

vat_compete_2024_x_y.dfw

#1: CaseMode := Sensitive

#2: InputMode := Word

(transp cost, differentiation parameter): Note μ is used below for section 2. but then I switched the entire paper to λ (location)

#3: $\mu \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#4: $\lambda \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

rate of sales tax

#5: $\tau \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

total consumer population

#6: $n \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

Unit costs

#7: $c_a \in \text{Real } [0, \infty)$

#8: $c_b \in \text{Real } [0, \infty)$

prices

#9: $p_a \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#10: $p_b \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#11: $q_a \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#12: $q_b \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

A's market share

#13: $\hat{x} \in \text{Real } (0, 1)$

basic valuations

#14: $v_a \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#15: $v_b \in \text{Real } (0, \infty)$

#16: $\Delta v \in \text{Real } [0, \infty)$

fraction of slow-computing consumers

#17: $\sigma \in \text{Real } [0, 1]$

*** Section 2: Price embedded into the price (benchmark model)

eq (1)

#18: $q_a = p_a \cdot (1 + \tau)$

#19: $q_b = p_b \cdot (1 + \tau)$

#20: $\text{SOLVE}(q_a = p_a \cdot (1 + \tau), p_a)$

#21:
$$p_a = \frac{q_a}{\tau + 1}$$

#22: $\text{SOLVE}(q_b = p_b \cdot (1 + \tau), p_b)$

#23:
$$p_b = \frac{q_b}{\tau + 1}$$

eq (2) Utility functions

#24: $v_a - p_a \cdot (1 + \tau) - \mu \cdot x$

#25: $v_a - q_a - \mu \cdot x$

$$\#26: vb - pb \cdot (1 + \tau) - \mu \cdot (1 - x)$$

$$\#27: vb - qb - \mu \cdot (1 - x)$$

$$\#28: va - pa \cdot (1 + \tau) - \mu \cdot x = vb - pb \cdot (1 + \tau) - \mu \cdot (1 - x)$$

$$\#29: \text{SOLVE}(va - pa \cdot (1 + \tau) - \mu \cdot x = vb - pb \cdot (1 + \tau) - \mu \cdot (1 - x), x)$$

eq (3)

$$\#30: \quad \text{xhat} = - \frac{pa \cdot (\tau + 1) - pb \cdot (\tau + 1) - va + vb - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu}$$

$$\#31: \quad \text{xhat} = - \frac{pa \cdot (\tau + 1) - pb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu}$$

$$\#32: \quad \text{xhat} = - \frac{qa - qb - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu}$$

eq (4) Profit max w.r.t. qa and qb (tax inclusive)

$$\#33: \text{profita} = (pa - ca) \cdot n \cdot \text{xhat}$$

$$\#34: \text{profitb} = (pb - cb) \cdot n \cdot (1 - \text{xhat})$$

$$\#35: \text{profita} = \left(\frac{qa}{\tau + 1} - ca \right) \cdot n \cdot \left(- \frac{qa - qb - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu} \right)$$

$$\#36: \text{profitb} = \left(\frac{qb}{\tau + 1} - cb \right) \cdot n \cdot \left(1 - - \frac{qa - qb - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu} \right)$$

Appendix A. eq (A.1)

$$\#37: \frac{d}{d q_a} \left(\text{profita} = \left(\frac{q_a}{\tau + 1} - c_a \right) \cdot n \cdot \left(- \frac{q_a - q_b - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu} \right) \right)$$

$$\#38: 0 = \frac{n \cdot (c_a \cdot (\tau + 1) - 2 \cdot q_a + q_b + \Delta v + \mu)}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

$$\#39: \frac{d}{d q_a} \frac{d}{d q_a} \left(\text{profita} = \left(\frac{q_a}{\tau + 1} - c_a \right) \cdot n \cdot \left(- \frac{q_a - q_b - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu} \right) \right)$$

$$\#40: 0 > - \frac{n}{\mu \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

$$\#41: \frac{d}{d q_b} \left(\text{profitb} = \left(\frac{q_b}{\tau + 1} - c_b \right) \cdot n \cdot \left(1 - \frac{q_a - q_b - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu} \right) \right)$$

