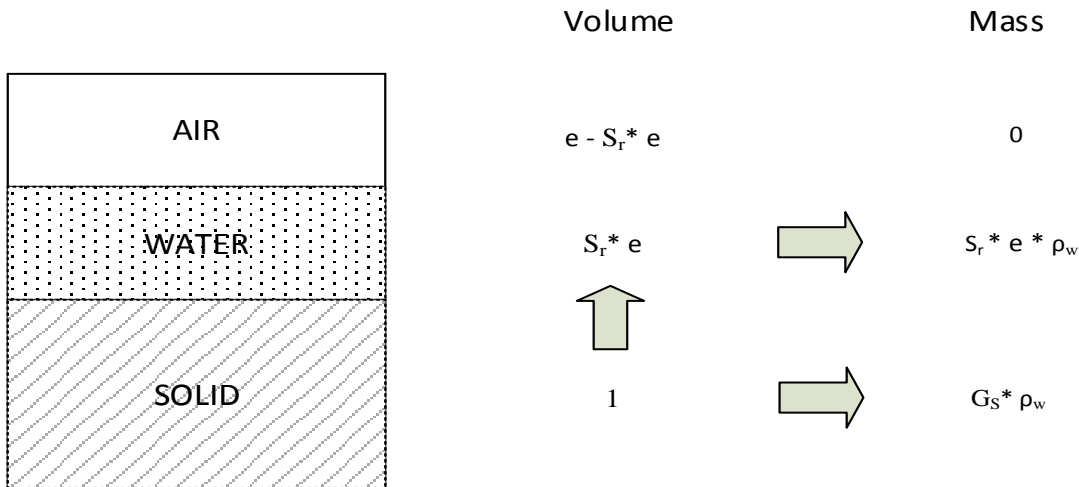


CE 363-364 Homework-1-Solution

Question 1

$$V_{Total} = 860 \text{ cm}^3, M_{Total} = 1500 \text{ g}, M_{dry} = M_{solid} = 1200 \text{ g}, G.S = 2.65$$

a) For unit V_s ;



- Note that all soil parameters in this topic are ratios. Therefore they can be calculated using either the actual volumes and masses, or those in the phase diagram given in terms of V_s . However the numerator and the denominator of these ratios must both come from the same place (both real quantities or both for unit V_s).

b) i) $M_{water} = M_{Total} - M_{dry} = 300 \text{ g}$, $w = \frac{M_{water}}{M_{solid}} = \frac{300 \text{ g}}{1200 \text{ g}} = 0.25$

ii) $\rho_{dry} = \frac{M_{dry}}{V_{Total}} = \frac{1200 \text{ g}}{860 \text{ cm}^3} = 1.395 \text{ g/cm}^3$, $\rho_{dry} = \frac{G_s}{1+e} * \rho_w = \frac{2.65}{1+e} * 1 \text{ g/cm}^3$

$$\Rightarrow e = 0.9$$

iii) $\rho = \frac{M_{Total}}{V_{Total}} = \frac{G_s * (1+w)}{1+e} * \rho_w = \frac{2.65 * (1+0.25)}{1+0.9} = 1.74 \text{ g/cm}^3$

$$\text{iv) } S_r = \frac{V_{\text{water}}}{V_{\text{voids}}}, \quad V_{\text{water}} = \frac{M_{\text{water}}}{\rho_{\text{water}}} = \frac{300 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ g/cm}^3} = 300 \text{ cm}^3,$$

$$V_{\text{solids}} = \frac{M_{\text{solid}}}{G_s \cdot \rho_w} = \frac{1200 \text{ g}}{2.65 \cdot 1 \text{ g/cm}^3} = 453 \text{ cm}^3, \quad V_{\text{voids}} = 860 - 453 = 407 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$S_r = \frac{300 \text{ cm}^3}{407 \text{ cm}^3} = 73.7 \%$$

OR

$$w \cdot G_s = S_r \cdot e, \quad S_r = \frac{0.25 \cdot 2.65}{0.9} = 73.7 \%$$

$$\text{v) } n = \frac{e}{1+e} = \frac{0.9}{1+0.9} = 0.47 \quad \text{OR} \quad n = \frac{V_{\text{voids}}}{V_{\text{Total}}} = \frac{407 \text{ cm}^3}{860 \text{ cm}^3} = 0.47$$

c) All voids are filled with water $\Rightarrow V_{\text{water}} = V_{\text{voids}} = e, M_{\text{water}} = e \cdot \rho_w, W_{\text{water}} = e \cdot \gamma_w$

$$\gamma_{\text{sat}} = \frac{G_s \cdot \gamma_w + e \cdot \gamma_w}{1 + e} = \frac{2.65 \cdot 10 + 0.9 \cdot 10}{1 + 0.9} = 18.7 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$G_s \cdot w = S_r \cdot e \quad \Rightarrow \quad w = \frac{0.9 \cdot 1}{2.65} = 0.34$$

