





# Training Artificial Neural Networks

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#### Introduction

Insert here your abstract text.

Keywords: Type your keywords here, separated by semicolons;

### 1. Basic Concepts

Here introduce the paper, and put a nomenclature if necessary, in a box with the same font size as the rest of the paper. The paragraphs continue from here and are only separated by headings, subheadings, images and formulae. The section headings are arranged by numbers, bold and 10 pt. Here follows further instructions for authors.

#### 1.1. Which Function?

An ANNs classifier that is trained with cross-entropy loss approximates the conditional probability distribution function. More specifically, for an input data, the output of the classifier is a probability distribution for the classes. The cross-entorpy loss function is a measure between the predicted probability distribution and the true distribution. The form of the loss function is decreasing, smooth and differentiable, which makes it easier to optimize using gradient-based methods. This form is also known as the negative log-like function.

### 1.2. Gradient Computation

### 1.3. Some Training Parameters and Basic Parameter Calculations

- 1. The epoch of a training process is the number of times the entire training set is used to update the weights of the network
- 2. other factors in the training process are the learning rate, the batch size, the number of hidden layers, the number of neurons in each hidden layer, the activation function, the loss function, the optimizer, the number of epochs, the number of training samples, the number of validation samples, the number of test samples, the number of classes, the number of features, the number of parameters, the number of trainable parameters, the number of layers with weights, the number of layers with biases, the number of layers with weights and biases and the number of layers with weights and biases.
- 3. The number of parameters of a neural network is the number of weights and biases in the network.

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### 1.4. Computing Number of Parameters of ANN Classifiers

- 1. First point
- 2. Second point

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### 1.5. Implementing a Convolutional Layer with NumPy

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Fig. 1. (a) first picture; (b) second picture.

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$$X_{r} = \dot{Q}_{rad}^{"} / (\dot{Q}_{rad}^{"} + \dot{Q}_{conv}^{"})$$

$$\rho = \frac{\vec{E}}{J_{c}(T = \text{const.}) \cdot \left(P \cdot \left(\frac{\vec{E}}{E_{c}}\right)^{m} + (1 - P)\right)}$$
(1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Footnote text.

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#### References

- [1] Filippini, Massimo, and Lester C. Hunt. (2011) "Energy demand and energy efficiency in the OECD countries: a stochastic demand frontier approach." *Energy Journal* 32 (2): 59–80.
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- [3] Weyman-Jones, Thomas, Júlia Mendonça Boucinha, and Catarina Feteira Inácio. (2015) "Measuring electric energy efficiency in Portuguese households: a tool for energy policy." *Management of Environmental Quality: An International Journal* **26** (3): 407–422.
- [4] Saunders, Harry (2009) "Theoretical Foundations of the Rebound Effect", in Joanne Evans and Lester Hunt (eds) *International Handbook on the Economics of Energy*, Cheltenham, Edward Elgar
- [5] Sorrell, Steve (2009) "The Rebound Effect: definition and estimation", in Joanne Evans and Lester Hunt (eds) *International Handbook on the Economics of Energy*, Cheltenham, Edward Elgar

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