

# **LabelCast Label Printing Software**

## **User Manual**

Version 1.2.1  
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### **Overview**

LabelCast is software which allows printing of barcode labels to label printers supporting ZPL (Zebra Printer Language). This includes all printers from the company Zebra, but other manufacturers such as TSC (Taiwan Semiconductor), Intermec (Honeywell), Sato, Bixolon and Cab also offer printers which support or can emulate ZPL.

The software UI allows you to select a barcode label design and then print by:

- manually typing variable data into the user interface.
- selecting predefined data from a database.
- both – i.e. selecting data from a database and manually inputting further details

The software comes in two flavors:

- Windows desktop application
- Web application

If you have a single workstation with a dedicated label printer, or just a few workstations with individual label needs, the simplest solution is to install the desktop application on each workstation.

If multiple users need to print the same type of label, or if they share printers, if diverse types of devices exist which need to print labels, or you want to manage label printing for geographically separate offices, the web application is a better fit.

### **Intended Use**

This software is intended to print labels containing barcodes to a networked barcode printer.

General-purpose labelling software usually converts the label data into an image and lets the printer driver translate this to pixels for the printer. Barcodes do not print properly this way, however, on typical industrial label printers from Zebra or TSC etc. – these printers often have much lower resolution than a typical modern laser or inkjet printer, resulting in barcodes which cannot be reliably read by a barcode reader.

The advantage of the lower resolution is speedy output of complex barcode labels. But the only way to create properly printed barcodes on such printers is to use their proprietary printer language, such as ZPL.

The LabelCast software directly sends ZPL commands to the printer and thereby creates barcodes which can be reliably read by barcode readers.

## **Label Design and Workflow**

LabelCast does not support designing label templates. This must be done by a separate program, such as the free program *Zebra Designer for Developers* from the Zebra website.

The work flow is as follows:

1. Install Zebra Designer for Developers
2. Create a label design
3. Save the label design as a print template file – a text file containing Zebra ZPL commands.
4. Install LabelCast desktop or web application.
5. Configure LabelCast to use your label design, specifying database details and fields to be input by the user.
6. Print the labels using either the desktop app or web application.

## **HTTP API for JSON and XML**

You can also configure LabelCast to print labels using HTTP API requests. You can submit label data in XML or JSON format. Optionally, the label data format can be validated through a XML / JSON schema.

You must install the web application to take advantage of this feature.

## Designing Label Templates

LabelCast does not support designing label templates. Any label designer program can be used – however, it must be capable to save label formats in the native Zebra format, i.e. a text file containing ZPL-II commands.

We recommend the program **Zebra Designer 3 for Developers** which you can download free of charge from the [www.zebra.com](http://www.zebra.com) website. Select the following from the menu:

Support and Downloads > Software Support > Printer Application Software > Zebra Designer 3 for Developers

You can also use the regular (non-developer) edition. It is easier to use the developer version, though, because it is specifically designed for creating and saving label template files and it does not require you to install an actual Zebra printer.

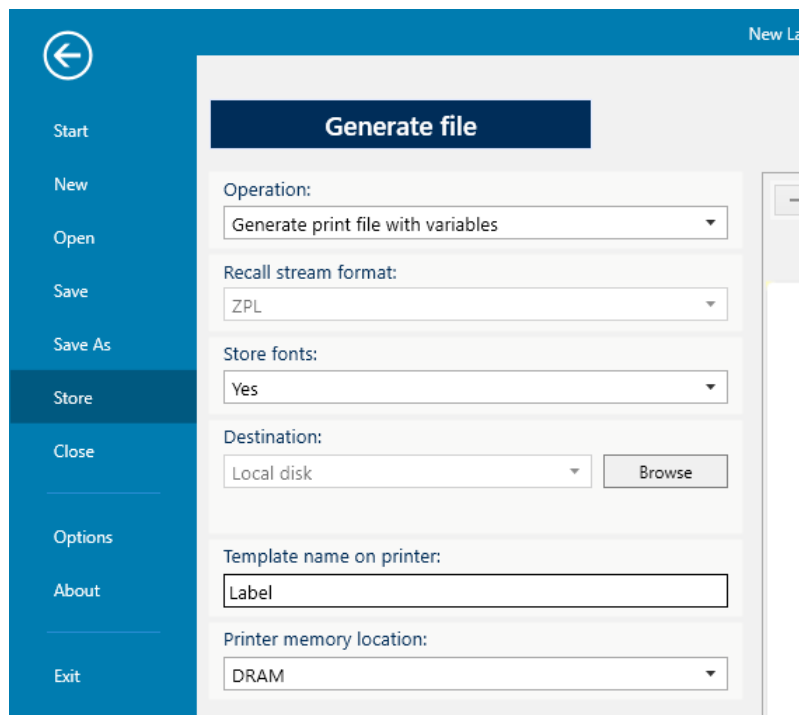
You begin by creating a new label, define size and label properties. You can then add fixed and variable text and barcodes as you require. Many tutorials exist on the internet, Zebra website etc.

