Big Data analytics for knowledge transfer among organisms while reconstructing Gene Regulatory Networks

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Abstract

The reconstruction of gene regulatory networks (GRNs) from gene expression data is pivotal for the understanding of gene regulatory mechanisms and processes. Because of the importance of the elucidation of gene complex interactions and functions for the identification of genes involved in diseases, the development of new and more effective methods and tools for the GNR has been receiving more attention in the latest years. In this context, machine learning and big data analytics tools can be considered fundamental. However, most existing methods (i) produce poor results when the amount of labeled examples is limited or when no negative example is available and (ii) they are not able to exploit information extracted from GRNs of other (better studied) related organisms.

We overcome these limitations by proposing an innovative *transfer learning* method, called BioSfer [1], which is able to exploit the knowledge about the GRN of a source organism for the reconstruction of the GRN of the target organism. In the first stages, we identify two predictive models to discover unknown links for both the considered GRNs. In the final stage, we build a new geometrically-combined model, which is able to better identify unknown links. Moreover, the proposed method is natively able to work in the positive-unlabeled setting, where no negative example is available, by fruitfully exploiting a set of unlabeled examples. In our experiments, we reconstructed the human GRN, by exploiting the knowledge of the GRN of Mus musculus. The qualitative analysis showed that the proposed method is able to identify biologically plausible gene regulations that are not identified by other tools. Results showed that the proposed method outperforms state-of-the-art approaches [2-7] and identifies previously unknown functional relationships among the analyzed genes.

Availability of data and materials

The system, the adopted datasets and all the results are available at: http://www.di.uniba.it/~mignone/systems/biosfer/index.html

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