## **CE383 STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS**

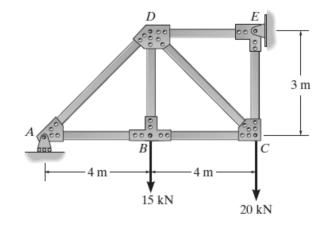
**FALL 2014** 

## **HOMEWORK 2**

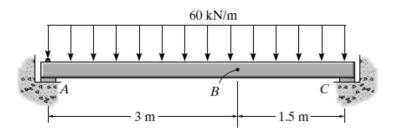
DUE: 03.11.2014 @ 13.00

Homework assignments submitted past the deadline will be accepted subject to a 20% deduction per day. Submit your homework assignments to the CE 383 box at the entrance of the K2 building.

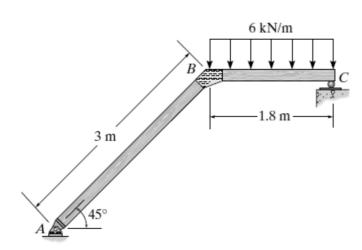
Q1) Calculate the vertical displacement of joint D of the truss structure shown by using the *Unit Dummy Load Method*. Assume  $A = 500 \text{ mm}^2$  and E = 200 GPa for all members.



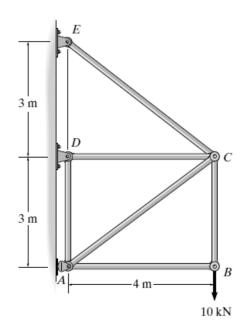
**Q2**) Determine the slope and displacement at point B of the simple beam shown by using the *Unit Dummy Load Method*. Assume the support at A is a pin and C is a roller. Take E = 200 GPa,  $I = 120(10^6) \text{ mm}^4$ .



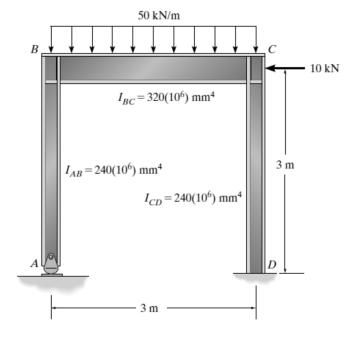
Q3) Determine the horizontal deflection at C by using the *Unit Dummy Load Method*. Assume E = 200 GPa and  $I = 2 \times 10^8$  mm<sup>4</sup>. There is a pin at A, and assume C is a roller and B is a rigid joint.



**Q4**) Solve the indeterminate truss system shown by using the *Force Method*. Assume AE is constant. (Hint: member AC can be taken as redundant)



**Q5**) For the frame shown, determine the reactions at the supports by using the *Force Method* and draw the bending moment diagram. The moment of inertia of each segment of the frame is listed in the figure. Take E = 200 GPa.



**Q6**) The cantilevered beam is supported at one end by a 12.5-mm-diameter suspender rod AC and fixed at the other end B. Determine the force in the rod due to a uniform loading of 60 kN/m by using the *Force Method*. Assume E = 200 GPa for both the beam and rod.

