INTRO TO GIT/GITHUB

AN OXY OPEN SOURCE WORKSHOP





Welcome! Today's Agenda

What's the point?

Git vs. Github

Version Control and its terminology

Using Git/Github

Before we get started

First you will need to create a Github account (use your oxy email for the free perks!!): https://education.github.com/pack

Then, make sure you have Git on your computer:

MAC OS

You're good

WINDOWS

Visit

https://git-scm.com/

And download Git

Finally, join our Github Organization: https://github.com/oxy-opensource

Did you know...

~25,000,000

People use Git or Github

"According to web traffic monitor Alexa, GitHub is now among the top 100 most popular sites on earth." -Wired

Blender, R, Atom, Git, and so many advanced technology are byproducts of open source.

It is hard to finish projects on your own.

What's the point? (cont.)

Internships, jobs, projects (tech resume)

Free services for students

Have your code reviewed by the open source community (and vice versa)

Collaborate projects with the local/global community

Track changes of code

Contribute back to the open source community

What is Git?

Git is a version-control system that holds the entire history of your code. (savepoints = commit)

Git gives you the freedom to pursue new features & ideas without ruining your code.

Git fundamentally uses command line

Basic Command Line

```
cd [directory name] - change directory
cd .. - go one directory up
pwd - get current path
list files of current directory
mkdir [dirName] - makes a new directory (file)
touch [fileName.fileType] - creates a file
rm [fileName] - removes a file
```

Command Line

Git uses command line, which can be intimidating for many people. Github makes interacting with the Git technology easier (but we will be using command line for practice!)

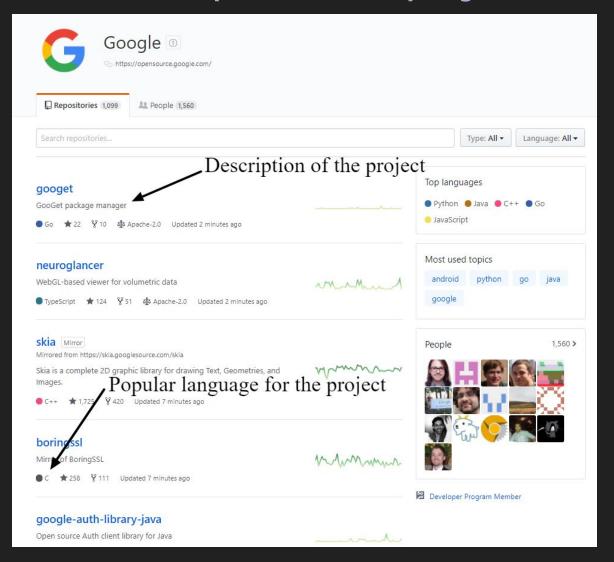
What is Github?

Github is a **Git repository hosting system** that puts Git technology on a web graphical interface

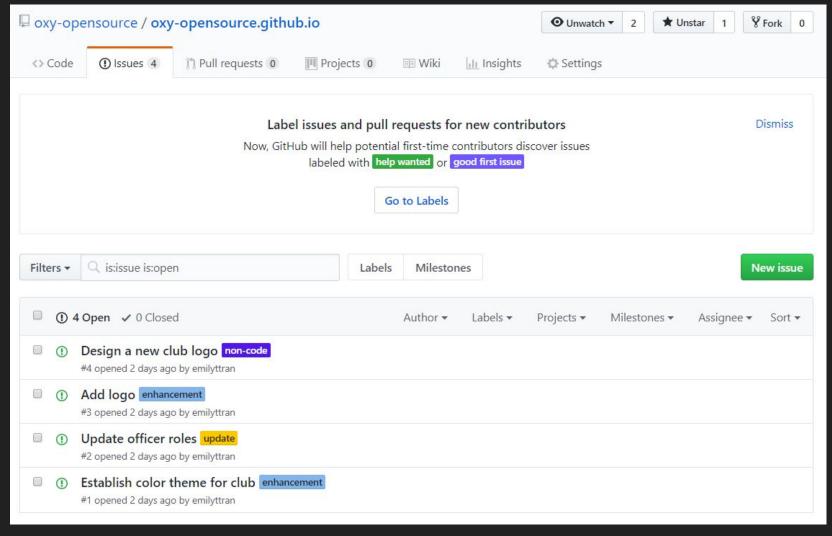
Github is a "hub" where users can publicly/privately store their Git repos for collaboration from the community

Encourages the open source movement!

