類神經網路 HWI 書面報告

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- 程式簡介
 - Data input

```
def data_input(path):
    #read file
    file c = False
     while(file_c == False):
          try:
               f = open(path)
               file_c = True
          except:
               print("can't find file")
               return False
     for line in f:
          #repace '\n' to ''
          line = line.replace('\n', '')
          #split and string to int
          sp = line.split(" ")
          data_x = [-1]
          data y = 0
          count = 0
          for item in sp:
               if(count == (len(sp)-1)):
                    data_y = float(item)
               else:
                    data_x.append(float(item))
               count= count + 1
          data.append(data_x)
          tmp sol.append(data y)
          #紀錄class label
          if len(sol class) == 0:
               sol class.append(data y)
          else:
               ch = True
               for item in sol class:
                    if(item == data_y):
                         ch = False
                         break
               if(ch == True):
                    sol_class.append(data_y)
     for ans in tmp_sol:
          tmp = []
          for i in range(len(sol_class)):
               if(sol_class[i] != ans):
                    tmp.append(0)
               else:
                    tmp.append(1)
          sol.append(tmp)
     f.close()
```

類神經網路 HW1 書面報告 105502302 林觀明

• Data 分割

```
def data_split():
    data_train = []
    sol_train = []
    data_test = []
    sol_test = []
    #use random()
    for j in range(len(data)):
          if(random.random() >= 0.33):
              data_train.append(data[j])
               sol_train.append(sol[j])
          else:
              data_test.append(data[j])
               sol_test.append(sol[j])
          #防止data_test沒有資料
          if(len(data_test) == 0):
               ran = random.randint(0, len(data_train)-1)
              data_test.append(data_train[ran])
              sol_test.append(sol[j])
              del data_train[ran]
              del sol_train[ran]
          if(len(data_train) == 0):
               ran = random.randint(0, len(data_test)-1)
               data_train.append(data_test[ran])
               sol_train.append(sol[j])
               del data_test[ran]
              del sol_test[ran]
    return data_train, sol_train, data_test, sol_test
```

• 前饋

```
for item_x, item_y in zip(data train, sol train):
    y = []
     change_weight = []
     for j in range(number of hidden layer+1):
          tmp_y = []
          if(j == 0):
               for k in range(number of hidden layer neuron[j]):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(len(item_x)):
                         tmp = tmp + item x[z] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp y)
          elif(j == number_of_hidden_layer):
               for k in range(len(sol class)):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(number of hidden layer neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                         else:
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
          else:
               for k in range(number of hidden layer neuron[j]):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                         else:
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
```

- Train
 - 倒饋

```
#backward
count = -2
for j in (reversed (range(number_of_hidden_layer+1))):
     tmp_change_weight = []
     count = count + 1
     if(j == number_of_hidden_layer):
          for k in range(len(sol_class)):
               tmp = 0
               tmp = (item_y[k] - y[j][k]) * y[j][k] * (1 - y[j][k])
               tmp_change_weight.append(tmp)
          change_weight.append(tmp_change_weight)
     elif(j == number_of_hidden_layer - 1):
          for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
               tmp = y[j][k] * (1 - y[j][k])
               sigma = 0
               for z in range(len(sol_class)):
                    sigma = sigma + w[j+1][z][k+1] * change_weight[count][z]
               tmp = tmp * sigma
               tmp_change_weight.append(tmp)
          change_weight.append(tmp_change_weight)
     else:
          for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
               tmp = y[j][k] * (1 - y[j][k])
               sigma = 0
               for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j+1]):
                    sigma = sigma + w[j+1][z][k+1] * change_weight[count][z]
               tmp = tmp * sigma
               tmp_change_weight.append(tmp)
          change_weight.append(tmp_change_weight)
```

• 改變權重

```
#change wight
change_weight = list(reversed(change_weight))
for j in range(number of hidden layer+1):
    if(j == 0):
          for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
               for z in range(len(item_x)):
                    w[j][k][z] = w[j][k][z] + (learn_rate)/(1+i/10) * change_weight[j][k] * item_x[z]
    elif(j == number_of_hidden_layer):
          for k in range(len(sol_class)):
               for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                    if(z == 0):
                         w[j][k][z] = w[j][k][z] + (learn_rate)/(1+i/10) * change_weight[j][k] * -1
                    else:
                         w[j][k][z] = w[j][k][z] + (learn_rate)/(1+i/10) * change_weight[j][k] * y[j-1][z-1]
     else:
          for k in range(number of hidden layer neuron[j]):
               for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                    if(z == 0):
                         w[j][k][z] = w[j][k][z] + (learn_rate)/(1+i/10) * change_weight[j][k] * -1
                    else:
                         w[j][k][z] = w[j][k][z] + (learn_rate)/(1+i/10)* change_weight[j][k] * y[j-1][z-1]
```

• 精準度

```
count = 0
rmse_train = 0
for item_x, item_y in zip(data_train, sol_train):
    y = []
     predict = []
     for j in range(number_of_hidden_layer+1):
          tmp_y = []
          if(j == 0):
               for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(len(item_x)):
                         tmp = tmp + item_x[z] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
          elif(j == number_of_hidden_layer):
               for k in range(len(sol_class)):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
               predict = tmp_y
          else:
               for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                         else:
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
     sol_index = 0
     predict_index = 0
     predict_content = 0
     sol_index = 0
     sol_content = 0
     for k in range(len(item_y)):
          if(sol_content < item_y[k]):</pre>
               sol_index = k
               sol_content = item_y[k]
     for k in range(len(predict)):
          if(predict_content < predict[k]):</pre>
               predict_index = k
               predict_content = predict[k]
     for k in range(len(predict)):
          rmse_train = rmse_train + (predict[k] - item_y[k]) * (predict[k] - item_y[k])
     if(predict_index == sol_index):
          count = count + 1
print("epoch", i+1)
print("train -> accuracy:" , count/len(data_train), end = "")
print(", RMSE", math.sgrt(rmse train / len(data train)))
```

