Simulation of Ideal Gas

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Assumptions Using KMT

- Small particles in constant random linear motion
- No interactive forces
- Average kinetic energy depends on temperature
- Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution for total velocities (but each vector component follows normal curve)

Additional Assumptions

- Ignore particle-particle collisions
- Argon gas

What I Want to Verify

Ideal Gas Law: PV=nRT

Compressibility Factor: Z=PV/nRT (equals 1 for ideal)

Boyle's Law: P1V1=P2V2

Gay-Lussac's Law: P1/T1=P2/T2

```
Sim[nParticles_, xParticles_, m_, length_] := {
  Clear[xPos, trajData];
  trajData = {};
  vTotalArray = {};
  F = 0;
  dpTotal = 0;
  nParticlesUsed = nParticles;
  xParticlesUsed = xParticles[1;; nParticlesUsed];
  For [i = 1, i \le nSteps, i++,
   v = {vTherm, vTherm, vTherm};
   vTotal = Sqrt[v[1] ^2 + v[2] ^2 + v[3] ^2];
   AppendTo[vTotalArray, vTotal];
   For[n = 1, n ≤ nParticlesUsed, n++,
    xPos = xParticlesUsed[[n]][[i]];
    xPos += v dt;
    If [xPos[1]] < 0, xPos[1]] = -xPos[1]]; dp = Abs[2 m \times [1]]; dpTotal += dp; \times [1] = -\times [1]; ];
    If [xPos[1]] > length, xPos[1]] = 2 * length - xPos[1]]; dp = Abs[2 m v[1]]]; dpTotal += dp; v[1]] = -v[1]];
    If [xPos [2] < 0, xPos [2] = -xPos [2]; dp = Abs [2 m v [2]]; dpTotal += dp; v [2] = -v [2];];
    If [xPos[2] > Length, xPos[2] = 2 * \text{Length} - \text{xPos}[2]; dp = Abs[2 m v[2]]; dpTotal += dp; v[2] = -v[2];];
    If [xPos[3]] < 0, xPos[3]] = -xPos[3]]; dp = Abs[2 m v[3]]; dpTotal += dp; v[3] = -v[3];];
    If [xPos[3] > Length, xPos[3] = 2 * \text{Length} - \text{xPos}[3]; dp = Abs[2 m v[3]]; dpTotal += dp; v[3] = -v[3];];
    AppendTo[xParticlesUsed[n], xPos];
  F += dpTotal / time;
```

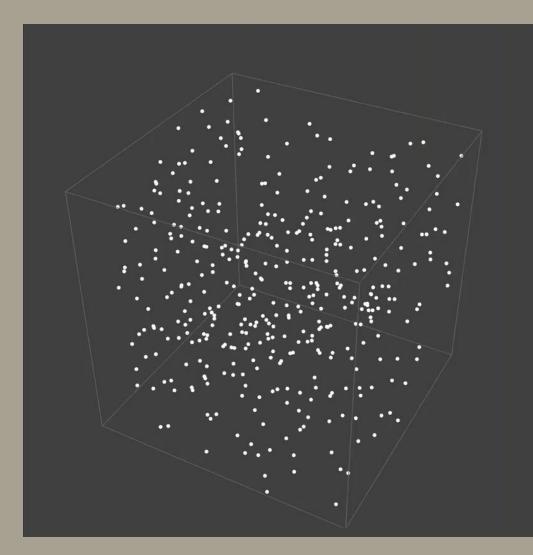
Simulation of Particles in a Box

```
ln[3646] = RT1 = 8.314 * 273; (*units J/mol = (kg m2/s2)/mol*)
       M = 39.9 / 1000; (*molar mass: units kg*)
      vTherm := Random[NormalDistribution[0, Sqrt[(RT1) / (M)]]] (*units m/s*)
       m = 6.6335209 * (10^{(-26)}); (*atomic mass of Argon in kg*)
       length = 100;
       nParticles = 400;
       time = 100; (*units sec*)
       dt = .05;
       nSteps = Round[time / dt];
       xParticles = {};
       For[i = 1, i ≤ nParticles, i++,
        AppendTo[xParticles, {{RandomReal[{0, length}], RandomReal[{0, length}]}}];
       Sim[nParticles, xParticles, m, length];
       area = 6 * (length^2);
       V1 = length ^ 3;
       P1 = F / area;
       n = nParticlesUsed / (6.02 * (10^23));
      Z = (P1 V1) / (n RT1);
       Print["total force: ", F, " N"]
       Print["total pressure: ", P1, " Pa"]
       Print["compressibility: ", Z]
       \sigma = ((RT1) / M) ^0.5;
       MaxwellCurve = Plot[PDF[MaxwellDistribution[\sigma], x], {x, 0, 1000}, PlotRange \rightarrow {{0, 1000}, {0, .0035}}}, PlotStyle \rightarrow Thick];
       vTotalDist = Histogram[vTotalArray, bins = 50, "PDF"];
       Show[vTotalDist, MaxwellCurve]
       total force: 8.98662 \times 10^{-20} N
       total pressure: 1.49777 × 10<sup>-24</sup> Pa
       compressibility: 0.993137
```

