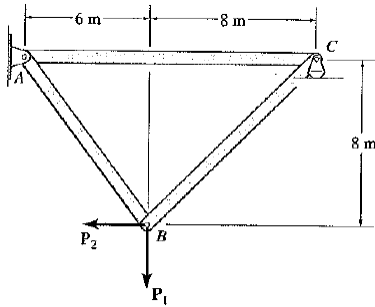


**Q1.**

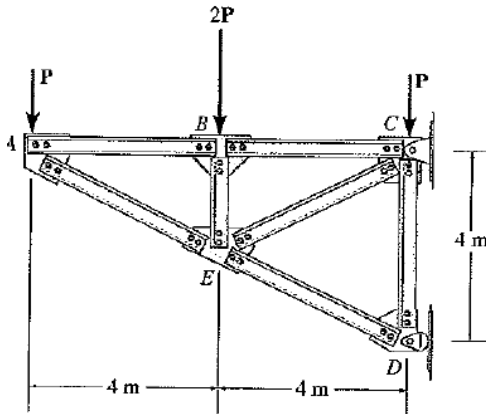
Determine the force in each member of the truss and state if the members are in tension, or compression. Set  $P_1 = 800$  kN and  $P_2 = 400$  kN.



ANS:  $F_{BA} = 286$  kN (T)  $F_{BC} = 808$  kN (T)  $F_{CA} = 571$  kN (C)  
 $C_y = 571$  kN

**Q2.**

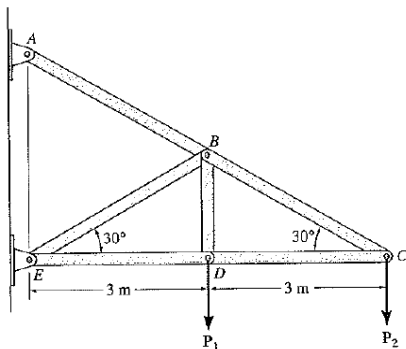
Assume that each member of the truss is made of steel having a mass per length of 4 kg/m. Set  $P = 0$ , determine the force in each member, and indicate if the members are in tension or compression. Neglect the weight of the gusset plates and assume each joint is a pin. Solve the problem by assuming the weight of each member can be represented as a vertical force, half of which is applied at the end of each member.



ANS:  $F_{AE} = 372$  N (C),  $F_{AB} = 332$  N (T),  $F_{BC} = 332$  N (T),  $F_{BE} = 196$  N (C),  
 $F_{EC} = 558$  N (T),  $F_{ED} = 929$  N (C),  $F_{DC} = 582$  N (T)

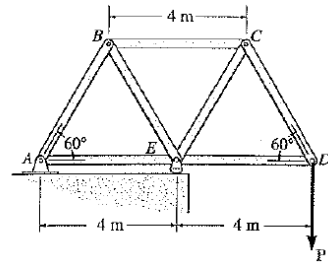
**Q3.**

Determine the force in each member of the truss and state if the members are in tension or compression. Set  $P_1 = 2$  kN and  $P_2 = 1.5$  kN.



ANS:  $F_{CB} = 3$  kN (T),  $F_{CD} = 2.5$  kN (C),  $F_{DE} = 2.60$  kN (C),  $2.0$  kN (T),  $F_{BE} = 2.0$  kN (C),  $F_{BA} = 5.0$  kN (T)

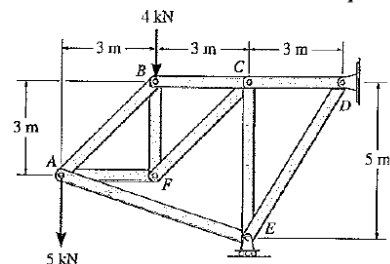
If the maximum force that any member can support is 8 kN in tension and 6 kN in compression, determine the maximum force  $P$  that can be supported at joint D.



ANS:  $P = 5.2$  kN

**Q5.**

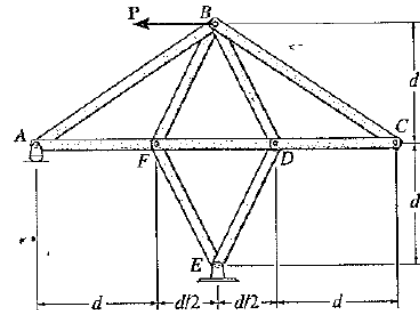
Determine the force in each member of the truss and state if the members are in tension or compression.



