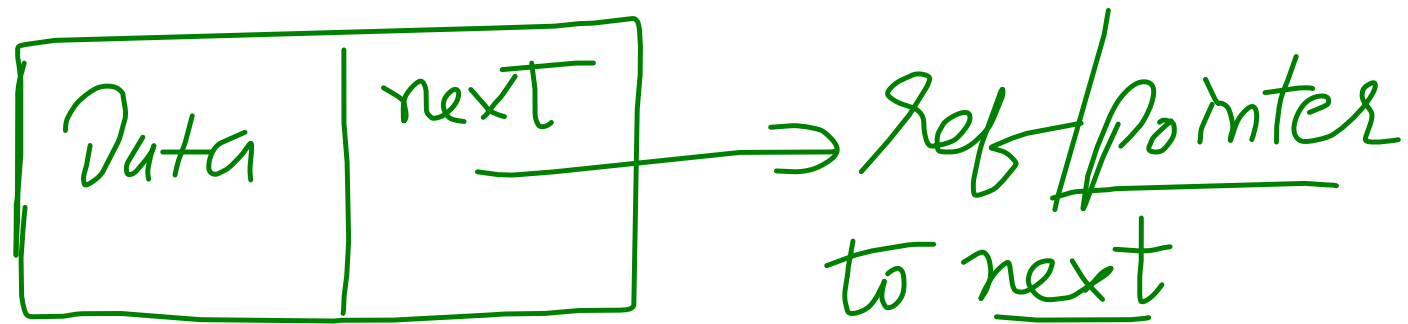
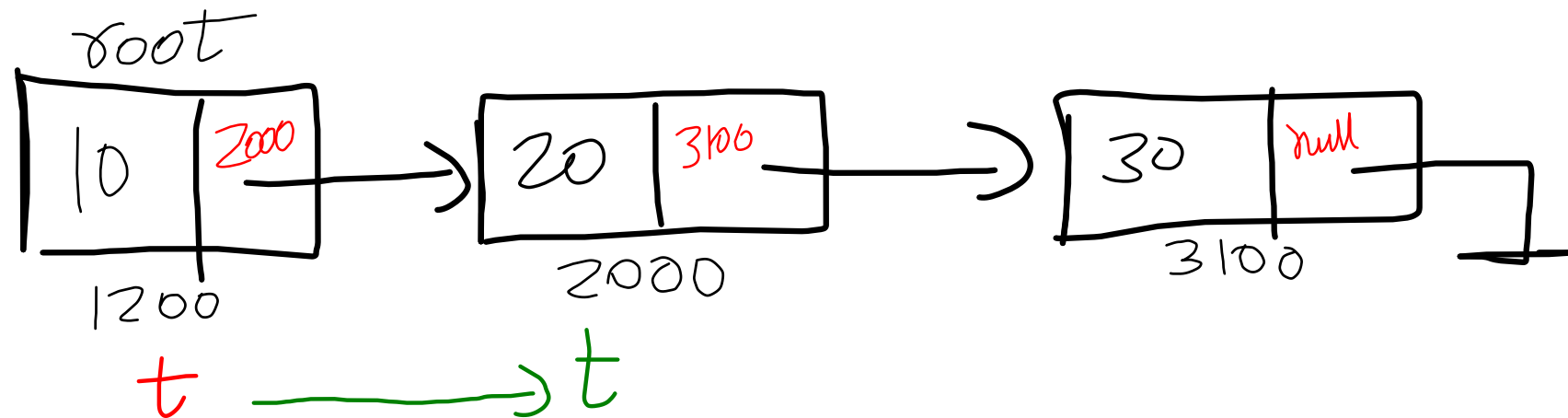
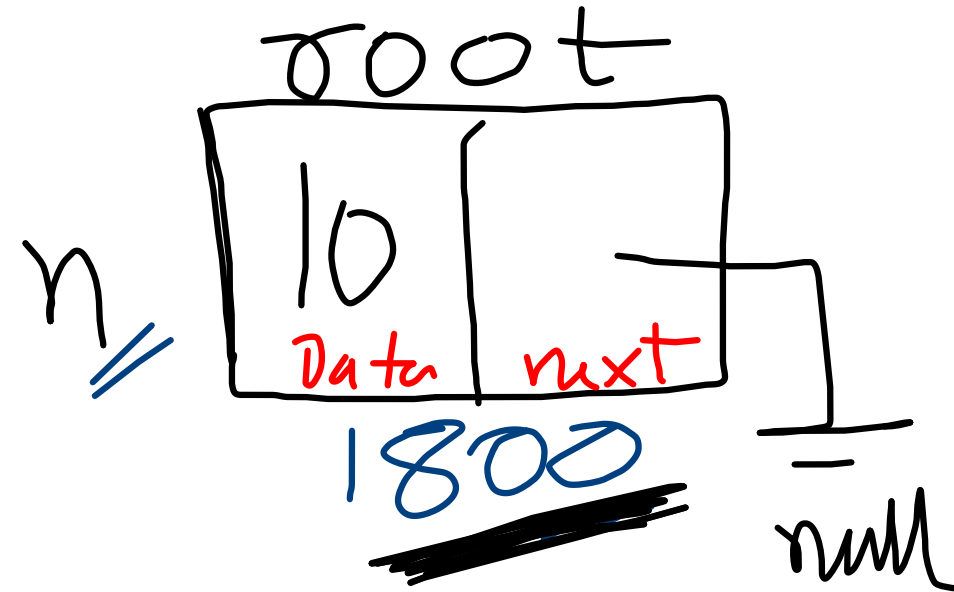


Linked List: linear, dynamic, can operate from any side
Collection of nodes arranged in a sequential manner.



