

cc\_compete\_2025\_mm\_dd Reformulation of credit card competition

#1: CaseMode := Sensitive

#2: InputMode := Word

Number of banks

#3:  $k \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

direct and indirect card demand parameters

#4:  $H \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#5:  $F \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#6:  $G \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#7:  $\alpha \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#8:  $\beta \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#9:  $\gamma \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#10:  $N_a \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#11:  $N_b \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#12:  $n_{ak} \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#13:  $n_{bk} \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#14:  $m \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#15:  $M \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#16:  $\mu \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

eq (1): merchant participation

$$\#17: m = M - \mu \cdot (ia + ib)$$

$$\#18: ia \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$$

$$\#19: ib \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$$

$$\#20: ra \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$$

$$\#21: rb \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$$

eq (2) direct demand for cards A and B

$$\#22: na = H \cdot m + F \cdot ra - G \cdot rb$$

$$\#23: nb = H \cdot m + F \cdot rb - G \cdot ra$$

na > 0 if

$$\#24: H \cdot m + F \cdot ra - G \cdot rb > 0$$

$$\#25: \text{SOLVE}(H \cdot m + F \cdot ra - G \cdot rb > 0, ra)$$

$$\#26: \quad ra > \frac{G \cdot rb - H \cdot m}{F}$$

nb > 0 if

$$\#27: H \cdot m + F \cdot rb - G \cdot ra > 0$$

$$\#28: \text{SOLVE}(H \cdot m + F \cdot rb - G \cdot ra > 0, rb)$$

$$\#29: \quad rb > \frac{G \cdot ra - H \cdot m}{F}$$

inverting demand. Define,

$$\#30: \alpha = H$$

$$\#31: \beta = \frac{F}{F^2 - G^2}$$

$$\#32: \gamma = \frac{G}{F^2 - G^2}$$

$$\#33: \text{SOLVE} \left( \left[ \beta = \frac{F}{F^2 - G^2}, \gamma = \frac{G}{F^2 - G^2} \right], [F, G] \right)$$

$$\#34: \left[ F = \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \wedge G = \frac{\gamma}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \wedge F^2 - G^2 \neq 0 \right]$$

$$\#35: na = \alpha \cdot m + \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot ra - \frac{\gamma}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot rb$$

$$\#36: nb = \alpha \cdot m + \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot rb - \frac{\gamma}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot ra$$

$$\#37: \text{SOLVE} \left( \left[ na = \alpha \cdot m + \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot ra - \frac{\gamma}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot rb, nb = \alpha \cdot m + \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot rb - \frac{\gamma}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \cdot ra \right], [ra, rb] \right)$$

eq (3)

$$\#38: [ra = -m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + na \cdot \beta + nb \cdot \gamma \wedge rb = -m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + na \cdot \gamma + nb \cdot \beta]$$

## Assumption 1

$$\#39: \alpha < \alpha_{\max} = \frac{1}{6 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

eq (4) cards' number of users max problem

$$\#40: ta = na \cdot m$$

$$\#41: tb = nb \cdot m$$

eq (5): profits of bank k

$$\#42: profit_k = (ia - ra) \cdot m \cdot nak + (ib - rb) \cdot m \cdot nbk$$

$$\#43: profit_k = (ia - (-m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + na \cdot \beta + nb \cdot \gamma)) \cdot m \cdot nak + (ib - (-m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + na \cdot \gamma + nb \cdot \beta)) \cdot m \cdot nbk$$

$$\#44: profit_k = (ia - (-m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot m \cdot nak + (ib - (-m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot m \cdot nbk$$

\*\*\* Section 4: Equilibrium

eq (6) and Appendix A (banks' profit-max interchange fees)

eq (A.1) FOC

$$\#45: \frac{d}{d nak} (profit_k = (ia - (-m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot m \cdot nak + (ib - (-$$

$$m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot m \cdot nbk)$$

$$\#46: 0 = m \cdot (ia + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - na\_notk \cdot \beta - 2 \cdot nak \cdot \beta - \gamma \cdot (nb\_notk + 2 \cdot nbk))$$

$$\#47: \frac{d}{d \text{ nbk}} (\text{profitk} = (\text{ia} - (-m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (\text{nak} + \text{na\_notk}) \cdot \beta + (\text{nbk} + \text{nb\_notk}) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot m \cdot \text{nak} + (\text{ib} - (-$$

$$m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (\text{nak} + \text{na\_notk}) \cdot \gamma + (\text{nbk} + \text{nb\_notk}) \cdot \beta)) \cdot m \cdot \text{nbk})$$

$$\#48: \quad 0 = m \cdot (\text{ib} + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - \text{na\_notk} \cdot \gamma - 2 \cdot \text{nak} \cdot \gamma - \text{nb\_notk} \cdot \beta - 2 \cdot \text{nbk} \cdot \beta)$$

rewrite FOC for symmetric banks

$$\#49: \quad 0 = m \cdot (\text{ia} - k \cdot (\text{nak} \cdot \beta + \text{nbk} \cdot \gamma) + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - \text{nak} \cdot \beta - \text{nbk} \cdot \gamma)$$

$$\#50: \quad 0 = m \cdot (\text{ib} - k \cdot (\text{nak} \cdot \gamma + \text{nbk} \cdot \beta) + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - \text{nak} \cdot \gamma - \text{nbk} \cdot \beta)$$

eq (6)

$$\#51: \quad \text{SOLVE}([0 = m \cdot (\text{ia} - k \cdot (\text{nak} \cdot \beta + \text{nbk} \cdot \gamma) + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - \text{nak} \cdot \beta - \text{nbk} \cdot \gamma), 0 = m \cdot (\text{ib} - k \cdot (\text{nak} \cdot \gamma + \text{nbk} \cdot \beta) + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - \text{nak} \cdot \gamma - \text{nbk} \cdot \beta)], [\text{nak}, \text{nbk}])$$

