complex;
    signal12_complex = filter_iq(signal12_complex, signal_bandwidth_khz);
    signal22 complex = filter iq(signal22 complex, signal bandwidth khz);
    %% Filter Ref Signal
    signal11 complex = filter iq(signal11 complex, ref bandwidth khz);
    signal13 complex = filter iq(signal13 complex, ref bandwidth khz);
    signal21_complex = filter_iq(signal21_complex, ref_bandwidth_khz);
    signal23 complex = filter iq(signal23 complex, ref bandwidth khz);
    disp(' ');
    if report level > 2
        % display spectrum before and after filtering
        figure;
        subplot(2,1,1);
        spectrum1 = 10*log10(abs(fftshift(fft(signal12_complex_unfiltered))));
        spectrum1 = smooth(spectrum1, 201);
        spectrum2 = 10*log10(abs(fftshift(fft(signal22 complex unfiltered))));
        spectrum2 = smooth(spectrum2, 201);
```

```
freq axis = -(length(spectrum1)/2) : 1 : ((length(spectrum1)/2)-1);
        plot(freq_axis, spectrum1, freq_axis, spectrum2);
        title('Measurement Signals, before filtering');
        grid;
        subplot(2,1,2);
        spectrum1 = 10*log10(abs(fftshift(fft(signal12_complex))));
        spectrum1 = smooth(spectrum1, 201);
        spectrum2 = 10*log10(abs(fftshift(fft(signal22 complex))));
        spectrum2 = smooth(spectrum2, 201);
        freq_axis = -(length(spectrum1)/2) : 1 : ((length(spectrum1)/2)-1);
        plot(freq_axis, spectrum1, freq_axis, spectrum2);
        title('Measurement Signals, after filtering');
        grid;
    end
    %% Correlation for slice 1 (ref)
    disp('CORRELATION CALCULATION DETAILS:');
    % native
    corr signal 1 = correlate iq(signal11 complex, signal21 complex, corr type,
smoothing factor ref);
    corr1_reliability = corr_reliability( corr_signal_1 );
    [~, idx1] = max(corr_signal_1);
    delay1_native = idx1 - length(signal11_complex); % >0: signal1 later, <0</pre>
signal2 later
    % with interpolation
    if (interpol > 1)
        signal11 interp = interp(signal11 complex, interpol);
        signal12_interp = interp(signal21_complex, interpol);
        corr signal_1_interp = correlate_iq(signal11_interp, signal12_interp,
corr_type, smoothing_factor_ref);
        [~, idx1_interp_i] = max(corr_signal_1_interp);
        idx1_interp = (idx1_interp_i-1) ./ interpol + (1/interpol);
        delay1 interp = idx1 interp - length(signal11 complex); % >0: signal1
later, <0 signal2 later
    else
        delay1_interp = 0;
    end
%% zur Sicherheit = untuk antisipasi
%% +1 falls abgerundet wird = pembulatan kebawah
%% +2 wegen m glichem Frequenzdrif = frekuensi drift yang mungkin terjadi
```

```
% Determining valid correlation area, such that: toa < distance of the two
RXes
    delay_mask = zeros(1, length(corr_signal_1));
    valid samples right = (rx distance - rx distance diff ) / (3e8 / sample rate);
% number of valid samples right of idx2
    valid_samples_left = -(-rx_distance - rx_distance_diff ) / (3e8 /
sample rate); % number of valid samples left of idx2
    for ii=1:valid samples right+1+2
                                       % +1 zur Sicherheit, falls abgerundet wird
und +2 wegen m glichem Frequenzdrift
        delay mask(idx1+ii) = 0.8;
    end
    for ii=1:valid samples left+1+2
                                    % +1 zur Sicherheit, falls abgerundet wird
und +2 wegen m glichem Frequenzdrift
        delay mask(idx1-ii) = 0.8;
    end
    delay mask(idx1) = 0.7;
    %% Correlation for slice 2 (measure)
    corr_signal_2 = correlate_iq(signal12_complex, signal22_complex, corr_type,
smoothing_factor);
    %truncate to valid area
    corr_signal_2_valid = zeros(length(corr_signal_2),1)-1;
    corr signal 2 valid(idx1) = corr signal 2(idx1);
     for ii=1:valid_samples_right+1+2 % +1 zur Sicherheit, falls abgerundet wird
und +2 wegen m glichem Frequenzdrift
         corr_signal_2_valid(idx1+ii) = corr_signal_2(idx1+ii);
     end
     for ii=1:valid samples left+1+2
                                       % +1 zur Sicherheit, falls abgerundet wird
und +2 wegen m glichem Frequenzdrift
         corr signal 2 valid(idx1-ii) = corr signal 2(idx1-ii);
     end
    %corr_signal_2_valid = corr_signal_2; % truncation abschalten
    corr2 reliability = corr reliability(corr signal 2 valid);
    [~, idx2] = max(corr signal 2 valid);
    delay2 native = idx2 - length(signal12 complex); % >0: signal1 later, <0</pre>
signal2 later
    % with interpolation, noch ohne Valid
    if (interpol > 1)
        signal12 interp = interp(signal12 complex, interpol);
```