To save the label as template file, select

File > Store

from the menu.

In the options shown, first select ZPL as “Recall stream format”, then under “Operation”, choose “Generate print files with variables”. Choose a file name and browse to a location on disk.



The screenshot shows the 'Generate file' dialog box in Zebra Designer 3 for Developers. The dialog has a blue sidebar on the left with the following options: Start, New, Open, Save, Save As, Store (selected), Close, Options, About, and Exit. The main area is titled 'Generate file' and contains the following settings:

- Operation: Generate print file with variables
- Recall stream format: ZPL
- Store fonts: Yes
- Destination: Local disk (with a Browse button)
- Template name on printer: Label
- Printer memory location: DRAM

You have now a text template file containing any variable names you defined in the label design process, which you can with the LabelCast software.

# Desktop Application

## Installation

System Requirements: Windows 10+, Windows Server 2016+

Extract the LabelCast Desktop ZIP file to a temporary directory, then execute LabelCastDesktop.exe.

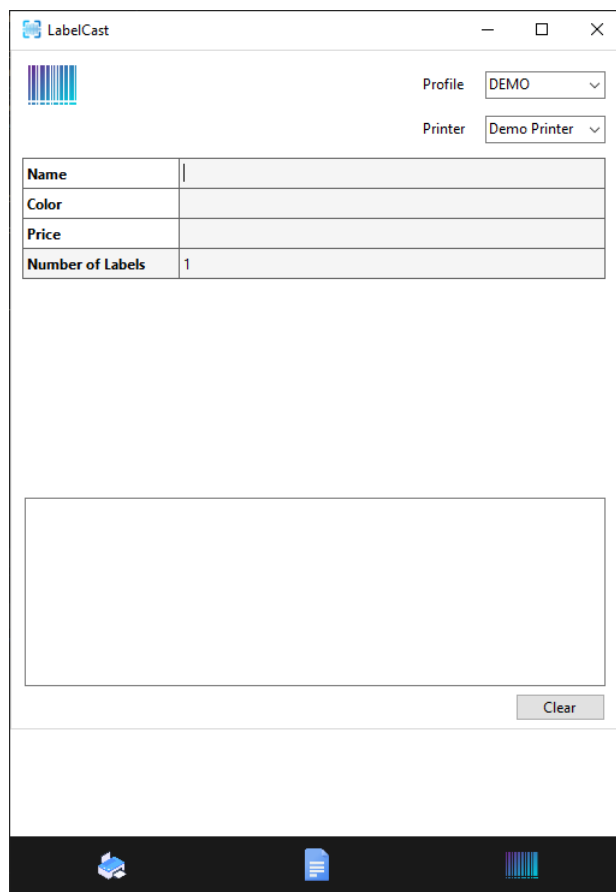
This will install the LabelCast application, and the prerequisite Windows Desktop Runtime. If this runtime is already installed on your device, you can skip that step.

## Using the Desktop App

The desktop application opens to the data entry / label printing page. Users input data to get labels printed. Which input field names show here depends on the configuration of the selected label configuration (which is called “**profile**” in this app).

Select the label profile and printer from the drop down boxes.

When first installed, it has a demo label configured, taking data from a local SQLite database. All configuration files are located at “C:\Program Info\LabelCast\”.



The screenshot shows the LabelCast desktop application window. The title bar reads "LabelCast" with standard Windows window controls. The interface includes a barcode icon on the left, two dropdown menus for "Profile" (set to "DEMO") and "Printer" (set to "Demo Printer"), and a data entry table. The table has four rows: "Name" with an empty input field, "Color" with an empty input field, "Price" with an empty input field, and "Number of Labels" with the value "1". Below the table is a large empty rectangular area for a label preview, and a "Clear" button is positioned at the bottom right of this area. At the very bottom of the application is a dark navigation bar containing three icons: a printer, a document, and a barcode.

Name	
Color	
Price	
Number of Labels	1

← Menu buttons

To facilitate input of data, use the ENTER key after each value. This automatically moves the cursor to the next input field below. On the last input field at the bottom, pressing ENTER also automatically starts printing the label.

