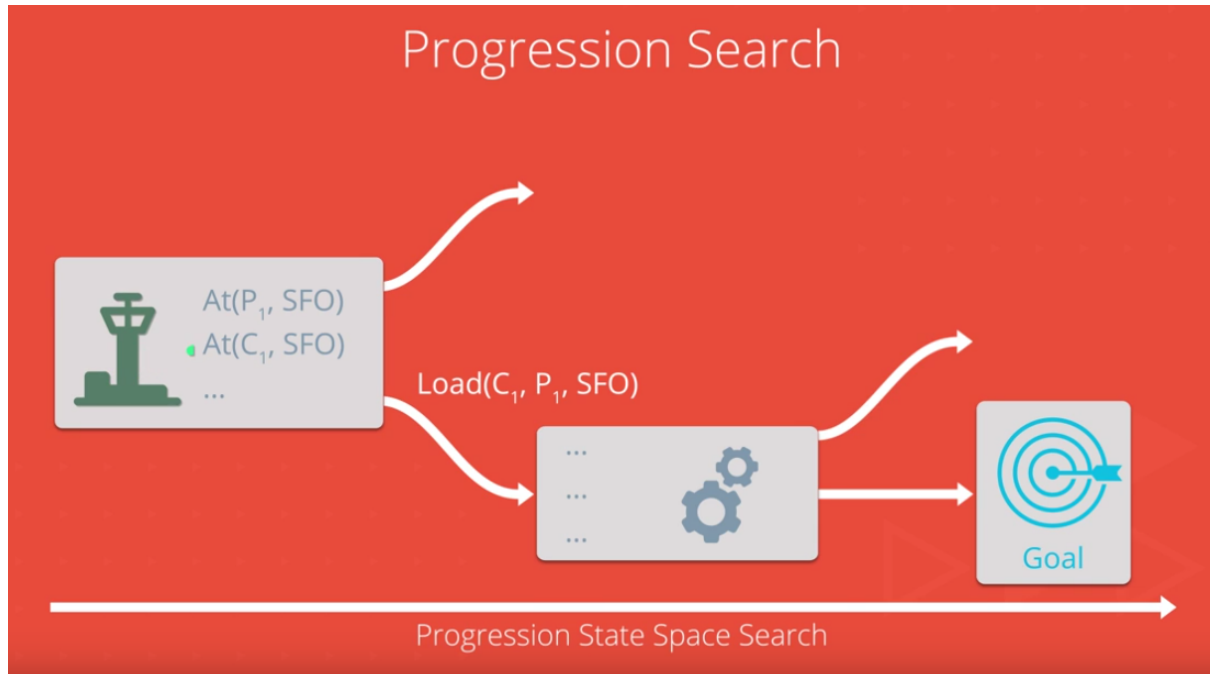


Planning Search Heuristic Analysis

By Pablo Mateo



Experimentation and documentation metrics for non-heuristic planning solution searches

In this project, we implemented a planning search agent to solve deterministic logistics planning problems for an **Air Cargo transport System**. We start with several problems, all of them in the Air Cargo domain. They all have the same action schema defined, but different initial states and goals.

Air Cargo Action Schema:

```
Action(Load(c, p, a),  
  PRECOND: At(c, a) ∧ At(p, a) ∧ Cargo(c) ∧ Plane(p) ∧ Airport(a)  
  EFFECT: ¬ At(c, a) ∧ In(c, p))
```

```
Action(Unload(c, p, a),  
  PRECOND: In(c, p) ∧ At(p, a) ∧ Cargo(c) ∧ Plane(p) ∧ Airport(a)  
  EFFECT: At(c, a) ∧ ¬ In(c, p))
```

```
Action(Fly(p, from, to),  
  PRECOND: At(p, from) ∧ Plane(p) ∧ Airport(from) ∧ Airport(to)  
  EFFECT: ¬ At(p, from) ∧ At(p, to))
```

Problem 1: Initial State and Goal

```
Init(At(C1, SFO) ∧ At(C2, JFK)
    ∧ At(P1, SFO) ∧ At(P2, JFK)
    ∧ Cargo(C1) ∧ Cargo(C2)
    ∧ Plane(P1) ∧ Plane(P2)
    ∧ Airport(JFK) ∧ Airport(SFO))
Goal(At(C1, JFK) ∧ At(C2, SFO))
```

For the first problem, we are asked to move Cargo 1 from SFO airport to JFK and Cargo 2 the other way round (from JFK to SFO). From the 3 analysed problems, this is the simpler one, so we were able to use all of the required search functions in a reasonable computing time.

Search Functions Results

1. Breadth-First Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
43	56	180

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.03214766800010693

```
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C1, P1, SFO)
Fly(P2, JFK, SFO)
Unload(C2, P2, SFO)
Fly(P1, SFO, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

2. Breadth-First Tree Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
1458	1459	5960

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.9939767430005304

```
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C1, P1, SFO)
Fly(P2, JFK, SFO)
Unload(C2, P2, SFO)
Fly(P1, SFO, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

3. Depth-First Graph Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
12	13	48

Plan length: 12 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.008346272999915527

```
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Load(C1, P2, SF0)
Fly(P2, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P1, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C1, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Load(C2, P1, JFK)
Fly(P2, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P1, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P1, SF0)
```

4. Depth Limited Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
101	271	414

Plan length: 50 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.09502581599736004

Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C1, P1, SF0)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)	Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, JFK)	Unload(C1, P1, JFK)

[...]