• 精準度

```
count = 0
rmse_train = 0
for item_x, item_y in zip(data_train, sol_train):
    y = []
     predict = []
     for j in range(number_of_hidden_layer+1):
          tmp_y = []
          if(j == 0):
               for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(len(item_x)):
                         tmp = tmp + item_x[z] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
          elif(j == number_of_hidden_layer):
               for k in range(len(sol_class)):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
               predict = tmp_y
          else:
               for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                         else:
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
     sol_index = 0
     predict_index = 0
     predict_content = 0
     sol_index = 0
     sol_content = 0
     for k in range(len(item_y)):
          if(sol_content < item_y[k]):</pre>
               sol_index = k
               sol_content = item_y[k]
     for k in range(len(predict)):
          if(predict_content < predict[k]):</pre>
               predict_index = k
               predict_content = predict[k]
     for k in range(len(predict)):
          rmse_train = rmse_train + (predict[k] - item_y[k]) * (predict[k] - item_y[k])
     if(predict_index == sol_index):
          count = count + 1
print("epoch", i+1)
print("train -> accuracy:" , count/len(data_train), end = "")
print(", RMSE", math.sgrt(rmse train / len(data train)))
```

```
count = @
rmse_test = 0
for item_x, item_y in zip(data_test, sol_test):
    y = []
     predict = []
     for j in range(number_of_hidden_layer+1):
          tmp_y = []
          if(j == 0):
               for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(len(item_x)):
                         tmp = tmp + item_x[z] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
          elif(j == number_of_hidden_layer):
               for k in range(len(sol_class)):
                    tmp = 0
                    for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                         else:
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
               predict = tmp_y
          else:
               for k in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j]):
                    for z in range(number_of_hidden_layer_neuron[j-1]+1):
                         if(z == 0):
                              tmp = tmp + -1 * w[j][k][z]
                              tmp = tmp + y[j-1][z-1] * w[j][k][z]
                    tmp_y.append(1/(1+math.exp(-tmp)))
               y.append(tmp_y)
     sol_index = 0
     predict_index = 0
     predict_content = 0
     sol_index = 0
     sol_content = 0
     for k in range(len(item_y)):
          if(sol_content < item_y[k]):</pre>
               sol_index = k
               sol_content = item_y[k]
     for k in range(len(predict)):
          if(predict_content < predict[k]):</pre>
               predict_index = k
               predict_content = predict[k]
     for k in range(len(predict)):
          rmse_test = rmse_test + (predict[k] - item_y[k]) * (predict[k] - item_y[k])
     if(predict_index == sol_index):
          count = count + 1
print("test accuracy" , count/len(data_test), end = " ")
print(", RMSE", math.sqrt(rmse_test / len(data_test)))
if((count/len(data_test)) >= accuracy):
     return
```

• 書圖

```
def paint(data, sol, status):
    x = []
    y = []
    tmp_sol = []
    for i in range(len(data)):
         tmp_x = []
        tmp_y = []
         ch = True
         index = 0
         for j in range(len(tmp_sol)):
             if(tmp_sol[j] == sol[i]):
                  ch = False
                  index = j
                  break
         if(ch == True):
             tmp_sol.append(sol[i])
             x.append([data[i][1]])
             y.append([data[i][2]])
             x[index].append(data[i][1])
             y[index].append(data[i][2])
    \max_x = \max(x[0])
    min_x = min(x[0])
    max_y = max(y[0])
    min_y = min(y[0])
    for item in x:
         if(max_x < max(item)):</pre>
             max_x = max(item)
         if(min_x > min(item)):
             min_x = min(item)
    for item in y:
         if(max_y < max(item)):</pre>
             max_y = max(item)
         if(min_y > min(item)):
             min_y = min(item)
    color = ['b^', 'g^', 'r^', 'c^', 'm^' , 'y^', 'k^']
    for i in range(len(x)):
         print(i)
         plt.plot(x[i], y[i] ,color[i])
         #存檔的path
    path_spilt = path.split('\\')
    path_spilt = path.split('/')
    name = (path_spilt[len(path_spilt)-1].split('.'))[0]
    try:
         if(status == 0):
             plt.savefig('dataset/image/' + name + '_train_data.jpg')
         else:
             plt.savefig('dataset/image/' + name + '_all_data.jpg')
    except:
         print("-----")
         print("----- can't find path, path is dataset/image/
         plt.show()
```

- 程式執行說明
 - 1. 首先打開執行檔(會等很久)
 - 2. 輸入檔案路徑(有path.txt 上有路徑可以複製貼上)、 learning_rate、epoch、accuracy、需要幾層神經元與第幾層需 要幾個神經元

```
檔案路徑: dataset/2Ccircle1.txt
type:float learning_rate: 1
type:int epoch: 100
type:float accuracy: 1
type:int how many hidden layer are: 1
type:int how many neuron are in 1 hidden layer: 2
```

 如果找不到檔案 就會出現 input->1 continue, input->2 stop, 輸入1可以繼續輸入2就會停止

input->1 continue, input->2 stop:

4. 另外如果learning_rate, epoch, accuracy輸入錯誤需要重新輸入

```
type:float learning rate: .
learning rate error
type:float learning rate: 1
type:int epoch: 0.1
epoch error
type:int epoch: 2
type:float accuracy: rr
accuracy error
type:float accuracy:
accuracy error
type:float accuracy: 1
type:int how many hidden layer are: hh
hidden layer error
type:int how many hidden layer are: 1
type:int how many neuron are in 1 hidden layer: 11'
neuron error
type:int how many neuron are in 1 hidden layer: 2
```

