## Homework Assignment N°2

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# 1 Exercise 2: Logistic classification & discrimination

From now we will use  $\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$ 

#### 1.1 Part a

- $\square$  Initialize  $w_0$ ?
  - 1. Some fixed  $w_0$  like  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
  - 2. The result of computation around the dataset like the mean:  $w_0 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i$ , concatenated with a constant.
  - 3. A random vector

Any vector except the null vector and the multiples of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  is suitable to initialize  $w_0$ ,

 $\square$  How to learn: for batch learning use this equation at each step

$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \eta \nabla E(w_n) = w_n - \eta \sum_{n=1}^{N} (y(n) - t_n) x_n$$

- $\square$  How to stop the iterative process?
  - 1. Stop when the norm of the difference vector is low:  $\Delta_n = \frac{\|w_{n+1} w_n\|}{\|w_n\|} < \epsilon$

This is a commonly used criterion that stops the process when the steps we take are getting small compared to our current result.

- 2. Stop after fixed number of iteration
  This ensures we won't enter in a infinite non-convergent process.
- 3. Stop when a threshold error is reached:  $E(w_n) < \epsilon$ This is actually a bad idea because most of the time we can't be certain it is possible to reach such threshold on the error. It would result in an infinite process.

In a batch version, we can use criteria 1 and 2 together and stop whenever one of the criteria is reached.

In a stochastic version, criterium 1 is not applicable because it would stop the learning process whenever a well classified data is picked for an iteration.

Our algorithm goes as follows:

- 1. Chose  $\epsilon$ , N and  $\eta$  respectively for precision, maximum number of iterations and speed convergency.
- 2. Set current error  $\Delta$  to  $+\infty$  and n to 0
- 3. Chose the initial discriminant:  $w_{current} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 4. While  $\Delta > \epsilon \wedge n < N$  do

(a) Compute and store next discriminant  $w_{next}$ :

$$w_{next} = w_{current} - \eta \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left( \sigma(w_{current}^{\top} x_n) - t_n \right) x_n$$

(b) Compute and store the new error  $\Delta$ :

$$\Delta = \frac{\|w_{next} - w_{current}\|}{\|w_{current}\|}$$

- (c) Prepare for next iteration: store  $w_{next}$  in place of  $w_{current}$  and increment n
- 5. If  $\Delta > \epsilon$ , it means we have not converged enough towards the limit. We should consider increasing N OR using another algorithm for convergence (eg. Newton-Raphson)
- 6. Result is stored in  $w_{current}$ , number of steps in n.

#### 1.2 Part b

First important thing to notice is that the point  $x = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  is missclassified. We define  $\bar{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  thus it means that when we compute  $w^{\top}\bar{x}$  the sign of the result is incorrect.

In our case,  $w^{\top}\bar{x} = 1$ , thus the real class of x is 0.

The formula to update the weights is the following:

$$w_{new} = w - \eta \sigma(w^{\top} \bar{x}) \bar{x}$$

We get the following result:

$$w_{new} \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.5614 & 2.4386 & 1.5614 \end{bmatrix}$$

### 2 Exercise 4: MCQ

#### 2.1 First MCQ

This first question tests if the candidate knows how to compute the new discriminant from the previous one, using gradient descent.

Q: Which of the following equations can be used to update the discriminant w using the method of gradient descent?

1. 
$$w_{n+1} - w_n = \eta \nabla E(w_n)$$

2. 
$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \eta \nabla E(w_n)$$

3. 
$$w_n + \eta \nabla E(w_{n-1}) = w_{n-1}$$

4. 
$$w_n = \eta w_n - \nabla E(w_{n+1})$$

#### 2.2 Second MCQ