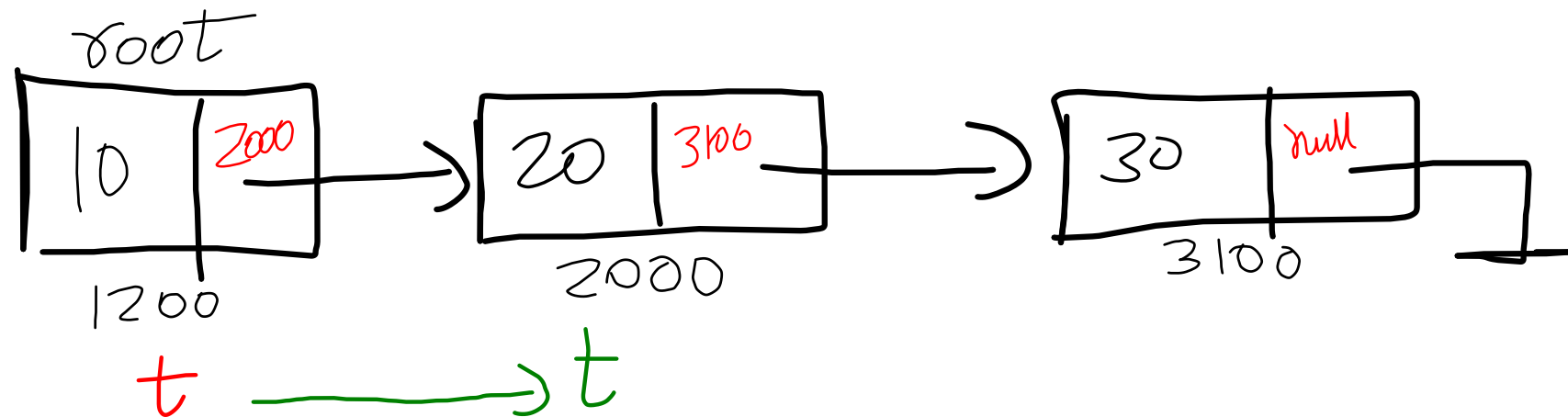
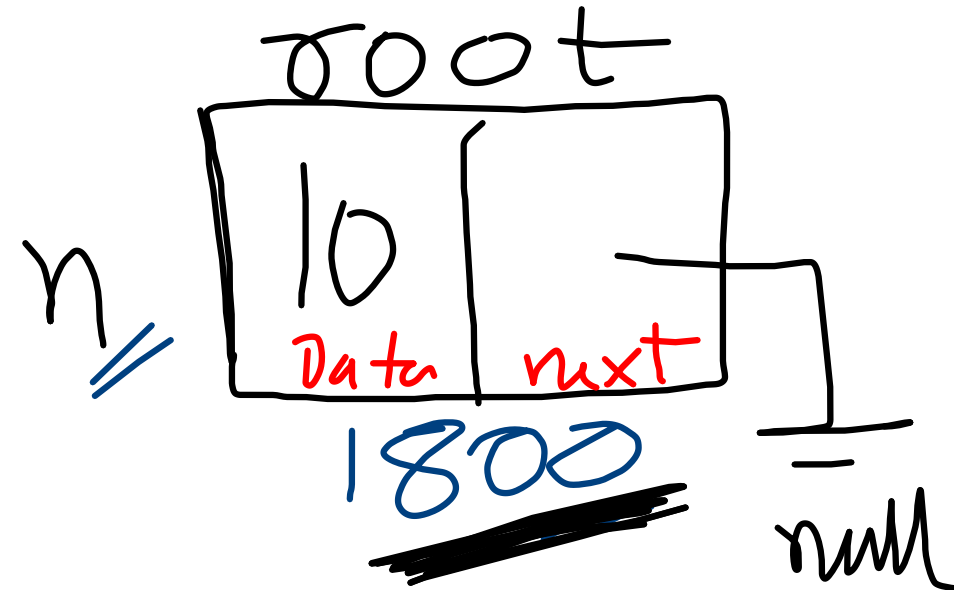
Node n=new Node(10);



Node t=root; t=1200

t=t.next; t=2000(move to next)

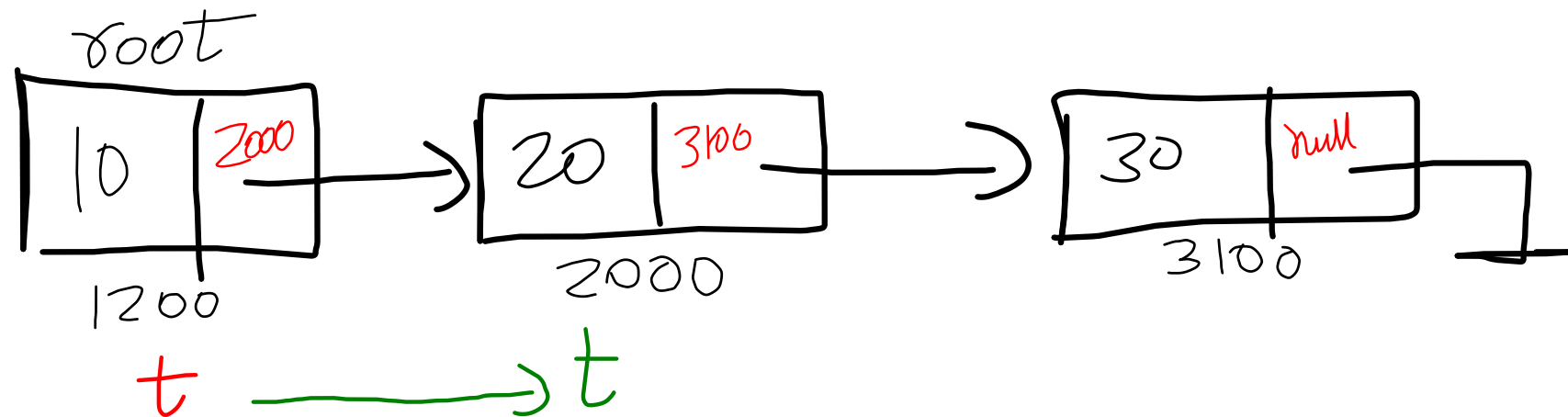
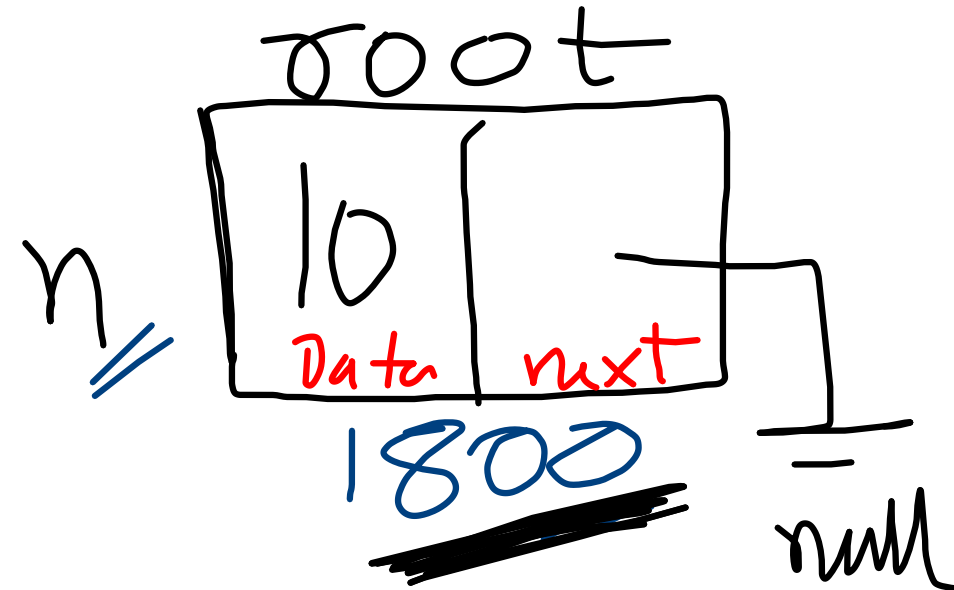
Node n=new Node(10);