$$\#52: \quad \left[ \text{nak} = \frac{\text{ia} \cdot \beta - \text{ib} \cdot \gamma + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \wedge \text{nbk} = \frac{\text{ia} \cdot \gamma - \text{ib} \cdot \beta + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2)} \right]$$

multiplying by k to obtain aggregate numbers of A and B cards

$$\#53: \quad \text{na} = k \cdot \frac{\text{ia} \cdot \beta - \text{ib} \cdot \gamma + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

$$\#54: \quad \text{nb} = k \cdot \frac{\text{ia} \cdot \gamma - \text{ib} \cdot \beta + m \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2)}$$

eq (7): number of cards expressed as functions of ia and ib only (after m is substituted).

$$\#55: \quad n_a = \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + ia \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) - ib \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

$$\#56: \quad n_b = \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - ia \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma) + ib \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

eq (8) Appendix B: Card org interchange fees (max ta and max tb)

eq (B.1)

$$\#57: \quad t_a = \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + ia \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) - ib \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot (M - \mu \cdot (ia + ib))$$

eq (B.2) FOC

$$\#58: \quad \frac{d}{d ia} \left( t_a = \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + ia \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) - ib \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot (M - \mu \cdot (ia + ib)) \right)$$

$$\mu \cdot (ia + ib)) \Bigg)$$

$$0 =$$

#59:

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) - \mu \cdot (2 \cdot ia \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + ib \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - \mu \cdot (ia + ib))) - 1)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2)}$$

eq (B.3)

$$\#60: \quad tb = \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - ia \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma) + ib \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot (M -$$

$$\mu \cdot (ia + ib))$$

eq (B.4) FOC

$$\#61: \quad \frac{d}{d \, ib} \left( tb =$$

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - ia \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma) + ib \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot (M - \mu \cdot (ia + ib))$$

0 =

#62:

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) - \mu \cdot (ia \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot ib \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2)}$$

eq (8) ia and ib set by card org

#63: SOLVE

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) - \mu \cdot (2 \cdot ia \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + ib \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - \beta)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2)}$$



$$\frac{) - 1)))}{}, 0 =$$

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) - \mu \cdot (ia \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot ib \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \mu \cdot (ia + ib)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2)}$$

$$\frac{) - \beta)))}{}, [ia, ib]$$

$$\#64: \left[ ia = \frac{M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} \wedge ib = \frac{M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} \right]$$

eq (B.5): SOC

SOC

$$\#65: \frac{d}{d ia} \frac{d}{d ia} \left( ta =$$

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + ia \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) - ib \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot (M -$$

$$\mu \cdot (ia + ib)))$$

$$\#66: \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

$$\#67: \frac{d}{d \text{ ib}} \frac{d}{d \text{ ib}} \left( t b = \right.$$

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - i a \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma) + i b \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot (M - \mu \cdot (i a + i b)) \right)$$

$$\#68: \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

SOC < 0 if

$$\#69: \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta < 0$$

$$\#70: \text{SOLVE}(\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#71: \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha > \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) > 0, \alpha < \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#72: \alpha < \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

is the above larger than  $\alpha_{\max}$  in Assumption 1? [yes]

$$\#73: \quad \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} - \frac{\beta}{3 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

$$\#74: \quad \frac{2 \cdot \beta}{3 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} > 0$$

eq (9): equilibrium number of merchants m

$$\#75: \quad m = \frac{M \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}{4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma}$$

eq (10): equilibrium number of cards

$$\#76: \quad n_a = \frac{M \cdot k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#77: \quad n_b = \frac{M \cdot k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

> 0 if [2 conditions] [yes]

$$\#78: \quad \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta < 0$$

$$\#79: \quad \text{SOLVE}(\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#80: \quad \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha > \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) > 0, \alpha < \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#81: \alpha < \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

larger than  $\alpha_{\max}$  if [yes]

$$\#82: \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} - \frac{\beta}{3 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

$$\#83: \frac{2 \cdot \beta}{3 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} > 0$$

$$\#84: 4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0$$

$$\#85: \text{SOLVE}(4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#86: \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha > \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) > 0, \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#87: \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

The above is larger than  $\alpha_{\max}$  if [yes]

$$\#88: \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} - \frac{\beta}{3 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

$$\#89: \frac{5 \cdot \beta - 3 \cdot \gamma}{12 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} > 0$$

eq (11) equilibrium rewards

$$\#90: \quad ra = -M \cdot \left( \frac{\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)^2 - \beta^2 - \beta \cdot \gamma}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{\beta - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}{\mu \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#91: \quad ra = -M \cdot \left( - \frac{k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#92: \quad rb = -M \cdot \left( \frac{\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)^2 - \beta^2 - \beta \cdot \gamma}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{\beta - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}{\mu \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#93: \quad rb = -M \cdot \left( - \frac{k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#94: \quad ra = \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma))}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#95: \quad rb = \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma))}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

> 0 if

$$\#96: \quad k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0$$

$$\#97: \text{SOLVE}(k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#98: \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1) < 0, \alpha > \frac{k \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1) > 0, \alpha < \frac{k \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1)} \right)$$

$$\#99: \alpha < \frac{k \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1)}$$

$$\#100: \frac{d}{dk} \frac{k \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1)}$$

$$\#101: \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1)^2} > 0$$

so set k=1

$$\#102: \alpha < \frac{1 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot 1 + 1)}$$

$$\#103: \alpha < \frac{\beta}{3 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

which is exactly Assumption 1

eq (12) profit margin

$$\#104: ga = ia - ra$$

$$\#105: gb = ib - rb$$

$$\#106: ga = \frac{M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} -$$

$$\frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma))}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#107: \quad ga = \frac{M \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#108: gb = \frac{M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} -$$

$$\frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma))}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#109: \quad gb = \frac{M \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