Discover open source projects

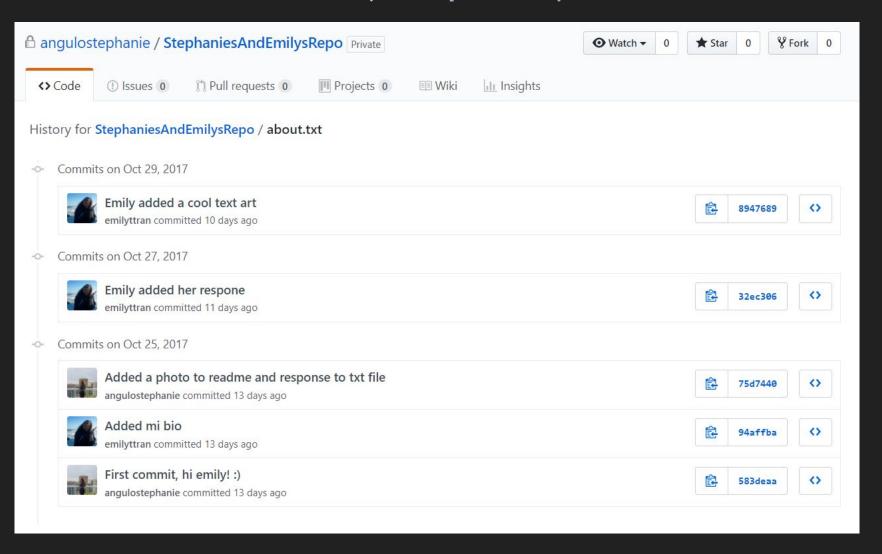


Solve/create issues of projects



Note: You do not have to code to contribute!

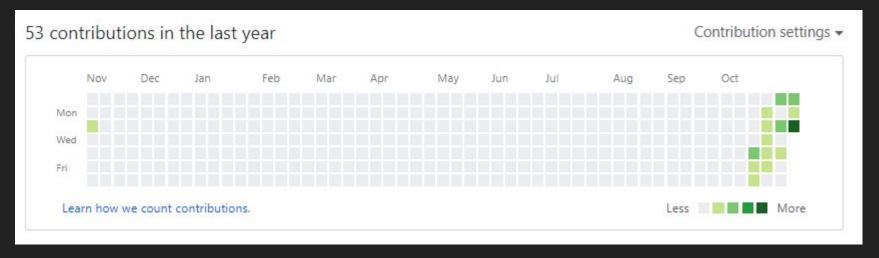
Look at commits (savepoints)/collaborate

