

# fase4\_1

May 22, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd

df_real = pd.read_csv("/home/darkcover/Documentos/Gan/Data/
↳ujindoorsubset_building1_floor2.csv")      # Dados reais de treino

df_real.describe()
```

```
[1]:
```

	WAP001	WAP002	WAP003	WAP004	WAP005	WAP006	WAP007	\
count	1396.0	1396.0	1396.0	1396.0	1396.0	1396.000000	1396.0	
mean	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-109.584527	-110.0	
std	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.912958	0.0	
min	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.000000	-110.0	
25%	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.000000	-110.0	
50%	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.000000	-110.0	
75%	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.000000	-110.0	
max	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-110.0	-88.000000	-110.0	

	WAP008	WAP009	WAP010	...	WAP520	LONGITUDE	\
count	1396.000000	1396.0	1396.000000	...	1396.0	1396.000000	
mean	-109.197708	-110.0	-109.678367	...	-110.0	-7486.581784	
std	3.946364	0.0	2.181149	...	0.0	45.101037	
min	-110.000000	-110.0	-110.000000	...	-110.0	-7571.093400	
25%	-110.000000	-110.0	-110.000000	...	-110.0	-7520.755800	
50%	-110.000000	-110.0	-110.000000	...	-110.0	-7491.030634	
75%	-110.000000	-110.0	-110.000000	...	-110.0	-7443.877677	
max	-80.000000	-110.0	-92.000000	...	-110.0	-7408.695251	

	LATITUDE	FLOOR	BUILDINGID	SPACEID	RELATIVEPOSITION	\
count	1.396000e+03	1396.0	1396.0	1396.000000	1396.000000	
mean	4.864879e+06	2.0	1.0	117.111748	1.704155	
std	3.501884e+01	0.0	0.0	83.279968	0.456585	
min	4.864810e+06	2.0	1.0	2.000000	1.000000	
25%	4.864859e+06	2.0	1.0	17.000000	1.000000	
50%	4.864873e+06	2.0	1.0	107.000000	2.000000	
75%	4.864893e+06	2.0	1.0	204.000000	2.000000	
max	4.864959e+06	2.0	1.0	217.000000	2.000000	

	USERID	PHONEID	TIMESTAMP
count	1396.000000	1396.000000	1.396000e+03
mean	5.461318	17.108883	1.371721e+09
std	3.304272	5.297423	9.536837e+03
min	2.000000	8.000000	1.371714e+09
25%	2.000000	14.000000	1.371714e+09
50%	4.000000	18.000000	1.371715e+09
75%	9.000000	23.000000	1.371735e+09
max	10.000000	23.000000	1.371738e+09

[8 rows x 529 columns]

```
[2]: df_real.columns
```

```
[2]: Index(['WAP001', 'WAP002', 'WAP003', 'WAP004', 'WAP005', 'WAP006', 'WAP007',
          'WAP008', 'WAP009', 'WAP010',
          ...,
          'WAP520', 'LONGITUDE', 'LATITUDE', 'FLOOR', 'BUILDINGID', 'SPACEID',
          'RELATIVEPOSITION', 'USERID', 'PHONEID', 'TIMESTAMP'],
          dtype='object', length=529)
```

```
[ ]: df_generated = pd.read_csv("/home/darkcover/Documentos/Gan/Data/
    ↪df_generated_with_coords.csv") # Vetores pseudo-rotulados gerados
df_generated.describe()
```

	WAP001	WAP002	WAP003	WAP004	WAP005 \
count	40000.000000	40000.000000	40000.000000	40000.000000	40000.000000
mean	-72.304300	-66.314075	-84.710575	-55.601425	-91.486500
std	2.072235	2.581579	3.678491	3.424910	3.693394
min	-80.000000	-74.000000	-100.000000	-64.000000	-107.000000
25%	-74.000000	-68.000000	-87.000000	-58.000000	-94.000000
50%	-72.000000	-66.000000	-84.000000	-56.000000	-91.000000
75%	-71.000000	-65.000000	-82.000000	-53.000000	-89.000000
max	-65.000000	-57.000000	-76.000000	-40.000000	-80.000000

	WAP006	WAP007	WAP008	WAP009	WAP010 \
count	40000.000000	40000.000000	40000.000000	40000.000000	40000.000000
mean	-56.7046	-86.928525	-59.681625	-80.286775	-92.850525
std	3.7596	4.390803	2.787877	3.347576	3.430230
min	-66.0000	-107.000000	-70.000000	-95.000000	-110.000000
25%	-60.0000	-90.000000	-62.000000	-82.000000	-95.000000
50%	-57.0000	-87.000000	-60.000000	-80.000000	-92.000000
75%	-54.0000	-84.000000	-58.000000	-78.000000	-90.000000
max	-42.0000	-75.000000	-49.000000	-73.000000	-85.000000

	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE
count	40000.000000	40000.000000

mean	2.852250	12.679366
std	1.591303	1.664991
min	-0.164581	8.877346
25%	1.526815	11.362357
50%	2.732364	12.441347
75%	3.963216	13.768739
max	8.701089	19.392925