Node t=root; t=1200

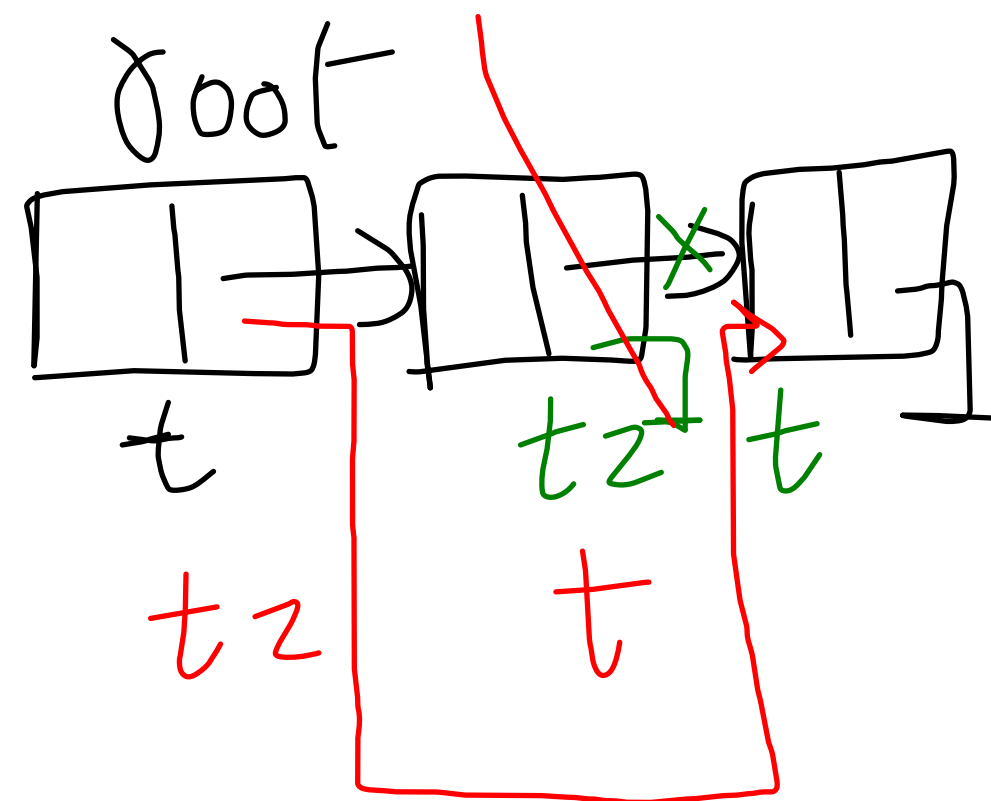
t=t.next; t=2000(move to next)

Node n=new Node(10);



Node t=root; t=1200

t=t.next; t=2000(move to next)



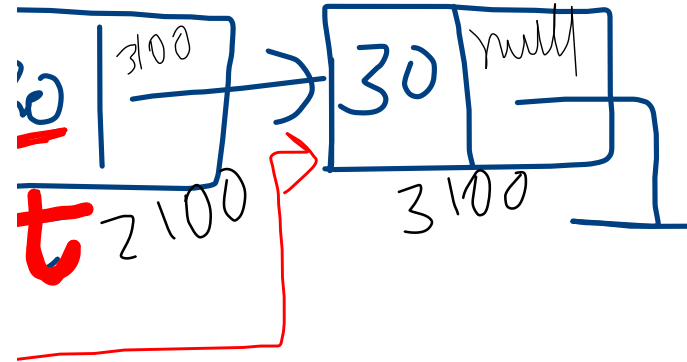
```

void delete_element(int key)//key if found need to be deleted
{
    if (root == null)//no root
        System.out.println("List is empty");
    else {
        Node t, t2;
        t = t2 = root;//1
        while (t != null)//If found, stop.
        {
            if (t.data == key)
                break;
            t2=t;
            t = t.next;
        }
        if (t == null)//not found
            System.out.println("\n" + key + " Not Found");
        else
        {
            System.out.println("\n" + key + " Found");
            //deletion part
            if(t==root)//case 1:delete left
                root=root.next;
            else if(t.next==null)//case 2 : right most: delete
                right

                t2.next=null;//deleted
            else //case 3 in-between deletion
                t2.next=t.next;//redirect to next of t
            System.out.println("\n"+t.data+ " deleted.");
        }
    }
}