$$\#42: 0 = \frac{n \cdot (c_b \cdot (\tau + 1) + q_a - 2 \cdot q_b - \Delta v + \mu)}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

$$\#43: \frac{d}{d q_b} \frac{d}{d q_b} \left(\text{profitb} = \left(\frac{q_b}{\tau + 1} - c_b \right) \cdot n \cdot \left(1 - \frac{q_a - q_b - \Delta v - \mu}{2 \cdot \mu} \right) \right)$$

$$\#44: 0 > - \frac{n}{\mu \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

eq (5)

$$\#45: \text{SOLVE} \left[\left[0 = \frac{n \cdot (c_a \cdot (\tau + 1) - 2 \cdot q_a + q_b + \Delta v + \mu)}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\tau + 1)}, 0 = \frac{n \cdot (c_b \cdot (\tau + 1) + q_a - 2 \cdot q_b - \Delta v + \mu)}{2 \cdot \mu \cdot (\tau + 1)} \right], [q_a,$$

$$qb] \Bigg)$$

$$\#46: \quad \left[qaI = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \wedge qbI = \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \right]$$

$$\#47: \quad \left[pa \cdot (1 + \tau) = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \wedge pb \cdot (1 + \tau) = \right. \\ \left. \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \right]$$

$$\#48: \quad \text{SOLVE} \left(\left[pa \cdot (1 + \tau) = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \wedge pb \cdot (1 + \tau) = \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \right], [pa, pb] \right)$$

$$\#49: \quad \left[paI = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \wedge pbI = \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \right]$$

Define $\Delta c = ca - cb$

eq (6)

$$\#50: \quad \text{xhatI} = - \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu}{6 \cdot \mu}$$

$$\#51: \quad \text{profitaI} = \frac{n \cdot (\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu)^2}{18 \cdot \mu \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

$$\#52: \quad \text{profitbI} = \frac{n \cdot (\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu)^2}{18 \cdot \mu \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

Result 1a

$$\#53: \quad \frac{d}{d\tau} \left(qaI = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \right)$$

$$\#54: \quad 0 < \frac{2 \cdot ca + cb}{3}$$

$$\#55: \quad \frac{d}{d\tau} \left(qbI = \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3} \right)$$

$$\#56: \quad 0 < \frac{ca + 2 \cdot cb}{3}$$

$$\#57: \quad \frac{d}{d\tau} \left(paI = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \right)$$

$$\#58: \quad 0 > - \frac{\Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)^2}$$

$$\#59: \frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\text{pbI} = \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \mu}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \right)$$

$$\#60: \quad 0 > \frac{\Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)^2}$$

by Assumption 2.

restriction $x_{\text{hat}} > 0$ if

$$\#61: - \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu}{6 \cdot \mu} > 0$$

$$\#62: \text{SOLVE} \left(- \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu}{6 \cdot \mu} > 0, \mu \right)$$

$$\#63: \left(\mu < \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{3} \wedge \mu < 0 \right) \vee \left(\mu > \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{3} \wedge \mu > 0 \right)$$

$$\#64: \mu > \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{3}$$

restriction $x_{\text{hat}} < 1$ if

$$\#65: - \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu}{6 \cdot \mu} < 1$$

$$\#66: \text{SOLVE} \left(- \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu}{6 \cdot \mu} < 1, \mu \right)$$

$$\#67: \left(\mu < \frac{\Delta v - \Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1)}{3} \wedge \mu < 0 \right) \vee \left(\mu > \frac{\Delta v - \Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1)}{3} \wedge \mu > 0 \right)$$

$$\#68: \mu > \frac{\Delta v - \Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1)}{3}$$

$\hat{x} > 0$ if

$$\#69: \Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu < 0$$

$$\#70: \text{SOLVE}(\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \mu < 0, \mu)$$

$$\#71: \mu > \frac{\Delta c \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{3}$$