5. Uniform Cost Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
55	57	224

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.0375809230026789

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
```

6. Recursive Best-First Tree Search h_1

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
4229	4230	17029

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 2.8442877490015235

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

7. Greedy Best First Graph Search

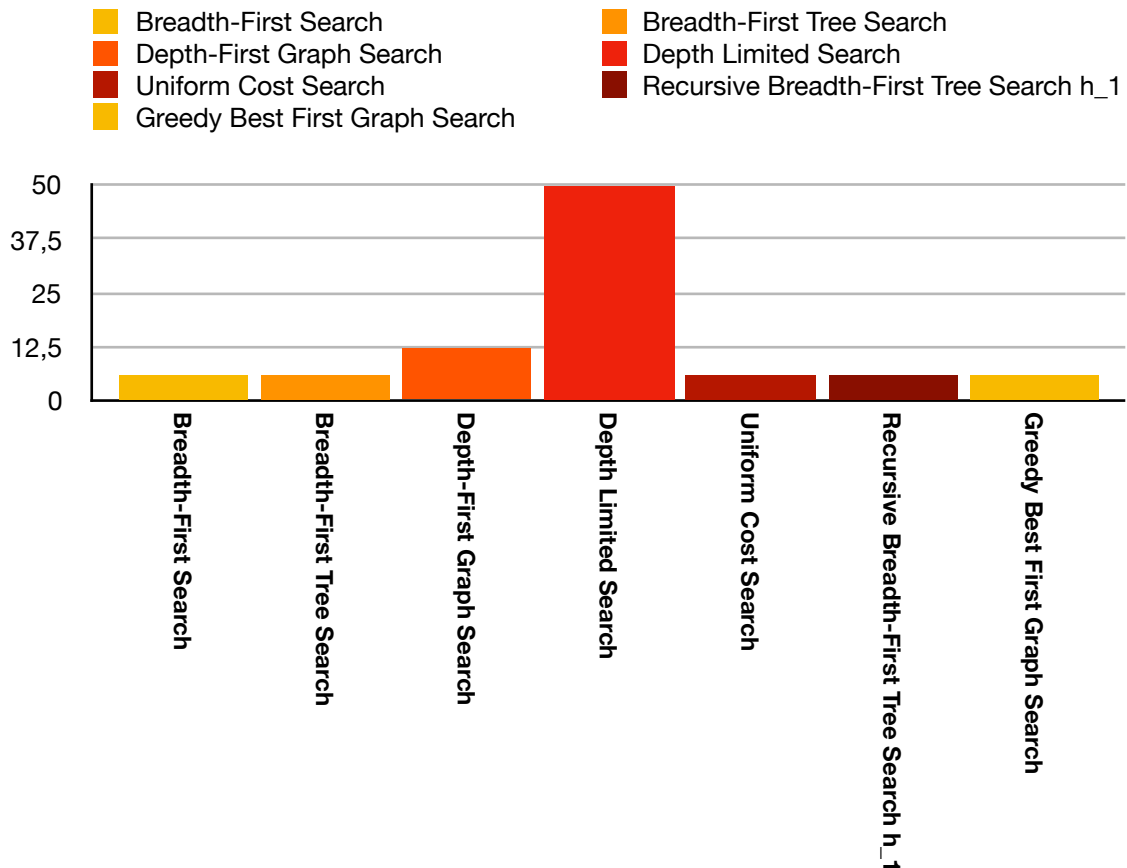
Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
7	9	28

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.005119849000038812

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
```

Problem 1 Non-Heuristics Solutions Comparison

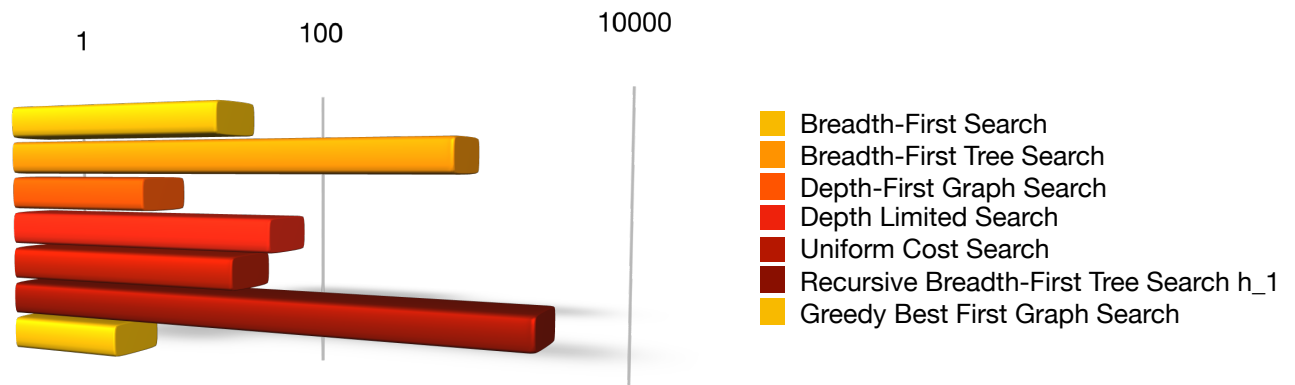
Plan Length



As we can see in the following graph, most of the search functions returned an optimal plan of 6 actions to achieve our goal. **Depth Limited Search** was the most inefficient one as its solution proposed 50 different actions. **Depth-First Graph Search** was also not optimal (12 actions) which is not far away from the solution but in a real-world environment it will mean to double the effort.