> 0 if [2 conditions]

$$\#110: \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta < 0$$

$$\#111: \text{SOLVE}(\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#112: \quad \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha > \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) > 0, \alpha < \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#113: \alpha < \frac{\beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

$$\#114: 4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0$$

$$\#115: \text{SOLVE}(4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#116: \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha > \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) > 0, \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#117: \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

\*\*\* Section 5: Equilibrium versus optimum

eq (13): combined total number of payments and Appendix C

$$\#118: ta + tb = m \cdot na + m \cdot nb$$

$$\#119: ta + tb = (M - \mu \cdot (ia +$$

$$ib)) \cdot \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + ia \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) - ib \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} +$$

$$(M - \mu \cdot (ia +$$

$$ib)) \cdot \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - ia \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + \gamma) + ib \cdot (\beta - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$



$$\#120: \quad ta + tb = \frac{k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot (ia + ib)) \cdot (2 \cdot M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (ia + ib))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

set i\_star = ia = ib

$$\#121: \quad ta + tb = \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M - 2 \cdot i_{\text{star}} \cdot \mu) \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + i_{\text{star}} \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#122: \quad \frac{d}{d i_{\text{star}}} \left( ta + tb = \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M - 2 \cdot i_{\text{star}} \cdot \mu) \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + i_{\text{star}} \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

eq (C.1)

$$\#123: \quad 0 = - \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 4 \cdot i_{\text{star}} \cdot \mu \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

SOC

$$\#124: \quad \frac{d}{d i_{\text{star}}} \frac{d}{d i_{\text{star}}} \left( ta + tb = \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M - 2 \cdot i_{\text{star}} \cdot \mu) \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + i_{\text{star}} \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

eq (C.2)

$$\#125: \quad \frac{8 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

< 0 if [follows from Assumption 1)

$$\#126: \quad 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0$$

$$\#127: \quad \text{SOLVE}(2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0, \alpha)$$

#128: 
$$\alpha < \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

#129: 
$$\text{SOLVE}(M \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 4 \cdot i_{\text{star}} \cdot \mu \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)), i_{\text{star}})$$
  
eq (14)

#130: 
$$i_{\text{star}} = \frac{M \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

eq (15) optimal m

#131: 
$$m_{\text{star}} = \frac{M}{2 \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}$$

> 0 if [yes, Assumption 1]

#132: 
$$2 \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) > 0$$

#133: 
$$\text{SOLVE}(2 \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) > 0, \alpha)$$

#134: 
$$\text{IF} \left( \mu < 0, \alpha > \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu > 0, \alpha < \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

#135: 
$$\alpha < \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

eq (16): optimal number of cards

#136: 
$$na_{\text{star}} = \frac{M \cdot k}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#137: \quad nb\_star = \frac{M \cdot k}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

eq (17) optimal rewards

$$\#138: \quad ra\_star = -M \cdot \left( \frac{1}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1)} - \frac{1}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu} \right)$$

$$\#139: \quad ra\_star = \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

$$\#140: \quad rb\_star = -M \cdot \left( \frac{1}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1)} - \frac{1}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu} \right)$$

$$\#141: \quad rb\_star = \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

> 0 if

$$\#142: \quad k \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) < 0$$

$$\#143: \quad \text{SOLVE}(k \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#144: \quad \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1) < 0, \alpha > \frac{k}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1) > 0, \alpha < \frac{k}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k + 1)} \right)$$

set k=1 => New Assumption 1!

$$\#145: \quad \alpha < \frac{1}{6 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

Result 4 and Appendix D

eq (D.1): Result 4a i - i\* =

$$\#146: \frac{M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} - \frac{M \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

$$\#147: \frac{M \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

> 0 if

$$\#148: 4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0$$

$$\#149: \text{SOLVE}(4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#150: \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha > \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) > 0, \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#151: \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

is this larger than Assumption 1? [yes]

$$\#152: \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} - \frac{1}{6 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#153: \frac{7 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{12 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} > 0$$

also implied:

$$\#154: 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0$$

$$\#155: \text{SOLVE}(2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#156: \quad \text{IF}\left(\mu < 0, \alpha > \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}\right) \vee \text{IF}\left(\mu > 0, \alpha < \frac{1}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}\right)$$

eq (D.2): Result 4b m - m\* =

$$\#157: \quad \frac{M \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}{4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma} - \frac{M}{2 \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}$$

$$\#158: \quad \frac{M \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}{2 \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

< 0 if

$$\#159: \quad 4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0$$

$$\#160: \quad \text{SOLVE}(4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#161: \quad \text{IF}\left(\mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) < 0, \alpha > \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}\right) \vee \text{IF}\left(\mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) > 0, \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}\right)$$

$$\#162: \quad \alpha < \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}$$

is this larger than  $\alpha_{\max}$ ? [yes]

$$\#163: \quad \frac{3 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} - \frac{1}{6 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#164: \quad \frac{7 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{12 \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma)} > 0$$

eq (D.3): Result 4b r - r\* =

$$\#165: \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma))}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} - \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

$$\#166: \frac{M \cdot (k + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

> 0 by Assumption 1 (same as the above explanation)

eq (D.4): Result 4b  $n - n^* =$

$$\#167: \frac{M \cdot k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)} - \frac{M \cdot k}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#168: - \frac{M \cdot k}{4 \cdot \mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