5. 可以確定file是否存在

檔案路徑:22

type:float learning_rate: 1

type:int epoch: 1

type:float accuracy: 1

type:int how many hidden layer are: 1

type:int how many neuron are in 1 hidden layer: 2

can't find file

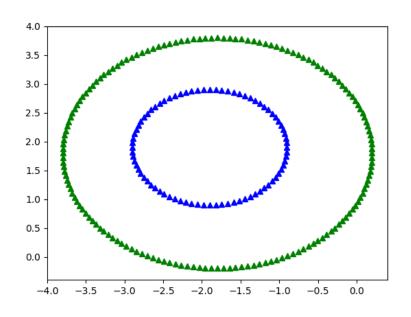
5. 輸入都正確就會開始執行,每個epoch都會輸出train的 accuracy, test的accurac與RMSE

epoch 1

train -> accuracy: 0.6580645161290323, RMSE 0.7997313063300583 test accuracy 0.6823529411764706, RMSE 0.7710020549667723

5. 訓練完之後會跑出第一張圖且會顯示權重

[-1.1796602284194944, -0.33206368683345894, 0.05850188511397461], [-0.6598071766854311, -0.8036653601804125, -1.5450484466510872 0802019056314927, -0.4518120478566335, 0.8138550202137458]], [[0.40822327111707174, -1.3304676673227278, 0.654048530641428, -2.1 169477431. [-1.2664357987314778. 0.9984875582317966, -0.17280707258624142, 1.118949435335261611]



8.	出現的圖檔會存在dataset/image/,如果找不到目錄會出現以	以
	下圖片,不影響程式執行。	

can't find path, path is dataset/image/	 ***************	
	 can't find path, path is dataset/image/	

• 程式執行說明(index.html)

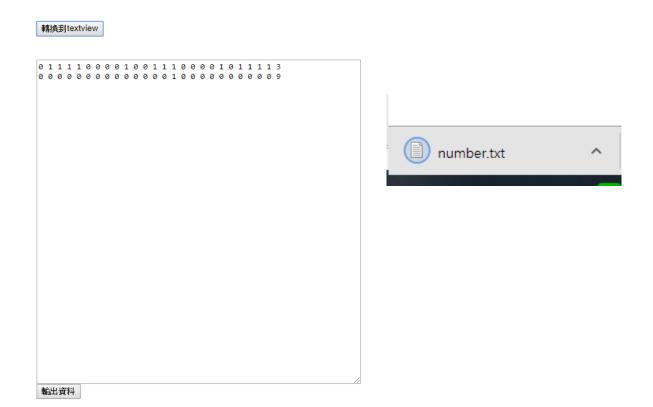
- 1. 用瀏覽器打開
- 2. 選擇label



3. 選擇bit



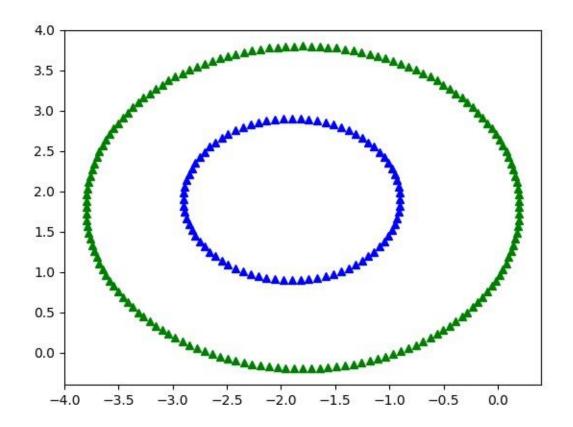
4. 按下button"轉換到textview",就會看到目前資料輸出資料就換下載資料。



• 實驗結果

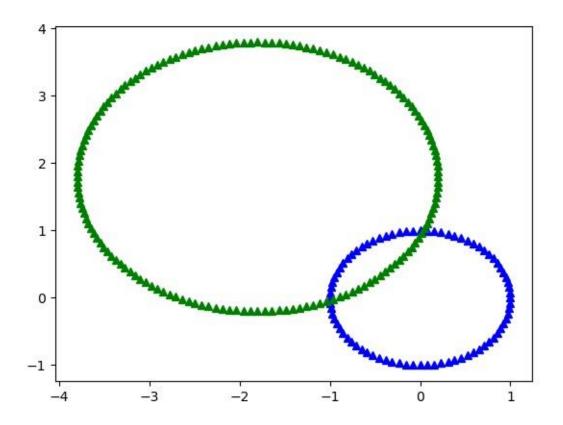
√ dataset/2Ccircle1.txt

epoch 100
train -> accuracy: 0.6518987341772152, RMSE 0.6400856160645174
test accuracy 0.6951219512195121, RMSE 0.6154833858974086
[[[-1.3357225014609249, -0.37448976562962943, -4.941667833507577], [-0.6771157431404955, 1.1889358092349251, -2.114775359389367]], [[0.5890083795993981, -2.499130990926771, -0.7728065287052642], [-0.590966466725829, 2.5797483213369734, 0.6194754265529872]]]