Verifying Ideal Gas Law

Conditions:
Argon molar mass, atomic mass
T=273K
Time=100sec
dt=.05sec
Box Length=100m
of Particles=400

Result: Z=0.99137 Very close to 1!



Conditions: T=273K Box Length=1000m # of Particles=400

```
RT1 = 8.314 * 273; (*units J/mol = (kg m2/s2)/mol*)
M = 39.9 / 1000; (*molar mass: units kg*)
vTherm := Random[NormalDistribution[0, Sqrt[(RT1) / (M)]]] (*units m/s*)
m = 6.6335209 * (10^{(-26)}); (*atomic mass of Argon in kg*)
nParticles = 400;
length = 1000;
time = 100; (*units sec*)
nSteps = Round[time / dt];
Sim[nParticles, xParticles, m, length];
animationArray = {};
For [i = 1, i \le nSteps + 1, i++,
 positionAllParticles = {};
 For[n = 1, n ≤ nParticlesUsed, n++,
  position = xParticlesUsed[n][i];
  AppendTo[positionAllParticles, position];
 AppendTo[animationArray, positionAllParticles]
v = Map[Point, animationArray];
animation = Animate[Graphics3D[{White, v[i]}}, PlotRange → {{0, length}, {0, length}}, {i, 1, Length[v], 1}, AnimationRate → 100, RefreshRate → 100,
```

```
In[3678]:= DiffVolume[originalLength_, multiplier_, nRuns_] := {
          pressuresRatioVolume = {};
          lengthMultiplier = multiplier^(1/3);
          length = lengthMultiplier * originalLength;
          For [k = 1, k \le nRuns, k++,
           RT1 = 8.314 * 273; (*units J/mol = (kg m2/s2)/mol*)
           M = 39.9 / 1000; (*molar mass: units kg*)
           vTherm := Random[NormalDistribution[0, Sqrt[(RT1) / (M)]]]; (*units m/s*)
           m = 6.6335209 * (10^{(-26)}); (*atomic mass of Argon in kg*)
           nParticles = 400;
           time = 100; (*units sec*)
           dt = .05;
           nSteps = Round[time / dt];
           xParticles = {};
           For[i = 1, i ≤ nParticles, i++,
            AppendTo[xParticles, {{RandomReal[{0, length}]}, RandomReal[{0, length}]}, RandomReal[{0, length}]}}];
           Sim[nParticles, xParticles, m, length];
           area = 6 * (length^2);
           V2 = length^3;
           P2 = F / area;
           n = nParticlesUsed / (6.02 * (10^23));
           Z = (P2 V2) / (n RT1);
           pressuresRatioVolume = AppendTo[pressuresRatioVolume, P1 / P2];
           \sigma = ((RT1) / M)^0.5;
            \texttt{MaxwellCurve} = \texttt{Plot}[\texttt{PDF}[\texttt{MaxwellDistribution}[\sigma], \texttt{X}], \{\texttt{X}, \texttt{0}, \texttt{1000}\}, \texttt{PlotRange} \rightarrow \{\{\texttt{0}, \texttt{1000}\}, \{\texttt{0}, .0035\}\}]; 
           vTotalDist = Histogram[vTotalArray, bins = 50, "PDF"];
```

Verifying Boyle's Law: Simulation at Different Volume

```
3679]:= DiffVolume[100, 8, 1];
    Print["total force: ", F]
    Print["total pressure: ", P2]
    Print["compressibility: ", Z]
    Print["P1/P2 = ", P1/P2]
    Print["V2/V1 = ", V2/V1]
    Show[MaxwellCurve, vTotalDist]
    total force: 4.34085 \times 10^{-20}
    total pressure: 1.80869 \times 10^{-25}
    compressibility: 0.959438
    P1/P2 = 8.28099
    V2/V1 = 8
```