### Variable Data Fields

The input fields shown in the app are **variable data fields**. They allow to print a variety of data with the same label format, such as item names, prices and barcodes.

There are 3 types of variable data fields

- Search fields
- Data Fields
- Editable Fields

For the example in above picture:

Name	
Color	
Price	
Number of Labels	

Search Field + Data Field  
Search Field + Data Field  
Editable Field + Data Field  
Editable Field

A **Search Field** is used to search values in the database. If the user types “Amaryllis” into the Name field and “Red” into the Color field, the database will find a match and will fill out all Data Fields.

**Data Fields** are result fields from a query to the database. All search fields must always also be Data Fields.

**Editable Fields** are for manual input by the user. They do not depend on a database and will not get filled out by a database query.

However, you can designate fields as both Data Field and Editable Field, in which case a database query fills out the value, but the user can edit. The user-edited value takes precedence and will print on the final label. In the example above, “Price” is both an Editable Field and a Data Field.

### Wildcard Search

If any of the Search Field values contain a percent sign (%), the app displays a list of possible options matching the criteria input. Select the desired item and the values will be filled in the fields.

### Alternate Item Selection – Numeric Search

If the label definition profile is configured to allow it, you can alternately select an item by a numeric code (such as EAN etc.). In the example above, a user would type the number 1279 into the “Name” field and the app will find the item “Amaryllis, Red”, filling out the value of the first 3 fields.

## Configuration

All configuration of the LabelCast software is done through the desktop client, also if you plan to use the web application.

You can configure two things using the menu buttons:

- Label Profiles
- Label Printers

A **label profile** is a collection of settings which configure which data should be input, whether a database should be queried for further information, database connection and query information, the label template and the default printer to use. A profile represents a specific type of label and all information regarding it.

**Label printers** can be configured separately. Each profile has a default printer which will be used in absence of further specification. But any user can override this, allowing the same type of label to be printed to many printers.

### Note

The desktop application is used for profile configuration for the web application as well – the web app itself has no configuration pages.

Therefore, if you plan to use the web application on a web server, you must install the desktop application on the same server as well. In this scenario, you can use the desktop app as a convenient test system, allowing for quick tests of your label profile definitions and label formats.

## Basic Label Profile Configuration

To create a new profile, click on the ADD button of the app. After entering the desired property values, press SAVE to persist the profile definition.

Following are the properties which can be configured for a profile.

### General

Name	Name of the profile (must be unique)
Description	Detailed description
Abbreviation	Abbreviated name – this will show in the selection dropdown

### Database

Database Type	Currently supported are SQLite, PostgreSQL, MS SQL Server, Oracle
Connection String	Input here the connection string to connect to your database

Time Zone	Time zone of the database server. Some databases require this information which is why this property exists.
SQL Query	A query string to obtain a single record based on user input. The WHERE clause of the query should contain the configured Search-Fields and the SELECT clause must contain all Data-Fields and must also contain all Search-Fields (see below Fields section). Field names are referenced in curly braces: ID = {id}
SQL Numeric Code Query	Query to obtain a single record based on a numeric code input into the first search-field. (This will only work if the normally expected input into that first search field is expected to be non-numeric.) The SQL query is likely to look a bit awkward because you need to reference the field-name of the first search field and then correlate it to a likely very different column in the SQL.
Search SQL Query	This is a separate query to obtain one or more records to choose from, when the user entered percent (%) wildcard characters in his input. The query must include all of the Data-Fields in the SELECT clause – the same as in the main SQL Query.
Display Field	Name of field to display to the user when showing the list of choices from the Search SQL query. Note – the capitalization of this field MUST match the column name returned by the Search SQL Query.

### Fields

Search Fields	List of fields a user should input to filter the database query by (these would appear in the WHERE clause of the SQL query). They are shown in the UI as input fields.
Data Fields	Field names of the database query result (SELECT clause column names)
Editable Fields	Fields for user input which are not sent to the database for query and are not database result fields either. These fields appear in the UI as input fields.

Search Fields and Editable Fields are optional. You do not need query a database at all, and you do not need to have additional editable fields.

The same field can appear in both Data Fields and Editable Fields. Manual edits override the values from the database, allowing the user to edit the value returned from the database.

### Label Printing

Label Template	Path to Zebra ZPL label template file
Default Printer	This is the default printer to use for labels of this type.

There are further configuration properties related to JSON and XML APIs, which are described later in this manual.

