

# Lab - Create a Simple Game with Python IDLE

### **Objectives**

Part 1: Launch VirtualBox and Enter the I2IoT server VM

Part 2: Create a Simple Game with Python IDLE

Part 3: IDLE for Python

### **Background**

Python, a programming language, allows for simpler statements. Python is very easy to use, powerful, and versatile. It has become the language of choice for many IoT developers. One of the main reasons for the popularity of Python is the developer community; Python developers have created and made available many specific modules that can be imported into any program to immediately lend added functionality.

#### **Scenario**

In this lab, you will create a simple game using Python IDLE.

### **Required Resources**

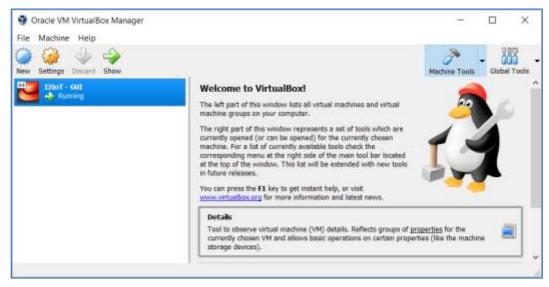
- A modern personal computer with sufficient RAM and with internet access.
- VirtualBox with I2IoT server installed.

### Part 1: Launch VirtualBox and Enter the I2IoT server VM

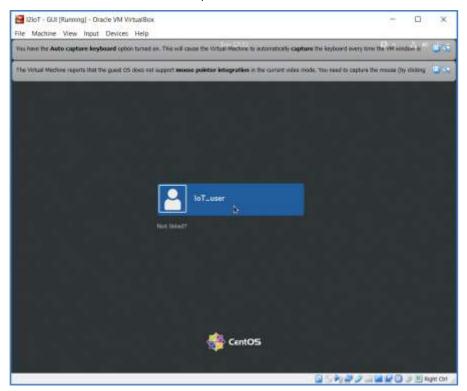
In Part 1, you launch virtualization software VirtualBox and login to the I2IoT server VM.

#### Step 1: Launch VirtualBox.

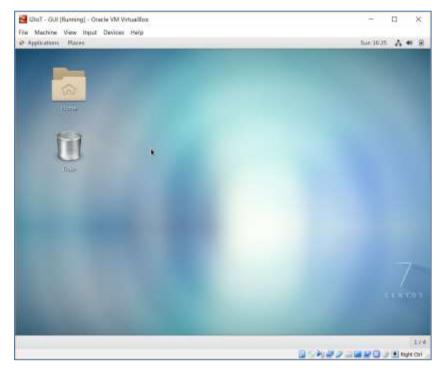
a. After VirtualBox is installed (see Lab 2.1.2.a), the VirtualBox icon should appear on the Desktop. Click the icon to launch the VirtualBox.



b. Click **I2IoT – GUI** on the left pane to launch the server VM.

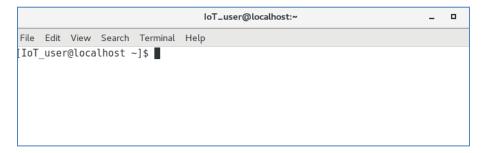


c. The default username is IoT\_user with no password. Click the blue bar **IoT\_user** in the middle of the screen to log in to the VM.



### Step 2: Navigate to the user Document directory

a. To access the command line interface, click Application on the menu bar and choose Terminal.



b. Use the **pwd** command to display the current directory.



c. Use the **Is** command to show the list of contents in the current directory. Use the **Is** command with the **-I** option to show detailed information about the contents.

```
File Edk View Search Terminal Help

[IoT_user@localhost -]$ pwd
/home/IoT_user
IoT_user@localhost -]$ ls
Desktop Documents Downloads Music Pictures Public Templates Videos
[IoT_user@localhost -]$ ls -1
total 0

drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Documents
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Documents
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Pictures
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Pictures
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Public
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Public
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Templates
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Templates
drwxr-xr-x. 2 IoT_user IoT_user 6 Apr 16 10:55 Videos
```

d. Use the **cd Documents** command to change the directory to the /home/IoT\_user/Documents directory. Verify by using the command **pwd**.

```
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[IoT_user@localhost ~]$ ls

Desktop Documents Downloads Music Pictures Public Templates Videos

[IoT_user@localhost ~]$ cd Documents

[IoT_user@localhost Documents]$ pwd

/home/IoT_user/Documents

[IoT_user@localhost Documents]$ |
```

## Part 2: Create a Simple Game with Python IDLE

In Part 2, you will create a simple game. The goal of the game is to find a number chosen by a player within 0 and 1024 using the bisection method.

### Step 1: Launch IDLE.

a. Use the **idle3** command to launch IDLE. By default, it starts in Python Shell, or interactive interpreter, window. You are already familiar with the interactive interpreter.

```
[IoT user@stueverj-vm2 Documents]$ idle3
```

```
Python 3.6.5 Shell _ _ _ X

File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.6.5 (default, Apr 16 2018, 15:31:49)
[GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-16)] on linux
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>> |
```

b. Click **File** -> **New File** to open a new (Untitled) Python script.



c. Type the codes in the script, and note that the codes are color coded with open and close parentheses matched.

```
2.py - /home/loT_user/Documents/2.py (3.6.5)
                                                                         - 0
Elle Edit Format Bun Options Window Help
x=input("Enter an integer between 0 and 1024 -- ")
x-int(x)
8=8
b=1024
test=True
   print("Your bumber is 0, thank you for playing.")
    test=False
else:
        print("Your number is 1024, thank you for playing.")
    while test == True:
        m=int((a+b)/2)
            print("Your number is ", m, ", thank you for playing.")
            if m < x:
            a=m
else:
                b-n
```

- d. Click File -> Save, and save the current script as 2.py in the current directory. Click the Save button.
- e. Click Run -> Run Module (or press F5). The shell window will display the result.



f. Troubleshoot if an error occurs during code syntax evaluation.

#### Reflection

How to catch if the player enters a number beyond the range of 0 to 1024?

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How to catch if the player enters a float number?

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