ANS:  $F_{DE} = 16.3$  kN (C),  $F_{DC} = 8.4$  kN (T),  $F_{EA} = 8.85$  kN (C),  $F_{EC} = 6.2$  kN (C),  
 $F_{CF} = 8.77$  kN (T),  $F_{CB} = 2.2$  kN (T),  $F_{BA} = 3.11$  kN (T),  $F_{BF} = 6.2$  kN (C),  
 $F_{FA} = 6.2$  kN (T)

**Q6.**

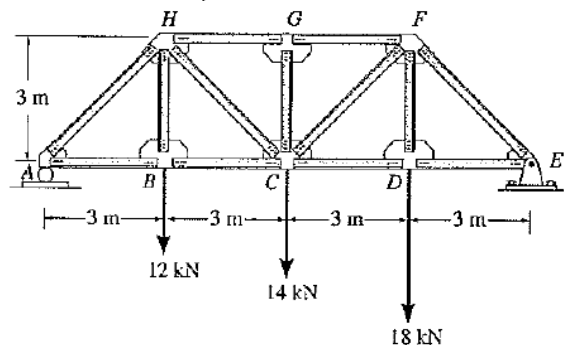
Determine the force in each member of the truss in terms of the load  $P$ , and indicate whether the members are in tension or compression.



ANS:  $F_{CB} = F_{CD} = 0$ ,  $F_{AB} = 2.40P$  (C),  $F_{AF} = 2.0P$  (T)  $F_{BF} = 1.86P$  (T),  
 $F_{BD} = 0.373P$  (C)

**Q7.**

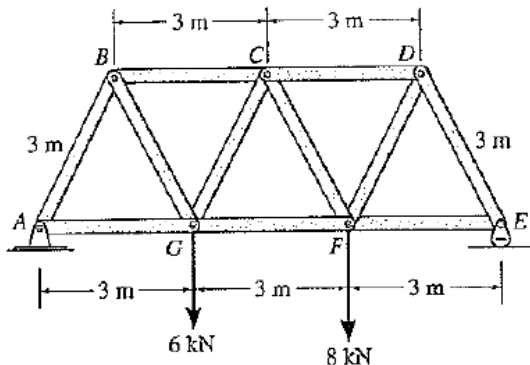
Determine the force in members  $GF$ ,  $CF$ , and  $CD$  of the bridge truss, and indicate whether the members are in tension or compression



ANS:  $F_{GF} = 29.0$  kN (C),  $F_{CD} = 23.5$  kN (T),  $F_{CF} = 7.78$  kN (T)

**Q8.**

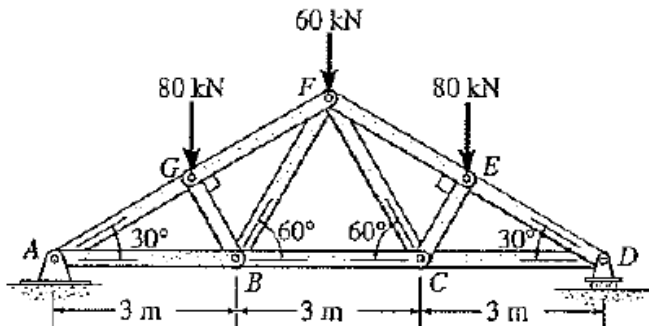
Determine the force in members  $BC$ ,  $CG$ , and  $GF$  of the *Warren truss*. Indicate if the members are in tension or compression.



ANS:  $A_x=0$ ,  $F_{GF}=8.08$  kN (T),  $F_{BC}=7.7$  kN (C),  $F_{CG}=0.77$  kN (C)

**Q9.**

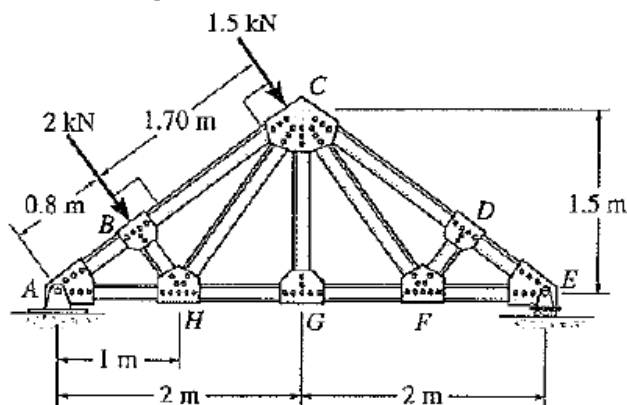
Determine the force in members  $GF$ ,  $FB$ , and  $BC$  of the *Fink truss* and state if the members are in tension or compression.