**Note: Some of the charts shown use a logarithmic scale.*

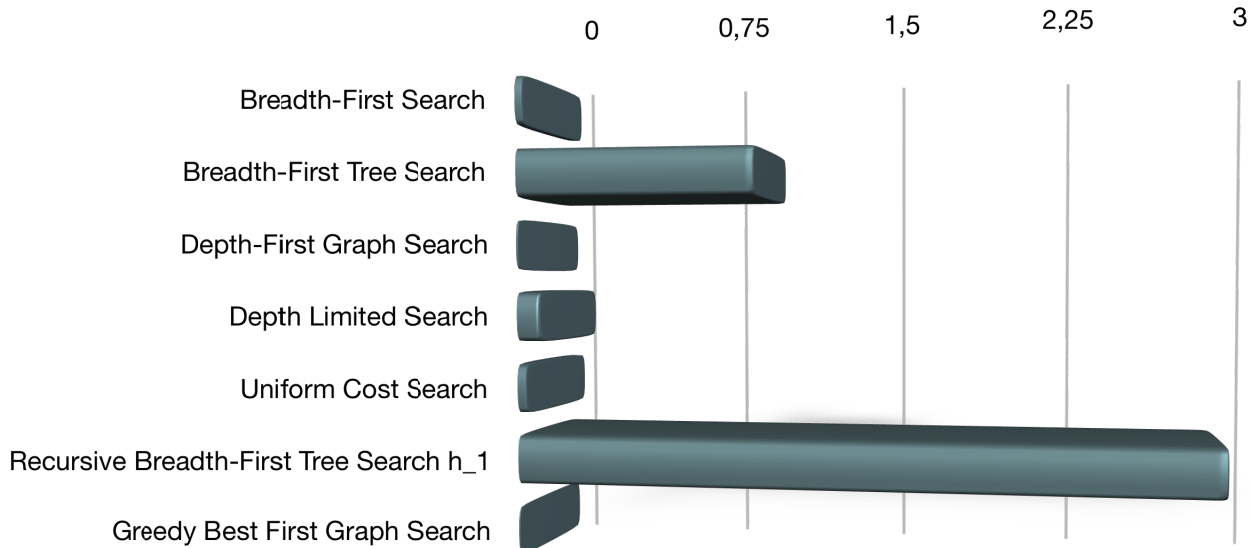
Expansions



The functions with least expansions was the **Greedy Best First Graph Search** with only 7, followed by the **Depth-First Graph Search**. **Recursive Breadth-First Tree Search** was the one with most expansions (4.229) and therefore, as we will see later, the one which took more time to analyse. The rest of them ranged between 12 to 101 expansions with the exception of **Breadth-First Tree Search** (1.458 expansions).

Chart scale is logarithmic as function n.6 is way higher than the others

Time Elapsed



As Problem 1 is the simpler of the 3 problems analysed, the time it took to the functions to perform the search was very low. All of the algorithms proved extremely fast in this environment as they all took less than a second to find the optimal solution. Only **Recursive Breadth First Tree Search** took more time (2,8442877 seconds). However, it was also the algorithm that more Goal Tests and new nodes were analysed or created to find the solution.

Problem 1 - Comparison Table.

Search Function	Plan Length	Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes	Time Elapsed
Breadth-First Search	6	43	56	180	0,032147
Breadth-First Tree Search	6	1458	1459	5960	0,993976
Depth-First Graph Search	12	12	13	48	0,0083462
Depth Limited Search	50	101	271	414	0,0950258
Uniform Cost Search	6	55	57	224	0,0375809
Recursive Breadth-First Tree Search h_1	6	4229	4230	17029	2,8442877
Greedy Best First Graph Search	6	7	9	28	0,00511984

As we can see in this table, 5 out of 7 search functions find an optimal solution with 6 actions in a very short period of time. Comparing all of them, **Greedy Best First Graph Search** looks like the one to choose as it has the lowest values in all 5 analysed parameters, followed by Breadth First Search.

Problem 2: Initial State and Goal

```
Init(At(C1, SF0) ∧ At(C2, JFK) ∧ At(C3, ATL)
    ∧ At(P1, SF0) ∧ At(P2, JFK) ∧ At(P3, ATL)
    ∧ Cargo(C1) ∧ Cargo(C2) ∧ Cargo(C3)
    ∧ Plane(P1) ∧ Plane(P2) ∧ Plane(P3)
    ∧ Airport(JFK) ∧ Airport(SF0) ∧ Airport(ATL))
Goal(At(C1, JFK) ∧ At(C2, SF0) ∧ At(C3, SF0))
```

For the second problem, more parameters are introduced. We have three planes and cargos in SFO, JFK and ATL airports to start. Cargo 1 should end at JFK and both 2 and 3 at ATL.

