Class A N.H.H.H Class B N.N.H.H Class C N.N.N.H

7 department 7 LAN/VPC ~300 host

148.37.0.0 ----> 1 network 
$$2^16 = 65536$$
 Host  $2^16 - 2 = 65534$  Host

Need: 7 Network IDs, 300 Host IDs

## Subnetting:

10010100.00100101.00000000.00000000 148.37.0.0

### 2 network

10010100.00100101.00000000.0000000148.37.0.010010100.001001.10000000.0000000148.37.128.0

#### 4 network

### 8 network

## 16 network

10010100.00100101.00000000.00000000	148.37.0.0
10010100.00100101.00010000.0000000	148.37.16.0
10010100.00100101.00100000.00000000	148.37.32.0
10010100.00100101.00110000.0000000	148.37.48.0
10010100.00100101.01000000.00000000	148.37.64.0
10010100.00100101.01010000.0000000	148.37.80.0
10010100.00100101.01100000.0000000	148.37.96.0
10010100.00100101.01110000.0000000	148.37.112.0
10010100.00100101.10000000.00000000	148.37.128.0
10010100.00100101.10010000.0000000	148.37.144.0
10010100.00100101.10100000.00000000	148.37.160.0
10010100.00100101.10110000.0000000	148.37.176.0
10010100.00100101.11000000.0000000	148.37.192.0
10010100.00100101.11010000.0000000	148.37.208.0
10010100.00100101.11100000.0000000	148.37.224.0
10010100.00100101.11110000.0000000	148.37.240.0

### LAN/VPC-1

```
10010100.00100101.00010000.00000000
                                        148.37.16.0 L/B
10010100.00100101.00010000.0000001
                                        148.37.16.1
10010100.00100101.00010000.0000010
                                        148.37.16.2
10010100.00100101.00010000.00000011
                                        148.37.16.3
10010100.00100101.00010000.00000100
                                        148.37.16.4
10010100.00100101.00010000.00000101
                                        148.37.16.5
                                        148.37.16.255
10010100.00100101.00010000.11111111
10010100.00100101.00010001.00000000
                                        148.37.17.0
10010100.00100101.00010001.0000001
                                        148.37.17.1
10010100.00100101.00010001.00000010
                                        148.37.17.2
10010100.00100101.00010001.00000011
                                        148.37.17.3
10010100.00100101.00010001.00000100
                                        148.37.17.4
10010100.00100101.00010001.00101101
                                        148.37.17.45
```

•

10010100.00100101.00011111.1111111

148.37.31.255 B/C

# LAN/VPC-2

```
10010100.00100101.00100000.00000000
                                        148.37.32.0 L/B
10010100.00100101.00100000.0000001
                                        148.37.32.1
10010100.00100101.00100000.00000010
                                        148.37.32.2
                                        148.37.32.3
10010100.00100101.00100000.00000011
10010100.00100101.00100000.00000100
                                        148.37.32.4
10010100.00100101.00100000.00000101
                                        148.37.32.5
10010100.00100101.00100000.11111111
                                        148.37.32.255
10010100.00100101.00101111.11111111
                                        148.37.47.255 B/C
```

148.37.56.25 - IP adresli hostun hangi network de yer aldığını bana söyleyin

Artık tek başına IP adresine bakarak hostun hangi network de yer aldığını söyleyebilmemiz mümkün değil. Network id değerini çıkarmak için başka bir değere daha ihtiyacımız var. Ona da SubnetMask adını veriyoruz.

SubnetMask: bir IP adresinde network id ve subnet id bitlerinin tamamının 1(turn-on) olduğu ve host ları gösteren bitlerin 0 olduğu adrese subnet mask diyoruz.

### SubnetMask

11111111.11111111.11110000.0000000

148.37.56.25 - 255.255.240.0

Subnet mask - Logical AND boolean

CIDR: ClassLESS InterDomain Routing

148.37.56.25 /20 CIDR Gösterimi

148.37.56.25 - 255.255.240.0