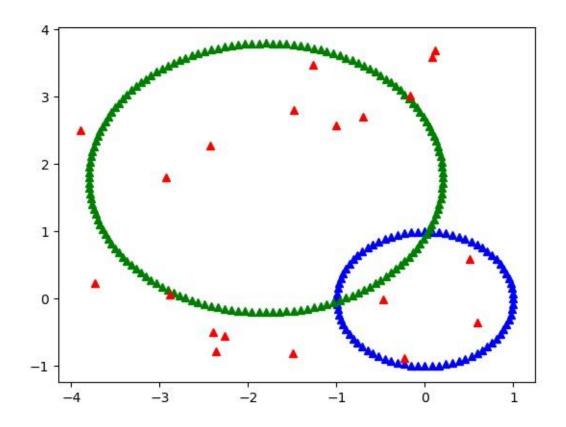
分析:分2類 速度非常慢 rmse下降緩慢 準確率提升至0.69

```
epoch 100
train -> accuracy: 0.896774193548387, RMSE 0.39716474329420665
test accuracy 0.8588235294117647 , RMSE 0.437768105815696
[[[-1.241396993758353, 4.262090128698023, -4.846812716256527], [2.764462499980009, -1.4330764241242417, 1.4151465371035652]], [[0.40259
80259410622, 5.101226321603988, -3.5794415811986826], [-0.5411295330063705, -5.6721168821029755, 3.1959826248576984]]]
```



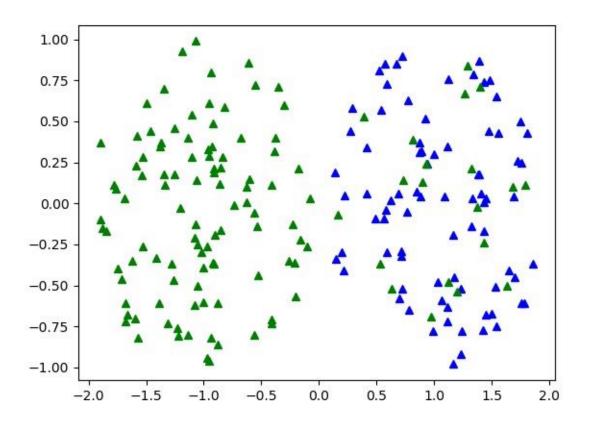
分析:分2類 準確率提升至0.85

```
epoch 100
train -> accuracy: 0.777777777777778, RMSE 0.5455415099357598
test accuracy 0.7640449438202247, RMSE 0.5262133487639582
[[[-0.5467375594890987, 3.3428131097288722, -2.5473286850988135], [-5.083791288320558, 3.027676421109639, -2.821557020780742], [0.0907
993780690835, -1.3205991519362525, 0.750367335501037]], [[1.3848384497732922, 0.6898637894542001, 3.692205935331803, -3.06667211521639
], [-2.583010241531327, -3.9084975221013503, -2.553901928780127, 0.06613313925103559], [0.8621911270657755, -0.08048776689768981, -2.2
56307695599993, -0.9583099412371717]]]
```



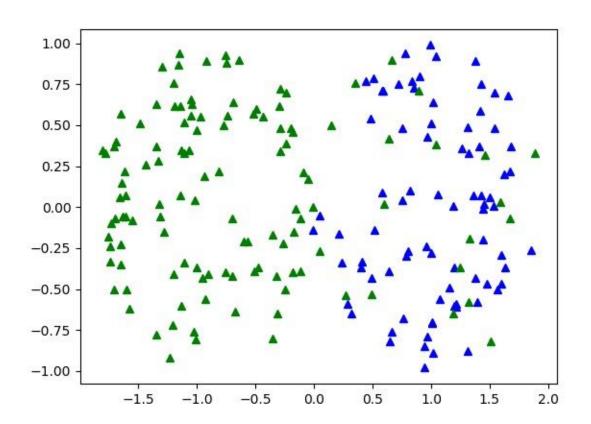
分析:分3類 準確率由0.23提升至0.86下降至0.76

```
poch 100
rain -> accuracy: 0.8976377952755905, RMSE 0.41674718331268695
est accuracy 0.9041095890410958, RMSE 0.3858150223506628
[[-0.4351045871033553, -1.3477985473107197, -0.6187392949516887], [1.0496943018287774, -4.415694161222453, -0.48727893775658365], [0.7
02767834928419, -6.206370251207713, -0.33970081927612733]], [[-1.4007730236866, 0.04744356055262679, -1.8213747207698896, -3.952197835
126617], [0.9921296211337185, -1.3279537047882826, 2.7885594995398, 4.009158592959318]]]
```



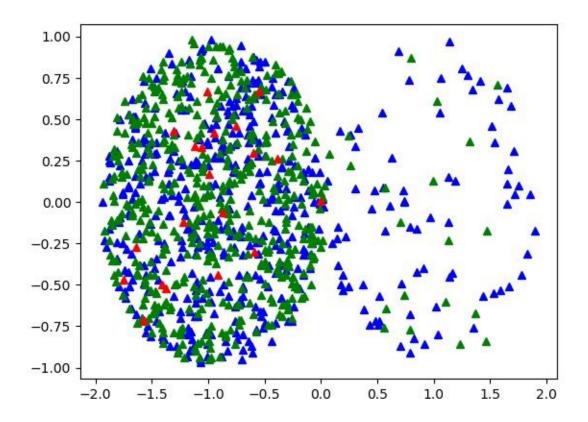
分析:分2類 準確率提升至0.90

```
epoch 100 train -> accuracy: 0.916030534351145, RMSE 0.3772451865551312 test accuracy 0.8985507246376812 , RMSE 0.4264595300592371 [[[0.09725538118587237, -3.8897212004418344, 0.8714830330107609], [0.056233584465328224, -3.3299050884641477, 0.7942668241324642], [-0.8014706750067484, -0.7637905498893367, 0.4085921404353165]], [[-2.101382344270121, -3.124119664045631, -3.086593797443381, -0.204091970 51744887], [1.7122740028213945, 4.075755167467827, 2.316879709423531, -0.48635512328418057]]]
```