Search Functions Results

1. Breadth-First Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
3401	4672	31049

Plan length: 9 Time elapsed in seconds: 8.316942961999302

```
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Unload(C3, P3, SF0)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

3. Depth-First Graph Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
350	351	3142

Plan length: 346 Time elapsed in seconds: 1.408348078999552

```
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Fly(P1, JFK, ATL)
Fly(P2, SF0, ATL)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Fly(P1, ATL, SF0)
Fly(P3, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Load(C2, P3, JFK)
Fly(P3, JFK, SF0)
Fly(P1, JFK, SF0)
Fly(P3, SF0, ATL)
Fly(P1, SF0, ATL)
Fly(P2, ATL, SF0)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Fly(P2, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P3, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P1, ATL, SF0)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Load(C1, P2, SF0)
```


4. Uniform Cost Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
254020	2344879	2345254

Plan length: 50 Time elapsed in seconds: 1130.416568613

Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, ATL)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Fly(P3, ATL, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Fly(P3, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C3, P3, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)

[...]

5. Uniform Cost Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
4853	4855	44041

Plan length: 9 Time elapsed in seconds: 11.843193720000272

Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Unload(C3, P3, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)

7. Breadth-First Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
998	1000	8982

Plan length: 15 Time elapsed in seconds: 2.4328452049994667

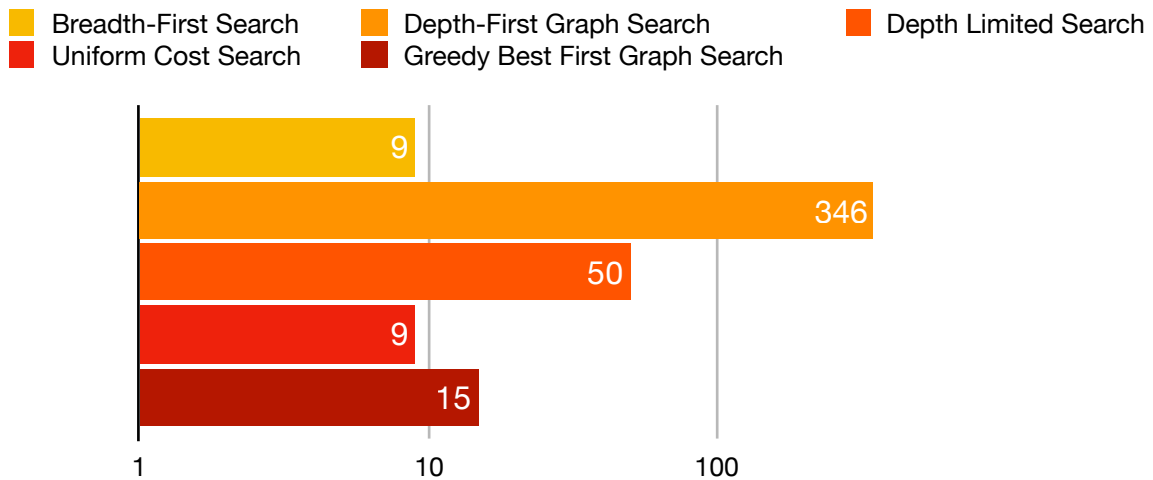
```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Fly(P1, SF0, ATL)
Fly(P2, JFK, ATL)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Fly(P2, ATL, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Load(C2, P3, SF0)
Fly(P2, SF0, ATL)
Fly(P1, ATL, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Fly(P1, JFK, ATL)
Unload(C3, P3, SF0)
Unload(C2, P3, SF0)
```

For this problem, we have not included results for **Breadth First Tree Search** nor **Recursive Best First Search** as they were taking too long to process.

However, we can take very interesting conclusions from the ones analysed.

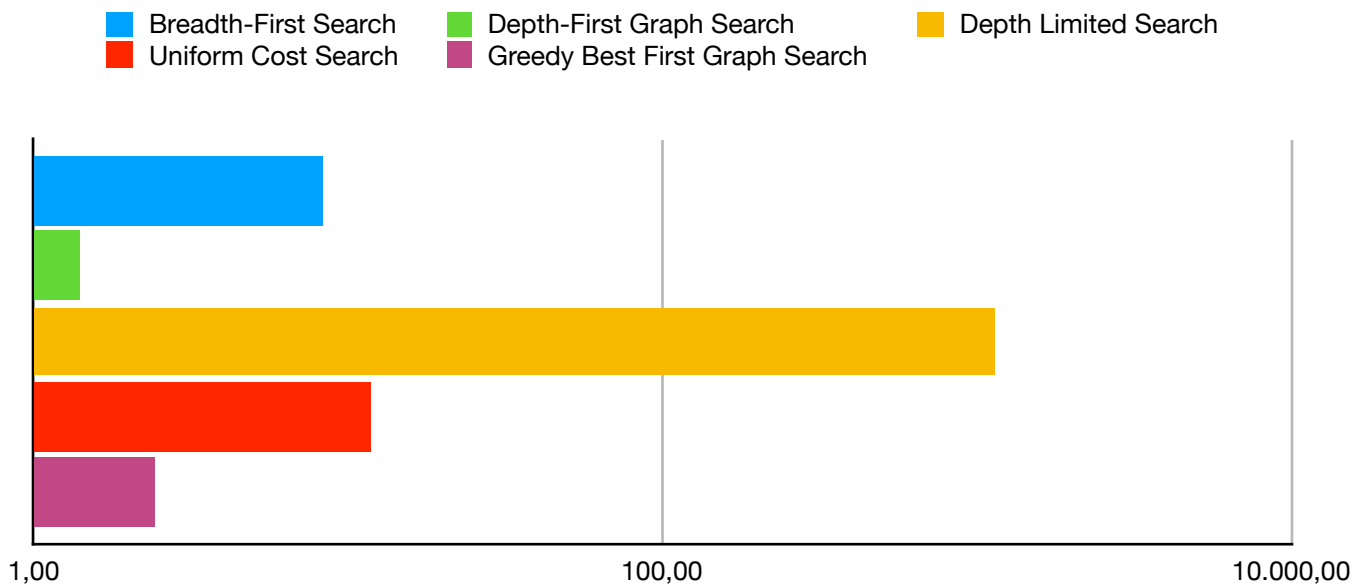
Problem 2 Non-Heuristics Solutions Comparison

Plan Length



The optimal solution for problem number 2 are 9 actions. We can see taking a look at the chart on top, that only 2 algorithms have found the best solution, those being **Breadth First Search** and **Uniforms Cost Search**.

Plan Elapsed Time



Checking the elapsed time, we found that the optimal solutions are those with average elapsed time. Both **Breadth First** and **Uniform Cost** get to the solution in a very similar time. However, we can see that those that take less time are not as good as these two.

Problem 2 - Comparison Table

Search Function	Plan Length	Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes	Time Elapsed
Breadth-First Search	9	3401	4672	31049	8,3169
Depth-First Graph Search	346	350	351	3142	1,4083
Depth Limited Search	50	254020	2344879	2345254	1130,4165
Uniform Cost Search	9	4853	4855	44041	11,8431
Greedy Best First Graph Search	15	998	1000	8982	2,4328

Problem 3: Initial State and Goal