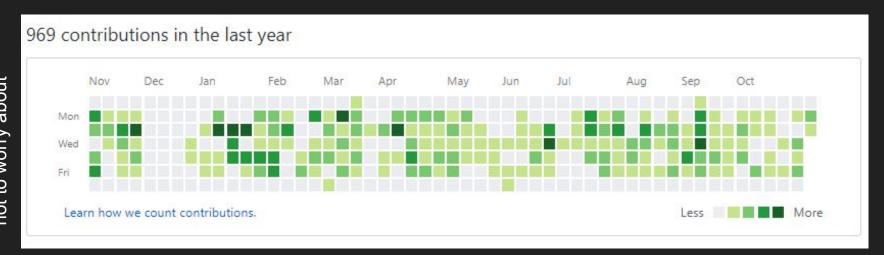


Look at specific changes of code



Track # of your contributions





Review: Git vs. Github

Git

The version control technology that uses command line

```
Please enter the commit message for your changes. Lines starting

# with '#' will be ignored, and an empty message aborts the commit.

# Committer: unknown 
# Committer: unknown 
# On branch mester

# Initial commit

# Changes to be committed:

# (use "git rm --cached <file>..." to unstage)

# three drew_file: So !gitignore ked files.

# new file: .htaccess

# sers of new file: in the class.php

# new file: My_Date_class.php

# new file: My_Date_class.php

# new file: Sharp UMS/DS Score
# unatory new file: Sharp UMS/docs/controllers.html@d

# new file: Sharp UMS/docs/mesiltemplates.html

# new file: Sharp UMS/docs/mesiltemplates.html

# new file: Sharp UMS/docs/index.html

# new file: Sharp UMS/docs
```

Github Web application that uses Git and interacts with users This repository Search oxy-opensource / welcome-to-opensource Watch ▼ 0 ★ Star 0 ¥ Fork 0 ♦ Code ① Issues 0 ② Pull requests 0 □ Projects 0 □ Wiki In Insights ۞ Settings Club Description and Specifics! 1 commit 11 1 contributor Branch: master ▼ New pull request Create new file Upload files Find file Clone or download angulostephanie first commit Latest commit 691cd80 on Sep 6 README.md

Welcome to Oxy Open Source!

Outreach Officer: DeGrasse Schrader, Workspace Officer: Lijia Li

Our Mission Statement ~

Here are our club officers ~

Work Space Schedule ~

schedule TBA

Projects ~

projects TBA

President: Emily Tran, Treasurer: Stephanie Angulo

Git ready ...

Some Important Terminology

Directory - folder

Repository ("repo") - collection, project

Commit - savepoints

Local vs. Remote -

Local

Refers to your computer server

Remote

Refers to an external server (e.g. Github)

Getting Started

You will need to connect Git to your Github account.

In your command line, please

```
Open your terminal (MAC/Linux) or Open Git (Windows)

Type git config --global user.name "[First Last]" (ie. "Mona Lisa")

Type git config --global user.email [YOUR EMAIL] (ie. oswald@oxy.edu)

Check to see if this was done correctly!
    Type git config --list
```

Say you want to need to write lyrics for a song. Let's create an about txt file to start that process.

- Make a directory (aka a folder) for your project!

 Type mkdir AwesomeSong
- Go into your newly created directory
 Type cd AwesomeSong
- Check to see if you have successfully changed directories
 Type pwd

This should return the full path name, with your new directory at the end. Example: /Users/stephanieangulo/Desktop/AwesomeSong

- Create a txt file in your repo/project folder
 Type touch lyrics.txt
- Check to see if file was successfully created Type ls

Let's add a song title to your project

```
Open the txt file
    Type open lyrics.txt (MAC)
    Type start lyrics.txt (Windows)

Input a song title in lyrics.txt
    Type [song title] (ie. "I'm in Love with a Coder")

Save the txt file through the txt program
```

Now that you made a song title, let's create a savepoint.

```
Now initialize a git object for your project
Type git init
```

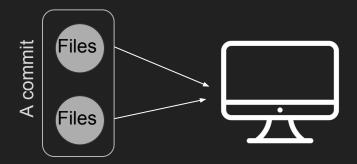
```
Check to see if the git object was successfully created

Type ls -a

(there should be a ".git")
```

Workflow (Demo)

You will want to create ("commit") your file(s) to your local git object



Add the file(s) for preparation ("staging" files for commit)

Type git add lyrics.txt or git add .

