Predicting Popularity of an Online News Article

(or not)

Background on the data



SHARES

VS.

- Genre
- Length of article, title, avg. word
- Day of publication
- Sentiment (positivity/negativity)
- Subjectivity (fact/opinion)
- SEO metadata (keywords)

Mashable

- 39,797 Mashable articles
- Data from January 2013
 to December 2014
- 58 predictive variables

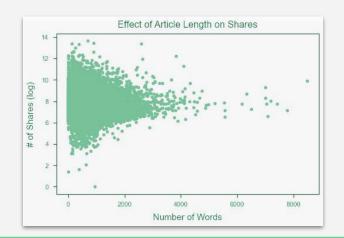
Preview of struggles to come

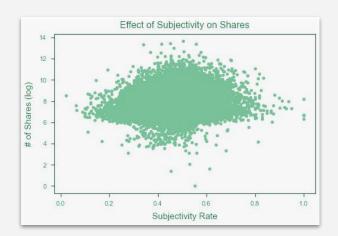
| | Untouched | Coefficient scaling | Eliminate extremes | Remove high p-values | All interactions | Top interactions |
|----------|-----------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| R² value | 0.123 | 0.116 | 0.134 | 0.133 | 0.166 | 0.152 |

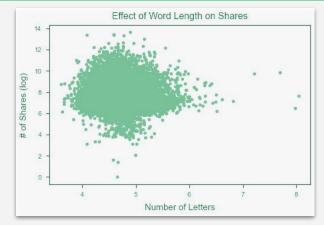
| | # of Features | Training RMSE | Testing RMSE |
|----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Baseline | 49 | 1,975 | 1,973 |
| F-Test | 8 | 1,877 | 1,868 |
| Lasso | 8 | 1,813 | 1,809 |

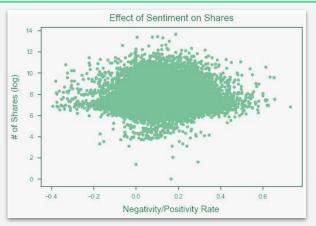
vs. Mean = 3395

Can we tell writers how to write?

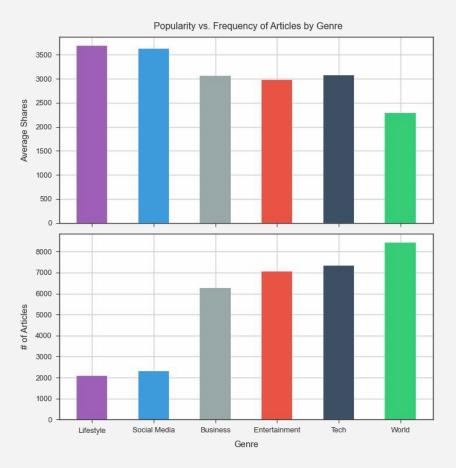




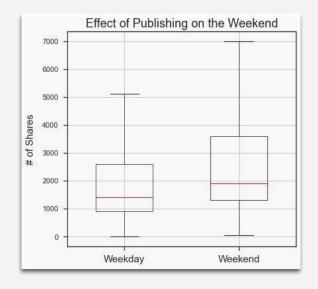




Important discoveries

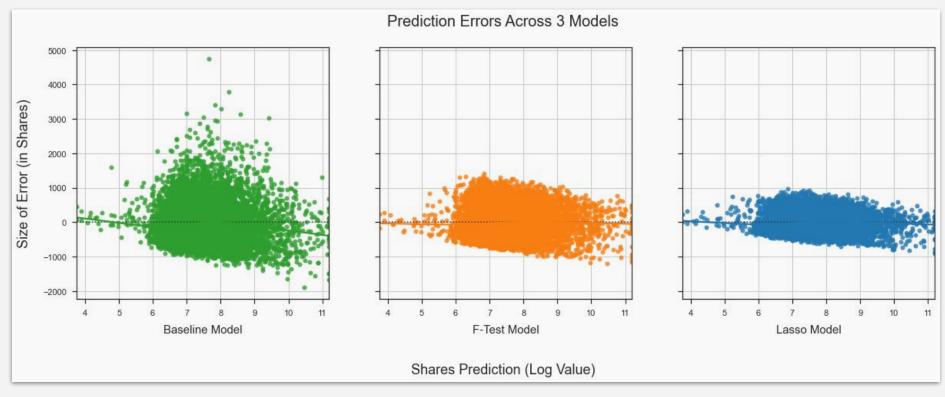


- Niche genres have more active readership.
- World news readers are less active.
- Weekend articles are more popular.
 - O No social media at work?
 - More time to read on weekends?
 - Sharing weekend articles during the week?



A closer look at model error

Lasso RMSE = 8 standard deviations



Training RMSE: 1,975
Testing RMSE: 1,973

Training RMSE:
Testing RMSE:

1,877 1,868 Training RMSE: 1,813
Testing RMSE: 1,809

Top variables and conclusions

| Variable | Coefficient |
|--|-------------|
| Avg. shares of all articles with each keywords (log value) | 0.528 |
| Weekend = True | 0.102 |
| Genre = Entertainment | -0.085 |

- New models required
- Significant factors
 - Keywords
 - Genre/channel
 - Publishing on weekday/weekend

- Insignificant factors
 - Article length
 - Title length
 - Average word length
 - Sentiment
 - Subjectivity

Questions?