```
[4]: df_generated.columns
```

```
[4]: Index(['WAP001', 'WAP002', 'WAP003', 'WAP004', 'WAP005', 'WAP006', 'WAP007',
          'WAP008', 'WAP009', 'WAP010', 'LONGITUDE', 'LATITUDE'],
         dtype='object')
```

```
[7]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from IPython.display import display

# 1. Carregar datasets
df_real = pd.read_csv("/home/darkcover/Documentos/Gan/Data/
↳ujindoorsubset_building1_floor2.csv")
df_generated = pd.read_csv("/home/darkcover/Documentos/Gan/Data/
↳df_generated_with_coords.csv")
df_synthetic = pd.read_csv("/home/darkcover/Documentos/Gan/Data/
↳df_selected_synthetic.csv")
df_test = pd.read_csv("/home/darkcover/Documentos/Gan/Data/df_test.csv")
df_simulated = pd.read_csv("/home/darkcover/Documentos/Gan/Data/df_simulated.
↳csv")
```

```
[9]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# -----
# 1) Experimento de Simulação (Tabela 2 + Figura 6)
# -----

# 1.1) Carregar dados de simulação gerados em Fase 1
df_sim = df_simulated # 1000×(10 WAP + X,Y)
df_tst = df_test      # 800×(10 WAP + X,Y)

# 1.2) Preparar X/y
wap_sim1 = [c for c in df_sim.columns if c.startswith("WAP")]
wap_tst1 = [c for c in df_tst.columns if c.startswith("WAP")]
```

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X_sim = df_sim[wap_sim1].values.astype(np.float32)
y_sim = df_sim[["X", "Y"]].values.astype(np.float32)
X_tst = df_tst[wap_tst1].values.astype(np.float32)
y_tst = df_tst[["X", "Y"]].values.astype(np.float32)

# 1.3) Funções auxiliares
def build_model(input_dim, lr=0.01):
    m = tf.keras.Sequential([
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(128,
                               activation="relu",
                               input_shape=(input_dim,)), # tupla!
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(64, activation="relu"),
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(2)
    ])
    m.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(lr), loss="mse")
    return m

def eval_errs(X_tr, y_tr, X_ev, y_ev, epochs, bs, lr):
    m = build_model(X_tr.shape[1], lr)
    m.fit(X_tr, y_tr, epochs=epochs, batch_size=bs, verbose=0)
    y_pred = m.predict(X_ev, verbose=0)
    return np.linalg.norm(y_pred - y_ev, axis=1)

# 1.4) Experimentos de simulação
errs_sup100 = eval_errs(X_sim, y_sim, X_tst, y_tst, epochs=250, bs=100, lr=0.
    ↪01)
# duplicar para (2000, 1100)
X2 = np.vstack([X_sim, X_sim]); y2 = np.vstack([y_sim, y_sim])
# gerar test-set de 1100 amostras aleatórias
idx1100 = np.random.choice(len(X_tst), 1100, replace=True)
X_tst1100 = X_tst[idx1100]; y_tst1100 = y_tst[idx1100]
errs_sup2000 = eval_errs(X2, y2, X_tst1100, y_tst1100, epochs=250, bs=100, lr=0.
    ↪01)

errs_sel = {}
for ms in [100, 500, 1000]:
    key = f"Selective-SS-GAN(1000,100,{ms})"
    # carregar apenas os primeiros ms sintéticos
    df_gen = df_generated # 40000x10
    wap_gen = [c for c in df_gen.columns if c.startswith("WAP")]
    Xg = df_gen[wap_gen].values.astype(np.float32)[:ms]
    yg = df_gen[["X", "Y"]].values.astype(np.float32)[:ms]
    X_mix = np.vstack([X_sim, Xg]); y_mix = np.vstack([y_sim, yg])
    errs_sel[ms] = eval_errs(X_mix, y_mix, X_tst, y_tst, epochs=250, bs=100,
    ↪lr=0.01)

# 1.5) Montar Tabela 2

