# Homework D – Database Query Processor

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#### 1. Introduction:

In this homework, you are going to implement a database query processor. A CSV file of contacts is provided as a database table. **First**, you need to provide a user an interface to query data from your database by inputting the query command. **Second**, you need to read the raw data from a database (in this homework, read from a file) and to process the query command, and in the end, output them to user. The detailed SPECs are listed below

### 1.1 Database file format (CSV file):

Each line in the file is considered as a raw data. The columns of each raw data are defined as below:

Column Name	Data Type
id	Int(11)
FirstName	Varchar(10)
LastName	Varchar(10)
Gender	Varchar(1)
Age	Int(3)
PhoneNum	Varchar(15)

**Notice** that the column names are **case-sensitive**.

### 1.2 Query command format

A user should follow the format when query data. Otherwise, your program should print out the error message. Query format are defined as below:

**SELECT columns** 

FROM [FileName].csv

**ORDER BY** col1 [ASC/DESC] –sort1 [, col2 [ASC/DESC] –sort2]

#### Notice:

- 1 'SELECT', 'FROM', 'ORDER BY' are case-insensitive, and others are case-sensitive.
- 2 All the query commands are inputted as a single line.
- 3 In the query command, SELECT and FROM clauses are required. In case of any incomplete commands, **print out** an **error message**.

#### 2. Implement the query processor:

A test file (Contacts.csv) is provided.

#### 2.1 User Interface

Your program needs to allow the user to query as **many times** as they want **until** they input 'quit'.

#### 2.2 **SELECT** columns

SELECT columns clause indicates what columns need to be shown. User can either input the specific column names, or simply input \* to show all the columns.

### Examples:

SELECT Age, PhoneNum, id FROM Contacts.csv

**SELECT \*** FROM Contacts.csv

#### 2 3 **FROM** FileName csv

FROM FileName.csv indicates the data source. You should read the raw data from the FileName.csv.

## 2.4 ORDER BY col1 [ASC/DESC] -sort1 [, col2 [ASC/DESC] -sort2]

ORDER BY clause requires three parameters: the column, sorting type, and sorting algorithm that you need to process the data before printing them. In this homework, you need to implement **selection sort** and **insertion sort** to sort your data. If the column value of two data tuples is the same, keep their original order in the data set.

#### 2.4.1 Implement two algorithms

The ORDER BY command format consists of the following three parameters in order:

- 1. **Sorted column**: the specific column the user wants to sort
- 2. **Sorting Type**: **ASC** means an ascending order, while **DESC** means a descending order. Notice that sorting type can be ignored, and if it does, **the default value is ASC**.
- 3. **Sorting algorithm**: you need to implement two algorithms (**selection sort** and **insertion sort**) which can be chosen by the user.

The command format is given here:

SELECT \* FROM Contacts.csv ORDER BY columns [ASC/DESC] [-1/-2]

### Examples:

```
select * from Contacts.csv order by Age -1
         FirstName
                           LastName
                                                                PhoneNum
id
                                              Gender
                                                       Age
         Yuling
                  Hsueh
                           F
                                     \mathbf{18}
                                              0979461352
         Wayne
                  Lin
                           M
                                     22
                                              0987654248
         Mike
                  Lin
                           M
                                     22
                                              0913548762
                  Chen
                           M
                                              0988252522
         Kurt
                                     23
         HoChien Chen
                           M
                                     23
                                              0912345876
8
10
         Kevin
                  Lin
                           M
                                    23
                                              0975648213
         Jim
                  Lin
                           M
                                    24
                                              0912457762
         T.H.
                  Liu
                           F
                                    25
                                              0945368720
                           M
         Wen
                  Song
                                     25
                                              0942452888
                                     26
                                              0986432587
         Walter
                  Lin
                           M
        id, FirstName,
                         Age FROM Contacts.csv ORDER BY id DESC -2
SELECT
id
         FirstName
                           Age
10
         Jim
                  24
         Mike
                  22
                  23
         Kevin
                  22
         Wayne
         HoChien
                  23
5
4
3
2
         Walter
                  26
                  23
         Kurt
         Wen
                  25
         T.H.
                  25
         Yuling
                  18
```

### 2.4.2 Double sort

The second sorting command is optional for the user. When the first sort is finished, the second sort looks up the columns based upon the first sort. If there existing multiple data records have the same value based upon the first sort, the second sort sorts those records by the second specified column.

SELECT	* from Co	ontacts.	csv orde	r by Age	-1, FirstName	-2
id	FirstNa	me	LastNam	ie	Gender Age	PhoneNum
1	Yuling	Hsueh	F	18	0979461352	
9	Mike	Lin	M	22	0913548762	
7	Wayne	Lin	M	22	0987654248	
6	HoChien	Chen	M	23	0912345876	
8	Kevin	Lin	M	23	0975648213	
4	Kurt	Chen	M	23	0988252522	
10	Jim	Lin	M	24	0912457762	
2	T.H.	Liu	F	25	0945368720	
3	Wen	Song	M	25	0942452888	
5	Walter	Lin	M	26	0986432587	

### 2.5 Mistake-proofing

You should do some basic mistake-proofing.

- 1. Typo of 'SELECT', 'FROM', 'ORDER BY'
- 2. A valid Query command requires both 'SELECT' and 'FROM' clauses to work.
- 3. Check whether the input file exists.

```
select * frooom Contacts.csv
You have an error in your SQL syntax.
select id from disappeared.file
This file does not exist!
```

#### 2.6 Print out format

#### 1. Data record:

You should print the header for the first line, and then print out the data record each for a line. You should print '\t' between columns to make it look better.

### 2. Error message:

There are some messages for the mistake-proofing function. When there's a mistake in user's input, print out "You have an error in your SQL syntax". On the other hand, if the data source file does not exist, you should print out "This file does not exist!".

#### 2.7 Readme, comments and style

An indicator for good source code is readability. To keep source code maintainable and readable, you should **add comments to your source code** where reasonable. For this assignment, please also compose a small "**README.txt**" which contains a brief explanation of how to compile your program and what problem you met. Please remember to have your **source code comments** in English.

### 3. Grading

The TA(s) will mark and give points according to the following grading polices:

### 90% Run your program with 5 testing data

15% User interface, Mistake proofing

25% 'SELECT', 'FROM' clauses

25% Single sort with ASC(default), DESC

25% Double sort based upon the first sort

### 10% Readme, comments and style.

Provide a README.TXT that contains information about the program and brief reviews. Source code is readable and has ENGLISH comments where reasonable.

#### 4. How to submit

The files you MUST submit:

- 1. Source Code
- 2. README.TXT

To submit your file electronically, enter the following command from csie workstation:

• turnin ds.hw4 [your files...]

To check the file you turnin, enter the following command from csie workstation:

• turnin –ls ds.hw4

You can see other description about turnin from following link: <a href="https://www.cs.ccu.edu.tw/lab401/doku.php?id=turninhowto">https://www.cs.ccu.edu.tw/lab401/doku.php?id=turninhowto</a>