

Exercise 6

Tuesday, November 14, 2023 2:40 PM

6a. $f(x) = \sin(x)$ $a=1$ $b=5$

$$\int_1^5 (\sin(x)) dx = \left[-\cos(x) \right]_1^5 = -\cos(5) + \cos(1) = 0.2566401204$$

#1 $x_0 = 1$ $x_1 = 5$ $h=4$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(5)}{2} (4) = -0.2344065797$$

#2 $x_0 = 1$ $h = \frac{4}{2} = 2$
 $x_1 = x_0 + h = 1+2 = 3$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(3)}{2} (2) = 0.48259099129$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(3) + f(5)}{2} (2) = -0.8178042666$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2 = 0.1647867163$$

$$\Delta = -0.399693306$$

#3. $h = \frac{2}{2} = 1$

$$x_0 = 1$$

 $x_1 = 1 + 1 = 2$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(2)}{2} (1) = 0.8753842058$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h = 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(2) + f(3)}{2} = 0.5252087174$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + h = 3 + 1 = 4$$

$$A_3 = \frac{f(3) + f(4)}{2} = -0.3078412436$$

$$x_4 = x_3 + h = 4 + 1 = 5$$

$$A_4 = \frac{f(4) + f(5)}{2} = -0.857863385$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 \approx 0.2348882946$$

$$\Delta = -0.28224 - 0.23488 = -0.517128$$

$$\#4 \quad h = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x_0 = 1 \\ x_1 = 1 + 0.5 = 1.5$$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(1.5)}{2} (0.5) \approx 0.4547414929$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h = 1.5 + 0.5 = 2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(1.5) + f(2)}{2} (0.5) \approx 0.4766981031$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + h = 2 + 0.5 = 2.5$$

$$A_3 = \frac{f(2) + f(2.5)}{2} (0.5) \approx 0.3769423927$$

$$x_4 = x_3 + h = 2.5 + 0.5 = 3$$

$$A_4 = \frac{f(2.5) + f(3)}{2} (0.5) \approx 0.184848038$$

$$x_5 = 3 + 0.5 = 3.5$$

$$A_5 = \frac{f(3) + f(3.5)}{2} (0.5) \approx -0.0524158049$$

$$x_6 = 3.5 + 0.5 = 4$$

$$A_6 = \frac{f(3.5) + f(4)}{2} (0.5) \approx -0.2768464307$$

$$x_7 = 4.5$$

$$A_7 = \frac{f(4) + f(4.5)}{2} (0.5) \approx -0.4335831532$$

$$x_8 = 5$$

$$A_8 = \frac{f(4.5) + f(5)}{2} (0.5) \approx -0.4841135981$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 + A_5 + A_6 + A_7 + A_8 \approx \boxed{0.2512710401}$$

$$\Delta = 0.0163827455$$

$$f(x) = \sin(x) \quad a=1 \quad b=5 \quad h=4$$

$$B(0,0) = \frac{f(1) + f(5)}{2} (4) \approx -0.2349065797$$

$$B(1,0) = \underline{B(0,0)} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^1 f(1+2) \approx 0.1647867262$$

$$B(1,1) = B(1,0) + \frac{B(1,0) - B(0,0)}{3} \approx 0.2480178283$$

$$B(1,1) = B(1,0) + \frac{f(1) - f(0)}{3} = 0.2480110400$$

$$\begin{aligned} B(2,0) &= \frac{B(1,0)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^2 f(1 + (2k-1)(1)) \\ &= 0.0823933631 + \frac{1}{2}(f(2) + f(4)) = 0.2348882946 \end{aligned}$$

$$B(2,1) = B(2,0) + \frac{B(2,0) - B(1,0)}{3} = 0.2582554841$$

$$B(2,2) = B(2,1) + \frac{B(2,1) - B(1,1)}{15} = 0.2556046612$$

$$\begin{aligned} B(3,0) &= \frac{B(2,0)}{2} + 0.5 \sum_{k=1}^4 f(1 + (2k-1)(0.5)) = \\ &= 0.124441473 + 0.5(f(1.5) + f(2.5) + f(3.5) + f(4.5)) \\ &= 0.251279104 \end{aligned}$$

$$B(3,1) = B(3,0) + \frac{B(3,0) - B(2,0)}{3} = 0.2667319551$$

$$B(3,2) = B(3,1) + \frac{B(3,1) - B(2,1)}{15} = 0.2566303865$$

$$B(3,3) = B(3,2) + \frac{B(3,2) - B(2,2)}{63} = 0.2566466679$$

$$\begin{aligned} B(4,0) &= \frac{B(3,0)}{2} + 0.25 \sum_{k=1}^8 f(1.25) + f(1.75) + \dots + f(4.75) \\ &= 0.2553020587 \end{aligned}$$