*** Section 3: Price competition with sales tax separated from price

eq (7) utility functions

buys A (fast-computing)

$$\#72: v_a - p_a \cdot (1 + \tau) - \lambda \cdot x$$

buys A (slow computing)

$$\#73: v_a - p_a - \lambda \cdot x$$

buy B (fast)

$$\#74: v_b - p_b \cdot (1 + \tau) - \lambda \cdot (1 - x)$$

buy B (slow)

$$\#75: v_b - p_b - \lambda \cdot (1 - x)$$

eqs (8): indiff consumers

xhat_s

$$\#76: \quad va - pa - \lambda \cdot xhats = vb - pb - \lambda \cdot (1 - xhats)$$

$$\#77: \quad \text{SOLVE}(va - pa - \lambda \cdot xhats = vb - pb - \lambda \cdot (1 - xhats), xhats)$$

$$\#78: \quad xhats = - \frac{pa - pb - va + vb - \lambda}{2 \cdot \lambda}$$

$$\#79: \quad xhats = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda}$$

xhatf

$$\#80: \quad va - pa \cdot (1 + \tau) - \lambda \cdot x = vb - pb \cdot (1 + \tau) - \lambda \cdot (1 - x)$$

$$\#81: \quad \text{SOLVE}(va - pa \cdot (1 + \tau) - \lambda \cdot x = vb - pb \cdot (1 + \tau) - \lambda \cdot (1 - x), x)$$

$$\#82: \quad xhatf = - \frac{pa \cdot (\tau + 1) - pb \cdot (\tau + 1) - va + vb - \lambda}{2 \cdot \lambda}$$

$$\#83: \quad xhatf = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{(pa - pb) \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda}$$

eq (9) profit max

$$\#84: \quad \text{profita} = (pa - ca) \cdot n \cdot ((1 - \sigma) \cdot xhatf + \sigma \cdot xhats)$$

$$\#85: \quad \text{profitb} = (pb - cb) \cdot n \cdot ((1 - \sigma) \cdot (1 - xhatf) + \sigma \cdot (1 - xhats))$$

eq (10) and Appendix B: eq1 prices

$$\#86: \quad \text{profita} = (pa - ca) \cdot n \cdot \left((1 - \sigma) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(pa - pb) \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) + \sigma \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right)$$

$$\#87: \text{profitb} = (pb - cb) \cdot n \cdot \left((1 - \sigma) \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(pa - pb) \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) + \sigma \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\#88: \frac{d}{d pa} \left(\text{profita} = (pa - ca) \cdot n \cdot \left((1 - \sigma) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(pa - pb) \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) + \sigma \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\#89: 0 = - \frac{n \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - 2 \cdot pa \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + pb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v - \lambda)}{2 \cdot \lambda}$$

$$\#90: \frac{d}{d pa} \frac{d}{d pa} \left(\text{profita} = (pa - ca) \cdot n \cdot \left((1 - \sigma) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(pa - pb) \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) + \sigma \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\#91: 0 > \frac{n \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)}{\lambda}$$

$$\#92: 0 > \frac{n \cdot (\tau \cdot (\sigma - 1) - 1)}{\lambda}$$

$$\#93: \frac{d}{d pb} \left(\text{profitb} = (pb - cb) \cdot n \cdot \left((1 - \sigma) \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(pa - pb) \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) + \sigma \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\#94: \quad 0 = - \frac{n \cdot (cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + pa \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - 2 \cdot pb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v - \lambda)}{2 \cdot \lambda}$$

$$\#95: \quad \frac{d}{d pb} \frac{d}{d pb} \left(\text{profitb} = (pb - cb) \cdot n \cdot \left((1 - \sigma) \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(pa - pb) \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) + \sigma \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{pa - pb - \Delta v}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\#96: \quad 0 > \frac{n \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)}{\lambda}$$

$$\#97: \quad 0 > \frac{n \cdot (\tau \cdot (\sigma - 1) - 1)}{\lambda}$$

$$\#98: \quad \text{SOLVE} \left(\left[0 = - \frac{n \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - 2 \cdot pa \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + pb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v - \lambda)}{2 \cdot \lambda}, 0 = - \frac{n \cdot (cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + pa \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - 2 \cdot pb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v - \lambda)}{2 \cdot \lambda} \right], [pa, pb] \right)$$

eq (10)

$$\#99: \quad \left[pae = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)} \wedge pbe = \right.$$

$$\left[\frac{ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)} \right]$$

eq (11): eq1 profits

$$\#100: \quad \text{profitae} = - \frac{n \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda)^2}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)}$$

$$\#101: \quad \text{profitbe} = - \frac{n \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda)^2}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)}$$

