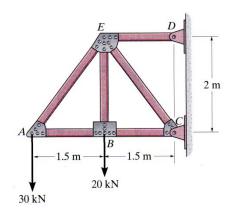
CE 383 STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS 2012 Spring Semester

Problem Set # 2

Q.1. (Hibbeler, 6th edition, P9-22)

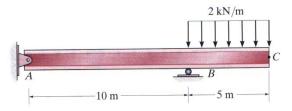
Use unit dummy load method and determine the vertical displacement of point B. Each A-36 steel member has a cross-sectional area of 400 mm².

E = 200 GPa



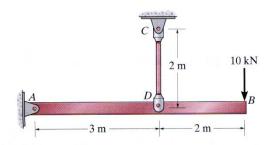
O.2. (Hibbeler 6th edition, P9-64 and P9-67)

Use unit dummy load method and determine the displacement at C and the slope at B of the steel beam. E = 200 GPa, $I = 70 (10^6) \text{ mm}^4$.



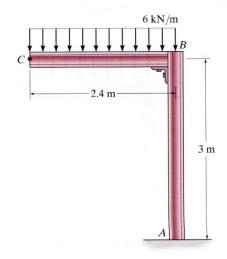
Q.3. (Hibbeler 6th edition, P9-78)

Beam AB has a square cross section of 100 mm by 100 mm. Bar CD has a diameter of 10 mm. If both members are made of steel, determine the vertical displacement of point B due to the loading of 10 kN. Use unit dummy load method. E = 200 GPa.



Q.4. (Hibbeler 6th edition, P9-84)

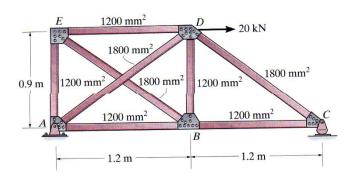
Use unit dummy load method and determine the horizontal and vertical displacements of point *C*. there is a fixed support at *A* and fixed joint at *B*. *EI* is constant.



Q.5. (Hibbeler 6th edition, P10-32)

Determine the force in member AD of the truss. Take E=200 GPa. The cross sectional area of each member is shown in the figure. Assume the members are pin connected at their end points.

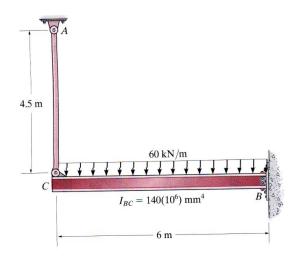
b) Find the horizontal deflection at *D*.



Q.6. (Hibbeler 6th edition, P10-34)

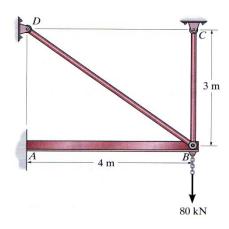
The cantilevered beam is supported at one end by a $\underline{500}$ $\underline{mm^2}$ area of suspender rod AC and fixed at the other end B. Determine the force in the rod due to a uniform loading of 60 kN/m. E= 200 GPa for both the beam and the rod.

b) Find the vertical deflection at C.



Q.7. (Hibbeler 6th edition, P10-39)

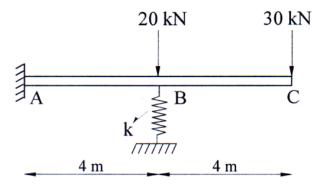
The cantilevered beam AB is additionally supported using two tie rods. Determine the force in each of these rods. Neglect axial compression and shear in the beam. For the beam, $I_b = 200 \ (10^6) \ \text{mm}^4$, and for each tie rod, $A = 100 \ \text{mm}^2$. Take $E = 200 \ \text{GPa}$.



Q.8.

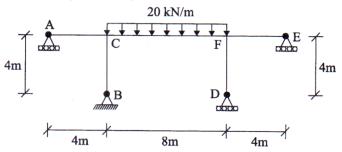
a) Solve the system with the cantilever ABC supported by the spring at B and draw the moment diagram for the cantilever. Given $E=2x10^8~kN/m^2$, $I=5x10^{-5}~m^4$ and the spring constant k=2000~kN/m.

b) Using the Reduction Theorem, calculate the vertical deflection at C.



Q.9.

Analyze the symmetric frame using The Force Method. Show all the support reactions on a clear figure and draw the bending moment diagram. Take reactions at A and E as the redundants. (EI constant).



O.10.

Analyze the continuous beam by selecting the internal moment at B as redundant. EI is constant.