```

key 20

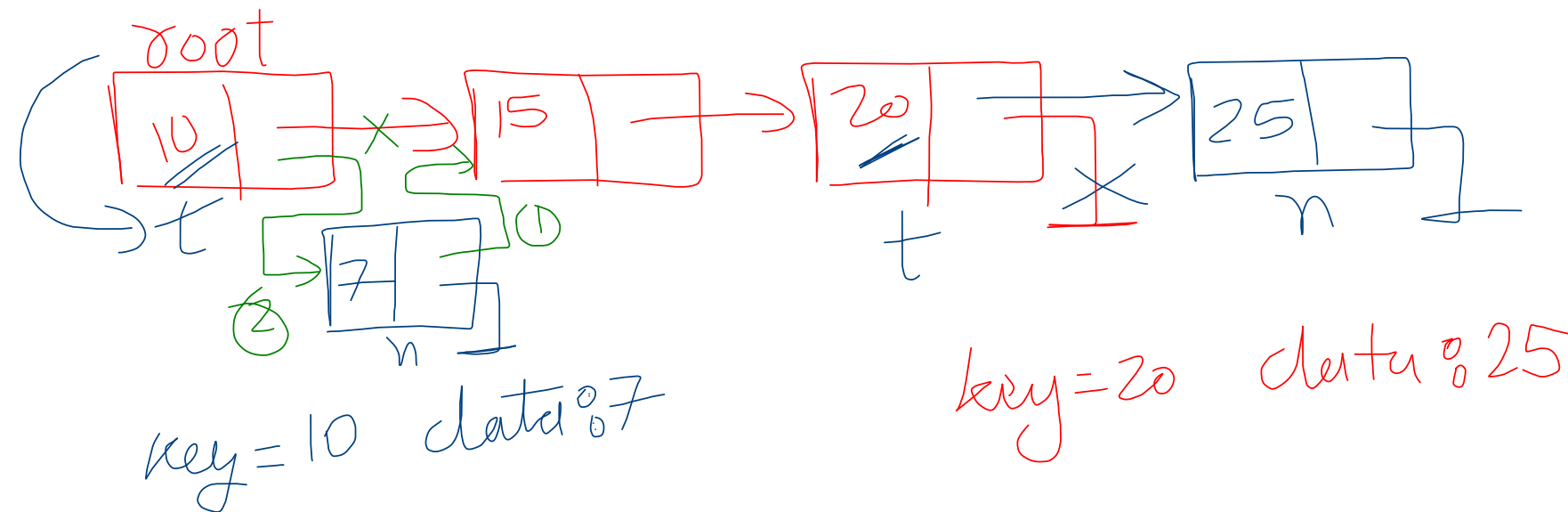


t2.next=t.next;
t2.next=3100;

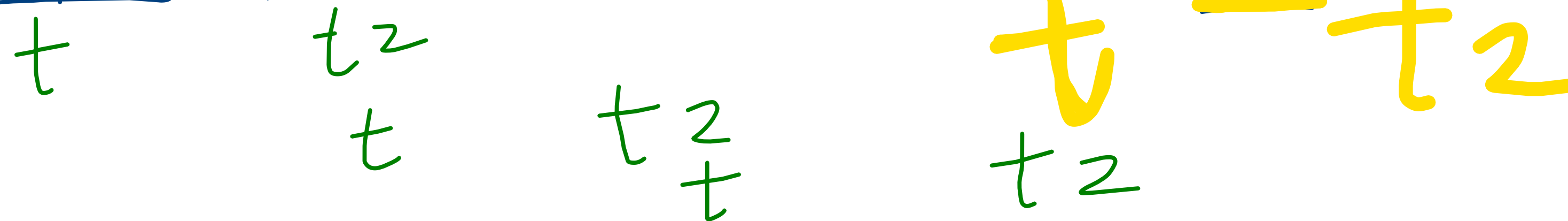
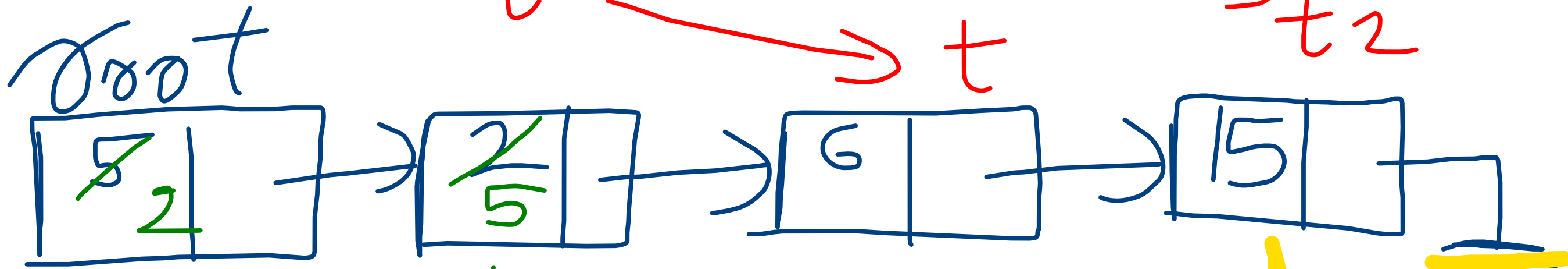
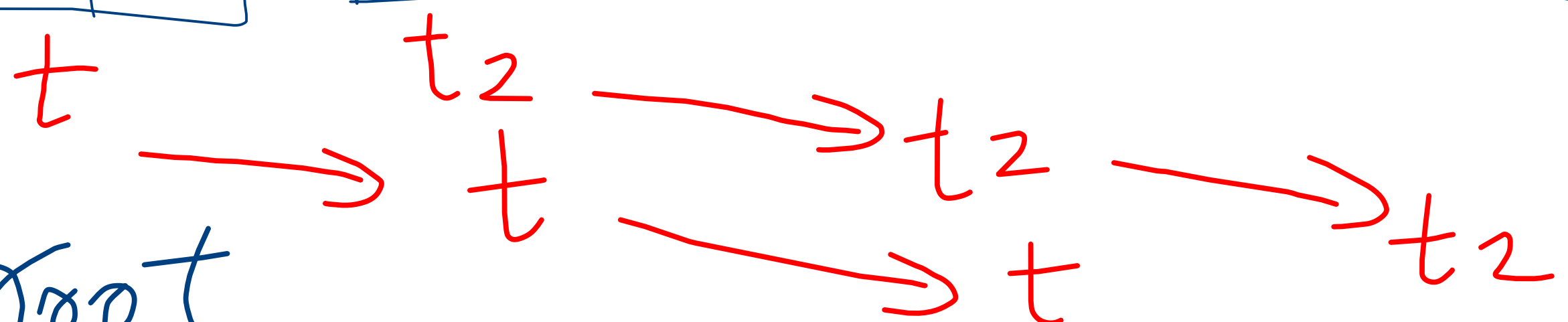
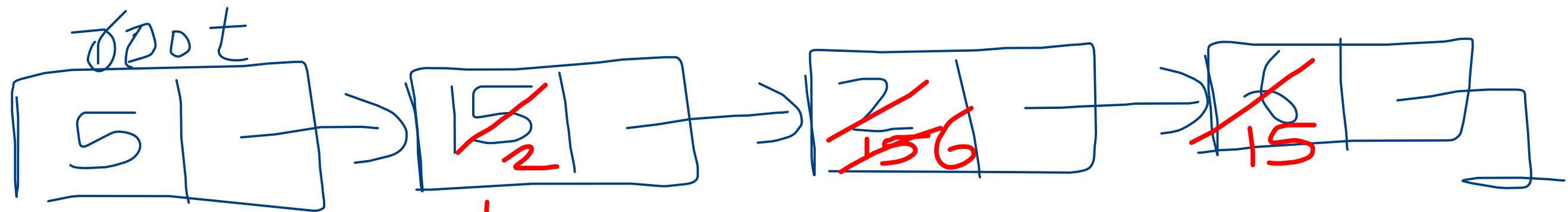
```
//We'll search for the key element if found.  
//We'll create a new node with given data and insert it after that  
key node.
```

