

QUIZ 14-B

Math 142, Basic Calculus II, 14.06.2021

1. Use polar coordinates to find the limit

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{e^{-x^2-y^2} - 1}{x^2 + y^2}$$

(If (r, θ) are polar coordinates of the point (x, y) with $r \geq 0$, note that $r \rightarrow 0^+$ as $(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)$)

2. The temperature at a point (x, y, z) is given by $T(x, y, z) = 10e^{-2x^2-y^2-z^2}$ where T is measured in $^{\circ}C$ and x, y, z in meters.

- a) Find the rate of change of temperature at point $P(-1, -1, 3)$ in the direction $Q(1, 0, 3)$.
- b) In which direction does the temperature increase fastest at $P(-1, -1, 3)$?
- c) Find the maximum rate of increase at $P(-1, -1, 3)$.