> 0 by Assumption 1 (same explanation)

\*\*Subsection 5.3: No IFs and no rewards versus optimum

set  $ia=ib=0$  into merchant's participation (1) in paper

$$\#169: m = M$$

set  $ra=rb=0$  into the direct demand (1) in paper

$$\#170: na\_none = H \cdot M = \alpha \cdot M$$

$$\#171: ta\_none = M \cdot H \cdot M$$

$$\#172: tb\_none = M \cdot H \cdot M$$

compare with equilibrium, eq (9) and (10) in paper

$$\#173: M \cdot \alpha \cdot M - \frac{M \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}{4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma} \cdot \frac{M \cdot k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#174: M \cdot \alpha \cdot M - \frac{M^2 \cdot k \cdot (\gamma - \beta) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - 3 \cdot \beta + \gamma)^2}$$

Not solvable. Resort to simulations (added to Figure 3 in paper).

\*\*\* Section 6: Extension: Card-specific merchant acceptance

eq (19): Modified merchant acceptance functions

$$\#175: ma = M - \mu \cdot ia$$

$$\#176: mb = M - \mu \cdot ib$$

eq (20): Modified inverse demand

$$\#177: na = H \cdot ma + F \cdot ra - G \cdot rb$$

$$\#178: nb = H \cdot mb + F \cdot rb - G \cdot ra$$

$$\#179: \text{SOLVE}([na = H \cdot ma + F \cdot ra - G \cdot rb, nb = H \cdot mb + F \cdot rb - G \cdot ra], [ra, rb])$$

$$\#180: \left[ ra = \frac{F \cdot (H \cdot ma - na) + G \cdot (H \cdot mb - nb)}{G^2 - F^2} \wedge rb = \frac{F \cdot (H \cdot mb - nb) + G \cdot (H \cdot ma - na)}{G^2 - F^2} \right]$$

Define

$$\#181: \alpha = H$$

$$\#182: \beta = \frac{F}{F^2 - G^2}$$

$$\#183: \gamma = \frac{G}{F^2 - G^2}$$

$$\#184: \text{SOLVE} \left( \left[ \beta = \frac{F}{F^2 - G^2}, \gamma = \frac{G}{F^2 - G^2} \right], [F, G] \right)$$

$$\#185: \left[ F = \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \wedge G = \frac{\gamma}{\beta^2 - \gamma^2} \wedge F^2 - G^2 \neq 0 \right]$$

$$\#186: [ra = -ma \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta - mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma + na \cdot \beta + nb \cdot \gamma \wedge rb = -ma \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta + na \cdot \gamma + nb \cdot \beta]$$

$$\#187: [ra = -\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + na \cdot \beta + nb \cdot \gamma \wedge rb = -\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + na \cdot \gamma + nb \cdot \beta]$$

eq (22): Profit of bank k

$$\#188: \text{profitk} = (ia - ra) \cdot ma \cdot nak + (ib - rb) \cdot mb \cdot nbk$$

$$\#189: \text{profitk} = (ia - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot ma \cdot nak + (ib - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk$$

Derivations of (22) and (23) and Appendix E

$$\#190: \frac{d}{d \text{ nak}} (\text{profitk} = (ia - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot ma \cdot nak + (ib - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk$$



$$(-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk)$$

eq (E.1): FOCa

$$\#191: \quad 0 = ia \cdot ma + ma^2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - na\_notk \cdot \beta - 2 \cdot nak \cdot \beta - \gamma \cdot (nb\_notk + nbk)) - mb \cdot nbk \cdot \gamma$$

$$\#192: \quad \frac{d}{d \, nbk} (\text{profitk} = (ia - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot ma \cdot nak + (ib -$$

$$(-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk)$$

eq (E.2): FOCb

$$\#193: \quad 0 = ib \cdot mb + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \gamma) + mb \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta - na\_notk \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \gamma - nb\_notk \cdot \beta - 2 \cdot nbk \cdot \beta)$$

SOC

$$\#194: \quad \frac{d}{d \, nak} \frac{d}{d \, nak} (\text{profitk} = (ia - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot ma \cdot nak +$$

$$(ib - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk)$$

$$\#195: \quad 0 > -2 \cdot ma \cdot \beta$$

$$\#196: \quad \frac{d}{d \, nbk} \frac{d}{d \, nbk} (\text{profitk} = (ia - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot ma \cdot nak +$$

$$(ib - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk)$$

#197:  $0 > -2 \cdot mb \cdot \beta$

#198:  $\frac{d}{d nbk} \frac{d}{d nak} (\text{profitk} = (ia - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot ma \cdot nak +$

$$(ib - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk)$$

#199:  $-ma \cdot \gamma - mb \cdot \gamma$

#200:  $\frac{d}{d nak} \frac{d}{d nbk} (\text{profitk} = (ia - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \beta + mb \cdot \gamma) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \beta + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \gamma)) \cdot ma \cdot nak +$

$$(ib - (-\alpha \cdot (ma \cdot \gamma + mb \cdot \beta) + (nak + na\_notk) \cdot \gamma + (nbk + nb\_notk) \cdot \beta)) \cdot mb \cdot nbk)$$

#201:  $-ma \cdot \gamma - mb \cdot \gamma$

det Hessian

#202:  $H = (-2 \cdot ma \cdot \beta) \cdot (-2 \cdot mb \cdot \beta) - (-ma \cdot \gamma - mb \cdot \gamma) \cdot (-ma \cdot \gamma - mb \cdot \gamma)$