$$B(4,1) = B(4,0) + \frac{B(4,0) - B(3,0)}{3} = 0.2566457366$$

$$B(4,2) = B(4,1) + \frac{B(4,1) - B(3,1)}{15} = 0.25663994834$$

$$B(4,3) = B(4,2) + \frac{B(4,2) - B(3,2)}{63} = 0.2566401397$$

$$B(4,4) = B(4,3) + \frac{B(4,3) - B(3,3)}{255} = 0.2566401171$$

$$\begin{aligned} B(5,0) &= \frac{B(4,0)}{2} + (0.125) \sum_{k=1}^{16} f(1.125) + f(1.375) + f(1.625) + \dots + f(4.375) \\ &= 0.2563058667 \end{aligned}$$

$$B(5,1) = B(5,0) + \frac{B(5,0) - B(4,0)}{3} = 0.2566404644$$

$$B(5,2) = B(5,1) + \frac{B(5,1) - B(4,1)}{15} = 0.2566401186$$

$$B(5,3) = B(5,2) + \frac{B(5,2) - B(4,2)}{63} = 0.2566401207$$

$$B(5,4) = B(5,3) + \frac{B(5,3) - B(4,3)}{255} = 0.2566401206$$

$$B(5,5) = B(5,4) + \frac{B(5,4) - B(4,4)}{1023} = 0.2566401208$$

Richardson's is more accurate while the other is faster

$$5b. f(x) = 1 + \ln x \quad a = 1 \quad b = 5 \quad h = 4$$

$$\int_1^5 1 + \ln x \, dx = x \ln x \Big|_1^5 = 8.0217189562$$

$$\#1 \quad x_0 = 1 \quad x_1 = 5 \quad h = 4$$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(5)}{2} (4) = 7.218875824$$

$$\#2 \quad x_0 = 1 \quad x_1 = 3 \quad h = 2$$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(3)}{2} (2) = 3.04861229$$

$$x_2 = 5$$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(3) + f(5)}{2} (2) = 21.70205202$$

$$x_2 = 5$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(3) + f(5)}{2} h = 24.70805202$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2 = 7.806662492$$

3 $h=1$ $x_0 = 1$ $x_1 = 2$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(2)}{2} = 1.348573591$$

$$x_2 = 3$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(2) + f(3)}{2} = 1.895879735$$

$$x_3 = 4$$

$$A_3 = \frac{f(3) + f(4)}{2} = 2.242453325$$

$$x_4 = 5$$

$$A_4 = \frac{f(4) + f(5)}{2} = 2.497866137$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 = 7.982772788$$

4
 $h=0.5$ $x_0 = 1$ $x_1 = 1.5$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(1.5)}{2} (0.5) = 0.801366277$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(1.5) + f(2)}{2} (0.5) = 0.7746530725$$

$$A_3 = \frac{f(2) + f(2.5)}{2} (0.5) = 0.9023549775$$

$$A_4 = \frac{f(2.5) + f(3)}{2} (0.5) = 1.003725756$$

$$A_5 = \frac{f(3) + f(3.5)}{2} (0.5) = 1.087848815$$

$$A_6 = \frac{f(3.5) + f(4)}{2} (0.5) = 1.1597648833$$

$$A_7 = \frac{f(4) + f(4.5)}{2} (0.5) = 1.22259294$$

$$A_8 = \frac{f(4.5) + f(5)}{2} (0.5) = 1.278378828$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 + A_5 + A_6 + A_7 + A_8 = 7.0306895$$

$$f(x) = 1 + \ln(x) \quad a=1 \quad b=5 \quad h=4$$

$$B(0,0) = \frac{f(1) + f(5)}{2} (4) = 7.218875829$$

$$B(1,0) = \frac{B(0,0)}{2} + h \sum_{k=1}^1 f(1+2) = 7.808662419$$

$$B(1,1) = B(1,0) + \frac{B(1,0) - B(0,0)}{2} = 8.002591379$$

$$B(2,0) = \frac{B(1,0)}{2} + h \sum_{k=1}^3 f(2) + f(4) = 7.982772787$$

$$B(2,1) = B(2,0) + \frac{B(2,0) - B(1,0)}{2} = 8.0491476219$$

$$B(2,2) = B(2,1) + \frac{B(2,1) - B(1,1)}{2} = 8.043906522$$

$$B(2,2) = B(2,1) + \frac{B(2,1) - B(1,1)}{16} = 8.043906522$$

$$B(3,2) = \frac{B(3,0) + 0.5(f(1.5) + f(2.5) + f(3.5) + f(4.5))}{2} = 8.030634497$$

