EXAMPLE

 $\frac{10Y}{2}R_{E} = 4.7 k\Omega$ $\frac{2}{2}R_{E} = 3.3 k\Omega$

Compute Vc, VE, VB, IE, IB, Ic & assume \$=100

Assume BIT is in active mode. We will check this assumption eventually.

$$T_{C} = 4.7 k\Omega$$

$$V_{E} = 4.7 k\Omega$$

$$V_{E} = 3.3 k\Omega$$

$$V_{E} = 3.3 k\Omega$$

$$| 10^{-1} V_{c} = I_{c} R_{c} - 0$$

$$| 4 - V_{B} = 0$$

$$| - V_{E} = 4 - 2$$

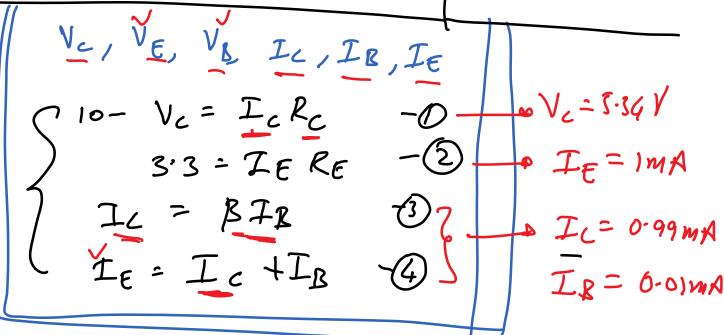
$$| V_{E} - 0 = I_{E} R_{E} - 2$$

$$| V_{C}, I_{E}, V_{E}, I_{C} |$$

$$| V_{B} - V_{E} = 0.7$$

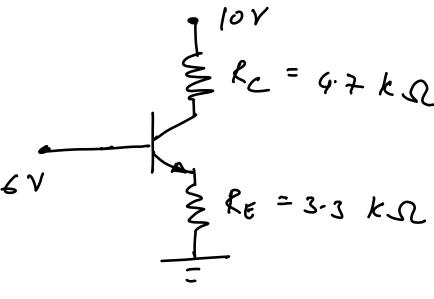
$$| 4 - V_{E} = 0.7$$

VE = 3.3 V



Check assumptions of active mode
$$I_B, I_C > 0$$
 $V_{BE} = 0.7 V$; $I_C = B I_B$ V assumed $V_C = V_C - V_E = 5.34 - 3.3 = 2.04 > 0.2$

EXAMPLEZ



Check ; + the BIT is in active mode (B= 100)

Assumptions of active mode

V_{CE} ≥ 0.2

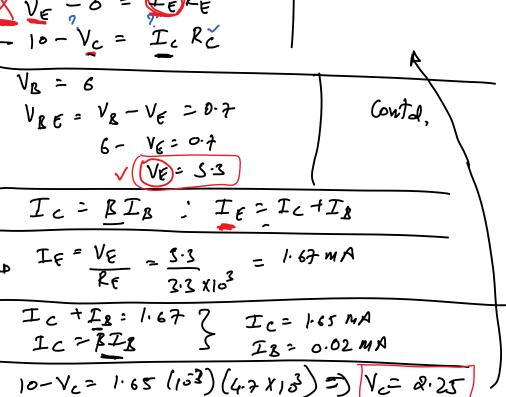
$$T_{C} = \frac{10Y}{R_{C}} = 4.7 k\Omega$$

$$V_{C} = \frac{2.27 - 5.3}{2.27 - 5.3}$$

$$= -3.05 \leq 0.2$$

$$R_{E} = 3.3 k\Omega$$

$$V_{C} = \frac{10Y}{R_{E}} = \frac{3.3 k\Omega}{R_{E}} = \frac{10}{3} \cdot \frac{10}{N} \cdot \frac{10}{N$$



EXAMPLE 3

EXAMPLE 4

EXAMPLE 3

EXAMPLE 4

EXAMPLE 4

EXAMPLE 5

In Saturation mode

IB, Ic > 6

VBE > 0.7

VCE ~ 0.2

Ic # BIB

$$I_{C} = 4.7 k\Omega$$

$$V_{E} = 3.3 k\Omega$$

$$V_{E} = 3.3 k\Omega$$

VB, Vc, VE, Ic, IB, IE

10-
$$V_c = I_c R_c - \Phi$$
6 - $V_R = 0$ - Φ
 $V_E - 0 = I_E R_E - 3$
 $V_{RE} = V_R - V_E = 0.7 - 4$
 $V_{CE} = V_C - V_E = 0.2 - 4$
 $I_C = I_R + I_E - \Phi$

$$V_E = S-2Y$$

$$V_C = S\cdot 5Y$$

$$V_B = 6Y$$

$$I_c = 1.6 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_B = 0.64 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_C = 0.96 \text{ mA}$$

$$\frac{I_c}{I_R} = \frac{0.96}{0.64} = 1.5 \text{ (not 100)}$$
Saturation mode $\neq \beta$