```
signal22 interp = interp(signal22 complex, interpol);
        corr_signal_2_interp = correlate_iq(signal12_interp, signal22_interp,
corr_type, smoothing_factor);
        %truncate to valid area
        corr_signal 2_valid_interp = zeros(length(corr_signal_2_interp),1)-1;
        corr_signal_2_valid_interp(idx1_interp_i) =
corr signal 2 interp(idx1 interp i);
        for ii=1:interpol*(valid samples right+1+2)  % +1 zur Sicherheit, falls
abgerundet wird und +2 wegen m glichem Frequenzdrift
          corr_signal_2_valid_interp(idx1_interp_i+ii) =
corr_signal_2_interp(idx1_interp_i+ii);
        end
        for ii=1:interpol*(valid samples left+1+2)  % +1 zur Sicherheit, falls
abgerundet wird und +2 wegen m glichem Frequenzdrift
          corr signal 2 valid interp(idx1 interp i-ii) =
corr_signal_2_interp(idx1_interp_i-ii);
        [~, idx2_interp_i] = max(corr_signal_2_valid_interp);
        idx2_interp = (idx2_interp_i-1) ./ interpol + (1/interpol);
        delay2 interp = idx2 interp - length(signal12 complex); % >0: signal1
later, <0 signal2 later
    else
        delay2 interp = 0;
    end
    %% Correlation for slice 3 (ref check)
    %native
    corr signal 3 = correlate iq(signal13 complex, signal23 complex, corr type,
smoothing_factor_ref);
    corr3_reliability = corr_reliability(corr_signal_3);
    [~, idx3] = max(corr_signal_3);
    delay3_native = idx3 - length(signal13_complex);
    % with interpolation
    if (interpol > 1)
        signal13 interp = interp(signal13 complex, interpol);
        signal23 interp = interp(signal23 complex, interpol);
        corr_signal_3_interp = correlate_iq(signal13_interp, signal23_interp,
corr_type, smoothing_factor_ref);
        [~, idx3_interp_i] = max(corr_signal_3_interp);
        idx3_interp = (idx3_interp_i-1) ./ interpol + (1/interpol);
        delay3 interp = idx3 interp - length(signal13 complex); % >0: signal1
later, <0 signal2 later
```

```
else
        delay3 interp = 0;
    end
    %% Display Correlation Signals
    % display reference and reference check signal
    if (report level > 0)
        figure('units', 'normalized', 'outerposition',[0 0 1 1]);
        subplot(4,2,1);
        if (interpol > 1)
            x_corr_interp = 1:(2*interpol*length(signal11_complex) - 1);
            x_corr_interp_plot = (x_corr_interp-1)./interpol +(1/interpol);
        end
        plot(1:length(corr signal 1), corr signal 1, 1:length(corr signal 3),
corr_signal_3,...
            1:length(corr_signal_2), delay_mask, 'r', idx1,
corr_signal_1(idx1),'dr', idx3, corr_signal_3(idx3),'dr');
        title('REFERENCE SIGNAL: correlations, full span'); legend('ref (slice
1)','ref check (slice 3)', 'ref interp'); ylim([-0.1 1.1]); grid;
        win_len1 = 10000;
        win len2 = 500;
        win_len3 = 50;
        %[c, idx] = max(corr_signal_1);
        idx = idx1;
        idx left = idx-win len1;
        if idx left < 1
            idx_left = 1;
        end;
        idx_right = idx+win_len1;
        if idx_right > length(corr_signal_1)
            idx_right = length(corr_signal_1);
        end;
        subplot(4,2,3);
        plot(idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_1(idx_left:idx_right), 'o-',
idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_3(idx_left:idx_right), 'x-', idx_left:idx_right,
delay_mask(idx_left:idx_right), 'r', idx1, corr_signal_1(idx1),'dr', idx3,
corr_signal_3(idx3),'dr');
        title('Zoom 1 on max'); legend('ref (slice 1)', 'ref check (slice 3)');
ylim([-0.1 1.1]); xlim([idx_left idx_right]); grid;
        idx left = idx-win len2;
```