```
Init(At(C1, SFO) ∧ At(C2, JFK) ∧ At(C3, ATL) ∧ At(C4, ORD)
    ∧ At(P1, SFO) ∧ At(P2, JFK)
    ∧ Cargo(C1) ∧ Cargo(C2) ∧ Cargo(C3) ∧ Cargo(C4)
    ∧ Plane(P1) ∧ Plane(P2)
    ∧ Airport(JFK) ∧ Airport(SFO) ∧ Airport(ATL) ∧ Airport(ORD))
Goal(At(C1, JFK) ∧ At(C3, JFK) ∧ At(C2, SFO) ∧ At(C4, SFO))
```

For the third problem, we have 4 airports (SFO, JFK, ATL & ORD), 4 cargos and 2 available airplanes.

Search Functions Results

1. Breadth-First Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
14629	18072	129356

Plan length: 12 Time elapsed in seconds: 51.08797644399601

```
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C1, P1, SFO)
Fly(P2, JFK, ORD)
Load(C4, P2, ORD)
Fly(P1, SFO, ATL)
Load(C3, P1, ATL)
Fly(P1, ATL, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Unload(C3, P1, JFK)
Fly(P2, ORD, SFO)
Unload(C2, P2, SFO)
Unload(C4, P2, SFO)
```

3. Depth-First Graph Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
2269	2270	19021

Plan length: 2200 Time elapsed in seconds: 29.464958579002996

```
Fly(P1, SFO, ORD)
Fly(P2, JFK, ORD)
Fly(P1, ORD, JFK)
Fly(P2, ORD, SFO)
Fly(P1, JFK, ATL)
Fly(P2, SFO, ATL)
Load(C3, P2, ATL)
Fly(P2, ATL, ORD)
Fly(P1, ATL, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, SFO)
```

[...]

5. Uniform Cost Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
18222	18224	159608

Plan length: 12 Time elapsed in seconds: 63.56096947500191

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P1, SF0, ATL)
Load(C3, P1, ATL)
Fly(P2, JFK, ORD)
Load(C4, P2, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, SF0)
Fly(P1, ATL, JFK)
Unload(C4, P2, SF0)
Unload(C3, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

7. Greedy Best First Graph Search

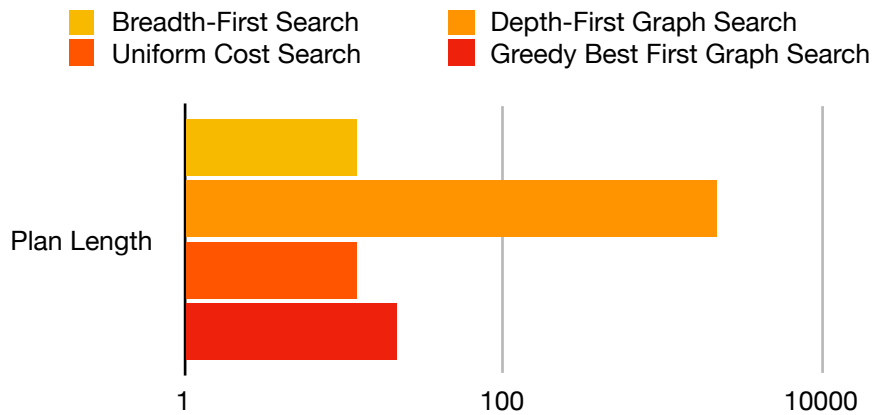
Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
5569	5571	49084

Plan length: 22 Time elapsed in seconds: 19.612066457993933

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P1, SF0, ORD)
Load(C4, P1, ORD)
Fly(P2, JFK, ATL)
Load(C3, P2, ATL)
Fly(P2, ATL, ORD)
Fly(P1, ORD, ATL)
Unload(C4, P1, ATL)
Fly(P1, ATL, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, ATL)
Load(C4, P2, ATL)
Fly(P2, ATL, ORD)
Unload(C3, P2, ORD)
Load(C3, P1, ORD)
Fly(P1, ORD, JFK)
Unload(C3, P1, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Fly(P1, JFK, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, SF0)
Unload(C4, P2, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
```

