

```

Strings
str11 = 'Hello'; str12 = "World"

Slicing:
str1[:], str1[4]; str1[-7]; str1[3:],
str1[:3]; str1[2:6]; str1[2:10:2]
str1[::-1]; str1[-2,-10,-1];
str1[1:-8]
boolresult = 'A' in 'NASDAQ'

```

Operators

- Arithmetic: + - * / ** // %
- Logical: and or not
- Relational: == > < >= <=
- Bitwise: & | ~ ^ >> <<=
- Assignment: = += -= *= /=
- Membership: in, not in
- Identity: is, is not

```

Decision Making

n = 74
if n >= 70:
    print("Distinction")
elif n >= 60 and n < 70:
    print("First Class")
elif n >= 50 and n < 60:
    print("Second Class")
elif n >= 35 and n < 50:
    print("Pass Class")
else:
    print("Fail")

```

Indexing from Start of String ----->												
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	
-12	-11	-10	-9	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	
<-----Indexing from End of String												

```

for loop
for letter in "string":
    print(letter)
for num in range(20):
    process(num)
for element in mylist:
    print(element)
for element in mytuple:
    print(element)
for num in range(len(mylist)):
    print(mylist[num])
for key,value in user_dict.items():
    print(key,value)
for index,value in enumerate(mylist):
    print(index,value)
for num in range(10):
    print(num)
    if num == 5:
        break
for num in range(10):
    if num == 5:
        continue
    print(num)

```

```
Few Builtin Functions  
usrstring = input("Enter Stock Name")  
print(type(usrstring))  
usrvalue = int(input("Enter Stock Value"))  
numstr = str(34567)  
print(numstr, type(numstr), len(numstr))  
boolresult = isinstance(usrstring, int)  
print(boolresult)  
bool(0); bool(1); bool(-1)  
mytuple = tuple(mylist)  
mylist = list(mytuple); mylist = list('Hello')  
dir(list); help(list.append)
```

```
Few Builtin Functions
usrstring = input("Enter Stock Name")
print(type(usrstring))
usrvalue = int(input("Enter Stock Value"))
numstr = str(34567)
print(numstr, type(numstr), len(numstr))
boolresult = isinstance(usrstring, int)
print(boolresult)
bool(0); bool(1); bool(-1)
mytuple = tuple(mylist)
mylist = list(mytuple); mylist = list('Hello')
dir(list); help(list.append)
```

Dictionary

```
myd1 = {"Xchange": "Nifty", "Name": "Reliance", "Value": 1023}  
N = myd1['Name']; myd1['Name'] = "RPL"; print(myd1)  
myd1["City"] = "Mumbai"; del myd1['Value']  
k = myd1.keys(); v = myd1.values(); i = myd1.items()  
mytuple = ("Bank", "City", "Rank")  
myd2 = dict.fromkeys(mytuple, 'na')
```

Red String Functions

```
print(mystr.find('n',6,9))  
mystr.startswith('N'); mystr.count('a');  
mystr.lower(); mystr.endswith('ange')  
mystr.swapcase(); mystr.replace('a','O');  
newstr = mystr.strip(':');  
newstr = mystr.lstrip(';');  
newstr = mystr.rstrip();  
boolresult = mystr.islower();  
boolresult = "2019".isdigit()  
mystrlist = mystr.split(',');  
newstr = ':'.join(mystrlist)
```

```

Set
myset2 = {22,24,26,'a','b',46,2,6,7,24,2}
myset3 = myset1.union(myset2)
myset3 = myset1.intersection(myset2);
myset3 = myset1.symmetric_difference(myset2)
myset3 = myset1.difference(myset2)

```

```

    print(numc, index, xchange)
    print("There are %d stocks in %s of %s " %(numc,index,xchange))
    print("There are {} stocks in {} of {} " .format(numc,index,xchange))
    print("There are {:d} stocks in {:s} of {:s} " .format(numc,index,xchange))
    print("s{:10}e".format('PYTHON')); print("s{:>10}e".format('PYTHON'));
    print("s{: ^10}e".format('PYTHON')); print("s{: *^20}e".format('PYTHON'))
    for num in range(10):
        print(num,num+1,end=':',sep='-')

