Iterative nuthods

1 Jacobi Iterative method

From (1)
$$x_1 = b_1 - a_2 x_2 - a_{11}$$

$$f_{10m} = \frac{b_2 - a_1}{a_{22}}$$

Start with an initial guess
$$X_1, X_2$$

Iteration 1:
$$x_1' = \frac{b_1 - q_{12} \times 2^0}{q_{11}}$$

$$x_{2}^{1} = \underbrace{b_{2} - a_{21} x_{1}^{\circ}}_{q_{22}}$$

Iteration 2:
$$x_1^2 = \frac{b_1 - q_{12} x_2'}{q_{11}}$$

$$x_2^2 = \frac{b_2 - q_{21} x_1'}{q_{22}}$$

keep doing his till convergence

(a) $|x_1^i - x_1^{i-1}| < \epsilon$ and $|x_2^i - x_2^{i-1}| < \epsilon$

(b)
$$\sqrt{(\chi_{i}^{i}-\chi_{i}^{i})^{2}+(\chi_{2}^{i}-\chi_{2}^{i})^{2}}+...$$
 < ε

E = user defined to levance $e \cdot g \cdot E \approx 10^{-6}$ or 1e - 6

EXAMPLE:

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 7$$

$$X_1 - 3X_2 + X_3 = -2$$
 - 2

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 3 - 3$$

Use an initial guess
$$x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = 0$$

Solve up to 3 iterations

Solution:
$$X_1 = \frac{7 - X_2 - X_3}{2}$$
 From 1

$$X_2 = -2 - X_1 - X_3$$
 From (2)

$$x_3 = 3 - 2x_1 - 2x_2$$
 From (3)

Iteration:
$$X_1 = (7 - 0 - 0)/2 = 3.5$$

$$X_2 = (-2 - 0 - 0)/-3 = 0.6667$$

$$X_3 = (3 - 2(0) - 2(0)) = -3$$

$$K_1 = 7 - 0.6667 - (-3)$$

$$(2^{2}-2-3.5-63)=6.8333$$

$$x_3 = 3 - 2(3.5) - 2(0.4667) = 5.3334$$

$$X_1^2 = 4.6667$$
; $X_2^2 = 0.8333$; $X_3^2 = 5.3334$

Iteration 3

Iter	Χ,	X2	Х3
1	3.5	0.6667	-3
2	4.667	0.8333	S·3333

2	4.6667	0.8333	5.3333
3	0.4167	4.000	8.000