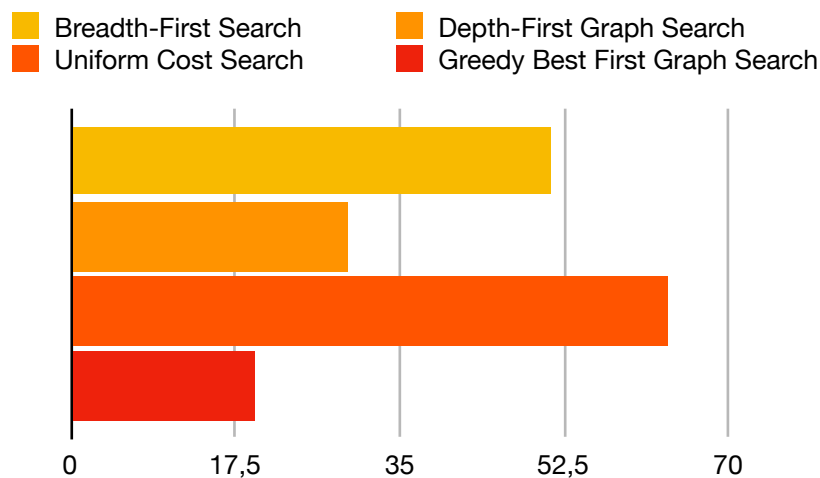
Problem 3 Non-Heuristics Solutions Comparison

Plan Length



With Problem 3 we can see a huge difference in actions required between **Depth-First** and the rest of algorithms. **Breadth-First** and **Uniform Cost** once more obtain the optimal solution (12 actions required), while **Greedy Best First Graph Search** gets close but with 22 actions.

Plan Elapsed Time



In this table we can observe that less time can be traduced into worst solutions. Although **Depth First** is slower than **Greedy Best** and even though it returns a poorer solution. **Breadth First** and **Uniform Cost** both get to the optimal solution in similar times (close to a minute). We must indicate that *pypp* has been used to increase the performing of the algorithm and make them a bit faster computing the possible solutions.

Problem 3 - Comparison Table

Search Function	Plan Length	Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes	Time Elapsed
Breadth-First Search	12	14629	18072	129356	51,0879
Depth-First Graph Search	2200	2269	2270	19021	29,46495
Uniform Cost Search	12	18222	18224	159608	63,56096
Greedy Best First Graph Search	22	5569	5571	49084	19,6120664

Once more and because of the complexity of the problem, some algorithms haven't been analysed as they were taking too much time to compute.

We can see that in these cases, **Breadth First Search** and **Uniform Cost search** are the best algorithms to use. In the first problem, **Greedy Best First Graph Search** turned to be quicker, more efficient and the best option to get to an optimal solution. However, when the problem gets more complicated, it gets close to the optimal solution, but it is not able to provide it. Comparing **Breadth First** with **Uniform Cost**, both algorithms have a similar output. However, as the parameters increase and the problem requires a bigger amount of data to be analysed, **Breadth First Search** seems to perform better as the difficulty of the problem rises.

Experimentation and documentation metrics for Heuristic planning solution searches

The 3 problems were also analysed using an A* algorithm with 3 different Heuristics.
Being those:

- A* Search
- A* Search with Ignore Preconditions
- A* Search with LevelSum

Problem 1

Heuristics Functions Results

1. A-Star Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
55	57	224

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.03790521299742977
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)

2. A-Star Search w. Ignore Preconditions

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
41	43	170

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.040101881000737194
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)