Condition: V2/V1=8

Result with 1 Run: P1/P2=8.28099

Result with 10 Runs: Avg P1/P2=7.93793 Variation from Ideal = 0.77584%

```
Below is the result if the simulation is run 10 times and the average pressure ratio is taken.

In[3686]:= multiplierVolume = 8;
    nRuns = 10;

In[3688]:= DiffVolume[100, multiplierVolume, nRuns];

In[**]:= Print[pressuresRatioVolume]
    {7.89328, 7.26403, 9.67065, 7.92187, 7.69867, 8.26179, 7.91543, 7.13317, 8.76449, 6.85595})

In[**]:= averagePressureRatioVolume = Mean[pressuresRatioVolume]
    Print["variation from ideal: ", Abs[((averagePressureRatioVolume - multiplierVolume) / multiplierVolume) ** 100], "%"]

Out[**]:= 7.93793
    variation from ideal: 0.77584%
```

```
DiffTemp[originalTemp_, multiplier_, nRuns_] := {
  pressuresRatioTemp = {};
  RT2 = multiplier * 8.314 * originalTemp; (*units J/mol = (kg m2/s2)/mol*)
  For [k = 1, k \le nRuns, k++,
   M = 39.9 / 1000; (*molar mass: units kg*)
   vTherm := Random[NormalDistribution[0, Sqrt[(RT2) / (M)]]]; (*units m/s*)
   m = 6.6335209 * (10^{(-26)}); (*atomic mass of Argon in kg*)
    length = 1000;
    nParticles = 400;
    time = 100; (*units sec*)
    dt = .05;
    nSteps = Round[time / dt];
    xParticles = {};
    For[i = 1, i ≤ nParticles, i++,
    AppendTo[xParticles, {{RandomReal[{0, length}], RandomReal[{0, length}]}}, RandomReal[{0, length}]}}];
    Sim[nParticles, xParticles, m, length];
    area = 6 * (length^2);
    V1 = length^3;
   P2 = F / area;
   n = nParticlesUsed / (6.02 * (10^23));
    Z = (P2 V1) / (n RT2);
    pressuresRatioTemp = AppendTo[pressuresRatioTemp, P1 / P2];
    \sigma = ((RT2) / M)^0.5;
    \texttt{MaxwellCurve} = \texttt{Plot}[\texttt{PDF}[\texttt{MaxwellDistribution}[\sigma], \texttt{X}], \{\texttt{X}, \texttt{0}, \texttt{1800}\}, \texttt{PlotRange} \rightarrow \{\{\texttt{0}, \texttt{1800}\}, \{\texttt{0}, .0035\}\}]; 
   vTotalDist = Histogram[vTotalArray, bins = 30, "PDF"];
```

Verifying Gay-Lussac's Law: Simulation at Different Temperature

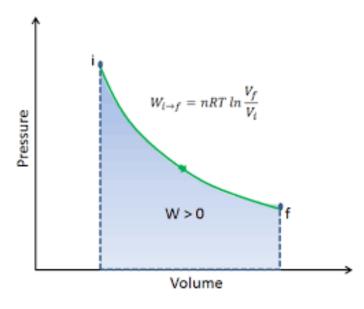
```
In[3721]:= DiffTemp[273, 3, 1];
       Print["total force: ", F]
      Print["total pressure: ", P2]
       Print["compressibility: ", Z]
      Print["P1/P2 = ", P1/P2]
       Print["T1/T2 = ", RT1 / RT2]
      Show[MaxwellCurve, vTotalDist]
       total force: 2.69011 \times 10^{-19}
       total pressure: 4.48351 \times 10^{-24}
       compressibility: 0.990971
       P1/P2 = 0.331541
       T1/T2 = 0.333333
```