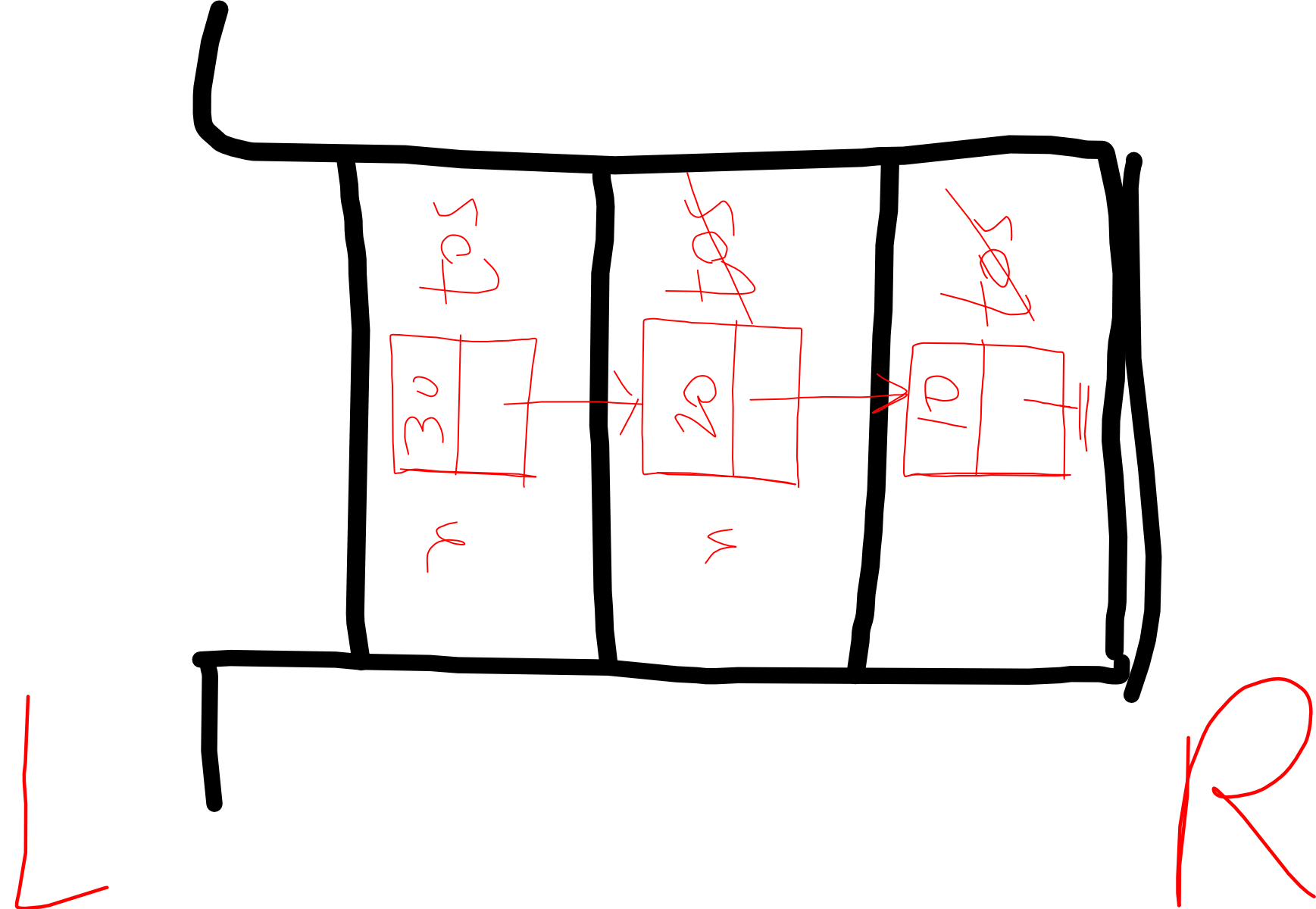
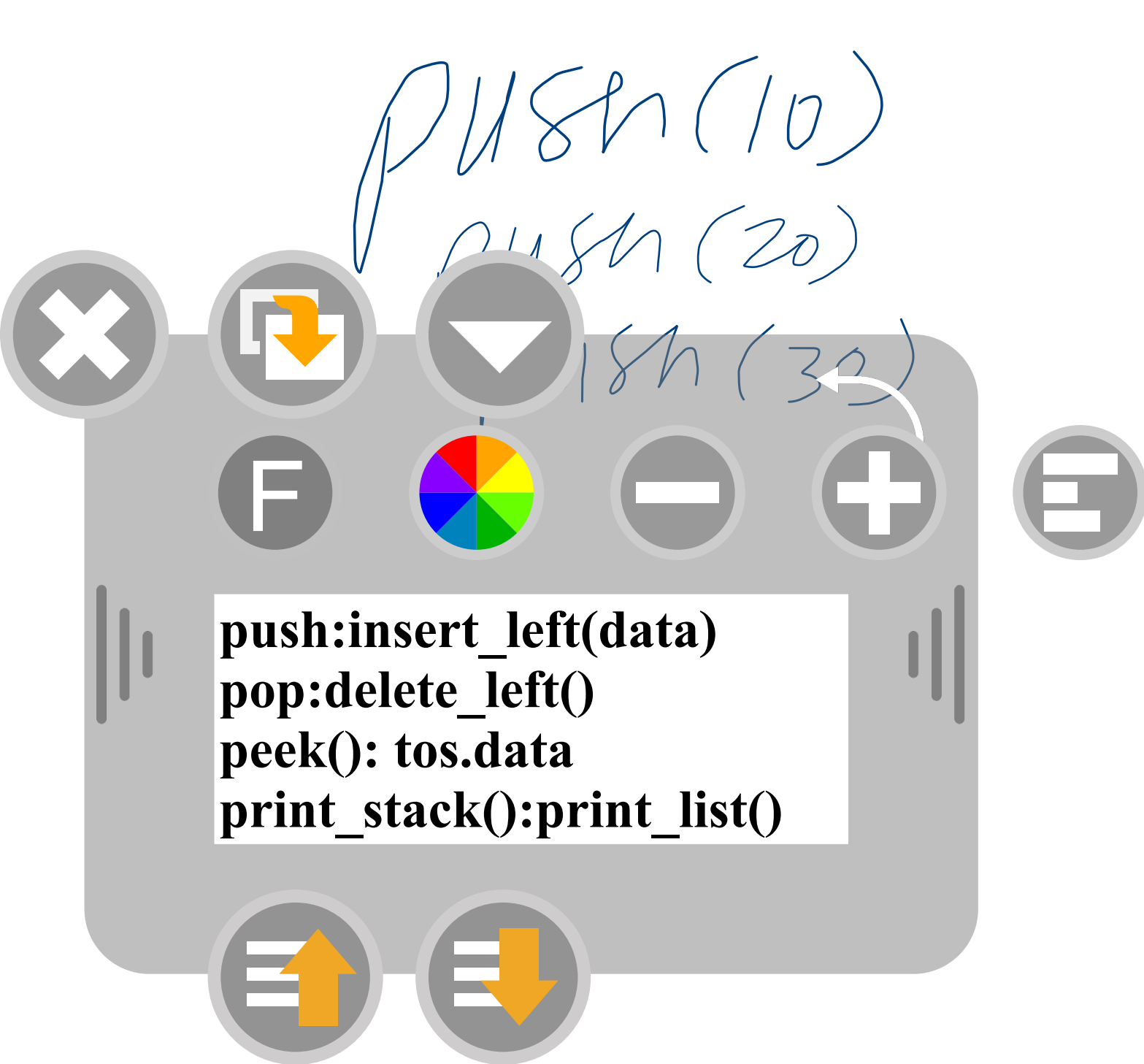
```
void insert_after(int key,int data)
```

```
{  
    if (root == null) //no root  
        System.out.println("List is empty");  
    else {  
        Node t;  
        t = root; //1  
        while (t != null) //If found, stop.  
        {  
            if (t.data == key)  
                break;  
            t = t.next;  
        }  