OR

$$M_{\text{water}} = V_{\text{voids}} \cdot \rho_w = 407 \text{ cm}^3 \cdot 1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 407 \text{ g}$$

$$w = \frac{M_{\text{water}}}{M_{\text{solid}}} = \frac{407 \text{ g}}{1200 \text{ g}} = 0.34$$

Question 2

a) 98 % of $\rho_{dry,max} = 1.7 \text{ g/cm}^3 * 0.98 = 1.666 \text{ g/cm}^3$

$$\rho_{dry} = \frac{G_s}{1 + e} * \rho_w \quad \Rightarrow \quad e = \frac{G_s * \rho_w}{\rho_{dry}} - 1 = \frac{2.65 * 1 \text{ g/cm}^3}{1.666 \text{ g/cm}^3} = 0.59$$

$$D_R = \frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}} = \frac{0.86 - 0.59}{0.86 - 0.52} = 79 \%$$

b) *Maximum Cost* \Rightarrow *Maximum Volume* $\Rightarrow e_{max}$

$$V_{Total} = V_{embankment} = 1.5 \text{ m} * 20 \text{ m} * 20 \text{ m} = 600 \text{ m}^3$$

$$M_{solid} = \rho_{dry} * V_{embankment} = 1.666 \frac{10^{-6} \text{ t}}{10^{-6} \text{ m}^3} * 600 \text{ m}^3 = 100 \text{ tons}$$

$$V_{solid} = \frac{M_{solid}}{\rho_{solid}} = \frac{1000 \text{ tons}}{2.65 * 1 \text{ g/cm}^3} = 377 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_{void} = V_{solid} * e = 378 \text{ m}^3 * 0.86 = 325 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_{Total} = 377 \text{ m}^3 + 325 \text{ m}^3 = 702 \text{ m}^3$$

$$Cost = 702 \text{ m}^3 * 15 \frac{\text{lira}}{\text{m}^3} = 10530 \text{ TL}$$

OR

After compaction ; $e = 0.59$ and $V_{solid} = 1$ (unity), $V_{Total} = 1 + 0.59 = 1.59 \text{ units}$

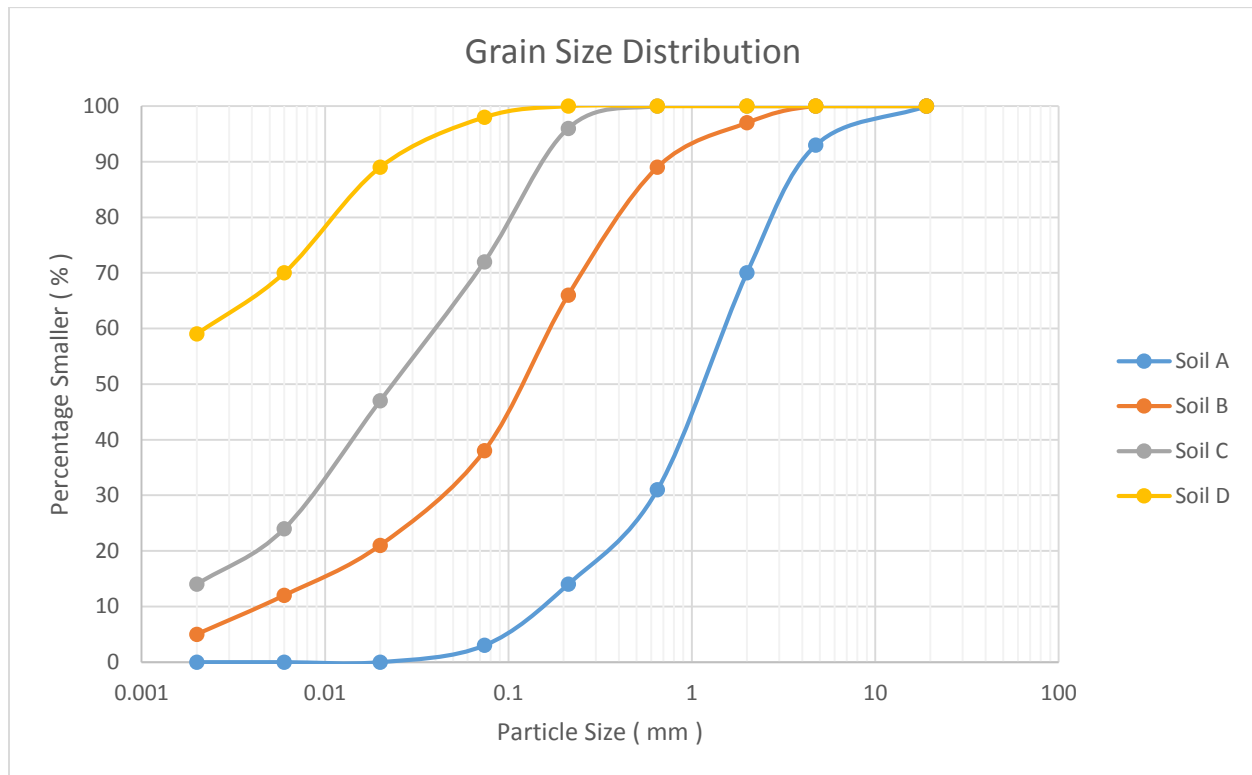
Before comp., in loosest state ; $e_{max} = 0.86$ and $V_{solid} = 1$ (unity), $V_{Total} = 1.86 \text{ units}$