Check to see if git successfully added the file for preparation
Type git status

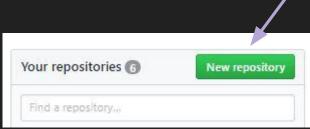
Commit the added files and include information about this upload Type git commit -m "initial commit"

Workflow (Demo)

Now, you will need to create a repo for your app project to hold these savepoints/commits. We will create it remotely on Github, and then connect it to our local machine

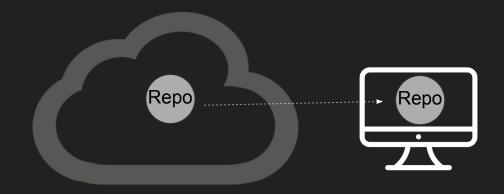


Login to your Github and create a New Repository called "Awesome-Song"



Workflow (Demo)

Since the repo is remotely on Github, you will need to connect the remote repo to your local server (aka your computer)



Go on Github and copy the HTTPS URL for your repo

Connect the remote repo to your local repo

Type git remote add origin [HTTPS URL] + ENTER

Check if connection was successful Type git remote -v

OH NO! It turns out that none of your friends like your song title. Let's change the song title and commit that change (with commit message "changed song title"

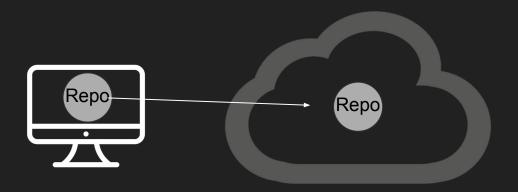
Commands:

```
git add
git commit -m "[message]"
git status
```

Challenge:

Upload an img to your AwesomeSong directory (you don't have to use command line for this) and commit this file with message "added song photo"

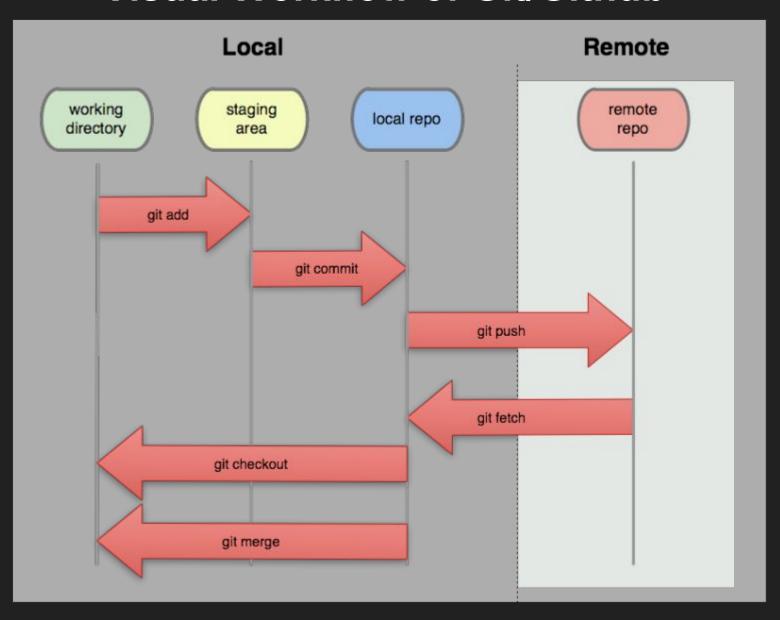
You can continue committing with other files (e.g. code, more txt, images). Every commit is local. In order to update your reporemotely on Github so that the public can see your repo, you will need to push your commits.



Push when your repo is ready for other people to use/see
Type git push -u origin master

Now you can see your updated repo on your Github as well as all the commit messages. You can track your changes every time you push. Check it out on your Github!

Visual Workflow of Git/Github



Helpful Links

<u>Setting up Git user.name</u>

<u>Setting up Git user.email</u>

Understanding Git: Repos

<u>Learn the Command Line (codecademy)</u>

And of course, Google is your best friend! Most of this stuff is online <3

Thank you!

- opensource@oxy.edu
- oxyopensource
- oxyopensourceclub