3. A-Star Search w. LevelSum

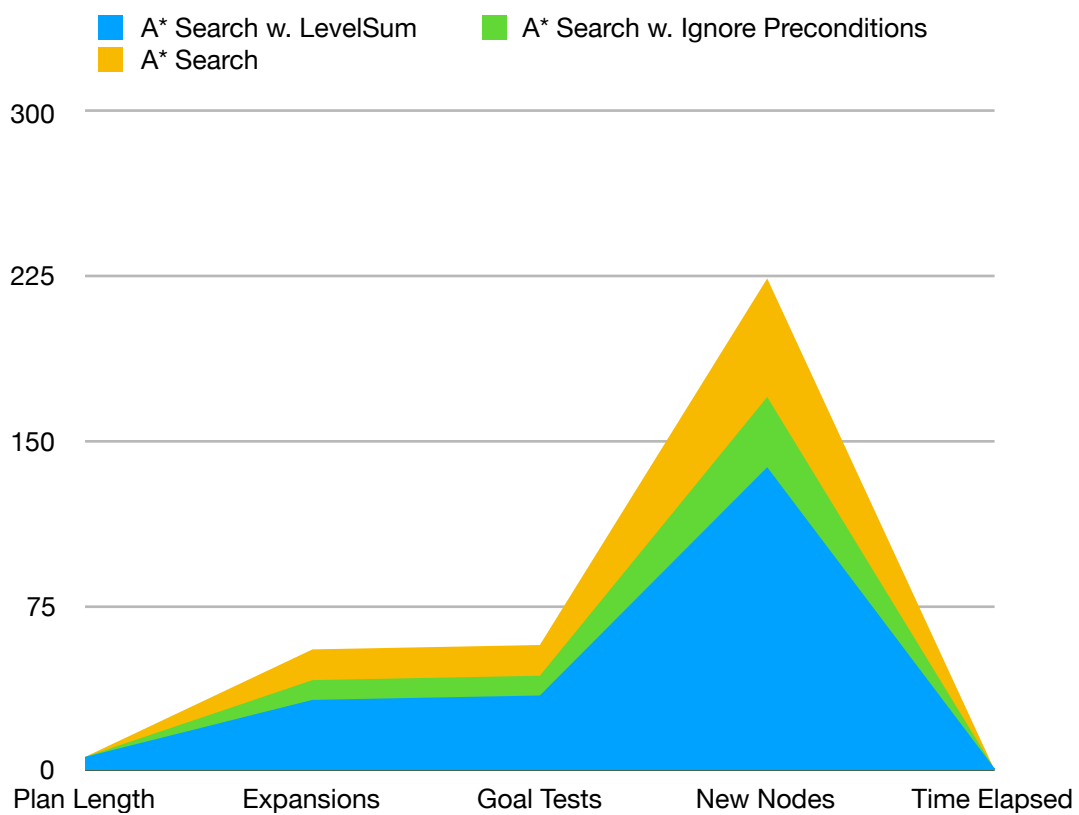
Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
32	34	138

Plan length: 6 Time elapsed in seconds: 0.7420635199996468
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)

Problem 1 Heuristics Solutions Comparison

Comparison Table

Search Function	Plan Length	Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes	Time Elapsed
A* Search	6	55	57	224	0,0379
A* Search IP	6	41	43	170	0,4010
A* Search LS	6	32	34	138	0,7421



With the first problem, we can find out that the differences between our strategies are really small. The 3 algorithms get to the optimal solution (6 actions) in less than a second and there are just slightly differences in expansions, goal tests and new nodes. However, **A* Search** proves to be the fastest in comparison to the other 2 heuristics used.

Problem 2

Heuristics Functions Results

1. A-Star Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
4853	4855	44041

Plan length: 9 Time elapsed in seconds: 11.869715569999244

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Unload(C3, P3, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

2. A-Star Search w. Ignore Preconditions

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
1450	1452	13303

Plan length: 9 Time elapsed in seconds: 4.4036473800000621

```
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Unload(C3, P3, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

3. A-Star Search w. LevelSum

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
168	170	1618

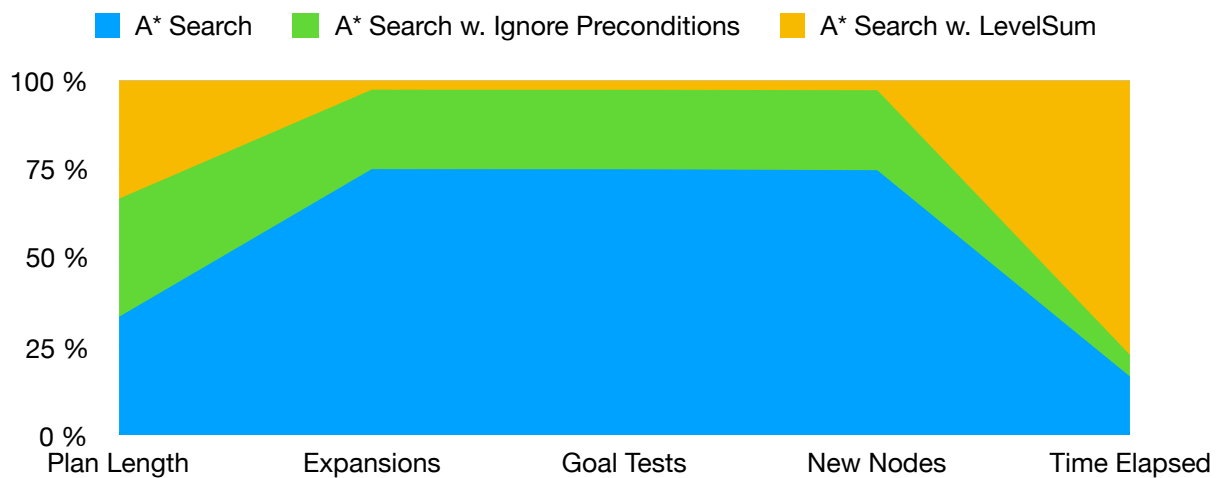
Plan length: 9 Time elapsed in seconds: 55.705373854001664

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, JFK)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Fly(P3, ATL, SF0)
Unload(C3, P3, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
```

Problem 2 Heuristics Solutions Comparison

Comparison Table

Search Function	Plan Length	Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes	Time Elapsed
A* Search	9	4853	4855	44041	11,8697
A* Search IP	9	1450	1452	13303	4,4036
A* Search LS	9	168	170	1618	55,7054



For the second problem, the differences are slightly bigger. **A* Search IP** is much faster than the other 2 options. Although **A* Search LS** is much more efficient than the other 2. **A* Search** is like the middle option if you cannot decide whether if you prefer memory optimisation or speed.

