

**Integration Formulas****a) Trapezoidal Rule:**

$$I \approx \frac{h}{2} \left[ f(x_0) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i) + f(x_n) \right]$$

or

$$I \approx \frac{(b-a)}{2n} \left[ f(x_0) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i) + f(x_n) \right];$$

$$E = -\frac{(b-a)^3}{12n^3} \sum_{i=1}^n f^{(2)}(\varepsilon_i) \quad \text{or} \quad E = -\frac{(b-a)^3}{12n^2} f^{(2)} \quad \text{for } n \text{ segments (or intervals).}$$

**b) Simpson's 1/3 Rule:**

$$I \approx \frac{h}{3} \left[ f(x_0) + 4 \sum_{i=1,3,5,\dots}^{n-1} f(x_i) + 2 \sum_{i=2,4,6,\dots}^{n-2} f(x_i) + f(x_n) \right]$$

or

$$I \approx \frac{b-a}{3n} \left[ f(x_0) + 4 \sum_{i=1,3,5,\dots}^{n-1} f(x_i) + 2 \sum_{i=2,4,6,\dots}^{n-2} f(x_i) + f(x_n) \right]$$

$$E = -\frac{(b-a)^5}{90n^5} \sum_{i=1}^{n/2} f^{(4)}(\varepsilon_{2i}) = -\frac{(b-a)^5}{180n^4} \quad \text{for } n \text{ segments (or intervals).}$$

**c) Gauss-Legendre Formulas:**

Let your original integral be of the form:

$$\int_a^b g(t) dt \quad (1)$$

Gauss Legendre Formulation has the variable x for  $\int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx$

Now, change (transform) t to x by;

$$t = \frac{b+a}{2} + \frac{b-a}{2} x \quad (2)$$



and  $dt$  to  $dx$  by;

$$dt = \frac{b-a}{2} dx \quad (3)$$

Now substitute equations (2) and (3) into equation (1) and get ready to use Gauss-Legendre

formula  $\int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx \approx \sum_{i=0}^n w_i f_i$  with

N	Abscissas, $x_{N,k}$ ( $x_i$ )	Weights, $w_{N,k}$ ( $w_i$ )	Truncation Error
2	-0.5773502692 0.5773502692	1.0000000000 1.0000000000	$\frac{f^{(4)}(\varepsilon)}{135}$
3	$\pm 0.7745966692$ 0.0000000000	0.5555555556 0.8888888888	$\frac{f^{(6)}(\varepsilon)}{15,750}$
4	$\pm 0.8611363116$ $\pm 0.3399810436$	0.3478548451 0.6521451549	$\frac{f^{(8)}(\varepsilon)}{3,472,875}$
5	$\pm 0.9061798459$ $\pm 0.5384693101$ 0.0000000000	0.2369268851 0.4786286705 0.5688888888	$\frac{f^{(10)}(\varepsilon)}{1,237,732,650}$