

HashSets

Assignment Questions



Q1. Given an array of size n filled with numbers from 1 to $n-1$ in random order. The array has only one repetitive element. The task is to find the repetitive element.

(Easy)

Input1:

$n = 5$
 $a[] = \{1, 3, 2, 3, 4\}$

Output1:

3

Input2:

$n = 6$
 $a[] = \{1, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

Output2:

1

Q2. Given two arrays of length n , print union and intersections that contain union and intersection of the elements present in the given arrays. Order of elements in output doesn't matter.

(Medium)

Input1:

$n = 4$
 $arr1[] = \{10, 15, 4, 20\}$
 $arr2[] = \{8, 4, 2, 10\}$

Output1:

Intersection List: 4 10
Union List: 2 8 20 4 15 10

Input2:

$n = 4$
 $arr1[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
 $arr2[] = \{3, 4, 8, 10\}$

Output2:

Intersection List: 3 4
Union List: 1 2 3 4 8 10

Q3. Given a person who is at position `current_pos` and a binary string `path` which is the moves the person took, if `path[i] = '0'` then the person moved one step left, and if `path[i] = '1'` then the person moved one step to the right. The task is to find the count of distinct positions the person visited.

(Medium)

Input1:

`current_pos = 5`
`path = "011101"`
Output1:

4

Explanation:

Given moves are left, right, right, right, left and right
i.e. $5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7$

The number of distinct positions are 4 (4, 5, 6 and 7).

Input2:

current_pos = 3

path = "110100"

Output2:

3

Q4. Given the number of questions as n, and marks for the correct answer as p and q marks for the incorrect answer. One can either attempt to solve the question in an examination and get either p marks if the answer is right, or q marks if the answer is wrong, or leave the question unattended and get 0 marks. The task is to find the count of all the different possible marks that one can score in the examination.

(Medium)

Input1:

n = 4, p = 2, q = -1

Output1:

12

Input2:

n = 2, p = 1, q = -1

Output2:

5

Explanation:

The different possible marks are: -2, -1, 0, 1, 2

Q5. Given n integers(can be duplicates), print the second smallest integer. If it does not exist, print -1.

(Medium)

Input1:

n = 4

1 2 2 -4

Output1:

1

Input2:

n = 5

1 2 3 1 1

Output2:

2