# ${\bf Math~33A} \\ {\bf Linear~Algebra~and~Applications}$

Discussion for January 17-21, 2022

## Problem 1.

Show that if a square matrix A has two equal columns, then A is not invertible.

#### Problem 2.

Which of the following linear transformations T from  $\mathbb{R}^3$  to  $\mathbb{R}^3$  are invertible? Find the inverse if it exists.

- (a) Reflection about a plane.
- (b) Orthogonal projection onto a plane.
- (c) Scaling by a real factor (namely, fix a real number r and consider  $T(\vec{v}) = r\vec{v}$ , for all vectors  $\vec{v}$ ).
- (d) Rotation about an axis.

## Problem 3.

A square matrix is called a permutation matrix if it contains a 1 exactly once in each row and in each column, with all other entries being 0. Give an example of two different  $3 \times 3$  permutation matrices.

## Problem 4.

Are permutation matrices invertible? If so, is the inverse a permutation matrix as well?

## Problem 5.

Consider two invertible  $n \times n$  matrices A and B. Is the linear transformation  $\vec{y} = A(B(\vec{x}))$  invertible? If so, what is the inverse?

## Problem 6.

Consider linearly independent vectors  $\vec{v_1}, \dots, \vec{v_m}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , and let A be an invertible  $m \times m$  matrix. Are the columns of the following matrix linearly independent?

$$\begin{bmatrix} | & & | \\ \vec{v_1} & \cdots & \vec{v_m} \\ | & & | \end{bmatrix} A$$

## Problem 7.

Are the columns of an invertible matrix linearly independent?