        if (t == null) //not found  
            System.out.println("\n" + key + " Not Found");  
        else  
        {  
            System.out.println("\n" + key + " Found");  
            Node n=new Node(data); //created new node  
            //insertion part  
            n.next=t.next; //1 ref to who ever is t.next  
            t.next=n; //2 t ref to n  
  
            System.out.println("\n"+t.data+" deleted.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```



Creating in-place/im-place sorting for linked lists.
Permanent changes done to linked list.



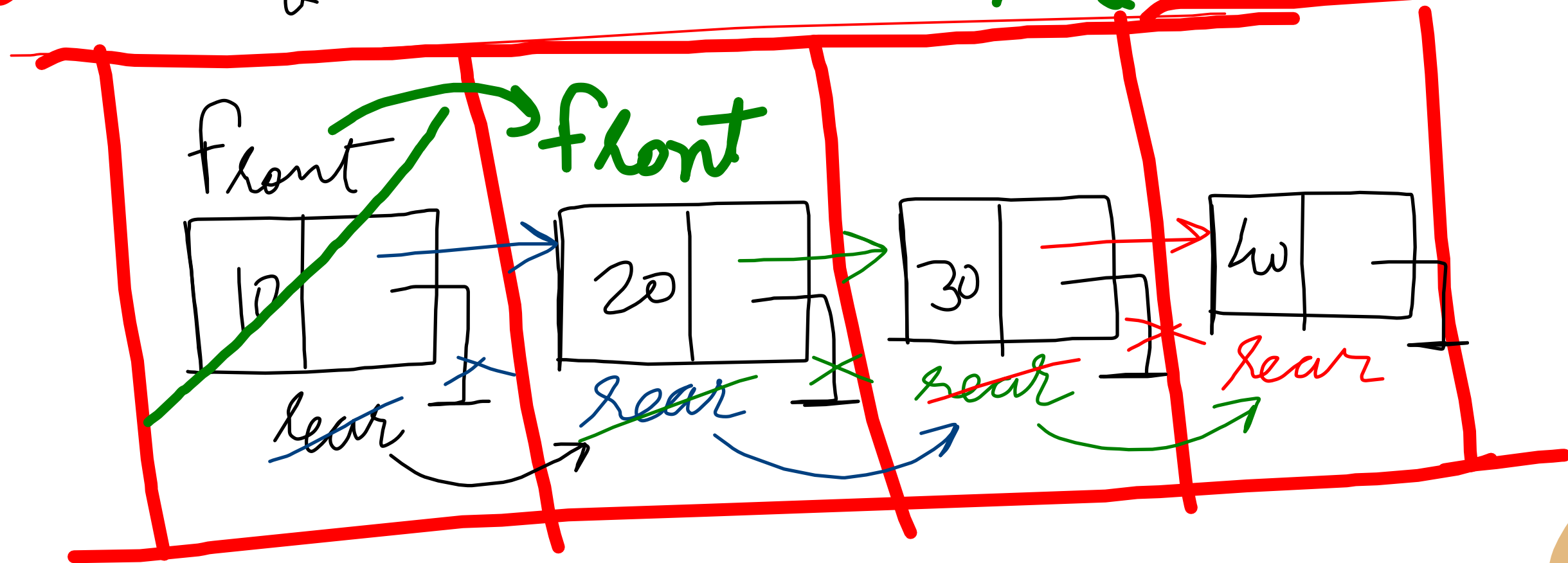


front

Enqueue (10)/(20)/(30)/(40)

Dequeue()

rear



L

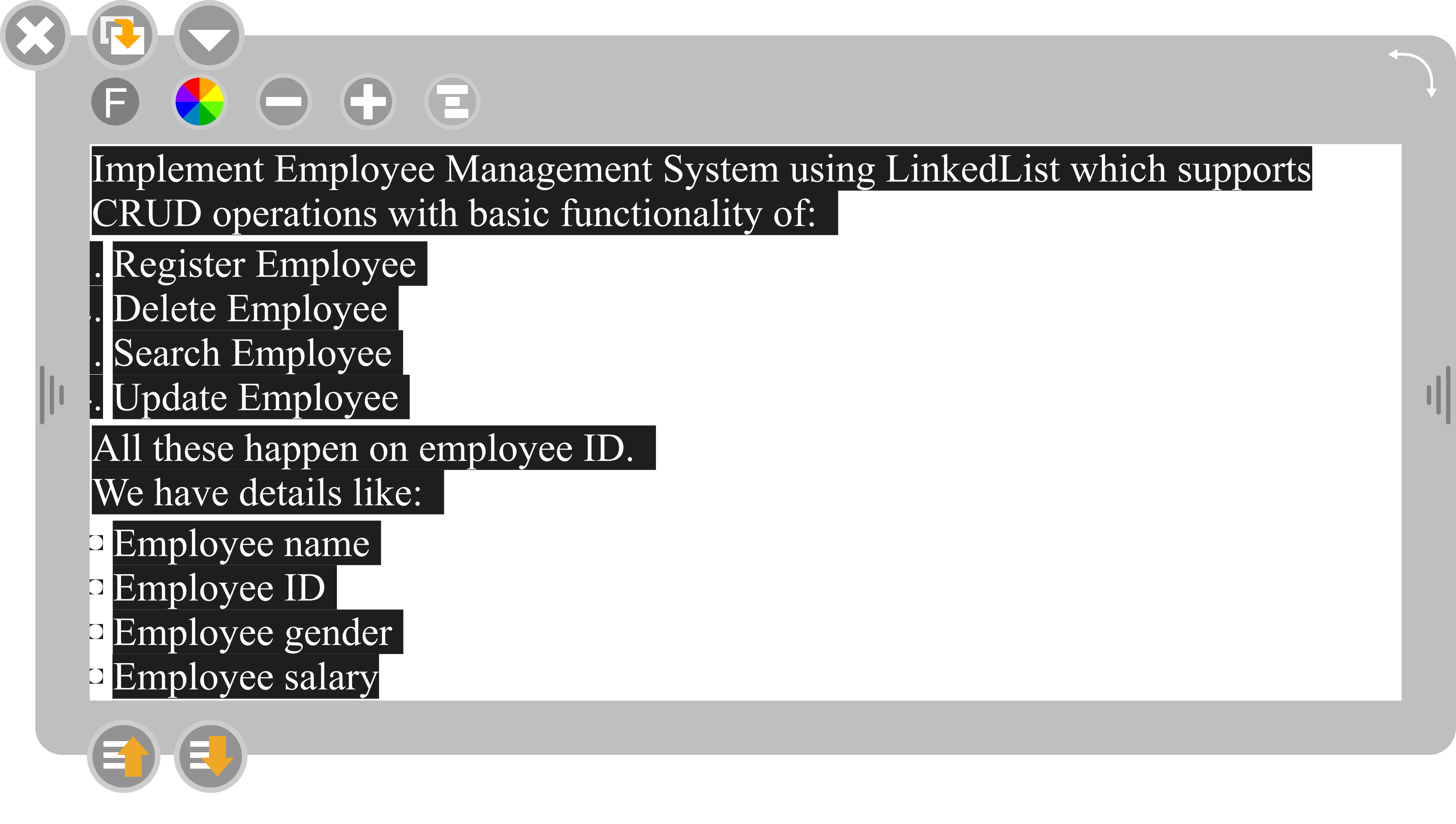
Node: front, rear

Enqueue(): insert_right()

Dequeue(): delete_left()

print_queue(): front to rear

R



Implement Employee Management System using LinkedList which supports CRUD operations with basic functionality of:

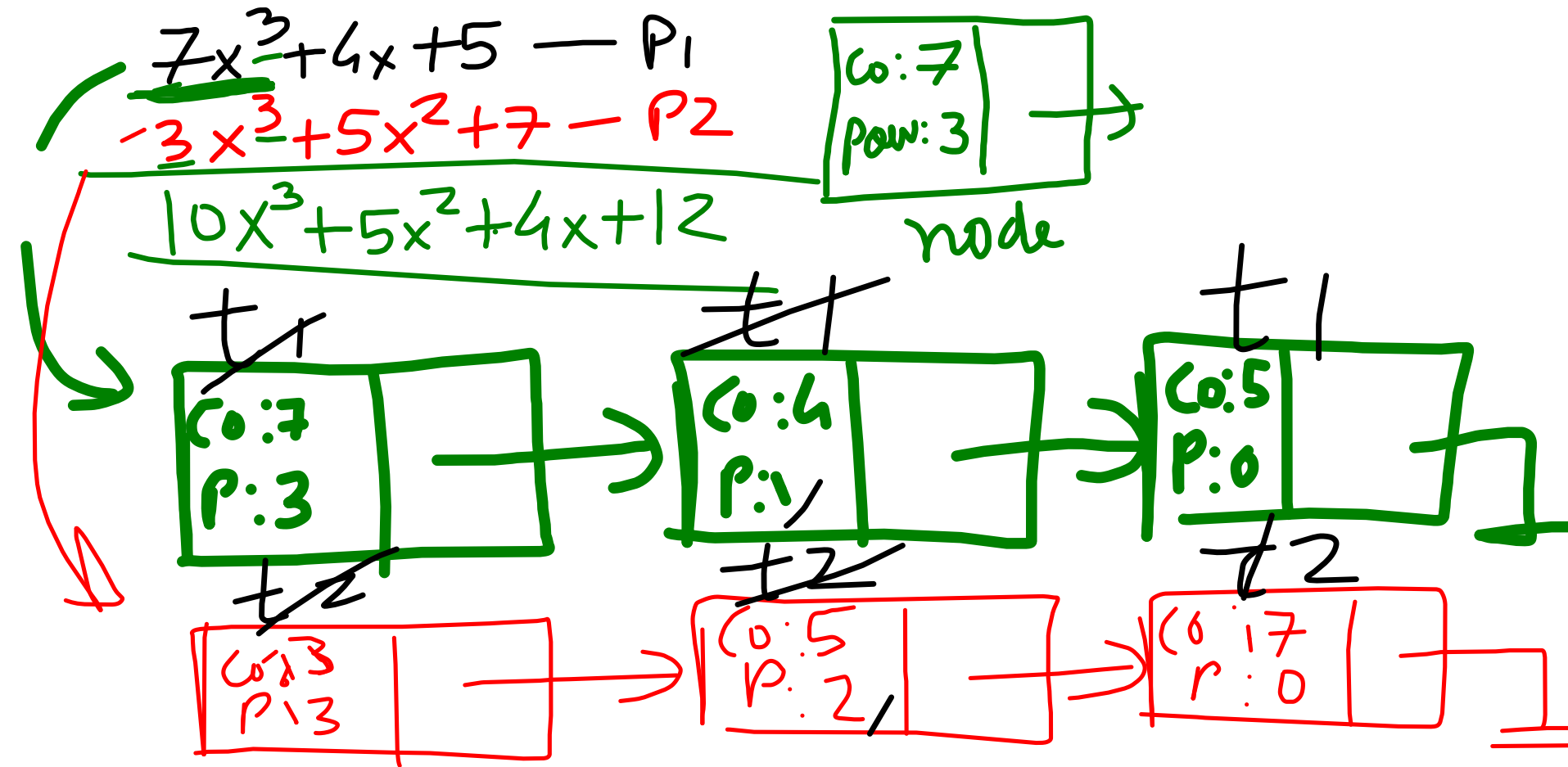
- . Register Employee
- . Delete Employee
- . Search Employee
- . Update Employee

All these happen on employee ID.

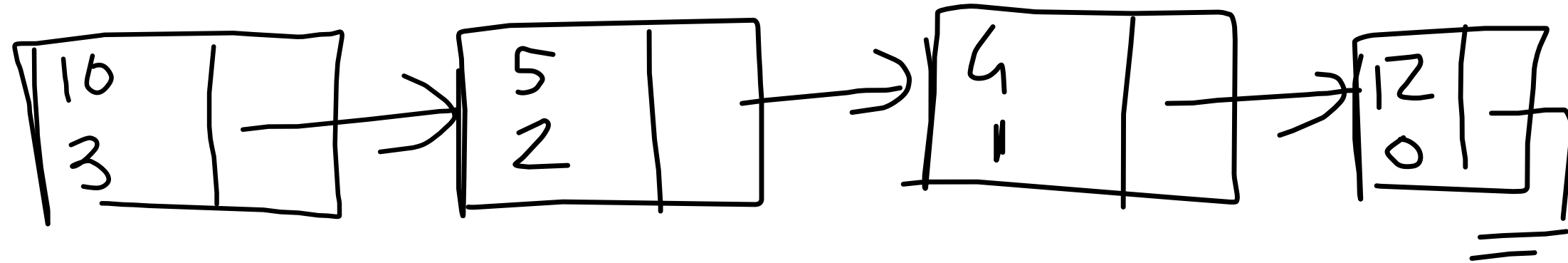
We have details like:

- Employee name
- Employee ID
- Employee gender
- Employee salary

Implement polynomial addition using linked list.



If Power match
add



If not
then higher
power added
First