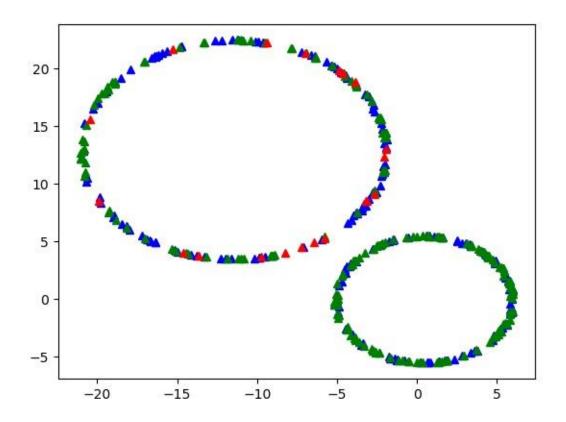
分析:分2類 準確率提升至0.89

epoch 100
train -> accuracy: 0.5364806866952789, RMSE 0.6969693530787385
test accuracy 0.5149501661129569, RMSE 0.6989650923987827
[[[0.40253190451752646, 0.5611328403018596, 0.34720201482443797], [1.2390130285449747, 2.7583347610356754, -1.2436753996452776], [0.382 4595544056283, -0.037882129366430574, -0.6683620210814056]], [[0.12401747339025061, -0.39729597091211055, 1.6319339212051907, 0.3328788 955097007], [-0.6500949470427133, -0.5821060150496127, -1.0772601451136936, -1.092378771518617]]]



分析:分3類 rmse持續下降 但準確度無法有效上升

[[-2.029890929021222, -1.7476192068898941, -0.7811479992243127], [-0.7484899712574014, -1.2161571915134743, -1.2009618188557192], [0.3 308281382575754, -0.7215966009589007, -3.0700793512729403]], [[0.403215365702499, 0.5654311031319792, -0.4216114610404329, -0.44309862 28213775], [-0.1138484181948875, -0.37427416217327464, 0.04068652900519552, 0.8343976611009647]]]



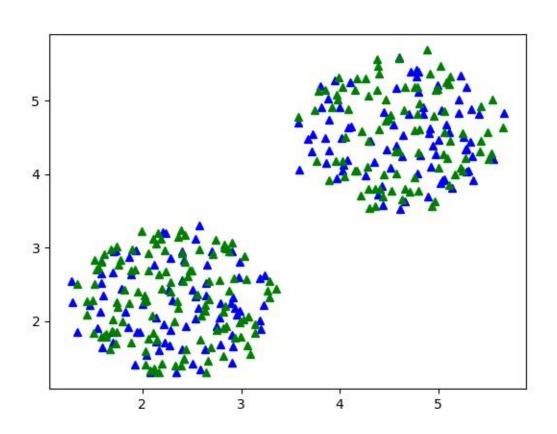
分析:分3類 權重初始化重要 準確度 在0.53上上下下

√ dataset/2cring.txt

train -> accuracy: 0.568, RMSE 0.7059603309559109

test accuracy 0.5737704918032787 , RMSE 0.7019141855898041

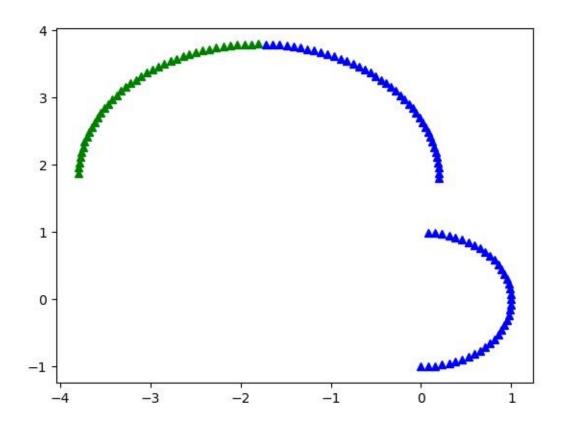
[[[-1.5905896737913523, -1.128483141990301, -0.28160613690040603], [-1.0051378022214732, -0.8146109179748798, 0.6763384211194235], [-1.7179469122603566, -1.1459595653051358, -0.3383254562222248]], [[0.011405887847179809, -0.7722119745010317, -0.3934123795722936, -1.6329667472633915], [-0.4193188962007389, 1.6137324644615658, -0.2725292954726822, 0.9525621801789113]]]



分析:分2類 rmse持續下降 但準確度 無法有效上升

√ dataset/2Hcircle1.txt

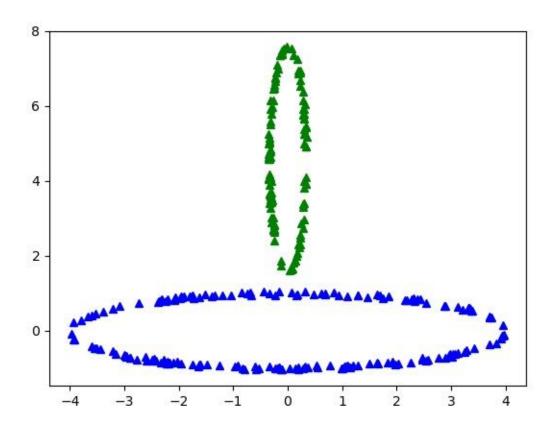
```
epoch 15
train -> accuracy: 0.9629629629629629, RMSE 0.22886557107913286
test accuracy 1.0 , RMSE 0.2064566797937704
[[[-1.5490689823598167, 2.544655084754214, 0.5058471769413636], [-1.8583231421357012, 2.1244463
19839719, 0.20657017473831765], [-1.4268315840265007, 1.5239554209652602, -0.012315745909459812
]], [[2.0844791288338183, 2.1312762376916377, 2.286114062174747, 1.277814485212413], [-2.277538
0292981113, -2.6142960813439746, -2.146073482361738, -1.4347836044469418]]]
```