ANS:  $A_x=0$ ,  $F_{GF}=A_y=110$  kN,  $F_{GF}=180$  (C),  $F_{FB}=69.3$  kN(T),  $F_{BC}=52.83$  kN (T)

**Q10.**

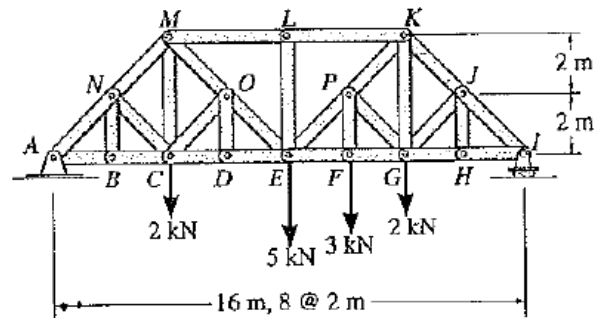
Determine the force in members  $GF$ ,  $CF$ , and  $CD$  of the roof truss and indicate if the members are in tension or compression.



ANS:  $F_{GF}=1.78$  kN (T),  $F_{CD}=2.23$  kN (C),  $F_{CF}=0$

**Q11.**

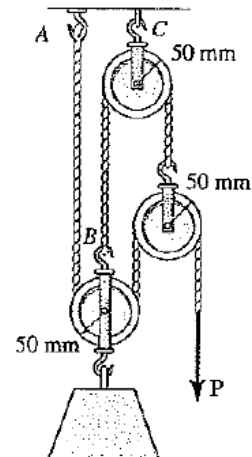
Determine the force in members  $EF$ ,  $EP$ , and  $LK$  of the *Baltimore bridge truss* and state if the members are in tension or compression. Also, indicate all zero-force members.



ANS:  $I_y=6.375$  kN,  $F_{EF}=7.875$  kN (T),  $F_{LK}=9.25$  kN (C),  $F_{EP}=1.94$  kN (T)

**Q12.**

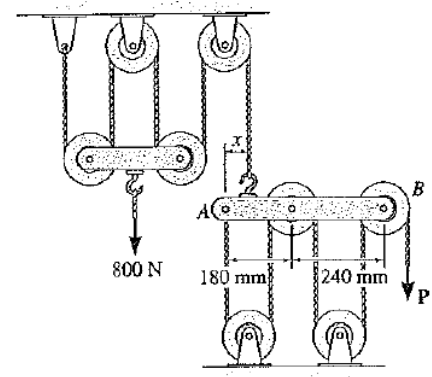
Determine the force  $P$  needed to support the 100-N ( $\approx 10$ -kg) weight. Each pulley has a weight of 10 N ( $\approx 1$  kg). Also, what are the cord reactions at  $A$  and  $B$ ?



ANS:  $F_A=25$  N,  $F_B=60$  N

**Q13.**

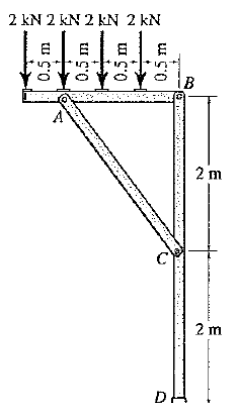
The principles of a *differential chain block* are indicated schematically in the figure. Determine the magnitude of force  $P$  needed to support the 800-N force. Also, find the distance  $x$  where the cable must be attached to bar  $AB$  so the bar remains horizontal. All pulleys have a radius of 60 mm.



ANS:  $P=40$  kN,  $x=240$  mm

**Q14.**

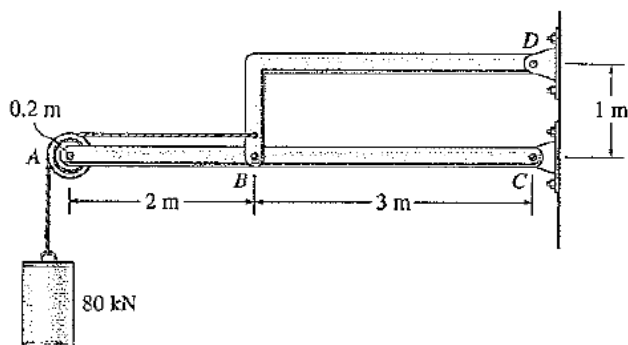
Determine the horizontal and vertical components of force at pins  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , and the reactions to the fixed support  $D$  of the three-member frame.