```
if idx left < 1
            idx left = 1;
        end;
        idx right = idx+win len2;
        if idx_right > length(corr_signal_1)
            idx_right = length(corr_signal_1);
        end:
        subplot(4,2,5);
        plot(idx left:idx right, corr signal 1(idx left:idx right),'o-',
idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_3(idx_left:idx_right) ,'x-', idx_left:idx_right,
delay_mask(idx_left:idx_right), 'r', idx1, corr_signal_1(idx1),'dr', idx3,
corr_signal_3(idx3),'dr');
        title('Zoom 2 on max'); legend('ref (slice 1)', 'ref check (slice 3)');
ylim([-0.1 1.1]); xlim([idx_left idx_right]); grid;
        idx left = idx-win len3;
        if idx left < 1
            idx left = 1;
        end;
        idx_right = idx+win_len3;
        if idx right > length(corr signal 1)
            idx_right = length(corr_signal_1);
        end;
        subplot(4,2,7);
        if (interpol <= 1)
            plot(idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_1(idx_left:idx_right),'o-',
idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_3(idx_left:idx_right) ,'x-', ...
                idx left:idx right, delay mask(idx left:idx right), 'r', idx1,
corr_signal_1(idx1),'dr', idx3, corr_signal_3(idx3),'dr');
        else
            plot(idx left:idx right, corr signal 1(idx left:idx right),'o-',
idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_3(idx_left:idx_right) ,'x-', ...
                x_corr_interp_plot((interpol*idx_left):(interpol*idx_right)),
corr signal 1 interp((interpol*idx left):(interpol*idx right)), 'm.',...
                x corr interp plot((interpol*idx left):(interpol*idx right)),
corr_signal_3_interp((interpol*idx_left):(interpol*idx_right)), 'c.',...
                idx_left:idx_right, delay_mask(idx_left:idx_right), 'r',
idx1_interp, corr_signal_1_interp(idx1_interp_i), 'dr', idx3_interp,
corr signal 3 interp(idx3 interp i), 'dr');
        end
        title('Zoom 3 on max'); legend('ref (slice 1)', 'ref check (slice 3)', 'ref
interp', 'ref check interp'); ylim([-0.1 1.1]); xlim([idx left idx right]); grid;
        % display measurement signal
        subplot(4,2,2);
        plot(1:length(corr signal 2), corr signal 2, 1:length(corr signal 2),
```

```
delay_mask, 'r', idx2, corr_signal_2(idx2),'dr');
        title('MEASUREMENT SIGNAL: correlations, full span'); ylim([-0.1 1.1]);
grid;
        win_len1 = 10000;
        win_len2 = 500;
        win len3 = 50;
        %[c, idx] = max(corr signal 2);
        idx = idx2;
        idx_left = idx-win_len1;
        if idx left < 1
            idx_left = 1;
        end;
        idx right = idx+win len1;
        if idx right > length(corr signal 2)
            idx_right = length(corr_signal_2);
        end;
        subplot(4,2,4);
        plot(idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_2(idx_left:idx_right), 'o-',
idx_left:idx_right, delay_mask(idx_left:idx_right), 'r', idx2,
corr_signal_2(idx2),'dr');
        title('Zoom 1 on max'); ylim([-0.1 1.1]); xlim([idx left idx right]);
grid;
        idx left = idx-win len2;
        if idx_left < 1
            idx_left = 1;
        end:
        idx_right = idx+win_len2;
        if idx_right > length(corr_signal_2)
            idx right = length(corr signal 2);
        end;
        subplot(4,2,6);
        plot(idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_2(idx_left:idx_right),'o-',
idx_left:idx_right, delay_mask(idx_left:idx_right), 'r', idx2,
corr_signal_2(idx2),'dr');
        title('Zoom 2 on max'); ylim([-0.1 1.1]); xlim([idx_left idx_right]);
grid;
        idx left = idx-win len3;
        if idx left < 1
            idx left = 1;
        end;
        idx_right = idx+win_len3;
        if idx_right > length(corr_signal_2)
            idx_right = length(corr_signal_2);
        end;
```

