

# Programming Assignment 1: Recognition of Handwritten Digits by Multilayer Perceptrons

You are given a zipped data set (Data.rar) containing four files:

1. in\_train.txt: the input features of training data (7494 handwritten digits, with each having 16 features which are the (x,y) coordinates of 8 points sampled sequentially from the writing trajectory of the digit);
2. out\_train.txt: the desired class label, i.e. 0~9, corresponding to each sample in in\_train.txt;
3. in\_test.txt: the input features of testing data (3498 handwritten digits, with each having 16 features which are the (x,y) coordinates of 8 points sampled in sequence during writing);
4. out\_test.txt: the desired class label, i.e. 0~9, corresponding to each sample in in\_test.txt.

The data set is from <http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Pen-Based+Recognition+of+Handwritten+Digits>. You have to train your MLP with the in\_train.txt and out\_train.txt. Note that the data may need to be preprocessed as follows:

1. Since a sigmoid activation function has the derivatives almost equal to 0 at both extreme ends ( $x \rightarrow \infty$  and  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ), a neuron employing the sigmoid activation function would become “dull” or even “dead” (no learning capability) for both very large values and very small values of  $x$ . In view of this, you have to normalize the x’s and y’s of the coordinates to be within the range [0,1] to prevent the neurons from dullness. Besides, this normalization also remove the size variations of the written digits.
2. Remember the one-output-one-class architecture of the MLP I taught you in our class. Therefore, you have to prepare the appropriate form for the target data in the out\_train.txt and out\_test.txt.

For your convenience, I list the backpropagation learning algorithm of the MLP in the following.

## Backpropagation Algorithm:

**Input:**  $L$ : number of layers,  $\{S^{(l)}\}_{l=1}^L$ : number of neurons in layer  $l$ ,  $f^{(l)}$ : the activation function of each neuron in layer  $l$  for  $l=1, \dots, L$ , and  $\alpha$ : learning rate (a small constant)

**Output:**  $W^{(l)} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{w}_1^{(l)} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{w}_{S^{(l)}}^{(l)} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{1,1}^{(l)} & \cdots & w_{1,S^{(l-1)}}^{(l)} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ w_{S^{(l)},1}^{(l)} & \cdots & w_{S^{(l)},S^{(l-1)}}^{(l)} \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}^{(l)} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1^{(l)} \\ \vdots \\ b_{S^{(l)}}^{(l)} \end{bmatrix}$ , for  $l = 1, \dots, L$

### Steps:

1. **Input a set of training examples**
2. **For each training example  $\{\mathbf{t}, \mathbf{p}\}$  :** Set the corresponding input activation  $\mathbf{a}^{(0)} = \mathbf{p}$ , and perform the following steps:
  - **Feedforward:** For each  $l = 1, 2, \dots, L$  compute  $\mathbf{n}^{(l)} = W^{(l)}\mathbf{a}^{(l-1)} + \mathbf{b}^{(l)}$  and  $\mathbf{a}^{(l)} = f(\mathbf{n}^{(l)})$ , where  $f(\cdot)$  denotes the activation function.
  - **Output layer error**  $\delta^{(L)} = -2F'(\mathbf{n}^{(L)})(\mathbf{t} - \mathbf{a}^{(L)})$ , where  $F'(\mathbf{n}^{(L)}) = \begin{bmatrix} f'(n_1^{(L)}) & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \cdots & f'(n_{S^L}^{(L)}) \end{bmatrix}$  where  $f'()$  denotes first derivative of the activation function. For example, the first derivative of a sigmoid function can be computed by  $f' = f(1 - f)$ .
  - **Backpropagate the error:** For each  $l = L - 1, L - 2, \dots, 1$  compute  $\delta^{(l)} = F'(\mathbf{n}^{(l)}) \cdot (W^{(l+1)})^T \delta^{(l+1)}$ .
  - **Calculate weight and bias updates:** For each  $l = L - 1, L - 2, \dots, 1$  compute  $\Delta \mathbf{w}^{(l)} = \delta^{(l)}(\mathbf{a}^{(l-1)})^T$  and  $\Delta \mathbf{b}^{(l)} = \delta^{(l)}$ .
  - **Update weights:** For each  $l = L - 1, L - 2, \dots, 1$  update the weights and biases according to the rule  $\mathbf{w}^{(l)} \rightarrow \mathbf{w}^{(l)} - \alpha \Delta \mathbf{w}^{(l)}$  and  $\mathbf{b}^{(l)} \rightarrow \mathbf{b}^{(l)} - \alpha \Delta \mathbf{b}^{(l)}$ .

Please do not use also the In\_test.txt and Out\_test.txt as your training data because these two files should be used only for evaluating the performance of your MLP. You are required to try at least 5 MLPs with different network architectures (i.e., number of hidden layers and number of hidden neurons) to examine their impacts on the performance.

Files you should submitted to the course website ([www.elearn.ndhu.edu.tw](http://www.elearn.ndhu.edu.tw)):

1. Source codes with concise comments.

2. A Word (or PDF) report which presents your results as clearly as possible.

Some required contents in your report include

- the extra efforts (such as extracting other effective features, designing friendly GUI for demo, ...), if any, you have made in this assignment,
- the tables that lists the recognition rates of different network architectures,
- the confusion matrix (please search on google for the definition of a confusion matrix),
- the detailed discussions on your results, and
- the conclusive descriptions about what you have learned in this assignment (as many as possible) .

If you get any questions when doing this assignment, feel free to post your questions to our class forum on course website.