

Manage images

The easiest way to make your images available for use by others inside or outside your organization is to use a Docker registry, such as [Docker Hub](#), or by running your own [private registry](#).

Docker Hub

[Docker Hub](#) is a public registry managed by Docker, Inc. It centralizes information about organizations, user accounts, and images. It includes a web UI, authentication and authorization using organizations, CLI and API access using commands such as `docker login`, `docker pull`, and `docker push`, comments, stars, search, and more.

Docker Registry

The Docker Registry is a component of Docker's ecosystem. A registry is a storage and content delivery system, holding named Docker images, available in different tagged versions. For example, the image `distribution/registry`, with tags `2.0` and `latest`. Users interact with a registry by using `docker push` and `pull` commands such as `docker pull myregistry.com/stevvoee/batman:voice`.

Docker Hub is an instance of a Docker Registry.

Content Trust

When transferring data among networked systems, *trust* is a central concern. In particular, when communicating over an untrusted medium such as the internet, it is critical to ensure the integrity and publisher of all of the data a system operates on. You use Docker to push and pull images (data) to a registry. Content trust gives you the ability to both verify the integrity and the publisher of all the data received from a registry over any channel.

See [Content trust](#) for information about configuring and using this feature on Docker clients.