The graph is in percentage mode for a more visual representation of the data.

Problem 3

Heuristics Functions Results

1. A-Star Search

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
18222	18224	159608

Plan length: 12 Time elapsed in seconds: 62.4554925919947

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P1, SF0, ATL)
Load(C3, P1, ATL)
Fly(P2, JFK, ORD)
Load(C4, P2, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, SF0)
Fly(P1, ATL, JFK)
Unload(C4, P2, SF0)
Unload(C3, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

2. A-Star Search w. Ignore Preconditions

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
5040	5042	44944

Plan length: 12 Time elapsed in seconds: 20.26000964600098

```
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, ORD)
Load(C4, P2, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, SF0)
Unload(C4, P2, SF0)
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, ATL)
Load(C3, P1, ATL)
Fly(P1, ATL, JFK)
Unload(C3, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

3. A-Star Search w. LevelSum

Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes
803	805	7336

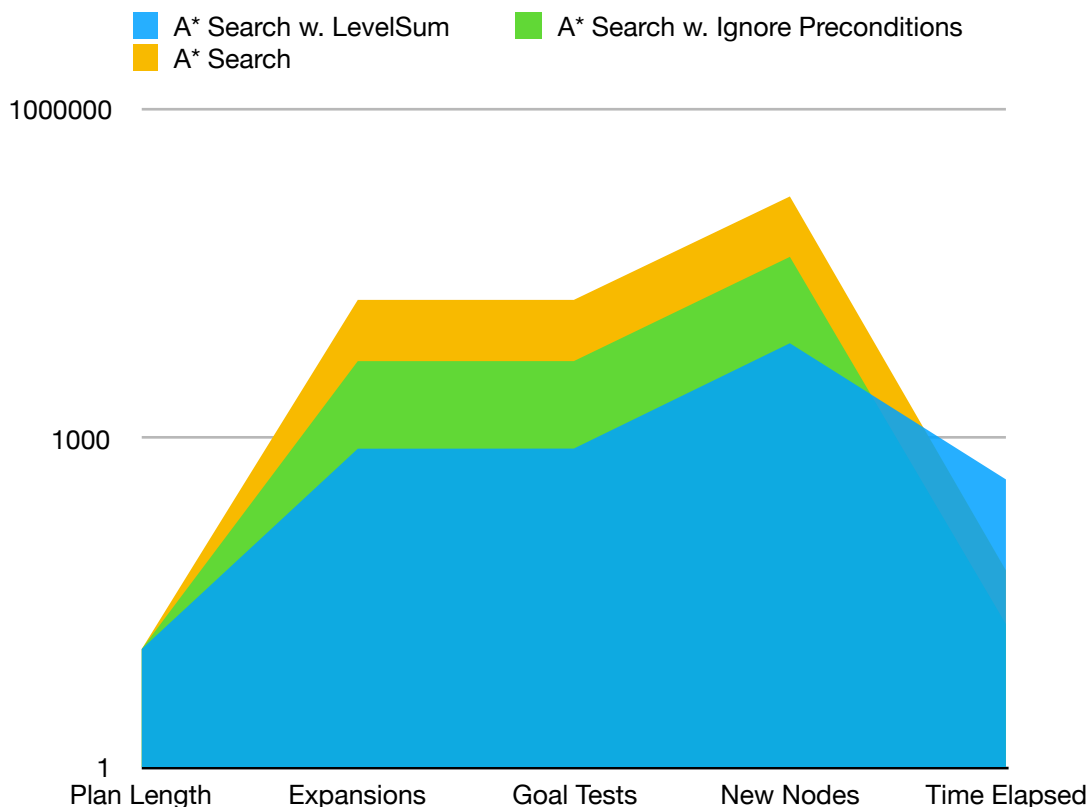
Plan length: 12 Time elapsed in seconds: 421.4199008489959

```
Load(C1, P1, SF0)
Fly(P1, SF0, ATL)
Load(C3, P1, ATL)
Fly(P1, ATL, JFK)
Unload(C3, P1, JFK)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, ORD)
Load(C4, P2, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, SF0)
Unload(C2, P2, SF0)
Unload(C4, P2, SF0)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

Problem 2 Heuristics Solutions Comparison

Comparison Table

Search Function	Plan Length	Expansions	Goal Tests	New Nodes	Time Elapsed
A* Search	12	18222	18224	159608	62,4555
A* Search IP	12	5040	5042	44944	20,2600
A* Search LS	12	803	805	7336	421,4199



For the third problem, once again the three search algorithms found the optimal solution (12 actions in this scenario). Time increased considerably due to the increased complexity. **A* Search IP** was able to find a solution in a third of a minute and **A* Search** took a few seconds over a minute to solve it. **A* Search LS** however required over 7 minutes to find a solution, although it required much fewer nodes to do so.

In conclusion, **A* Search with Ignore Preconditions** seems to be the best overall algorithm to solve the three problems taking into account both speed and memory usage.