```

```
Function def  
def myfunction1(p1,p2,p3):  
    s1 = p1 + p2 + p3  
    return s1  
  
def myfunction2(p1,p2,p3):  
    print(p1,p2,p3)  
  
r1 = myfunction1(2,3,4)  
myfunction2('ab', 'cd', 'ef')
```

The diagram consists of two rectangular boxes. The left box contains the code snippet: `4,2}
t2);
ence(myset2
)`. The right box contains the code snippet: `mytuple = (1,2,'
cnt = mytuple.co
idx = mytuple.in
idx = mytuple.in`. The word 'Tuple' is written in red text above the right box.

Tuples

```
mytuple = (1,2,'a',3,'b',4,5,'f')  
cnt = mytuple.count(2)  
idx = mytuple.index('b')  
idx = mytuple.index('a',1,7)
```

```
index,xchange))  
    index,xchange))  
umc,index,xchange))  
format('PYTHON'));  
e'.format('PYTHON'))
```

```
w  
while (con  
Pro  
  
lcount = 1  
while(lcou  
pri  
lco
```

```

Lists

mylist3 = mylist1 + mylist2
mylist4 = mylist1 * 5
mylist1.append(21)
mylist1.extend([5,10,15])
mylist1.insert(3,(77,88,99))
mylist1.pop(-5); mylist1.pop()
mylist1.remove(21)
mylist1.reverse()
mylist1.sort(reverse=True)
mylist1.index(5,2,7)
mylist1.count(5)
mylist1.clear()
matrix = [[1, 2], [4, 5], [7, 8]]
ml5 = mylist1[2:6:2]
boolresult = 'NIFTY' in mylist

```

```

les

'a',3,'b',4,5,'f')
count(2)
index('b')
index('a',1,7)

```

```

while loop
while (condition == True):
    Process_here

lcount = 10
while(lcount > 0):
    print(lcount)
    lcount = lcount - 1

```

```
while loop
while (condition == True):
    Process_here

lcount = 10
while(lcount > 0):
    print(lcount)
    lcount = lcount - 1
```

```
while (condition == True):
    Process_here

lcount = 10
while(lcount > 0):
    print(lcount)
    lcount = lcount - 1
```

Map, Filter, Reduce

```
feetlist = [10,20,30,40,50,60]
inchlist = map(lambda F: F * 12 , feetlist)
print(list(inchlist))

numlist = list(range(1,60,3))
evenlist = list(filter(lambda num: not(num % 2),numlist))
print(evenlist)

from functools import reduce

list1 = [1,2,3,4,5]
rsum = reduce(lambda x,y: x+y, list1)
print(rsum)

list3 = [10,16,7,5,2,1,8,25]
grnum = reduce(lambda x,y: x if (x > y) else y, list3)
print(grnum)
```

Lambda

```
addsum = lambda x, y : x + y
ms = addsum(2,5)

inchlist = map(lambda F: F * 12 , feetlist)
absdiff = lambda x,y : x-y if x >= y else y-x
```

Handling Modules

```
import math
sqr = math.sqrt(36)

import time
tick = time.time()

import random as rnd
rnum = rnd.randint(2,10)

from math import ceil,floor
print(ceil(2.5))
print(floor(2.5))
```

Dictionary Comprehension

```
newdict = {n:n**2 for n in range(10)}
newdict = {'a'+str(n):n**2 for n in range(10)}
newdict = {n:n**2 for n in range(3,19,3) if n%2 == 0}
```

Set Comprehension

```
newset = {n % 3 for n in range(30)}
```

List Comprehension

```
numlist = [ 2**x for x in range(10)]
evenlist = [ x for x in range(10) if x % 2 == 0]
primelist = [ i for i in range(2,1000) if isPrime(i) == True]
intlist = [ x if x >= 45 else -x for x in range(1,100)]
newlist = [val if val % 2 else -val for val in range(2,20) if val % 3]
primelist = [x for x in range(2, n1) if x not in { j for i in range(2, int((n1**0.5)+1)) for j in range(i*2, n1, i)}]
doubleloop = [(i,j) for i in range(4) for j in range(i,4)]
```