分析:分2類 準確率從0.47 上升至1 epoch15就結束 了

epoch 5

train -> accuracy: 1.0, RMSE 0.2765525464603669
test accuracy 1.0, RMSE 0.2590434751217582
[[[-2.709169412383851, -0.05836907747257211, -2.4791796043451875], [-0.9853972583600853, -0.08785221357035522, -0.9852703309532092]], [
[2.0613578784506608, 3.9383082063172403, 0.3903605508714724], [-2.1821997403229307, -3.919013107617903, -0.8068784208449069]]]

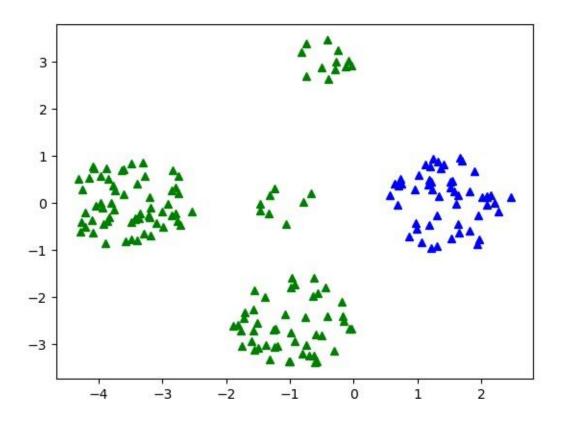


分析:分2類 準確率從0.42 上升至1 epoch5就結束了

√ dataset/4satellite-6.txt

epoch 100
train -> accuracy: 0.1782642689601251, RMSE 1.17045168067848
test accuracy 0.1902800658978583 , RMSE 1.1625573283432713
[[[-1.0, -0.38022819293180943, -0.9613117760074583, 0.01715021496055691, -0.13413685995211755], [-1.0051084062642772, -0.04483463735445
3755, -0.21762747220083933, 1.208060044499459, 0.9954059400165093], [-1.000000063095291, -0.46903842534737356, 0.7621646564528023, 0.9
36253163392973, -0.6345305839771196], [-1.0118843343201005, 1.213298538589826, 0.6568628581060197, 1.3327462603505835, 0.16516431368899
6921, [-0.9999997588822831, 0.8322787549840288, 0.1351118325358768, -0.5558788658757413, 0.36625899211975281, [-1.0, -0.958912461066792
5, 0.9828855780368697, 0.756476274869093, 0.5884624898555832]], [[0.2968606303015142, -0.7514049694284759, -0.5619732681306114, -1.2157
568362480446, 0.82384573012471, -0.5712509884702539, -1.136361537831765], [-0.07114329140335582, 0.6553422600362133, -1.293183930530824
4, -0.36723874803699275, 0.21386663181855012, -1.03624787855255893, -0.45125918798114356], [0.028336380202581033, 0.2585245973858208, -1.122568176772237, -0.0613093406553747, -0.3983982413719577, -0.5863997461084416, -0.41412983521705765], [-0.09304811874140892, 0.005667
546310577087, 0.043119726113973876, -1.479637739088947, -0.32377384707138074, -0.39177739018478064, -0.891268990795625], [-0.1888839920
0811556, -0.9786748293539866, -1.5826704403076037, 0.15911167240014978, 0.28239843809112836, -0.10234275325095976, -1.151373818552713], [-0.9200846343068431, 0.23147983165196928, -0.8825233323569627, 0.09350017862300138, 1.712878034290078, 0.03221548616300771, 0.06296745
286831529]]]

分析:分6類 速度非常慢 rmse下降緩慢 準確率無提升



分析:分2類 準確率從0.66 上升至1 epoch3就結束了

√ dataset/80X.txt

poch 100
rain -> accuracy: 0.75, RMSE 0.5655716582128899
est accuracy 0.4117647058823529 , RMSE 0.7531086073373667
[[-1.0226874975629279, 0.6620469269030698, 0.22316332497457403, -0.6636904125144865, 0.5117575892522905, -0.0900517624839706, 0.734326
832739306, -0.6524636168415903, 0.6651438788790319], [-1.009742040930761, 0.49534793194798493, -0.25942481320191732, -0.686737882824698
0.2975465175847531, -0.2591576448268596, -0.7486038493575307, 0.6237211750157383, -0.6442699647791034], [-1.390232753930867, 0.56802
5110837503, 0.8069527552348086, 2.297124900085206, 2.894320184351877, -0.8322981407745146, -0.8956556377180731, -4.150355288149558, -2
291064239616468]], [[0.45681745309574184, -1.9815591465850986, -0.6546098910223541, 2.750321625592576], [0.9108593398844592, -1.405684
21527596, -0.7284829010564243, 1.9285999496569959], [-1.7095248945742254, 0.30570735043767605, -0.5566671920410788, -4.593658595353217

分析:rmse持續下降 但準確度無法有效 上升 只上升至0.41

√ dataset/C3D.txt

```
epoch 100
train -> accuracy: 0.4375, RMSE 0.8091447601256762
test accuracy 0.35714285714285715 , RMSE 0.8204601503219391
[[[-1.1510812765038179, -0.7918111494420192, -0.17096523634840352, -0.24812270836399852], [-1.3323523497645342, 0.48540093068231255, -0.10319682917238408, -0.7923920442132616], [-0.7777867822067108, 1.0447719843363592, 0.9802099205005484, -1.0115783981134836]], [[0.27085175946727935, -0.471465710003639, 0.28227927789421803, -0.06727100322594042], [0.4823537621812182, -0.5636454717427917, 0.2748188353496178, -0.4306890992521922], [-0.811428170884357, -0.8738668292142526, -0.7910732050229484, -1.5359881150201191], [1.2128609898315827, -1.6320177502594415, -2.0525026770188104, -1.088404812329003]]]
```

