

### Assignment 3

1. Declare two variables of type int and assign values to them. Add the two variables together and print the result.

```
<terminated> sss [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (28-Feb-2023, 11:17:32 pm – 11:17:35 pm) [pid: 28356]
The sum of 10 and 20 is 30

arithmetic.java assignment.java great.java maxof2.java celsius.java sss.java × Test.java »22
1 package sa;
2
3
4 public class sss {
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         // Declare two variables of type int and assign values to them
7         int a = 10;
8         int b = 20;
9
10        // Add the two variables together
11        int sum = a + b;
12
13        // Print the result
14        System.out.println("The sum of " + a + " and " + b + " is " + sum);
15    }
16 }
```

Codeshare link :

<https://codeshare.io/BA7IPn>

2. Declare two variables of type double, and assign values to them.  
Multiply the two variables together and print the result.

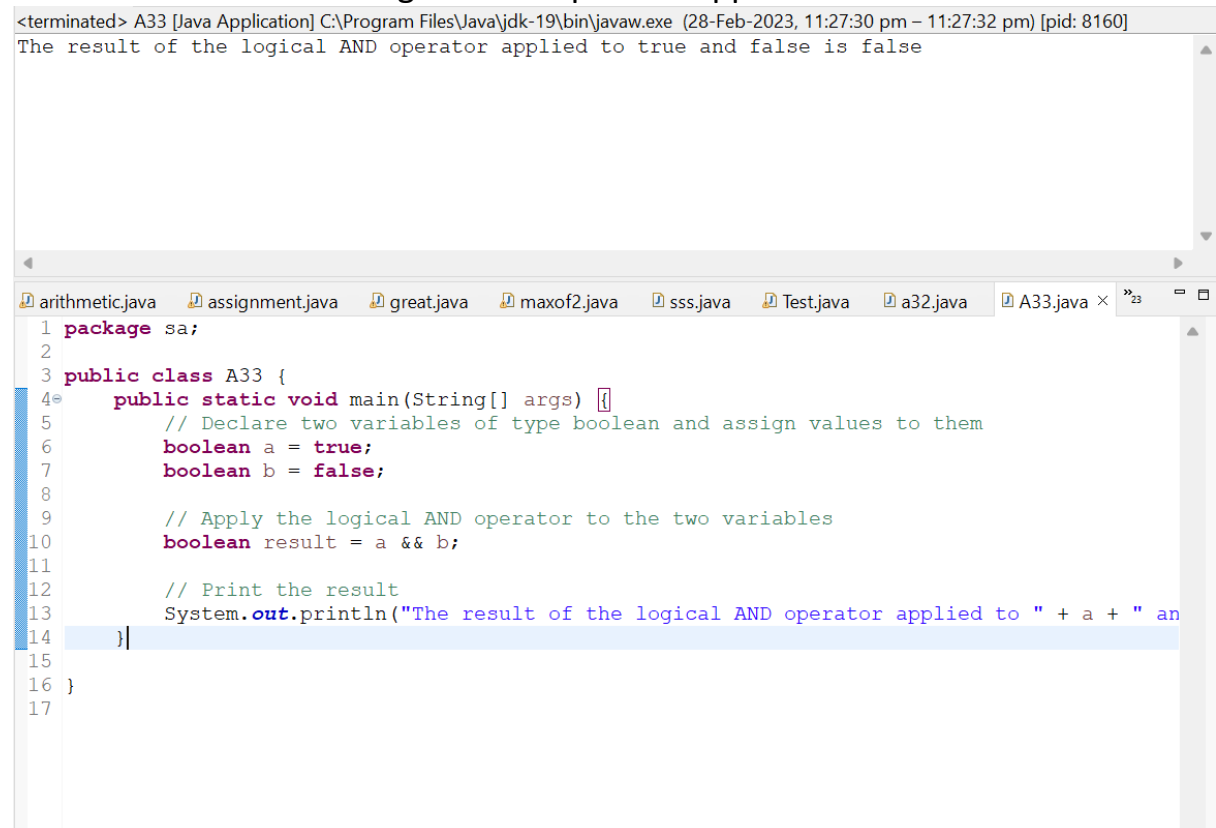
```
<terminated> a32 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (28-Feb-2023, 11:24:02 pm - 11:24:04 pm) [pid: 16148]
The product of 4.5 and 5.0 is 22.5

arithmetic.java assignment.java great.java maxof2.java sss.java Test.java a32.java x 23
1 package sa;
2
3 public class a32 {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         // Declare two variables of type double and assign values to them
6         double a = 4.5;
7         double b = 5.0;
8
9         // Multiply the two variables together
10        double product = a * b;
11
12        // Print the result
13        System.out.println("The product of " + a + " and " + b + " is " + product);
14    }
15
16 }
17
```

