Restful API And Microservices with Python

Day 9

Day 9 - Overview

- JWT Optional
- Create an optional JWT API to search for user Task
 - o Create an User Search API that takes email as request parameter
 - User with token can access complete details
 - User without token can only access name and email
- Customizing Flask-JWT-Extended callbacks and responses
- API logging

Prerequisite

- VM with windows OS
- Python 3.8 or >
- Visual Studio Code Code Editor
- Postman
- GIT

https://github.com/saurav-samantray/flask-microservices-training/blob/main/slides/Setup%20GIT% 20in%20your%20Local%20system.pdf

Docker - Not Mandatory for current training

Sync your fork for Day 9 activities

Follow the below document to sync your fork and update local repository.

https://github.com/saurav-samantray/flask-microservices-training/blob/main/slides/Setup%20GIT%20in%20your%20Local%20system.pdf

Local Setup for Day 9

- Navigate to the below folder
 - C:\workspace\flask-microservices-training\day9\user-management-service
- Create a virtual environment and activate it
 - python -m venv venv
 - .\venv\Scripts\activate
- Install the dependencies, initialize DB and start server
 - pip install -r requirements.txt
 - python init_db.py
 - python server.py

JWT Optional

- Some APIs can be partially protected with the below decorator jwt_required(optional=True)
- This functionality can be used to create APIs that can be accessed by both authenticated and Anonymous users.
- What information is exposed to each can be determined based on the logic

User Search API - Task

- Create a new API in the file api/users_search_api.py
- Update the GET call to be accessible by both authenticated and non authenticated users
- Provide a URL mapping for the new API
- The GET call should accept a mandatory request parameter called email. If not found in the request reject return the call with a 400 error.
 - o email = request.args.get('email')
- If the email request param is found, query the database for the user.
- If not found in database return not found error
- If found
 - For authenticated user give all details available in database
 - For Anonymous user only return name and email

Flask JWT Callbacks

- Callbacks are post processors. Any action that we need to take after something has happened.
- We will use the Flask JWT Extended libraries callback methods to customize the error messages

Flask Logging

- Managing logging in a production grade application is very important
- Excessive logging, fewer logging or unformatted logging are all biggest bottlenecks when debugging an application
- Understanding various log level
 - DEBUG
 - INFO
 - WARNING
 - ERROR
 - CRITICAL
- How to configure the log level for flask application

Q and A