Peter Shen BMI 701 Assignment 1

Question 1.

	Query	Result
Α	<pre>select count(*) from `patients` where `patients`.`sex` = 'F';</pre>	16751
В	<pre>select count(*) from `diag3d` where diag3d.diag = '(250) Diabetes mellitus';</pre>	1261
С	<pre>select count(*) from `patients` join `pmh` on `patients`.`id` = `pmh`.`id` join `drugs` on `patients`.`id` = `drugs`.`id` where `pmh`.`arthritis` = 1 AND `drugs`.`drug` = 'celecoxib';</pre>	101
D	<pre>select * from (select count(`visitreason`) as 'count', visitreason from `patients` group by `visitreason`) as A order by `count` desc</pre>	1925 General medical examination
E	<pre>select count(*) from (select count(*) as `count` from `patients` join `tests` on `patients`.`id` = `tests`.`id` where `tests`.`test` in ('glucose', 'hba1c') group by `patients`.`id`) as `A` where `A`.`count` = 2;</pre>	395

Question 2:

```
a)
select count(*) from `patients`
join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
where `pmh`.diabetes = 1;
```

Result: 2955

```
select count(*) from `patients`
join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
join `tests` on `tests`.id = `patients`.id
where `pmh`.diabetes = 1 and `tests`.test = 'hbalc'
```

```
Result: 441
441/2955 = 14.9%
b)
select count(*) from `patients`
join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
where pmh.htn = 1
Result: 7026
select count(*) from `patients` where id in (
    select `patients`.id from `patients`
    join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
    where `pmh`.htn = 1)
and sbp is null or sbp = '';
Result: 1992
1992/7026 = 28.4%
select count(`patients`.id) from `patients`
    join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
    where pmh. hyperlipid = 1
Result: 3975
select count(*) from (select id from `drugs` where `drugs`.id in
(
    select `patients`.id from `patients`
    join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
    where `pmh`.hyperlipid = 1) group by id) as A
Result: 3463
3975 - 3463 = 512 who are not taking drugs
512 / 3975 = 12.9%
Question 2 but looking at just males
select count(*) from `patients`
join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
where `pmh`.diabetes = 1 and `patients`.sex = 'M';
```

```
Result: 1336
select count(*) from `patients`
join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
join `tests` on `tests`.id = `patients`.id
where `pmh`.diabetes = 1 and `tests`.test = 'hba1c' and
`patients`.sex = 'M';
Result: 207
207/1336 = 15.5%
b)
select count(*) from `patients`
join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
where `pmh`.htn = 1 and `patients`.sex = 'M';
Result: 3072
select count(*) from `patients` where id in (
    select `patients`.id from `patients`
    join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
    where `pmh`.htn = 1 and `patients`.sex = 'M')
and sbp is null or sbp = '';
Result: 887
887/3072 = 28.9%
c)
select count(`patients`.id) from `patients`
    join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
    where `pmh`. hyperlipid = 1 and `patients`.sex = 'M'
Result: 1887
select count(*) from (select id from `drugs` where `drugs`.id in
    select `patients`.id from `patients`
    join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
    where `pmh`.hyperlipid = 1 and `patients`.sex = 'M') group
by id) as A
Result: 1623
1887 - 1623 = 264 who are not taking drugs
```

Overall, recommended interventions are less followed now compared to 2003.

Question 3

```
select count(sbp) from patients where sbp like '%0';
Result: 5908
select count(sbp) from patients where sbp is not null or sbp !=
'';
Result: 15630
select count(dbp) from patients where dbp like '%0';
Result: 6208
select count(dbp) from patients where dbp is not null or dbp !=
'';
Result: 15618
```

Do another pass on sbp that end in other numbers:

Ends In	Records
0	5908
1	416
2	2255
3	392
4	1601
5	549
6	1400
7	445
8	2201
9	463

There does seem to be a preference for measurements to end in 0

Question 4

Question:

Our surroundings such the food we eat, the cultures we follow, and our lifestyles can attribute to certain disease progressions.

Which region has the highest number of patients diagnosed with hyperlipid and what age group do most of these patients belong to?

```
select `patients`.region as 'Region', count(*) as `Number of
Patients` from `patients` join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id
where `pmh`.hyperlipid = 1 group by `patients`.region;
Result:
```

Region	Number of Patients
Midwest	880
Northeast	935
South	1311
West	849

select `patients`.age, count(*) as `Number of Patients` from
`patients` join `pmh` on `patients`.id = `pmh`.id where
`pmh`.hyperlipid = 1 and `patients`.region = 'South' group by
age order by `Number of Patients` desc

Result: Most of these patients are from late 50s to early 70s.