### Example

Name	Standard Label
Description	Standard Label for code, description and price
Abbreviation	STANDARD
Database Type	SQL Server
Connection String	Server=mySRV; Database=myDB; Trusted_Connection=True;
Time Zone	UTC
SQL Query	SELECT NAME, DESCRIPT, PRICE FROM TEST WHERE NAME = {name}
SQL Numeric Query	SELECT NAME, DESCRIPT, PRICE FROM TEST WHERE ID = {name}
SQL Search Query	SELECT NAME, DESCRIPT, PRICE FROM TEST WHERE NAME LIKE {name}
Display Field	DESCRIPT
Search Fields	Code
Data Fields	Descript, Price
Editable Fields	Price, Weight
Label Template	c:\Templates\standard_lbl.prn
Default Printer	OFFICE2

In this example, the field “Price” appears both in Data-Fields and Editable-Fields – the database query will return the value, but the user can then still change it. Manual edits override the values from the database.

### Label Printer Configuration

Name	The name of printer (does not need to be the network host name). Names should be short as they appear in the selection dropdown.
Description	Detailed description.
IP Address	Network address to reach the printer
Port	Network port number. By default, this is 9100 for Zebra printers.

### Example

Name	OFFICE2
Description	Zebra barcode label printer No. 2 in the office
IP Address	192.168.0.151
Port	9100



Note that currently only networked printers are supported by the software.

### **Advanced Profile Configuration - JSON and XML API**

If the web application is installed, it supports submitting label data in JSON or XML format over HTTP as POST request.

Profile and printer configuration is always done through the desktop app, however. Additional configuration properties exist to enable API submissions. These are explained in detail in the section Label Request API of this manual.

# Web Application

## Installation

System Requirements: Windows 10+, Windows Server 2016+

LabelCast is an ASP.Net Core 8.0 web application, and can be installed using the standard steps for deploying such web applications to a web server. ASP.Net.Core applications can be installed on Windows Server 2016 or later.

Installation on a Linux web server is not currently supported.

### Example steps for a typical Windows Server installation

Install IIS (Internet Information Services)

Install ASP.Net hosting bundle 8.0 (Microsoft .Net 8.0 Windows Server Hosting)

Create a folder for the web app

Create a site in IIS, specifying the DNS name of the web server, and link the app to the above folder

In the IIS application pool, select Basic Settings and set the following:

- \* .Net CLR version: No Managed Code
- \* Managed Pipeline Mode: Classic

Download LabelCastWebApp.7z and unzip it into the web app folder

Ensure that your DNS can find the application name you configured in IIS for the LabelCast application.

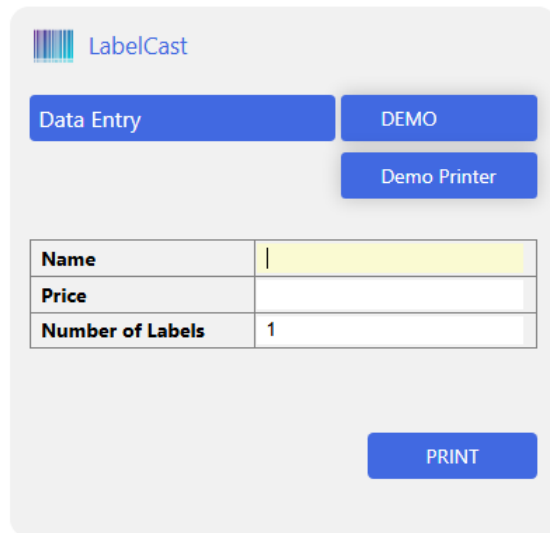
This will install the app in HTTP mode. If you need HTTPS, you need to add a certificate.

## Using the Web App

Point your browser to the following URL

<http://<your-server-dns-name>/labels/main>

The main page opens, which resembles closely the look of the desktop app. There are no options to modify configuration settings for profiles or printers though. (Use the desktop app to change settings.)



The screenshot shows the LabelCast web application interface. At the top left is the LabelCast logo. Below it are three buttons: 'Data Entry', 'DEMO', and 'Demo Printer'. In the center is a form with three rows: 'Name' with a yellow input field, 'Price' with a white input field, and 'Number of Labels' with a white input field containing the value '1'. At the bottom right is a 'PRINT' button.

Name	
Price	
Number of Labels	1

You can select which label profile and printer to use, and enter data to print labels.

In the above demo, the **Name** field is used to query the database which will retrieve the **Price** data, and an additional **Description** column. The Description column is not shown on the entry screen because the user cannot edit its value but it will print on the label.