#203:  $H = -ma^2 \cdot \gamma^2 + ma \cdot mb \cdot (4 \cdot \beta^2 - 2 \cdot \gamma^2) - mb^2 \cdot \gamma^2$

set ma=mb=m

#204:  $H = m^2 \cdot (4 \cdot \beta^2 - 4 \cdot \gamma^2) > 0$

modifying FOC:  $na\_notk = (k-1) nak$ , etc

$$\#205: 0 = ia \cdot ma + ma^2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - ((k - 1) \cdot nak) \cdot \beta - 2 \cdot nak \cdot \beta - \gamma \cdot ((k - 1) \cdot nbk + nbk)) - mb \cdot nbk \cdot \gamma$$

$$\#206: 0 = ia \cdot ma - k \cdot ma \cdot (nak \cdot \beta + nbk \cdot \gamma) + ma^2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \beta) - mb \cdot nbk \cdot \gamma$$

$$\#207: 0 = ib \cdot mb + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \gamma) + mb \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta - ((k - 1) \cdot nak) \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \gamma - ((k - 1) \cdot nbk) \cdot \beta - 2 \cdot nbk \cdot \beta)$$

$$\#208: 0 = ib \cdot mb - k \cdot mb \cdot (nak \cdot \gamma + nbk \cdot \beta) + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \gamma) + mb \cdot \beta \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha - nbk)$$

eq (23) and (24)

$$\#209: \text{SOLVE}\left(\left[0 = ia \cdot ma - k \cdot ma \cdot (nak \cdot \beta + nbk \cdot \gamma) + ma^2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \beta) - mb \cdot nbk \cdot \gamma, 0 = ib \cdot mb - k \cdot mb \cdot (nak \cdot \gamma + nbk \cdot \beta) + ma \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha \cdot \gamma - nak \cdot \gamma) + mb \cdot \beta \cdot (mb \cdot \alpha - nbk)\right], [nak, nbk]\right)$$

$$\#210: \left[ nak = \right.$$

$$\frac{mb \cdot (ia \cdot ma \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - ib \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot ma + mb) + \alpha \cdot (k \cdot ma^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + ma^2 \cdot \beta^2 + ma \cdot mb \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - mb^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma))}{k^2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot (ma^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot \beta^2 + mb^2 \cdot \gamma^2) + ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)}$$

$$\gamma)) \wedge nbk = -$$

$$\frac{ma \cdot (ia \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot mb + ma) - ib \cdot mb \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - \alpha \cdot (k \cdot mb^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - ma^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma + ma \cdot mb \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + mb^2 \cdot \beta^2)}{k^2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot (ma^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot \beta^2 + mb^2 \cdot \gamma^2) + ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot \left[ \frac{2}{\gamma} \right]$$

eq (25) max number of transactions (card org)

#211:  $ta = Na \cdot ma$

#212:  $tb = Nb \cdot mb$

Substituting for  $Na$  and  $Nb$  from (23) and (24)

#213:  $ta =$

$$\left( k \cdot \frac{mb \cdot (ia \cdot ma \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - ib \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot ma + mb) + \alpha \cdot (k \cdot ma^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + ma^2 \cdot \beta^2 + ma \cdot mb \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - mb^2 \cdot \beta^2)}{k^2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot (ma^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot \beta^2 + mb^2 \cdot \gamma^2) + ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma \right) \cdot ma$$

$$\#214: t_b = \left( k \cdot \left[ \frac{ma \cdot (ia \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot mb + ma) - ib \cdot mb \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - \alpha \cdot (k \cdot mb^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - ma^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma + ma \cdot mb \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + mb^2 \cdot \beta^2)}{k^2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot (ma^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot ma \cdot mb \cdot \beta^2 + mb^2 \cdot \gamma^2) + ma \cdot mb \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \right] \right) \cdot mb$$

Substituting for ma and mb from (19)

#215: ta =

$$\left( k \cdot \frac{(M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (ia \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - ib \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) + (M - \mu \cdot ib))) + \alpha \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia)^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma)}{k^2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot ((M - \mu \cdot ia)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \beta^2 + (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma)} \right) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia)$$

$$\#216: \text{tb} = \left( k \cdot \left[ \frac{(M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (ia \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) + (M - \mu \cdot ia)) - ib \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - \alpha \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib))^2 \cdot (\beta - \gamma))}{k^2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot ((M - \mu \cdot ia)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma)} \right] \right) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib)$$

FOCs

$$\#217: \frac{d}{d ia} \left( \text{ta} = \left( k \cdot \frac{(M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (ia \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - ib \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) + (M - \mu \cdot ib))) + \alpha \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia))^2 \cdot (\beta - \gamma))}{k^2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot ((M - \mu \cdot ia)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma)} \right) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \right)$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6\gamma^4 - \beta(15\beta^2 - 14\gamma^2) + (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)(\alpha\mu(6\beta^2 + \beta\gamma - \gamma^2) - 5\beta)}{2iaib(k^3(\beta^2 - \gamma^2)(3\alpha\mu(\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2\beta + \gamma) + k^2(\alpha\mu(\beta^2 - \gamma^2)(9\beta^2 + 2\beta\gamma - 8\gamma^2) - 6\beta^3 + \gamma(2\beta^2 + 6\beta\gamma - \gamma^2) \\
& + k(\alpha\mu(9\beta^4 + 4\beta^3\gamma - 16\beta^2\gamma^2 - 5\beta\gamma^3 + 6\gamma^4) - \beta(6\beta^2 - \beta\gamma - 6\gamma^2) + (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)(\alpha\mu(3\beta^2 + 2\beta\gamma - 2\gamma^2) - 2\beta)) + ib\gamma(k^3(\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + k^2(\alpha\mu(\beta^2 - 4\gamma)(\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2\beta^2 + \beta\gamma \\
& (M^2(k^2 + 2k + 1) - 4\gamma^2) + k(\alpha\mu(2\beta^3 - 5\beta^2\gamma - \beta\gamma^2 + 6\gamma^3) + \beta^2 + \beta\gamma - 3\gamma^2) + \alpha\mu(\beta - \gamma)(\beta^2 - \gamma^2))) - M^2(\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + M\mu(ia + ib)(k^2 + 2k + 1)(\gamma^2 - \beta^2) - \mu(ia^2k\gamma^2 - iaib(k^2(\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2k\beta^2 \\
& \mu^3(2ia(k^2 + 2k + 1)(\beta^2 - \gamma^2)(k(\alpha\mu(\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \beta(\alpha\beta\mu - 1)) + ia^2ib(k^3(\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + \beta^2 - \gamma^2) + ib^2k\gamma^2))
\end{aligned}$$