```
subplot(4,2,8);
        if (interpol <= 1)</pre>
            plot(idx_left:idx_right, corr_signal_2(idx_left:idx_right),'o-',...
                idx_left:idx_right, delay_mask(idx_left:idx_right), 'r', idx2,
corr_signal_2(idx2),'dr');
        else
            plot(idx left:idx right, corr signal 2(idx left:idx right), 'o-',...
                x corr interp plot((interpol*idx left):(interpol*idx right)),
corr_signal_2_interp((interpol*idx_left):(interpol*idx_right)), 'm.',...
                idx_left:idx_right, delay_mask(idx_left:idx_right), 'r',
idx2_interp, corr_signal_2_interp(idx2_interp_i), 'dr');
        title('Zoom 3 on max'); ylim([-0.1 1.1]); xlim([idx left idx right]);
grid;
    end;
    %% Calculate Correlation Results
    if (interpol <= 1)</pre>
        delay1 = delay1 native;
        delay2 = delay2 native;
        delay3 = delay3_native;
    else
        delay1 = delay1_interp;
        delay2 = delay2 interp;
        delay3 = delay3 interp;
    end
    if abs(delay1 - delay3) <= 2
        avg_delay13 = (delay1 + delay3) / 2; % this delay includes: 1) different
reception start time 2) ref signal delay due to different distances to ref
transmitter
    else
        disp('<strong>WARNING: BAD REFERENCE SIGNALS: ref delays differ by more
than 2 samples! </strong>');
        if corr1 reliability > corr3 reliability
            avg delay13 = delay1;
            disp(['<strong>taking ref with higher reliability, i.e. ref
(reliability: ' num2str(corr1_reliability) '(ref) > ' num2str(corr3_reliability)
'(ref check) </strong>']);
        else
            avg_delay13 = delay3;
            disp(['<strong>taking ref with higher reliability, i.e. ref check
(reliability: ' num2str(corr1_reliability) '(ref) < ' num2str(corr3_reliability)</pre>
(ref check) </strong>']);
```

end

```
ref_signal_diff_samples = (rx_distance_diff / 3e8) * sample_rate; % known ref
signal delay in samples
    % doa samples/ meters specifies how much signal1 is later than signal2
    doa samples = delay2 - avg delay13 + ref signal diff samples; % time
difference of arrival without delays due to reception start time and ref
transmitter (desc. above)
    doa meters = (doa_samples / sample_rate) * 3e8;
    reliability = min([corr3 reliability, corr2 reliability, corr1 reliability]);
    disp(' ');
    disp('CORRELATION RESULTS');
    disp(['raw delay1 (ref) (nativ/interp): ' int2str(delay1_native) ' / '
num2str(delay1_interp) ', reliability nativ (0..1): '
num2str(corr1 reliability)]);
    disp(['raw delay2 (measure) (nativ/interp): ' int2str(delay2_native) ' / '
num2str(delay2 interp) ', reliability nativ: ' num2str(corr2 reliability)]);
    disp(['raw delay3 (ref check) (nativ/interp): ' int2str(delay3_native) ' / '
num2str(delay3 interp) ', reliability nativ: ' num2str(corr3 reliability)]);
    disp(['merged delay of ref and ref check: ' num2str(avg delay13) ]);
   disp(' ');
    disp(['specified distance difference to ref tx [m]: '
int2str(rx_distance_diff)]);
    disp(['specified distance difference to ref tx [samples]: '
num2str(ref signal diff samples)]);
    disp(['specified distance between two RXes [m]: ' num2str(rx distance)]);
    disp(' ');
    disp('FINAL RESULT');
    disp(['TDOA in samples: ' num2str(doa_samples) '(how much is signal1 later
than signal2)']);
    disp(['TDOA in distance [m]: ' num2str(doa_meters) ]);
    disp(['Total Reliability (min of all 3): ' num2str(reliability) ]);
   disp(' ');
end
```