Condition: T1/T2=1/3

Result with 1 Run: P1/P2=0.331541

Result with 10 Runs: Avg P1/P2=0.33069 Variation from Ideal = 0.7933144%

Isothermal Compression



$$W_{i\rightarrow f} = \int_{V_i}^{V_f} p \ dV = \int_{V_i}^{V_f} \frac{nRT}{V} \ dV = nRT \int_{V_i}^{V_f} \frac{1}{V} \ dV = nRT \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$$

```
In[*]= IsothermalCE[nParticles_, h1_, h2_, hstep_, m_, length_] := {
       PVarray = {};
       Zarray = {};
       For [h = h1, h \ge h2, h += hstep,
        Clear[xPos, trajData];
        xParticles = {};
        trajData = {};
        vTotalArray = {};
        dpTotal = 0;
        For [o = 1, o \le nParticles, o++,
         AppendTo[xParticles, {{RandomReal[{0, Length}]}, RandomReal[{0, Length}]}, RandomReal[{0, h}]}}];
         For[i = 1, i ≤ nSteps, i++,
         v = {vTherm, vTherm, vTherm};
          vTotal = Sqrt[v[1]]^2 + v[2]]^2 + v[3]]^2];
          AppendTo[vTotalArray, vTotal];
          For [n = 1, n \le nParticles, n++,
           xPos = xParticles[n][i];
           xPos += v dt;
           If [xPos[1]] < 0, xPos[1]] = -xPos[1]]; dp = Abs[2 m v[1]]; dpTotal += dp; v[1]] = -v[1]];];
           If [xPos[1]] > length, xPos[1]] = 2 * length - xPos[1]]; dp = Abs[2 m v [1]]; dpTotal += dp; v [1] = -v [1]; ;
           If [xPos[2]] < 0, xPos[2]] = -xPos[2]]; dp = Abs [2 m v[2]]; dpTotal += dp; v[2] = -v[2]; ];
           If [xPos[2]] > Length, xPos[2]] = 2 * Length - xPos[2]]; dp = Abs[2 m v[2]]; dpTotal += dp; v[2]] = -v[2]];];
           If [xPos[3]] < 0, xPos[3]] = -xPos[3]]; dp = Abs [2 m v[3]]; dpTotal += dp; v[3] = -v[3]; ];
           If [xPos[3]] > h, xPos[3]] = 2 * h - xPos[3]; dp = Abs[2 m v[3]]; dpTotal += dp; v[3] = -v[3];];
           AppendTo[xParticles[n], xPos];
        F += dpTotal / time;
        area = 4 * Length * h + 2 * Length ^ 2;
        V = h * Length^2;
        P = F / area;
        n = nParticles / (6.02 * (10^23));
        Z = (PV) / (nRT);
        AppendTo[PVarray, {V, P}];
         AppendTo[Zarray, Z];
```

Simulation for Isothermal Compression

```
N(-)= RT = 8.314 = 273; (*units 3/mol = (kg m2/s2) /mol*)

M = 39.9/1000; (*units mass: units kg*)

Vibram: Random(NormalDistribution[6, Sqrt[(RT) / (M)]]]; (*units m/s*)

m = 6.6335200* (10^* (-26)); (*stomic mass of Argon in kg*)

nParticles = 400;

time = 100; (*units sec*)

dt = .05;

nSteps = Round(time / dt];

length = 1000;

h1 = 1000;

h2 = 100;

hstep = -200;

nRuns = 10;

IsothermalCE[nParticles, hi, h2, hstep, m, length];

N(-)= Print[PVarray, Zarray]

[1000 000 000, 1.53808 x10^{-22}], [800 000 000, 1.84273 x10^{-22}], [600 000 000, 2.59661 x10^{-22}], [400 000 000, 4.88045 x10^{-22}], [200 000 000, 7.93431 x10^{-22}]](1.02039, 0.977495, 1.03305, 1.08226, 1.05221)

N(-)= PVplot = ListPlot(PVarray, PlotRange + ((h2*length^2, 1.01*h1*length^2), (1.2*^-27, 1.05*^-26))]

1.10^{-27}

8.10^{-27}

8.10^{-27}

9.10^{-27}

1.10^{-27}

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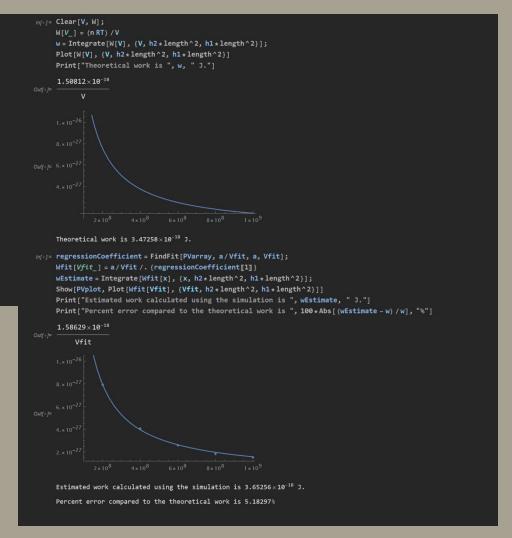
1.20^{-27}

1.20^{-27}

1.20^{-2
```