Result 2: setting $\sigma=0$

$$\#102: \quad \left[\text{pae_zero} = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \wedge \text{pbe_zero} = \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \right]$$

compare it to pa_I and pb_I

$$\#103: \quad \left[\text{paI} = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \wedge \text{pbI} = \frac{ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot cb \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} \right]$$

$$\#104: \quad \text{pae_zero} - \text{paI} = \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} - \frac{2 \cdot ca \cdot (\tau + 1) + cb \cdot (\tau + 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

$$\#105: \quad \text{pae_zero} - \text{paI} = 0$$

$$\#106: \text{pbe_zero} - \text{pbI} = \frac{\text{ca} \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot \text{cb} \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)} - \frac{\text{ca} \cdot (\tau + 1) + 2 \cdot \text{cb} \cdot (\tau + 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\tau + 1)}$$

$$\#107: \text{pbe_zero} - \text{pbI} = 0$$

Result 3 & Appendix B

$$\#108: \frac{d}{d\sigma} \left(\text{pae} = \frac{2 \cdot \text{ca} \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \text{cb} \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)} \right)$$

eq (B.2)

$$\#109: 0 < \frac{\tau \cdot (\Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda)}{3 \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2}$$

$$\#110: \frac{d}{d\sigma} \left(\text{pbe} = \frac{\text{ca} \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + 2 \cdot \text{cb} \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda}{3 \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)} \right)$$

$$\#111: 0 < \frac{\tau \cdot (3 \cdot \lambda - \Delta v)}{3 \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2}$$

eq (B.3)

$$\#112: \frac{d}{d\sigma} \left(\text{profitae} = - \frac{n \cdot (\text{ca} \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \text{cb} \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda)^2}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)} \right)$$

$$\#113: -$$

$$\frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda) \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2} + 3 \cdot \lambda$$

$$\#114: \frac{d}{d\sigma} \left(\text{profitbe} = - \frac{n \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda)^2}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)} \right)$$

$$\#115: 0 < -$$

$$\frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda) \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2} - 3 \cdot \lambda$$

compare to the way it is typed it in the paper, eqs (B.3)

$$\#116: d_{\text{profitae_paper}} = \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot ((3 \cdot \lambda + \Delta v)^2 - (\Delta c \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau))^2)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau)^2}$$

compare derivatives for A: [yes!]

$$\begin{aligned} \#117: & \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot ((3 \cdot \lambda + \Delta v)^2 - (\Delta c \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau))^2)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau)^2} - - \\ & \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda) \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2} \\ & + 3 \cdot \lambda) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \#118: & \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot ((3 \cdot \lambda + \Delta v)^2 - ((ca - cb) \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau))^2)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau)^2} - - \\ & \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v - 3 \cdot \lambda) \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2} \\ & + 3 \cdot \lambda) \end{aligned}$$

$$\#119: \quad 0$$

compare to the way it is typed it in the paper, eqs (B.3)

$$\#120: d_profitbe_paper = \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot ((3 \cdot \lambda - \Delta v)^2 - (\Delta c \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau))^2)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau)^2}$$

$$\#121: \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot ((3 \cdot \lambda - \Delta v)^2 - (\Delta c \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau))^2)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau)^2} - -$$

$$\frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda) \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2} - 3 \cdot \lambda)$$

$$\#122: \frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot ((3 \cdot \lambda - \Delta v)^2 - ((ca - cb) \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau))^2)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (1 + \tau - \sigma \cdot \tau)^2} - -$$

$$\frac{n \cdot \tau \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - \Delta v + 3 \cdot \lambda) \cdot (ca \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) - cb \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1) + \Delta v)}{18 \cdot \lambda \cdot (\sigma \cdot \tau - \tau - 1)^2}$$

$$\frac{-3\lambda)}{}$$

#123:

0