

## 20 August 20th

### 20.1 Goals for the day

*Goals from Last Time*

1. *Continue analyzing my.cubappr.r*
2. *Look for Wei-Chen code on the NSE model*
3. *Look at REU results (esp. a1 discussion?)*
4. *Look into workflow programs for R*
5. *Read about Data Structures in R user manual*

Additional Goals

6. Automate parts of the .tex process

### 20.2 Progress/Notes

#### 20.2.1 Continue analyzing my.cubappr.r

Wei-Chen included a breakdown of all the arguments to the cubappr.r in cubfits.pdf page 14. He also explains the data formats on page 19.

b is apparently... "A named list A contains amino acids. Each element of the list A[[i]] is a list of elements coefficients (coefficients of log(mu) and Delta.t), coef.mat (matrix format of coefficients), and R (covariance matrix of coefficients). Note that coefficients and R are typically as in the output of vglm() of VGAM package. Also, coef.mat and R may miss in some cases. e.g. A[[i]]\$coef.mat is the regression beta matrix of i-th amino acid."

What is logL? Log likelihood

Here's the values for the variables, instead of using that confusing .CF.CONF\$ values

```

reu13.df.obs = some huge matrix that looks like codon usage levels.
phi.pred.Init = matrix containing phi guesses
      y = a vector that has codon counts
      nIter = 20
      b.Init = NULL
      init.b.Scale = 1
      b.drawScale = 1
      b.RInit = NULL
      p.Init = NULL
      p.nclass = 2
      p.DrawScale = 0.1
phi.pred.DrawScale = 1
      model = "roc"
      adaptive = "logonormal"
      verbose = TRUE
      iterThin = 1
      report = 5

```

It's notable that the code frequently calls things as "variable[1]", instead of just calling "variable", even if the variable only has one item in it. Ex. model[1] is totally unnecessary, model is just "roc".

b.Mat is a 10 by 21 matrix (nBparams by nSave or (# of regression parameters) by (space for iterations)). Looks like it will contain log(mu) and Delta.t

p.Mat is a 2 by 21 matrix (nPrior (# of prior params) by nSave)

phi.pred.Mat is a 100 by 21 matrix (n.G (number of Genes) by nSave )

logL.Mat is a 1 by 21 matrix (1 by nSave)

Mostly everything before the MCMC is just initializing variables, moving things around in memory.

**my.DrawBConditionalAll is my.drawBConditionalAll.RW\_NORM**

I got to line 161 (including my comments 158 without them): "p.Curr <- .cubfitsEnv\$my.pPropTypeNoObs(n.G, phi.Curr, p.Curr, hp.param)"

## 20.2.2 Look for Wei-Chen code on the NSE model

I found the code in the CRAN cubfits installation, in demo. It's nearly identical to the roc.appr demo, but model is set to "nsef" instead of "roc".

## 20.2.3 Look at REU results

## 20.2.4 Look into workflow programs for R

So far, I've replaced this with R's build in Debug program.

1. `library(cubfits)`
2. `debug(cubappr)`
3. `demo(roc.appr, 'cubfits')`

20.2.5 Read about Data Structures in R user manual

20.2.6 Automate parts of the .tex process

wrote `writeGoals.cpp`, which should save me an immense amount of time spent formatting.

20.3 Future Goals

1. Finish analyzing `cubappr.r` (especially the MCMC after line 158)
2. Look at the consequences if model is "nsef" instead of "roc"
3. REU Results
4. Data Structures in the R manual (list?)