Codeshare link :

<https://codeshare.io/6pkolO>

3. Declare two variables of type boolean, and assign values to them. Print out the value of the logical AND operator applied to the two variables.



```
<terminated> A33 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (28-Feb-2023, 11:27:30 pm - 11:27:32 pm) [pid: 8160]
The result of the logical AND operator applied to true and false is false

arithmetic.java  assignment.java  great.java  maxof2.java  sss.java  Test.java  a32.java  A33.java x  »23  □
1 package sa;
2
3 public class A33 {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         // Declare two variables of type boolean and assign values to them
6         boolean a = true;
7         boolean b = false;
8
9         // Apply the logical AND operator to the two variables
10        boolean result = a && b;
11
12        // Print the result
13        System.out.println("The result of the logical AND operator applied to " + a + " and " + b + " is " + result);
14    }
15
16 }
17
```

Codeshare link :

<https://codeshare.io/r9lwrg>

4. Declare a variable of type String, and assign it a value. Use the String class method length() to print out the length of the string.

```
package sa;

public class A34 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Declare a variable of type String and assign it a value

        String myString = "Hello, world!";

        // Use the length() method of the String class to print out the length of
        the string

        System.out.println("The length of myString is: " + myString.length());

    }

}
```

Output :

```
The length of myString is: 13
```

Codeshare link :

<https://codeshare.io/4eoM1b>

5. declare a variable of type String, and assign it a value. Use the String class method toUpperCase() to print out the string in all uppercase letters.

```
package sa;

public class A35 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Declare a variable of type String and assign it a value

        String myString = "hello, world!";

        // Use the toUpperCase() method of the String class to print out the string
        in all uppercase letters

        System.out.println("Uppercase string: " + myString.toUpperCase());

    }

}
```

Output :

```
Uppercase string: HELLO, WORLD!
```

Codeshare link :

<https://codeshare.io/WdE0PW>

6. Declare a variable of type String, and assign it a value. Use the String class method substring() to print out a portion of the string.

```
fox

1 package assi3;
2
3 public class A36 {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         // Declare a variable of type String and assign it a value
6         String sentence = "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.";
7
8         // Use the substring() method to print out a portion of the string
9         String portion = sentence.substring(16, 19);
10        System.out.println(portion); // Output: fox
11    }
12 }
13
14
```

Codeshare link :

<https://codeshare.io/OdEmZA>

7. Declare a variable of type String, and assign it a value. Use the String class method indexOf() to find the index of a specific character in the string.

```
4

1 package assi3;
2
3 public class A37 {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         // Declare a variable of type String and assign it a value
6         String sentence = "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.";
7
8         // Use the indexOf() method to find the index of a specific character in the s
9         int index = sentence.indexOf('q');
10        System.out.println(index); // Output: 4
11    }
12 }
13
14 }
15
```

Codesharelink :

<https://codeshare.io/VZEQdP>

8. Declare a variable of type char, and assign it a value. Convert the character to its ASCII code and print out the result.

```
65
1 package assi3;
2
3 public class A38 {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         // Declare a variable of type char and assign it a value
6         char myChar = 'A';
7
8         // Convert the character to its ASCII code
9         int asciiCode = (int) myChar;
10        System.out.println(asciiCode); // Output: 65
11    }
12
13 }
14
```

Codeshare link :

<https://codeshare.io/YLE9R3>

9. Declare a variable of type int, and assign it a value. Convert the integer to a String and print out the result.

```
123
1 package assi3;
2
3 public class A39 {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         // Declare a variable of type int and assign it a value
6         int myInt = 123;
7
8         // Convert the integer to a String
9         String myString = Integer.toString(myInt);
10        System.out.println(myString); // Output: "123"
11    }
12 }
13
```

Codeshare link:

<https://codeshare.io/km8YrV>

10. Declare a variable of type double, and assign it a value. Convert the double to an int and print out the result.

```
Double value: 3.14159
Integer value: 3
```

```
1 package assi3;
2
3 public class A30 {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         double myDouble = 3.14159;
6         int myInt = (int) myDouble; // casting double to int
7         System.out.println("Double value: " + myDouble);
8         System.out.println("Integer value: " + myInt);
9     }
10 }
11
```

Codeshare link:

<https://codeshare.io/8ploOD>