$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{k^3 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + k^2 \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - 4 \cdot \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + \beta \cdot (2 \cdot \beta + 3 \cdot \gamma)) + k \cdot \beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 - 5 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) + \beta + 3 \cdot \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot i a \cdot i b \cdot k \cdot \gamma \cdot (k + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) + i b^4 \cdot k \cdot \gamma \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu)) \cdot (i b \cdot \mu - M)}{k^3 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + k^2 \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - 4 \cdot \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + \beta \cdot (2 \cdot \beta + 3 \cdot \gamma)) + k \cdot \beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 - 5 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) + \beta + 3 \cdot \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot i a \cdot i b \cdot k \cdot \gamma \cdot (k + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) + i b^4 \cdot k \cdot \gamma \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu)) \cdot (i b \cdot \mu - M)} \\
& - M)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\#219: \frac{d}{d \cdot i b} \left( t b = k \cdot \left( - \frac{(M - \mu \cdot i a) \cdot (i a \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i b) + (M - \mu \cdot i a)) - i b \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i b) \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - \alpha \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i b)^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k^2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i a) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i b) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot ((M - \mu \cdot i a)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i a) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i b) \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + (M - \mu \cdot i b)^2 \cdot \beta^2))}{i b \cdot \beta^2 + (M - \mu \cdot i b)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 + (M - \mu \cdot i a) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i b) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \right) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot i b) \right)
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{\gamma)) + 2 \cdot ia \cdot ib \cdot (k^3 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (3 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + k^2 \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (9 \cdot \beta^2 + 2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma - 8 \cdot \gamma^2) \\
& \quad - 6 \cdot \beta^3 + \gamma \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + 6 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2)) + k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (9 \cdot \beta^4 + 4 \cdot \beta^3 \cdot \gamma - 16 \cdot \beta^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 5 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma^3 + 6 \cdot \gamma^4) - \beta \cdot (6 \cdot \beta^2 \\
& \quad - \beta \cdot \gamma - 6 \cdot \gamma^2)) + (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (3 \cdot \beta^2 + 2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma - 2 \cdot \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta)) + ib^2 \cdot (k^3 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (6 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \\
& \quad - 5 \cdot \beta)) + k^2 \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (18 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - 10 \cdot \gamma^2) - \beta \cdot (15 \cdot \beta^2 - 14 \cdot \gamma^2)) + k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (18 \cdot \beta^4 + 2 \cdot \beta^3 \cdot \gamma \\
& \quad - 23 \cdot \beta^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - \beta \cdot \gamma^3 + 6 \cdot \gamma^4) - \beta \cdot (15 \cdot \beta^2 - 14 \cdot \gamma^2)) + (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (6 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 5 \cdot \beta))) + M^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \\
& \quad + M \cdot \mu \cdot (ia + ib) \cdot (k^2 + 2 \cdot k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2) - \mu^2 \cdot (ia \cdot k \cdot \gamma^2 - ia \cdot ib \cdot (k^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot k \cdot \beta^2 \\
& \quad - \mu^3 \cdot (ia \cdot k \cdot \gamma^2 \cdot (2 \cdot k - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + 3) - 2 \cdot ia \cdot ib \cdot \gamma \cdot (k^3 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + k^2 \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - 4 \cdot \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \\
& \quad + \beta^2 - \gamma^2) + ib \cdot k \cdot \gamma^2))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + 2 \cdot (\beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) + k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^3 - 5 \cdot \beta^2 \cdot \gamma - 4 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma^2 + 3 \cdot \gamma^3) + \beta \cdot (\beta + 2 \cdot \gamma)) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 \\
& - \gamma^2) - ia \cdot ib \cdot (k \cdot (\beta^3 - \gamma^3) \cdot (6 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 5 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + k^2 \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (9 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - 4 \cdot \gamma^2) \\
& - \beta \cdot (15 \cdot \beta^2 - 2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma - 11 \cdot \gamma^2)) + k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (9 \cdot \beta^4 + 2 \cdot \beta^3 \cdot \gamma - 11 \cdot \beta^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - \beta \cdot \gamma^3 + 3 \cdot \gamma^4) - \beta \cdot (15 \cdot \beta^2 \\
& - \beta \cdot \gamma - 11 \cdot \gamma^2)) + (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (3 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 5 \cdot \beta)) + 2 \cdot ib^3 \cdot (k^2 + 2 \cdot k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2) \cdot (k \\
& \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu - 1))) + \mu^4 \cdot (ia^4 \cdot k \cdot \gamma^3 \cdot (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu - 1) - 2 \cdot ia^3 \cdot ib \cdot k \cdot \gamma^3 \cdot (k + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) \\
& + ia^2 \cdot ib^2 \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (\beta^3 - \gamma^3) + k^2 \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - 4 \cdot \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + \beta \cdot (2 \cdot \beta + 3 \cdot \gamma)) + k \cdot \beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 - \gamma^2)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2 + \beta + 3 \cdot \gamma + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot ia \cdot ib^3 \cdot (k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu - 1))}{\dots} \\
 & \frac{)) \cdot (k^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot k \cdot \beta^2 + \beta^2 - \gamma^2) - ib^4 \cdot k \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \beta \cdot (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu - 1))) \cdot (ia \cdot \mu}{\dots}
 \end{aligned}$$