Estimated work using simulation: about 3.653E-18J

Error compared to theoretical integral = about 5.183%



Elastic Collisions of Two Particles

total momentum before = total momentum after

$$m_{\mathrm{A}} v_{\mathrm{A}} + m_{\mathrm{B}} v_{\mathrm{B}} = m_{\mathrm{A}} v_{\mathrm{A}}' + m_{\mathrm{B}} v_{\mathrm{B}}'$$

total kinetic energy before = total kinetic energy after

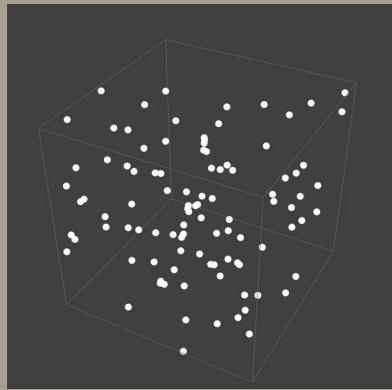
$$\frac{1}{2}m_{\rm A}v_{\rm A}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_{\rm B}v_{\rm B}^2 = \frac{1}{2}m_{\rm A}v_{\rm A}^{\prime 2} + \frac{1}{2}m_{\rm B}v_{\rm B}^{\prime 2}$$

```
in[2714]:= Clear[v1x, v2x, v1y, v2y, v1z, v2z];
                   sol = Solve[mv1[1]] + mv2[1]] = mv1x + mv2x && 0.5 mv1[1]^2 + 0.5 mv2[1]^2 = 0.5 mv1x^2 + 0.5 mv2x^2 && v1[2] + mv2[2] = mv1y + mv2y && 0.5 mv1[2]^2 + 0.5 mv2[2]^2 = 0.5 mv1y^2 + 0.5 mv2y^2 && v1y^2 + 0.5 mv2y^2 && v1y^2
                           mv1[3] + mv2[3] = mv1z + mv2z & 0.5 mv1[3] ^2 + 0.5 mv2[3] ^2 = 0.5 mv1z^2 + 0.5 mv2z^2 & v1[1], {v1x, v2x, v1y, v2y, v1z, v2z}]
                   finalSol = {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1};
                   For [i = 1, i \le Length[sol], i++,
                      If[sol[i][1][2] # v1[1], finalSol[1] = sol[i][1];];
                      If[sol[i][2][2] # v2[1], finalSol[2] = sol[i][2];];
                      If[sol[i][3][2] # v1[2], finalSol[3] = sol[i][3];];
                      If[sol[i][4][2] # v2[2], finalSol[4] = sol[i][4]];];
                      If[sol[i][5][2] # v1[3], finalSol[5] = sol[i][5];];
                      If[sol[i][6][2] # v2[3], finalSol[6] = sol[i][6];];
                   finalSolArray = finalSol /. Rule → List
                   v1x = finalSolArray[1][2]
                   v2x = finalSolArray[2][2]
                   v1y = finalSolArray[3][2]
                   v2y = finalSolArray[4][2]
                   v2z = finalSolArray[6][2]
```

```
Out[2719]= -31.2912
Out[2720]= -204.708
Out[2721]= 206.899
Out[2722]= 8.18265
Out[2723]= -235.141
Out[2724]= 148.155
In[2725]:= v1[1]
         v2[1]
        v1[2]
        v2[2]
        v1[3]
        v2[3]
Out[2725]= -204.708
Out[2726]= -31.2912
Out[2727]= 8.18265
Out[2728]= 206.899
Out[2729]= 148.155
Out[2730]= -235.141
```

```
AppendTo[distanceArray, distanceWithEachParticle];
distancesWithParticleCenter - distanceArraygkg;
    AppendTo[collidingParticlesiDarray, collidingParticlesEkg [1];
AppendTo[collidingParticlesiDarray, collidingParticles[kg [1]];
If xPosg2g > Length, xPosg2g = 2*Length - xPosg2g; dp = Abs[2*m vg2g]; dpTotal == dp; vg2g = - vg2g; ];
If [xPosg3g < 0, xPosg3g = -xPosg3g; dp = Abs[2*m vg3g]; dpTotal += dp; vg3g = - vg3g; ];
 f xPosf3t > Length, xPosf3t = 2*Length = xPosf3t; do = Abs;2 x yf3t; doTotal += do; yf3t = -yf3t;
```

Simulation Including Elastic Collisions of Two Particles at a Time



Conditions: T=273K Box Length=1E-8m # of Particles=100 time=2E-11 sec, dt=2E-13 sec