

What is the time complexity of the below code snippets?

1.

```
for i in range(n):
    k = 2 + 2
for j in range(3):
    k = 2 + 2
```

2.

```
for i in range(n):
    for j in range(n):
        k = 2 + 2
```

3.

```
for i in range(n):
    k = 2 + 2
for j in range(m):
    k = 2 + 2
```

4.

```
i = n
while i > 0:
    k = 2 + 2
    i = i // 2
```

5.

```
for i in range(n):
    for j in range(n):
        for k in range(n):
            k = 2 + 2
```

6.

```
i = n
while i > 0:
    k = 2 + 2
    i = i - 1
```

7.

```
i = n
while i > 0:
    k = 2 + 2
    i = i - 2
```

8.

```
i = 1
while i < n:
    k = 2 + 2
    i = i * 2
```

9.

```
i = 1
while i < 4:
    myList[i] = i
```

10.

```
for i in range(100098765):
    k = 2 + 2
```

11.

```
for i in range(100098765):
    for j in range(n):
        k = 2 + 2
```

What is the time complexity of these methods in this queue class (from the PS book)

```
class Queue:
    def __init__(self):
        self.items = []

    def isEmpty(self):
        return self.items == []

    def enqueue(self, item):
        self.items.insert(0,item)

    def dequeue(self):
        return self.items.pop()
```

What is the memory complexity for the following code snippets (assuming there are n words in file "text.txt", and that the longest line contains m words)

1.

```
with open('text.txt') as f:
    text = f.read()
    for word in text.split():
        print (word)
```

2.

```
with open('text.txt') as f:
    for line in f:
        for word in line.split():
            print (word)
```

Key

What is the time complexity of the below code snippets?

1.

```
for i in range(n):  
    k = 2 + 2  
for j in range(3):  
    k = 2 + 2
```

$O(n)$

2.

```
for i in range(n):  
    for j in range(n):  
        k = 2 + 2
```

$O(n^2)$

3.

```
for i in range(n):  
    k = 2 + 2  
for j in range(m):  
    k = 2 + 2
```

$O(n+m)$ or $p = \max(m,n)$, then $O(p)$

4.

```
i = n  
while i > 0:  
    k = 2 + 2  
    i = i // 2
```

$O(\log n)$

5.

```
for i in range(n):  
    for j in range(n):  
        for k in range(n):  
            k = 2 + 2
```

$O(n^3)$

6.

```
i = n  
while i > 0:  
    k = 2 + 2  
    i = i - 1
```

$O(n)$

7.

```
i = n  
while i > 0:  
    k = 2 + 2  
    i = i - 2
```

$O(n)$

8.

```
i = 1  
while i < n:  
    k = 2 + 2  
    i = i * 2
```

$O(\log n)$

9.

```
i = 1                                O(1)
while i < 4:
    myList[i] = i
```

10.

```
for i in range(100098765):           O(1)
    k = 2 + 2
```

12.

```
for i in range(100098765):           O(n)
    for j in range(n)
        k = 2 + 2
```

What is the time complexity of each method in this queue class (from the PS book)

```
class Queue:
    def __init__(self):
        self.items = []                O(1)

    def isEmpty(self):
        return self.items == []        O(1)

    def enqueue(self, item):
        self.items.insert(0,item)      O(n)

    def dequeue(self):
        return self.items.pop()        O(1)
```

Note that this simple way of implementing queue is not optimal. If we want to implement queue with a list, it is better to use moving start and end indices, and never actually removing values, just keeping track of the active indices. Then we can have $O(1)$ also for enqueue.

What is the memory complexity for the following code snippets (assuming there are n words in file "text.txt", and that the longest line contains m words)

```
1.
with open('text.txt') as f:           memory complexity: O(n)
    text = f.read()
    for word in text.split():
        print (word)
```

```
2.
with open('text.txt') as f:           memory complexity: O(m)
    for line in f:
        for word in line.split():
            print (word)
```

Note that the time complexity is $O(n)$ in both cases, since we always loop through each word