— M)

set ia=ib in FOCa

#221: 0 =

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta) - i \cdot \mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma))}{(k + 1)^2 \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\gamma - \beta)} \\
 & + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta))
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\#222: \text{SOLVE} \left( 0 = \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta) - i \cdot \mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta))}{(k + 1)^2 \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}, i \right)$$

eq (26)

$$\#223: i = \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta)} \vee k = 0$$

set ia=ib in FOCb

$$\#224: 0 =$$

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta) - i \cdot \mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta))}{(k+1)^2 \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}$$

#225: SOLVE  $\left\{ 0 = \right.$

$$\frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta) - i \cdot \mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta))}{(k+1)^2 \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (\gamma - \beta)}, i \right\}$$

again, eq (26)

#226: 
$$i = \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta)} \vee k = 0$$

$i > 0$  if (2 conditions). Numerator  $< 0$  if



$$\#227: k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta < 0$$

$$\#228: \text{SOLVE}(k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#229: \text{IF} \left( 2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2 < 0, \alpha > \frac{\beta \cdot (k + 1)}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( 2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2 > 0, \alpha < \frac{\beta \cdot (k + 1)}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#230: \alpha < \frac{\beta \cdot (k + 1)}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)}$$

Need to check how k affects the above inequality => show that the RHS increases with k

$$\#231: \frac{d}{dk} \frac{\beta \cdot (k + 1)}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)}$$

$$\#232: \frac{\beta \cdot \gamma}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)^2} > 0$$

so set k=1 because that's where RHS is minimized

$$\#233: \alpha < \frac{\beta \cdot (1 + 1)}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot 1 \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)}$$

Below, is part of Assumption 2:

#234: 
$$\alpha < \frac{2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \beta - 3 \cdot \gamma)}$$

2nd condition to verify that  $i > 0$  (show that denominator is  $< 0$ ):

#235: 
$$k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta < 0$$

#236: 
$$\text{SOLVE}(k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta < 0, \alpha)$$

#237: 
$$\text{IF} \left( 2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2 < 0, \alpha > \frac{k \cdot (2 \cdot \beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( 2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2 > 0, \alpha < \frac{k \cdot (2 \cdot \beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)} \right)$$

#238: 
$$\alpha < \frac{k \cdot (2 \cdot \beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)}$$

Show that the RHS increases with K. Then, can set K=1 to minimize the RHS.

#239: 
$$\frac{d}{dk} \frac{k \cdot (2 \cdot \beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)}$$

#240: 
$$\frac{\gamma^2}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot k \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)^2} > 0$$

so set  $k=1$

$$\#241: \alpha < \frac{1 \cdot (2 \cdot \beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (2 \cdot 1 \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + 2 \cdot \beta - \gamma)}$$

$$\#242: \alpha < \frac{4 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \beta - 3 \cdot \gamma)}$$

the above is implied by the condition above it because:

$$\#243: \frac{4 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \beta - 3 \cdot \gamma)} - \frac{2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \beta - 3 \cdot \gamma)}$$

$$\#244: \frac{2 \cdot \beta - \gamma}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \beta - 3 \cdot \gamma)} > 0$$

Hence sufficient condition for  $i > 0$  is:

$$\#245: \alpha < \frac{2 \cdot \beta}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4 \cdot \beta - 3 \cdot \gamma)}$$

eq (27): total payments

$$\#246: t_a + t_b =$$

$$\left( k \cdot \frac{(M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (ia \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - ib \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) + (M - \mu \cdot ib))) + \alpha \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia))^2 \cdot (\beta - \gamma)}{k^2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot ((M - \mu \cdot ia)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 - 2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \gamma \cdot \beta) + (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \gamma^2} \right)$$

$$\left. \frac{(M - \mu \cdot ia)^2 \cdot \beta^2 + (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) - (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma)}{\mu \cdot ib \cdot \beta^2 + (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 + (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \right\} \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) +$$

$$\left( k \cdot \left( \frac{(M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (ia \cdot \gamma \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) + (M - \mu \cdot ia)) - ib \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \beta \cdot (k + 1) - \alpha \cdot (k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta - \gamma) + (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma)}{ib \cdot \beta^2 + (M - \mu \cdot ib)^2 \cdot \gamma^2 + (M - \mu \cdot ia) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2)} \right) \right) \cdot (M - \mu \cdot ib)$$

#247: ta + tb =

$$\frac{k \cdot (M - ia \cdot \mu) \cdot (M - ib \cdot \mu) \cdot (2 \cdot M^2 \cdot \alpha \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + M \cdot (ia + ib) \cdot (k + 1) \cdot (\gamma - \beta) \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - M \cdot (k^2 + 2 \cdot k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + M \cdot \mu \cdot (ia + ib) \cdot \gamma))}{M \cdot (k^2 + 2 \cdot k + 1) \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + M \cdot \mu \cdot (ia + ib) \cdot \gamma}$$

$$\frac{-1) + \mu \cdot (ia^2 \cdot (k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu - 1)) + 2 \cdot ia \cdot ib \cdot \gamma \cdot (k + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta - \gamma)) + ib^2 \cdot \gamma)}{(k^2 + 2 \cdot k + 1) \cdot (\gamma^2 - \beta^2) - \mu \cdot (ia^2 \cdot k \cdot \gamma^2 - ia \cdot ib \cdot (k \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) + 2 \cdot k \cdot \beta^2 + \beta^2 - \gamma^2) + ib^2 \cdot k \cdot \gamma^2)} \sim$$

$$\frac{(k \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + (\beta - \gamma) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \mu - 1)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