```

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rows = [
    ("Supervised (1000,100)", errs_sup100),
    ("Supervised (2000,1100)", errs_sup2000),
]
rows += [(f"Selective-SS-GAN (1000,100,{ms})", errs_sel[ms]) for ms in [100,500,1000]]

df2 = pd.DataFrame([
    "Método": name,
    "Erro médio (m)": e.mean(),
    "Erro mínimo (m)": e.min(),
    "Erro máximo (m)": e.max()
] for name,e in rows])
styled2 = (df2.style.hide(axis="index")
            .set_caption("Tabela 2. Simulação - performance de localização")
            .format({"Erro médio (m)": "{:.3f}", "Erro mínimo (m)": "{:.3f}",
            ↪ "Erro máximo (m)": "{:.3f}"})
            .set_table_styles([
                {"selector": "caption", "props":
            ↪ [("caption-side", "bottom"), ("font-weight", "bold"), ("text-align", "center")]}],
                {"selector": "th", "props":
            ↪ [("font-weight", "bold"), ("text-align", "center")]}],
                {"selector": "td", "props": [("text-align", "center")]}]))
display(styled2)

# 1.6) Plotar Figura 6 (CDF de simulação)
def plot_cdf(errs, style, label):
    s = np.sort(errs)
    c = np.arange(len(s)) / float(len(s))
    plt.plot(s, c, linestyle=style, linewidth=1.5, label=label)

plt.figure(figsize=(6,4), dpi=100)
plot_cdf(errs_sup100, "-", "Supervised (1000,100)")
plot_cdf(errs_sup2000, "-.", "Supervised (2000,1100)")
plot_cdf(errs_sel[1000], "--", "Selective-SS-GAN (1000,100,1000)")
plt.xlabel("Localization error (m)"); plt.ylabel("CDF")
plt.title("Fig. 6. Simulação - comparação de desempenho", fontsize=11,
↪ fontweight="bold")
plt.grid(True, linestyle="--", linewidth=0.5)
plt.legend(frameon=False, loc="lower right", fontsize=9)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# -----
# 2) Experimento no UJIndoorLoc real (Tabela 3)
# -----

```

```

# 2.1) Carregar e processar UJIndoorLoc
df_full = df_real # :contentReference[oaicite:1]{index=1}
# missing=100 → -110
wap_full = [c for c in df_full.columns if c.startswith("WAP")]
df_full[wap_full] = df_full[wap_full].replace(100, -110)
# filtrar Building 1, Floor 2
df_real = df_full[(df_full.BUILDINGID==1) & (df_full.FLOOR==2)].copy()
# columnas de coord
X_real = df_real[wap_full].values.astype(np.float32)
y_real = df_real[["LONGITUDE", "LATITUDE"]].values.astype(np.float32)

# 2.2) Carregar pseudo-rotulados (Fase 3)
df_sel = df_synthetic # 1000×(10 WAP + X,Y)
# filtrar Building 1, Floor 2
wap_sel = [c for c in df_sel.columns if c.startswith("WAP")]
Xg = df_sel[wap_sel].values.astype(np.float32)
yg = df_sel[["X", "Y"]].values.astype(np.float32)

# 2.3) Avaliar real em supervised (1000 reais) e com seleção inteligente
# (usar y_real para test real)
# separar 1000 primeiros reais para treino
Xr1000, yr1000 = X_real[:1000], y_real[:1000]
# validar em todo o conjunto real restante
Xr_val, yr_val = X_real[1000:], y_real[1000:]
errs_r1000 = eval_errs(Xr1000, yr1000, Xr_val, yr_val, epochs=250, bs=100, lr=0.
→01)
# misturar 1000 reais + 1000 sintéticos selecionados
X_mix = np.vstack([Xr1000, Xg[:1000]]); y_mix = np.vstack([yr1000, yg[:1000]])
errs_mix = eval_errs(X_mix, y_mix, Xr_val, yr_val, epochs=250, bs=100, lr=0.01)

# 2.4) Montar Tabela 3
df3 = pd.DataFrame([
    {"Método": "Supervised (1000)", "Erro médio (m)": errs_r1000.mean(), "Erro_
→mínimo (m)": errs_r1000.min(), "Erro máximo (m)": errs_r1000.max()},
    {"Método": "Selective-SS-GAN (1000)", "Erro médio (m)": errs_mix.mean(),
→"Erro mínimo (m)": errs_mix.min(), "Erro máximo (m)": errs_mix.max()},
])
styled3 = (df3.style.hide(axis="index")
    .set_caption("Tabela 3. UJIndoorLoc - 1000 reais vs. +1000_
→sintéticos")
    .format({"Erro médio (m)": "{:.3f}", "Erro mínimo (m)": "{:.3f}",
→"Erro máximo (m)": "{:.3f}"})
    .set_table_styles([
        {"selector": "caption", "props":
→[("caption-side", "bottom"), ("font-weight", "bold"), ("text-align", "center")]}],

```