## Support for Internet Explorer

To open the web application from Internet Explorer 8 or later, point your browser to this URL

<http://<your-server-dns-name>/labels/main/ie8>

For Internet Explorer 6, use this

<http://<your-server-dns-name>/labels/main/ie6>

These URLs are intended to provide support for legacy environments where no other browsers are available. Their use is not recommended, and not all features are supported. Use alternative browsers – LabelCast runs just fine with the standard URL on the old Firefox version 52, which should be readily supported on most older operating systems.

## Label Request API

If the web application is installed, it supports submitting label data in JSON or XML format over HTTP as POST request.

### Workflow of API Label Requests

The label request data is parsed to determine which label profile should be used to print the label, and which printer. Certain properties and values must appear in the label request to match – this is configured in the Profile Map property – see below.

The app may optionally validate the label format against a JSON or XML schema if defined.

Then, values for the search-fields and editable-field variables are extracted, and the label sent to the printer.

To make this work, additional configuration properties are required.

There are two supported scenarios:

- Full label data is submitted (no database query)
- Partial info submitted, requiring database query

If a system such as an ERP is creating the label data, it would normally submit all of the data for a label which can then just be extracted and submitted to the printer.

In some cases, one may want to print labels from a list of codes or IDs and require a database query for each label to obtain the necessary full information for the label.

### URL for API Calls

URL for a full label data request submission (no database query):

```
POST <server-name>/labels/printqueue
```

URL for a label request submission requiring a database query:

```
POST <server-name>/labels/dataqueue
```

### Advanced Profile Configuration - JSON and XML API

Profile and printer configuration is always done through the desktop app, also if the web application is installed, since the web app contains no configuration pages.

Additional configuration properties exist to enable API submissions.

Configuration of the API is done directly in a profile – thus, you cannot have more than one type of XML request and one type of JSON request. If you do need support multiple types of label requests for the same label type, define multiple profiles using the same label template.

For JSON requests, the configuration specifies a mapping between the field names defined in the label profile and the corresponding JSON properties in the request. For XML, you specify an XPath expression to retrieve values from the XML request.

### JSON Label Request Configuration

JSON Schema	Path to JSON schema file. The file should follow the syntax defined at <a href="https://json-schema.org/">https://json-schema.org/</a> . This file is only used when “JSON Schema Option” is set to “UseProfileSchema”.
JSON Schema Option	You can choose to skip validation (DoNotValidate), to use a fixed file defined in the above “JSON Schema” property (UseProfileSchema), or to use the schema specified in the label request \$schema property (in this case this is a relative URL – the file must be in the configuration directory)
JSON Profile Map	List of JSON properties and respective values which must appear in the label request for this profile to be selected
JSON Search Field Map	List of field names (identical to Search Field list) and corresponding JSON properties. LabelCast will use the values of those JSON properties to assign to the Search Field variables. If such fields are detected in the label request, this triggers a database query.
JSON Data Field Map	List of field names (identical to Data Field list) and corresponding JSON properties. Data Field Map only needs to be configured for label data request which contain full label data, including fields which “normally” would come from a database query result.
JSON Edit Field Map	List of field names (identical to Editable Field list) and corresponding JSON properties.

### XML Label Request Configuration

XML Schema	Path to XML DTD file. XSD is not currently supported – it must be a Document Type Definition (DTD). This file is only used when “XML Schema Option” is set to “UseProfileSchema”.
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XML Schema Option	You can choose to skip validation (DoNotValidate), to use a fixed file defined in the above XML Schema property (UseProfileSchema), or to use the schema specified in the label request \$schema property (in this case this is a relative URL – the file must be in the configuration directory)
XML Profile Map	List of XPath expressions and respective values which must appear in the label request for this profile to be selected
XML Search Field Map	List of field names (identical to Search Field list) and corresponding XPath expressions to locate the values in the XML. LabelCast will use these values to assign to the Search Field variables. If such fields are detected in the label request, this triggers a database query.
XML Data Field Map	List of field names (identical to Data Field list) and corresponding XPath expressions to locate the values in the XML. Data Field Map only needs to be configured for label data request which contain full label data, including fields which “normally” would come from a database query result.
XML Edit Field Map	List of field names (identical to Editable Field list) and corresponding XPath expressions, as above.

## **Release Notes**

### Version 1.2.1

Bug fixes on HTTP API

### Version 1.2

Improvements on variable display

Added alternate numeric search query

Bug fixes on label configuration