Derivation of eq (28): Optimum: max ta+tb and Appendix F

set i\_star = ia = ib

#248: 
$$ta + tb = \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M - i\_star \cdot \mu) \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + i\_star \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

#249: 
$$\frac{d}{d i\_star} \left( ta + tb = \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M - i\_star \cdot \mu) \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + i\_star \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

eq (F.1)

#250: 
$$0 = - \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot i\_star \cdot \mu \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

#251: 
$$\frac{d}{d i\_star} \frac{d}{d i\_star} \left( ta + tb = \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M - i\_star \cdot \mu) \cdot (M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + i\_star \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

#252: 
$$\frac{4 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

< 0 if [yes, by Assumption 1]

$$\#253: \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0$$

$$\#254: \text{SOLVE}(\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#255: \alpha < \frac{1}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#256: \text{SOLVE}\left(0 = - \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot (M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot i_{\text{star}} \cdot \mu \cdot (1 - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}, i_{\text{star}}\right)$$

eq (28): Optimal interchange fees

$$\#257: i_{\text{star}} = \frac{M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

Result 4 and Appendix G

subtracting  $i_{\text{star}}$  from eq1 i

$$\#258: \frac{M \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - \beta) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - \beta)}{\mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta)} - \frac{M \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

eq (G.1):

$$\#259: \Delta i = \frac{M \cdot \gamma \cdot (k + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

$$\#260: \frac{d}{dk} \frac{M \cdot \gamma \cdot (k + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

eq (G.2)

$$\#261: \frac{M \cdot \gamma \cdot (\beta^2 - \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2))}{\mu \cdot (k \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta)} > 0$$

so set k=1 to obtain the minimal value for checking whether  $\Delta i > 0$ :

$$\#262: \frac{M \cdot \gamma \cdot (1 + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma))}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (1 \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta^2 - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta + \gamma) + \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - \gamma^2) - 2 \cdot \beta) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}$$

eq (G.3)

$$\#263: \frac{M \cdot \gamma \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + 1)}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) \cdot (\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (4 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - 3 \cdot \gamma^2) - 4 \cdot \beta + \gamma)}$$

&gt; 0 if [2 conditions]

$$\#264: \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0$$

$$\#265: \text{SOLVE}(\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1 < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#266: \alpha < \frac{1}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#267: \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (4 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - 3 \cdot \gamma^2) - 4 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0$$

$$\#268: \text{SOLVE}(\alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (4 \cdot \beta^2 + \beta \cdot \gamma - 3 \cdot \gamma^2) - 4 \cdot \beta + \gamma < 0, \alpha)$$

$$\#269: \text{IF} \left( 4\beta^2 + \beta\gamma - 3\gamma^2 < 0, \alpha > \frac{4\beta - \gamma}{\mu \cdot (4\beta^2 + \beta\gamma - 3\gamma^2)} \right) \vee \text{IF} \left( 4\beta^2 + \beta\gamma - 3\gamma^2 > 0, \alpha < \frac{4\beta - \gamma}{\mu \cdot (4\beta^2 + \beta\gamma - 3\gamma^2)} \right)$$

$$\#270: \alpha < \frac{4\beta - \gamma}{\mu \cdot (4\beta^2 + \beta\gamma - 3\gamma^2)}$$

which one is binding?

$$\#271: \frac{4\beta - \gamma}{\mu \cdot (4\beta^2 + \beta\gamma - 3\gamma^2)} - \frac{1}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#272: \frac{2\gamma}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) \cdot (4\beta - 3\gamma)} > 0$$

Hence the binding condition is

$$\#273: \alpha < \frac{1}{\mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#274: \frac{d}{d\text{ib}} \frac{d}{d\text{ia}} \left( t_a + t_b = \frac{k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot (\text{ia} + \text{ib})) \cdot (2 \cdot M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (\text{ia} + \text{ib}))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right)$$



$$\#275: \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#276: \frac{d}{d \, ia} \frac{d}{d \, ib} \left( ta + tb = \frac{k \cdot (M - \mu \cdot (ia + ib)) \cdot (2 \cdot M \cdot \alpha \cdot (\beta + \gamma) + (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (ia + ib))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right)$$

$$\#277: \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

H =

$$\#278: \left( - \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot \mu \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (ia + ib))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right) \cdot \left( - \frac{k \cdot (M \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 2 \cdot \mu \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (ia + ib))}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \right) - \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \mu \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)}{(k + 1) \cdot (\beta + \gamma)}$$

$$\#279: \frac{k^2 \cdot (M^2 \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)^2 + 4 \cdot M \cdot \mu \cdot (1 - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma)) \cdot (ia + ib) \cdot (4 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1) + 4 \cdot \mu^2 \cdot (ia + ib)^2)}{(k + 1)^2 \cdot (\beta + \gamma)^2} + \frac{2 \cdot ia \cdot ib + ib^2 - 1 \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)^2}{(k + 1)^2 \cdot (\beta + \gamma)^2}$$

#280:

$$- \frac{4 \cdot k^2 \cdot \mu^2 \cdot (2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \mu \cdot (\beta + \gamma) - 1)^2}{(k + 1)^2 \cdot (\beta + \gamma)^2} < 0$$

bad!  $H < 0 \Rightarrow$  minimum!