分析:rmse上上下下 且準確度無法有效 上升 只上升至0.357

√ dataset/C10D.txt

poch 100
rain -> accuracy: 0.3636363636363636365, RMSE 0.8156814493961392
est accuracy 0.49122807017543857 , RMSE 0.8077923108772975
[[-0.9947724518460092, -0.2580253127394459, -0.4680974187047335, 0.18496950750667598, 0.2665598010298559, 0.31773981089869074, 0.12663
38483240333, -0.06463836428155761, 0.9744607454647535, 0.7657903540431592, -0.5467746411693098], [-0.9847629179335601, 0.6500568050719
8, -0.9159501687060307, 0.6424781893271232, -1.008060617906768, -0.46182837812578165, -0.7194479599594807, 0.44654528640268915, -0.94630345381, -0.515066972115442, 0.8204293840417446], [-0.9764310324443378, 0.4117449106251506, -0.0280115227362143, 0.0123461453754
1193, 0.561165201395324, 0.03657549966364789, -0.8649327566699135, 0.8351377539826429, -0.45903315703336234, -0.5720497849873358, -0.2
84450386981294]], [[-0.9807650181453293, -0.2824457533772335, 0.4170147860040099, -0.9490954455210409]], [[-0.15055960542064573, -1.14
7200469117366], [0.6399055663371231, -0.2930998116888568], [0.45958283258380794, -0.4741144467719378], [2.994016811301116, -1.94066947
9622231]]]

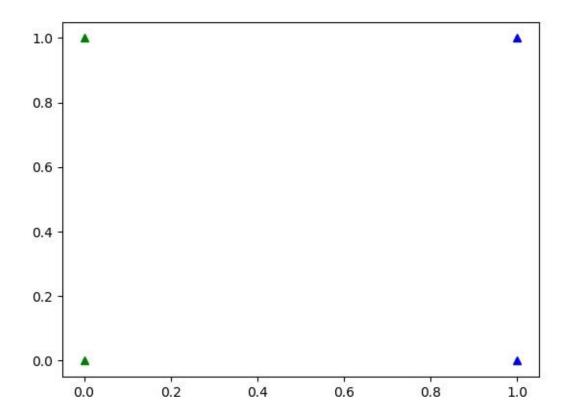
分析:分4類 rmse持四下降 但準確度無 法有效上升 只上升至0.49

√ dataset/Number.txt

cpoch 11
train -> accuracy: 1.0, RMSE 0.47210458547537804
test accuracy: 1.0, RMSE 0.5650232799738256
[[[-0.7047519217678164, 0.11566050754301505, 0.5976219028663061, -1.2317196050826416, 0.16183433858056806, 0.8373829536888877, -1.24168
69224902658, 0.5611887778291793, -1.2034672452275812, -0.13150597735936587, -0.8236716449720662, 0.7611736802917886, 0.6002387727856461
, -0.5985045276023911, -0.15241643421789355, -0.4856436530672294, -0.4242623578244012, -0.331515466342184335, -1.0586531080526402, 0.200
38872168813016, 0.184424261257784, -0.641400199954438, 0.4683016541679193, 0.5576931618874196, 0.6733191251495791, 0.8942818897189041,
[-0.9628171055636933, -0.5852742719483472, -0.11317281049997786, 0.7692357089866692, 0.3996895815762603, -0.4665127623093093, 0.0064063
403431735095, 0.46520557684521724, -0.8357152961652975, -0.4892456495150594, 0.13055103795145806, 0.02553141165571087, -0.6988784440132
46882, -0.7962269176385984, -1.028346312964162, 0.7644368865070279, -2.1698456006356453, 0.706515501826239, 0.5106104830271303, -0.818841
2137284846, 1.846259837399461, -0.19903073329530163, 0.4462991739299789, -0.25881891905541027, 0.25845538966502296, 0.32124390860848523
1, [-1.3650655823330647, -0.967925605628308, -0.83293028481519883, -0.4642245769281625, -0.668858020722136, 0.54881867670882424, 0.7708
730947740002, -0.9217348191219754, 0.4758684246791624, -0.12334872525202223, -0.07268809676936197, 0.39513458557941955, 0.3521264017838
619, 0.007058515895763114, -0.77188905656308279, -1.2271340392696333, -0.0399008248175614, -0.02068823956457555, 0.9550687916709648, -0.
2640401508636001, -0.1158357181309576, -0.57779351158401075, 0.47427089309367465, 0.4106637378820558, -0.8974360098202548, -0.7792593042
4697452], [-1.3471425935058614, 0.29843919968615695, -0.75772282432363925, 0.07371998740662448, 0.6362783666594028, -0.7122416655406735, 0.7083651398609578, -0.8974360098202548, -0.77122416655406735, 0.708365139809801, -0.50688156894085, 0.516688156894085, 0.218680013836982, 0.84951802225269, -0.10350178858

分析:分4類 複製Number.txt多筆資料 準確率從0.23 上升至1 epoch11就結束 了

```
epoch 1
train -> accuracy: 1.0, RMSE 0.7707793084599812
test accuracy 1.0, RMSE 0.7505841200204266
[[[-0.9813043956508257, 0.9207035722791754, -0.9748562360723333], [-0.9762263253856909, -0.6288992975181468, -0.3892945610533913]], [[-
0.7759283208598713, 0.30543524458206006, 0.11085850794014708], [-0.9626282970274677, -0.6804164903702506, 0.8811787062279478]]]
```