$$1.59 \text{ units volume} \Rightarrow 600 \text{ m}^3 \quad , \quad 1.86 \text{ units} \Rightarrow 600 * \frac{1.86}{1.59} = 702 \text{ m}^3$$

$$Cost = 702 \text{ m}^3 * 15 \frac{\text{lira}}{\text{m}^3} = 10530 \text{ TL}$$

Question 3

Plotting the given data:



b) Soil A

Gravel percentage ($> 4.75 \text{ mm}$) = $100 - 93 = 7 \%$

Sand percentage ($< 4.75 \text{ mm}$, $> 0.074 \text{ mm}$) = $93 - 3 = 90 \%$

Fines ($< 0.074 \text{ mm}$) = 3%

Soil B

Gravel percentage ($> 4.75 \text{ mm}$) = 0%

Sand percentage ($< 4.75 \text{ mm}$, $> 0.074 \text{ mm}$) = $100 - 38 = 62 \%$

Fines ($< 0.074 \text{ mm}$) = 38%

c) Soil A

$$D_{10} = 0.16 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{30} = 0.63 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{60} = 1.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}} = \frac{1.5 \text{ mm}}{0.16 \text{ mm}} = 9.4 > 6$$

$$C_z = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{60} * D_{10}} = \frac{(0.63 \text{ mm})^2}{1.5 \text{ mm} * 0.16 \text{ mm}} = 1.7$$

$$C_u > 6 \text{ and } 1 < C_z < 3 \Rightarrow \text{Well Graded}$$

Soil B

$$D_{10} = 0.0045 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{30} = 0.045 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{60} = 0.17 \text{ mm}$$

$$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}} = \frac{0.17 \text{ mm}}{0.0045 \text{ mm}} = 37.8 > 6$$

$$C_z = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{60} * D_{10}} = \frac{(0.045 \text{ mm})^2}{0.17 \text{ mm} * 0.0045 \text{ mm}} = 2.6$$

$$C_u > 6 \text{ and } 1 < C_z < 3 \Rightarrow \text{Well Graded}$$

d) Soil A

- More than 50 % is coarse (97 %)
- More than 50 % of coarse fraction is sand
- Small amount of fines
- Well Graded \Rightarrow SW , well graded sand

Soil B

- More than 50 % is coarse (62 %)
- More than 50 % of coarse fraction is sand
- Fines > 12 (38 %)
- Non Plastic \Rightarrow SM , silty sand , sand with non plastic fines

Soil C

- More than 50 % is fine (72 %).
- $LL = 27\%$, $PI = 27 - 19 = 8\%$
- Above A-line \Rightarrow CL (clay with low plasticity)

Soil D

- More than 50 % is fine (98 %)
- $LL = 75\%$, $PI = 75 - 38 = 37\%$
- Below A-line \Rightarrow MH (silt with high plasticity)

e) $w_n = 55\%$ is between PL (38 %) and LL (75 %) , so soil D is in plastic consistency.

$$PI = LL - PL = 75 - 38 = 37\% , \quad I_L = \frac{55 - 38}{37} = 0.46 = 46\%$$