ANS:  $B_y = 1.33 \text{ kN}$ ,  $B_x = 5.00 \text{ kN}$ ,  $A_x = C_x = 5.00 \text{ kN}$ ,  $A_y = C_y = 6.67 \text{ kN}$ ,  $M_D = 10 \text{ kNm}$ ,  $D_y = 8.0 \text{ kN}$ ,  $D_x = 0$

**Q15.**

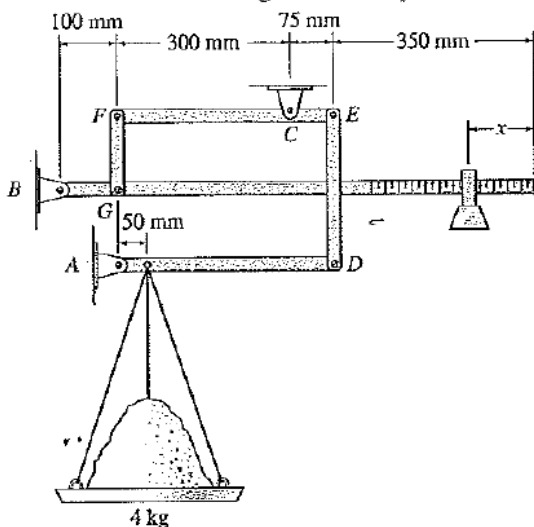
Determine the horizontal and vertical components of force which the pins exert on member  $ABC$ .



ANS:  $A_x = 80 \text{ kN}$ ,  $A_y = 80 \text{ kN}$ ,  $B_y = 1.33 \text{ kN}$ ,  $B_x = 336 \text{ kN}$ ,  $C_x = 416 \text{ kN}$ ,  $C_y = 53.3 \text{ kN}$

**Q16.**

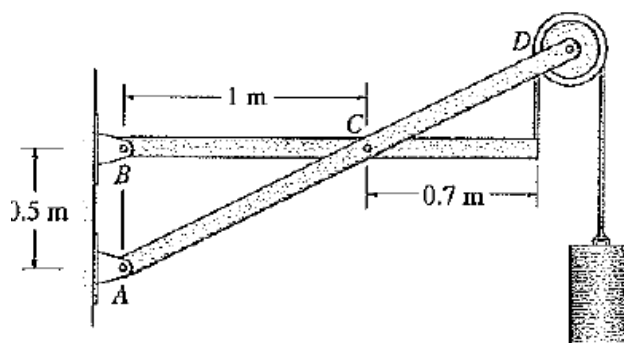
The compound arrangement of the pan scale is shown. If the mass on the pan is 4 kg, determine the horizontal and vertical components at pins  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  and the distance  $x$  of the 25-g mass to keep the scale in balance.



ANS:  $A_y = 34.0 \text{ kN}$ ,  $A_x = 0$ ,  $C_y = 6.54 \text{ kN}$ ,  $C_x = 0$ ,  $x = 292 \text{ mm}$ ,  $B_y = 1.06 \text{ N}$ ,  $B_x = 0$

**Q17.**

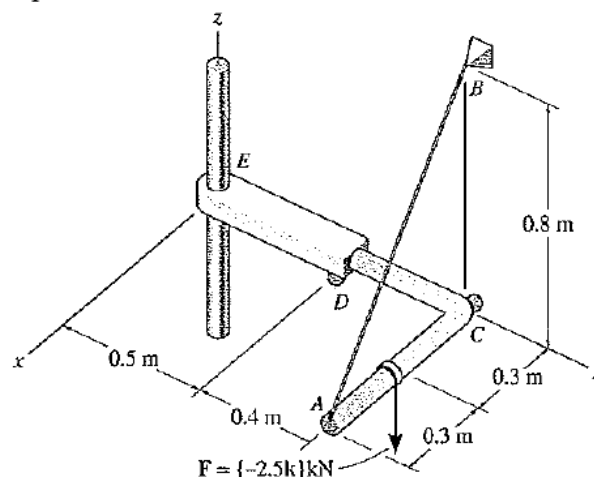
Determine the horizontal and vertical components of force that the pins at  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  exert on the frame. The cylinder has a mass of 80 kg. The pulley has a radius of 0.1 m.



ANS:  $C_y = 1.33 \text{ kN}$ ,  $B_y = 549 \text{ kN}$ ,  $C_x = 2.98 \text{ kN}$ ,  $A_y = 235 \text{ N}$ ,  $A_x = 2.98 \text{ kN}$ ,  $B_x = 2.98 \text{ kN}$

**Q18.**

The structure is subjected to the loading shown. Member  $AD$  is supported by a cable  $AB$  and roller at  $C$  and fits through a smooth circular hole at  $D$ . Member  $ED$  is supported by a roller at  $D$  and a pole that fits in a smooth snug circular hole at  $E$ . Determine the  $x$ ,  $y$ ,  $z$  components of reaction at  $E$  and the tension in cable  $AB$ .



ANS:  $M_{E_x} = 0.5 \text{ kNm}$ ,  $M_{E_y} = 0$ ,  $E_y = 0$ ,  $E_x = 0$ ,  $F_{AB} = 1.56 \text{ kN}$