RMSC4002 Tutorial 1

September 14, 2017

1. Introduction to R

1.1 How to get R?

R can be freely downloaded from https://www.r-project.org.

RStudio is highly recommended because it is more user-friendly than R.

1.2 Getting help in R

You can use the commands "help(function)" or "?function".

1.3 Writing comments in R

You can add "#" before the statement. Comments can help others understand the code.

1.4 Setting working directory in R

It is necessary to set the working directory in R if you want to input some datasets.

There are two ways:

(1) By Menus:

Click File -> Change dir -> choose your location (in R)

Click Session -> Set working directory -> choose directory (in RStudio)

(2) By Commands:

Type setwd("F:/Tuto notes") (assuming your location is F:\Tuto notes)

```
2.
    > d<-read.csv("fin-ratio.csv")</pre>
                                             # read in dataset
     > names(d)
                                              # display the var in d
     [1] "EY" "CFTP" "ln MV" "DY" "BTME" "DTE"
                                                       "HSI"
     > x<-d[,1:6]
                                              # extract the first 6 columns in d
                                             # save sample mean vector to m
     > m < -apply(x, 2, mean)
     > m
            ΕY
                     CFTP
                           ln MV
                                            DY
                                                     BTME
                                                                 DTE
     -0.6502403 -0.2338956 6.2668068 2.4961735 1.9082626 0.7097322
     > S < -var(x)
                                             # save sample covariance matrix
     > S
                  ΕY
                                                                      DTE
                          CFTP
                                    ln MV
                                                 DY
                                                          BTME
           18.4979068 2.9089644 1.1601886 1.9203766 1.4781279 0.3379530
     ΕY
           2.9089644 3.6930613 0.7662995 1.2371466 1.8228390 0.3287908
     CFTP
     ln_MV 1.1601886 0.7662995 2.7439362 0.9720714 -0.7734227 -0.0741322
           1.9203766 1.2371466 0.9720714 13.8715626 -0.2575337 0.1581528
     DY
           1.4781279 1.8228390 -0.7734227 -0.2575337 68.3081966 1.9617652
     BTME
     DTE
           0.3379530 0.3287908 -0.0741322 0.1581528 1.9617652 12.9929072
                                              # sample correlation matrix
     > cor(x)
                  EY
                           CFTP
                                      ln MV
                                                    DY
                                                              BTME
                                                                          DTE
     ΕY
          1.00000000 0.35195234 0.16284719 0.11988433 0.04158285 0.02179926
     CFTP 0.35195234 1.00000000 0.24072338 0.17284835 0.11476743 0.04746497
     1n MV 0.16284719 0.24072338 1.00000000 0.15756091 -0.05649285 -0.01241557
     DY
          0.11988433 0.17284835 0.15756091 1.00000000 -0.00836633 0.01178043
     BTME 0.04158285 0.11476743 -0.05649285 -0.00836633 1.00000000 0.06585025
          0.02179926 0.04746497 -0.01241557 0.01178043 0.06585025 1.00000000
     DTE
```

```
3.
        > options(digits=4)
                                                # control display to 4 decimals
        > det(solve(S))
                                                # det of inverse of S
        [1] 5.706e-07
        > 1/det(S)
                                                # 1/det(S)
        [1] 5.706e-07
        > eig<-eigen(S)
                                                # save eigenvalues and vector of S
        > names(eig)
                                                # display items in eig
        [1] "values" "vectors"
        > eval<-eig$values
                                                # save eigenvalues
        > eval
                                                # display eigenvalues
        [1] 68.487 19.918 13.205 12.899 3.341 2.257
        > H<-eig$vectors
                                                # save matrix of eigenvector
                                                # display H
        > H
                 [,1]
                        [,2]
                                 [,3]
                                            [,4]
                                                 [,5]
                                                             [,6]
        [1,] 0.031107 0.91185 0.364402 0.016136 0.18218 -0.03637
        [2,] 0.029477 0.19142 -0.018447 0.005915 -0.81898 0.53980
        [3,] -0.010938  0.09104 -0.043829 -0.020125 -0.53213 -0.84030
        [5,] 0.998380 -0.03383 -0.007556 -0.036516 0.01255 -0.02334
        [6,] 0.035663 0.05094 -0.182190 0.981058 0.01304 -0.01720
        > \text{round}(t(H)\%*\%H,3)
                                         # H' H=I, H is orthogonal, HH' =I as well
             [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
        [1,]
                  0
                         0
        [2,]
                    1
                                  0
        [3,]
                   0 1
                             0
                                  0
        [4,]
                   0
                       0
                            1
                                  0
        [5,]
                    0
                         0
                             0
                                1
                                       ()
        [6,]
                    0
                         0
                             0
                                  0
                                       1
        > h1 < -H[,1]
                                                # extract first column of H to h1
        > eval[1]*h1
                                                # compute lambda1*h1
        [1] 2.1304 2.0188 -0.7491 -0.2080 68.3765 2.4425
```

```
> t(S%*%h1)
                                        # compute (S*h1)
       EY CFTP ln_MV
                            DY BTME DTE
[1,] 2.130 2.019 -0.7491 -0.2080 68.38 2.442
> \text{ round}(t(H)\%\%\%\%\%\%\%,3)
                                       \# compute H' SH (should = D)
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 68.49 0.00 0.00 0.0 0.000 0.000
[2,] 0.00 19.92 0.00 0.0 0.000 0.000
[3,] 0.00 0.00 13.21 0.0 0.000 0.000
[4,] 0.00 0.00 0.00 12.9 0.000 0.000
[5,] 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0 3.341 0.000
[6,] 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0 0.000 2.257
> D<-diag(eval)
                                        # form diagonal matrix D
> H%*%D%*%t(H)
                                        \# compute HDH' (should = S)
       [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 18.4979 2.9090 1.16019 1.9204 1.4781 0.33795
[2,] 2.9090 3.6931 0.76630 1.2371 1.8228 0.32879
[3,] 1.1602 0.7663 2.74394 0.9721 -0.7734 -0.07413
[4,] 1.9204 1.2371 0.97207 13.8716 -0.2575 0.15815
[5,] 1.4781 1.8228 -0.77342 -0.2575 68.3082 1.96177
[6,] 0.3380 0.3288 -0.07413 0.1582 1.9618 12.99291
> rS<-H%*%sqrt(D)%*%t(H)
                                        # H*sqrt(D)*H'
> rS
       [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 4.26492 0.4603 0.17720 0.22591 0.11267 0.03736
[2,] 0.46026 1.8359 0.19270 0.19921 0.17666 0.05180
[3,] 0.17720 0.1927 1.62490 0.16722 -0.08301 -0.01540
[4,] 0.22591 0.1992 0.16722 3.70834 -0.02570 0.02000
[5,] 0.11267 0.1767 -0.08301 -0.02570 8.26013 0.16422
[6,] 0.03736 0.0518 -0.01540 0.02000 0.16422 3.60017
> rS%*%rS
                                               # rS*rS
```