NAME AND UCLA ID:

Task 1: Read Sections 12 and 13.

**Exercise 1:** Let  $\varphi: G \to H$  a group homomorphism. Prove that

- 1.  $\ker(\varphi) \subseteq G$  and  $\operatorname{im}(\varphi) \subseteq H$  are subgroups.
- 2.  $\varphi$  is an isomorphism if and only if  $\varphi$  is bijective.

**Exercise 2:** Besides itself, to what other group is  $ST_2(\mathbb{R})$  isomorphic? Prove your claim.

**Exercise 3:** Let  $p \in \mathbb{Z}$ , p > 1. Wilson's Theorem states that p is prime if and only if  $(p-1)! \equiv -1 \mod p$ . Prove Wilson's Theorem. Hint: Let  $1 \leq j \leq p-1$ , when do we have  $j^2 \equiv 1 \mod p$ ?

**Exercise 4:** Let G be a group, H and K subgroups of G. Prove the following:

- 1. If  $H \subseteq K \subseteq G$  and K has finite index in G, then [G:H] = [G:K][H:K].
- 2. Let  $HK = \{hk | h \in H, k \in K\}$ . Then  $H/(H \cap K)$  is a subset of  $G/(H \cap K)$  and (HK)/K is a subset of G/K. Show that  $f: H/(H \cap K) \to (HK)/K$  given by  $f(h(H \cap K)) = hK$  for all  $h \in H$  is a well-defined bijection.
- 3. If both H and K have finite index in G, then  $H \cap K$  has finite index in G.

**Exercise 5:** Prove that  $\operatorname{Aut}(G)$  is a group and  $\operatorname{Inn}(G) \subseteq \operatorname{Aut}(G)$ . For G a cyclic group, determine  $\operatorname{Aut}(G)$  and  $\operatorname{Inn}(G)$  up to isomorphism as groups that we know.

**Exercise 6:** Show that a subgroup  $H \subseteq G$  is normal if and only if gH = Hg for all  $g \in G$ . If H is not normal, is it true that for each  $g \in G$  there is an  $a \in G$  with gH = Ha?

**Exercise 7:** Find all subgroups of  $S_3$  and determine which ones are normal.

**Exercise 8:** Let G be a group of order  $p^n$  for  $p \in \mathbb{Z}^+$  prime and  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ . Prove that there exists an element of order p in G.

Exercise 9: Prove that a group of order 30 can have at most 7 groups of order 5.