$$B(3,1) = B(3,0) + \frac{B(3,0) - B(2,0)}{15} = 8.046655567$$

$$B(3,2) = B(3,1) + \frac{B(3,1) - B(2,1)}{15} = 8.047000324$$

$$B(3,3) = B(3,2) + \frac{B(3,2) - B(2,2)}{63} = 8.047049432$$

$$B(4,0) = \frac{B(3,0) + (0.25)(f(1.25) + f(1.75) + f(2.25) + f(2.75))}{2} + \dots + f(4.75)$$

$$B(4,1) = B(4,0) + \frac{B(4,0) - B(3,0)}{3} = 8.04714498$$

$$B(4,2) = B(4,1) + \frac{B(4,1) - B(3,1)}{15} = 8.047182782$$

$$B(4,3) = B(4,2) + \frac{B(4,2) - B(3,2)}{63} = 8.047185678$$

$$B(4,4) = B(4,3) + \frac{B(4,3) - B(3,3)}{255} = 8.047186212$$

$$B(5,0) = B(4,0) + (0.125)(f(1.125) + f(1.375) + f(1.625) + f(1.875) + \dots + f(4.875)) = 8.046148865$$

$$B(5,1) = B(5,0) + \frac{B(5,0) - B(4,0)}{15} = 8.047186971$$

$$B(5,2) = B(5,1) + \frac{B(5,1) - B(4,1)}{15} = 8.047184604$$

$$B(5,3) = B(5,2) + \frac{B(5,2) - B(4,2)}{63} = 8.047189509$$

$$B(5,4) = B(5,3) + \frac{B(5,3) - B(4,3)}{255} = 8.047189524$$

$$B(5,5) = B(5,4) + \frac{B(5,4) - B(4,4)}{1023} = 8.047189527$$

Neither hits the value

$$6c. f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 5 \quad a=1 \quad b=5$$

$$\int_1^5 (x^2 - 3x + 5) dx = \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{3x^2}{2} + 5x \Big|_1^5 = \frac{26}{3} = 25.3333$$

$$\#1. \quad x_0 = 1 \quad x_1 = 5 \quad h = 4$$

$$A = \frac{f(1) + f(5)}{2} (4) = 36$$

$$\#2. \quad h=2 \quad x_0=1 \quad x_1=3$$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(3)}{2} (2) = 8$$

$$x_2 = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(3) + f(5)}{2} (2) = 20$$

$$A = 8 + 20 = 28$$

$$\Delta = 36 - 28 = 8$$

$$\#3 \quad h=1 \quad x_0=1 \quad x_1=2$$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(2)}{2} = 3$$

$$x_2 = 3$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(2) + f(3)}{2} = 4$$

$$x_3 = 4$$

$$A_3 = \frac{f(3) + f(4)}{2} = 7$$

$$x_4 = 5$$

$$A_4 = \frac{f(4) + f(5)}{2} = 12$$

$$A = 3 + 4 + 7 + 12 = 26$$

$$\Delta = 28 - 26 = 2$$

$$\#4 \quad h=0.5 \quad x_0=1 \quad x_1=1.5$$

$$A_1 = \frac{f(1) + f(1.5)}{2} (0.5) = 1.4375$$

$$x_2 = 2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(1.5) + f(2)}{2} (0.5) = 1.4375$$

$$x_3 = 2.5$$

$$A_2 = \frac{f(2) + f(2.5)}{2} (0.5) = 1.6875$$

$$x_3 = 2.5$$

$$A_3 = \frac{f(2) + f(2.5) + f(3)}{2} (0.5) = 1.6875$$

$$x_4 = 3$$

$$A_4 = \frac{f(2.5) + f(3) + f(3.5)}{2} (0.5) = 2.1875$$

$$x_5 = 3.5$$

$$A_5 = \frac{f(3) + f(3.5) + f(4)}{2} (0.5) = 2.9375$$

$$x_6 = 4$$

$$A_6 = \frac{f(3.5) + f(4) + f(4.5)}{2} (0.5) = 3.9375$$

$$x_7 = 4.5$$

$$A_7 = \frac{f(4) + f(4.5) + f(5)}{2} (0.5) = 5.1875$$

$$x_8 = 5$$

$$A_8 = \frac{f(4.5) + f(5) + f(5.5)}{2} (0.5) = 6.6875$$

$$A = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 + A_5 + A_6 + A_7 + A_8 = 25.5$$

$$\Delta = 0.5$$

$$h = 0.5000$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = 5$$

$$h_0 = 4 \quad h_i = \frac{4}{2^i}$$

$$B(0,0) = \frac{f(1) + f(5)}{2} \cdot 4 = 36$$

$$B(1,0) = \frac{B(0,0) + 2 \sum_{k=1}^1 f(1 + (2(k-1) \cdot 2))}{2} = 28$$

$$B(1,1) = B(1,0) + \frac{B(1,0) - B(0,0)}{4-1} = 25.3333$$