```

        {"selector": "th", "props":
↪[("font-weight", "bold"), ("text-align", "center")]}},
        {"selector": "td", "props": [("text-align", "center")]}]))
display(styled3)

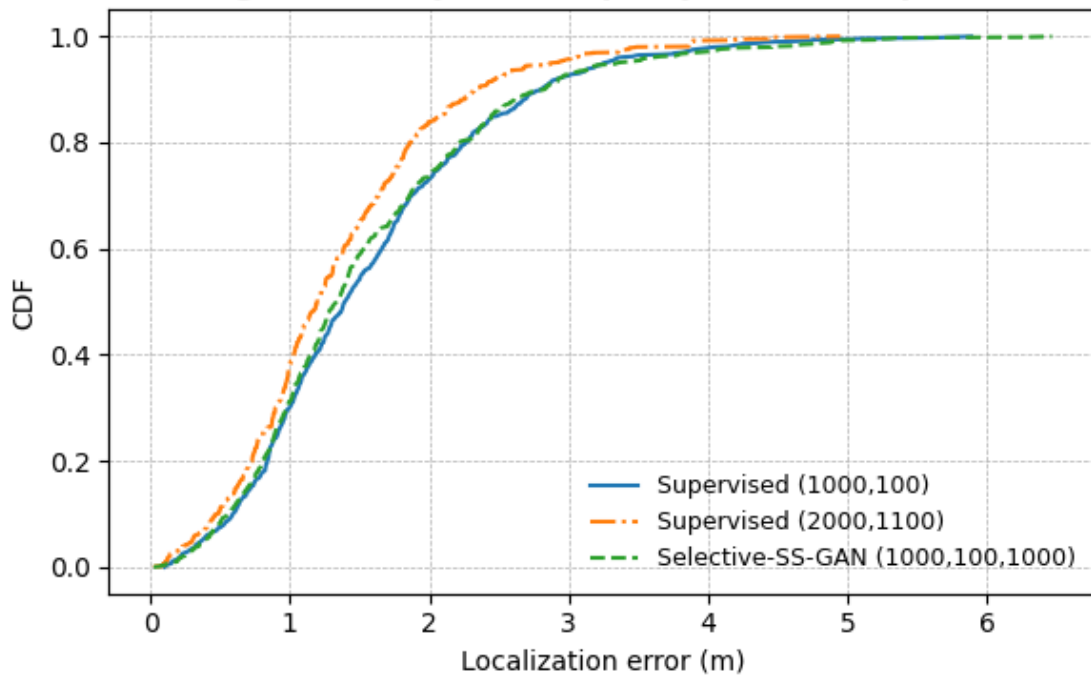
```

```

/home/darkcover/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/gan-oPyfrVEv-
py3.12/lib/python3.12/site-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87:
UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When
using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first
layer in the model instead.
    super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
/home/darkcover/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/gan-oPyfrVEv-
py3.12/lib/python3.12/site-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87:
UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When
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py3.12/lib/python3.12/site-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87:
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/home/darkcover/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/gan-oPyfrVEv-
py3.12/lib/python3.12/site-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87:
UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When
using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first
layer in the model instead.
    super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
<pandas.io.formats.style.Styler at 0x736471c81490>

```

**Fig. 6. Simulação — comparação de desempenho**



```
/home/darkcover/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/gan-oPyfrVEv-  
py3.12/lib/python3.12/site-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87:  
UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When  
using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first  
layer in the model instead.
```

```
super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
```

```
-----  
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[9], line 129  
    127 errs_r1000 = eval_errs(Xr1000, yr1000, Xr_val, yr_val, epochs=250,   
    ↪bs=100, lr=0.01)  
    128 # misturar 1000 reais + 1000 sintéticos selecionados  
--> 129 X_mix = np.vstack([Xr1000, Xg[:1000]]); y_mix = np.vstack([yr1000, yg[:  
    ↪1000]])  
    130 errs_mix = eval_errs(X_mix, y_mix, Xr_val, yr_val, epochs=250, bs=100,   
    ↪lr=0.01)  
    132 # 2.4) Montar Tabela 3  
  
File ~/.cache/pypoetry/virtualenvs/gan-oPyfrVEv-py3.12/lib/python3.12/  
    ↪site-packages/numpy/_core/shape_base.py:291, in vstack(tup, dtype, casting)  
    289 if not isinstance(arrs, tuple):  
    290     arrs = (arrs,)   
--> 291 return _nx.concatenate(arrs, 0, dtype=dtype, casting=casting)
```



```
ValueError: all the input array dimensions except for the concatenation axis
↳ must match exactly, but along dimension 1, the array at index 0 has size 520
↳ and the array at index 1 has size 10
```