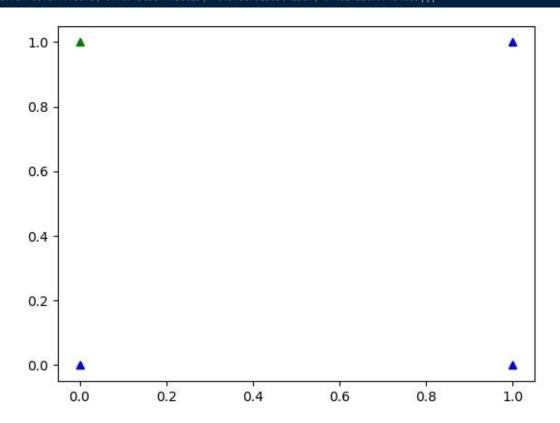


分析:分2類 epoch1準確率就是1

√ dataset/perceptron2.txt

epoch l

train -> accuracy: 0.5, RMSE 0.7790570452211393
test accuracy 1.0 , RMSE 0.5697342799944527
[[[-0.9858388588746477, 0.07800659660829107, 0.29466115349981814], [-1.0009801097093083, -0.1866144898672787, 0.839057419327071], [-0.9914123161114929, -0.2800974537678175, -0.1553496335602903]], [[-1.0042006706649547, -0.2001516056391608, -0.04639263360485264, -0.95229
94593241136], [-0.9147687079775575, 0.7094313644926025, -0.3788952503042317, 0.4624226999484088]]]



分析:分2類 資料分類很重要

√ dataset/perceptron3.txt

```
epoch 1
train -> accuracy: 0.33333333333333333333333, RMSE 0.7423572229341618
test accuracy 1.0 , RMSE 0.662414312921352
[[[-1.0064785549442152, -0.48488366702331515, -0.455609326906688, -0.051225483764930246], [-0.9303311452699586, -0.4718108371420408, 0.
20706467544025825, -0.6294310923002254]], [[-0.7659615195396305, -0.6408074201259425, 0.6054293085077266], [-1.1238897399306405, -0.568
4071047555106, -0.7732913633106822]]]
```

分析:分2類 資料分類很重要 epoch1 test 準確率就是1

-0.6529286965948492. 0.006331213908621555111

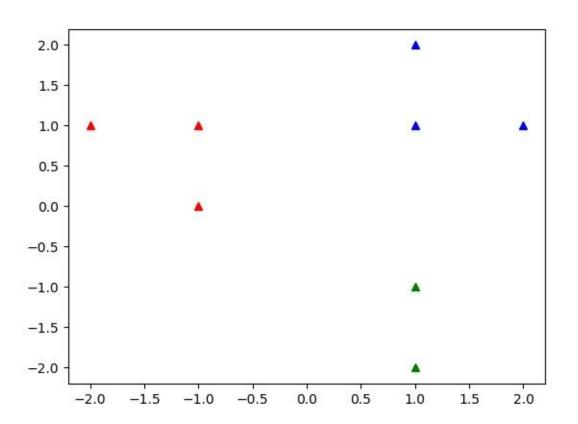
epoch 4

Train -> accuracy: 1.0, RMSE 0.8062827223388196

Train -> accuracy: 1.0, RMSE 0.7967351710926545

[[-0.8434622866531317, -0.14194054385725266, 0.048100725271984335], [-1.0277526343306322, -0.4781204223835534, -1.0120100323133367], [-0.9334806472423816, -0.5085592807555483, -0.6472388604350405]], [[-1.0130555362660867, -0.7251975143169732, -0.6649139328875948, -0.79

19870263940327], [0.041689621856876885, -0.06828426878479238, -0.026108234236849423, -0.38587941289041827], [-0.05766400646765876, 0.11

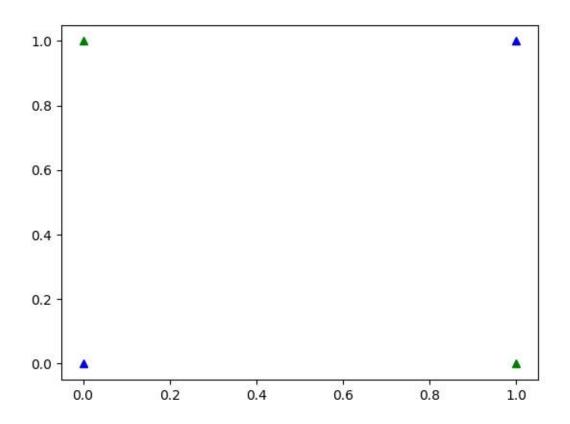


分析:分3類 資料分類很重要 epoch1 test 準確率就是1

√ dataset/wine.txt

> 分析: rmse持四下降 但準確度無法有效 上升 只上升至0.33

epoch 1
train -> accuracy: 0.0, RMSE 0.8440039590894599
test accuracy 1.0, RMSE 0.695902346695269
[[[-0.9400476558032613, -0.4882925684352598, 0.8784763406396737]], [[-1.1933719136072072, -0.7478519021269822], [-0.7570751666744353, 0.5901288235455937]]]



分析:分2類 資料分類很重要 epoch1 test 準確率就是1

• 實驗分析

- ✔ 從以上實驗結果可得知
 - 1. 銓重初始化與資料分割十分重要
 - 2. 有些資料增加神經元也無法增加準確度
 - 3. 有些資料增加隱藏層也無法增加準確度
 - 4. 有些資料rmse下降,準確度無法有效上升

• 加分項目

- 1. 能夠處理多維資料
- 2. 能夠處理多群資料
- 3. 隱藏層層數可設定
- 4. 隱藏層的神經元個數可設定
- 5. Demo 影片