Homework 1

CSE 321 - Introduction to Algorithms - Fall 2021

Deadline: 07/11/2021, 23:55

- 1. Use the formal definitions of asymptotic notations to determine whether the following statements are true or not. (Answers without explanation will not be accepted.)
 - (a) $(2^n + n^3) \in O(4^n)$
 - (b) $\sqrt{10n^2 + 7n + 3} \in \Omega(n)$
 - (c) $n^2 + n \in o(n^2)$
 - (d) $3\log_2^2 n \in \theta(\log_2 n^2)$
 - (e) $(n^3+1)^6 \in O(n^3)$
- 2. Use the formal definition of θ notation to find $\theta(g(n))$ class the following functions belong to. Give the simplest g(n) possible in your answers.
 - (a) $2n \log (n+2)^2 + (n+2)^2 \log \frac{n}{2}$
 - (b) $0.001n^4 + 3n^3 + 1$
- 3. Compare and sort the following functions in terms of their orders of growth by using limit approach.
 - (a) $\log n$, $n^{\log n}$, $n^{1.5}$
 - (b) n!, 2^n , n^2 (Use Stirling's formula for n!)
 - (c) $n \log n$, \sqrt{n}
 - (d) $n2^n$, 3^n
 - (e) $\sqrt{n+10}$, n^3
- 4. Consider the worst case of the following algorithm.

$$\begin{array}{c} \texttt{algorithm1}(\texttt{B[0..n-1,0..n-1]}) \\ \texttt{for i=0 to n-2 do} \\ \texttt{for j=i+1 to n-1 do} \\ \texttt{if B[i,j]!=B[j,i]} \\ \texttt{return false} \end{array}$$

return true

- (a) What is its basic operation?
- (b) How many times is the basic operation executed? (Set up a sum expressing the number of times the algorithm's basic operation is executed.)
- (c) What is the time complexity of the algorithm? (Derive from the sum expression obtained from question (b))
- 5. Consider the following algorithm.

```
algorithm2(A[0..n-1, 0..n-1], B[0..n-1, 0..n-1])
for i=0 to n-1 do
   for j=0 to n-1 do
      C[i,j]=0.0
   for k=0 to n-1 do
      C[i,j]=C[i,j]+A[i,k]*B[k,j]
return C
```

- (a) What is its basic operation?
- (b) How many times is the basic operation executed? (Set up a sum expressing the number of times the algorithm's basic operation is executed.)
- (c) What is the time complexity of the algorithm? (Derive from the sum expression obtained from question (b))
- 6. Design an algorithm that finds and prints all pairs whose multiplication yields the desired number in an unordered array. For example, let the array be {1,2,3,6,5,4} and let the desired number be 6. Then, our pairs will be (1,6) and (2,3). Write your algorithm as pseudo-code, and find the time complexity of the algorithm.

Notes:

- Submissions must be handwritten and readable.
- $\bullet\,$ The homework must be done individually. No collaboration is allowed.